THE DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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Commission, &c.

A. SCHOYER, COMMISSION MERCHANT, Dealer in Grain and Refined CARBON OILS, 61 & 63, IRON, NAILS, &c., mh27:1y No. 182 Liberty st.

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B. F. LUCAS, *ATTORNEY AT LAW*, ☞Office, No. 72 Grant Street, my8 PITTSBURGH, PA.

SAMUEL A. PURVIANCE. TITIAN J. COFFEY. PURVIANCE & COFFEY, Late of Butler, Pa. Late of Indiana, Pa *ATTORNEYS AT LAW*, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office in Mellon's Building, corner of Fifth and Wylie Streets, ap21 ly

C. B. M. SMITH, Attorney and Counsellor at Law. REMOVED TO KUHN'S LAW BUILDINGS No. 13 Diamond Street, Next door to St. Peter's Church. my14:1y

Educational.

PENN INSTITUTE, HANCOCK STREET, NEAR PENN, will re-open on MONDAY, the 2d day of SEPTEMBER. Terms: $25 per session of 5½ months. J. M. SMITH, ja31:1yd Principal.

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Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY BY S. RIDDLE & CO., FIFTH STREET, ADJ'S CHIPPEWA.

PITTSBURGH: THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 2.

GOVERNOR CURTIN'S MESSAGE.

[The following is the text in full of the Governor's message, of which an abstract appeared in our telegraphic column yesterday morning:]

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, *Harrisburg*, April 30, 1861.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

GENTLEMEN:—The present unparalleled exigency in the affairs of our country, has induced me to call you together at this time. With an actual and armed rebellion in some of the States of the Union, momentous questions have been thrust upon us which call for your deliberation, and that you should devise means by legislation for the maintenance of the authority of the General Government, the honor and dignity of our State, the protection of our citizens, and the early establishment of peace and order throughout the land.

On the day of my induction into the Executive office, I took occasion to utter the following sentiments:

"No one who knows the history of Pennsylvania, and understands the opinions and feelings of her people, can justly charge us with hostility to our brethren of other States. We regard them as friends and fellow-countrymen, in whose welfare we feel a kindred interest; and we recognize, in their broadest extent, all our constitutional obligations to them. These we are ready and willing to observe generously and fraternally. In their letter and spirit, with unswerving fidelity.

"Ours is a National Government. It has within the sphere of its action all the attributes of sovereignty, and among these are the right and duty of self preservation. It is based upon a compact to which all the people of the United States are parties. It is the result of mutual concessions, which were made for the purpose of securing reciprocal benefits. It acts directly on the people, and they owe it a personal allegiance. No part of the people, no State nor combination of States, can voluntarily secede from the Union, nor absolve themselves from their obligations to it. To permit a State to withdraw at pleasure from the Union, without the consent of the rest, is to confess that our Government is a failure. Pennsylvania can never acquiesce in such a conspiracy, nor assent to a doctrine which involves the destruction of the Government. If the Government is to exist, all the requirements of the Constitution must be obeyed; and it must have power adequate to the enforcement of the supreme law of the land in every State. It is the first duty of the national authorities to stay the progress of anarchy and enforce the laws, and Pennsylvania, with a united people, will give them an honest, faithful and active support. The people mean to preserve the integrity of the national Union at every hazard."

It could scarcely have been anticipated at that time, that we should so soon be called upon for the practical application of these truths in connection with their support and defence by the strong arm of military power.

The unexampled promptness and enthusiasm with which Pennsylvania and the other loyal States have responded to the call of the President, and the entire unanimity with which our people demand that the integrity of the government shall be preserved, illustrate the duty of the several States and National Government with a distinctness that cannot be disregarded. The slaughter of Northern troops in the city of Baltimore for the pretended offence of marching at the call of the Federal Government, peacefully, over soil admittedly in the Union, and with the citizen object of defending our common Capital against any armed and rebellious invasion, together with the obstruction of our Pennsylvania troops, when despatched on the same patriotic mission, imposes new duties and responsibilities upon our State Administration. At last advices the general government had military possession of the route to Washington through Annapolis; but the transit of troops had been greatly endangered and delayed, and the safety of Washington itself imminently threatened. This cannot be permitted so hostile soil, an obstructed thoroughfare between the States that undoubtedly are loyal, and the national seat of Government. There is reason to hope that the route through Baltimore may be no longer closed against the peaceable passage of our people, armed and in the service of the Federal Government; but we must be fully assured of this, and have the uninterrupted enjoyment of a passage to the Capital by any and every route, essential to the purposes of the Government. This must be attained peaceably, if possible, but by force of arms, if not accorded.

The time is past for tampering or forbearing with this rebellion; the most causeless in history. The North has not invaded, nor has she sought to invade a single guaranteed right of the South. On the contrary, all political parties and all administrations have fully recognized the binding force of every provision of the great compact between the States, and regardless of our views of State policy, our people have respected them. To predicate a rebellion, therefore, upon any alleged wrong inflicted or sought to be inflicted upon the South is to offer falsehood as an apology for treason. So will the civilized world and history judge the mad effort to overthrow the most beneficent structure of human government ever devised by man.

The leaders of the rebellion in the Cotton States, which has resulted in the establishment of a provisional organization assuming to discharge all the functions of governmental power, have mistaken the forbearance of the General Government; they have accepted a fraternal indisposition as an evidence of weakness, and have instantly looked to a united South, and a divided North to give success to the wild ambition that has led to the seizure of our national arsenals and forts, the investment and bombardment of our forts, the plundering of our mints, has invited piracy upon our commerce, and now aims at the possession of the National Capital. The insurrection must now be met by force of arms; and to re-establish the Government upon an enduring basis by asserting its entire supremacy, to re-possess the forts and other government property so unlawfully seized and held; to ensure personal freedom and safety to the people and commerce of the Union in any section, the people of the loyal States demand, as with one voice, and will contend for, as with one heart; and a quarter of a million of Pennsylvania's sons will answer the call to arms, if need be, to wrest us from a reign of anarchy and plunder, and secure for themselves and their children, for ages to come, the perpetuity of this government and its beneficent institutions.

Entertaining these views and anticipating that more troops would be required than the number originally called for, I continued to receive companies and had raised twenty-three regiments in Pennsylvania, all of which have been mustered into the service of the United States. In this anticipation I was not mistaken. On Saturday last, an additional requisition was made upon me for twenty-five regiments of infantry and one regiment of cavalry; and there have been already more companies tendered than will make up the entire complement.

Before the regiments could be clothed, three of them were ordered by the National Government to proceed from this point to Philadelphia. I cannot too highly commend the patriotism, and devotion of the men who, at a moment's warning, and without any preparation, obeyed the order. Three of the regiments, under similar circumstances, by direction of, and accompanied by officers of the United States army, were transported to Cockeysville, near Baltimore, at which point they remained for two days, and until by directions of the General Government they were ordered back and went into camp at York; where there are now five regiments. Three regiments mustered into service are now encamped at Chambersburg, under orders from the General Government, and five regiments are now in camp at this place, and seven have been organized and mustered into service at Philadelphia.

The regiments at this place are still supplied by the Commissary Department of the State. Their quarters are as comfortable as could be expected, their supply of provisions abundant, and, under the instruction of competent officers, they are rapidly improving in military knowledge and skill. I have made arrangements to clothe all our regiments with the utmost dispatch consistent with a proper economy, and am most happy to say that before the close of the present week all our people now under arms will be abundantly supplied with good and appropriate uniforms, blankets and other clothing.

Four hundred and sixty of our volunteers, the first to reach Washington from any of the States, are now at that city; there are now provided for by the General Government; but I design to send them clothing at the earliest possible opportunity. I am glad to be able to state that these men, in their progress to the National Capital, received no bodily injury, although they were subject to insult in the city of Baltimore, such as should not have been offered to any law-abiding citizen, much less to loyal men, who, at the call of the President, had promptly left their own State in the performance of the highest duty and in the service of their country.

A large body of unarmed men, who were not at the time organized as a portion of the militia of this Commonwealth, under the command of officers without commissions, attempted under the call of the National Government, as I understand, to reach Washington, and were assailed by armed men in the city of Baltimore, many of their numbers were seriously wounded, and four were killed. The larger part of this body returned directly to Philadelphia; but many of them were forcibly detained in Baltimore; some of them were thrust into prison, and others have not yet reached their homes.

I have the honor to say that the officers and men behaved with the utmost gallantry. This body is now organized into a regiment, and the officers are commissioned; they have been accepted into the service, and will go to Washington by any route indicated by the Federal Government.

I have established a camp at Pittsburgh, at which the troops from Western Pennsylvania will be mustered into service, and organized and disciplined by skillful and experienced officers.

I communicate to you with great satisfaction, the fact that the banks of the Commonwealth have voluntarily tendered any amount of money that may be necessary for the common defence and general welfare of the State and the nation in the emergency; and the temporary loan of $500,000 authorized by the Act of the General Assembly of the 17th April, 1861, was promptly taken at par. The money is not yet exhausted; as it has been impossible to have the accounts properly audited and settled with the accounting and paying officers of the Government as required by law, an account of this expenditure cannot now be furnished. The Auditor General and State Treasurer have established a system of settlement and payment, of which I entirely approve, that provides amply for the protection of the State, and to which all parties having claims will be obliged to conform. A much larger sum will be required than has been distinctively appropriated; but I could not receive nor make engagements for money without authority of law, and I have called you together, not only to provide for a complete re-organization of the militia of the State, but also, that you may give us authority to pledge the faith of the Commonwealth to borrow such sums of money as you may, in your discretion, deem necessary for these extraordinary requirements.

It is impossible to predict the lengths to which "the madness that rules the hour" in the rebellious States shall lead us, or when the calamities which threaten our hitherto happy country shall terminate. We know that many of our people have already left the State in the service of the General Government, and that many more must follow. We have a long line of border on States seriously disaffected, which should be protected. To furnish ready support to those who have gone out, and to protect our borders we should have a well regulated military force.

I, therefore, recommend the immediate organization, disciplining and arming of at least fifteen regiments of cavalry and infantry, exclusive of those called into the service of the United States; as we have already ample warning of the necessity of being prepared for any sudden exigency that may arise. I cannot too much impress this upon you.

I cannot refrain from alluding to the generous manner in which the people of all parts of the State have, from their private means, provided for the families of those of our citizens who are now under arms. In many parts of the Commonwealth, Grand Juries, and Courts and municipal corporations have recommended the appropriations of moneys from their public funds, for the same commendable purpose. I would recommend the passage of an Act legalizing and authorizing such appropriations and expenditures.

It may be expected that, in the present derangement of trade and commerce, and the withdrawal of so much industry from its ordinary and productive channels, the selling value of property generally will be depreciated, and a large portion of our citizens deprived of the ordinary means of meeting engagements. Although much forbearance may be expected from a generous and magnanimous people, yet I feel it my duty to recommend the passage of a judicious law to prevent the sacrifice of property by forced sales in the collection of debts.

You meet together at this special session, surrounded by circumstances involving the most solemn responsibilities; the recollections of the glories of the past, the reflections of the gloomy present, and the uncertainty of the future, all alike call upon you to discharge your duty in a spirit of patriotic courage, comprehensive wisdom and firm resolution. Never in the history of our peace-loving Commonwealth have the hearts of our people been so stirred in their depths as at the present moment. And, I feel, that I need hardly say to you, that in the performance of your duties on this occasion, and in providing the ways and means for the maintenance of our country's glory and our integrity as a nation, you should be inspired by feelings of self sacrifice, kindred to those which animate the brave men who have devoted their lives to the perils of the battle field, in defence of our nation's flag.

Gentlemen, I place the honor of the State in your hands. And I pray that the Almighty God, who protected our fathers in their efforts to establish this our great constitutional liberty—who has controlled the growth of civilization and christianity in our midst, may not now forsake us; that He may watch over your counsels, and may, in His providence, lead those who have left the path of duty, and are acting in open rebellion to the government, back again to perfect loyalty, and restore peace, harmony, and fraternity to our distracted country.

A. G. CURTIN.

THE New York "Independent" says:

We may mention, what is not generally known, that the last food sent from Charleston into Fort Sumter was rice mingled with pounded glass.

STATE INSPECTOR OF DOMESTIC DISTILLED SPIRITS, FOR THE COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY.

JOHN SMITLEY.

Office, No. 12, corner Diamond Alley and Diamond.

☞Orders left with Joseph Ross, 12 Diamond street, will be promptly attended to. se28

The attention of the trade is respectfully called to the following sections of the law, in regard to Inspections and Penalties:

Section 14, page 24.—If any person shall export, or take from any distillery, from the East of Philadelphia, any distilled spirituous liquors, liable to inspection as aforesaid, before the same shall have been inspected and marked according to law, such person shall forfeit and pay ten dollars for every barrel, and twenty dollars for every double barrel and hogshead or other cask or vessel containing such liquor so exported or taken, to be recovered by the inspector or sealer, for the city and county of Philadelphia, for the use of the poor of said city and county.

Section 14, page 224.—All liquors sold by inspection at the Port of Philadelphia, shall be inspected and gauged by the inspectors of domestic distilled spirits, appointed as aforesaid.

Section 23, page 265.—Any person who shall hereafter act as inspector or deputy inspector of domestic distilled spirits, for or fraudulently impress, or make the brand mark, or any number or other mark of any such inspector, or a mark or number in imitation thereof, upon any article subject to inspection, or upon any cask or other vessel containing such article, or shall fraudulently alter, deface or conceal the mark of any inspection mark, duly made, shall, for every such offence, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in the court having jurisdiction of the offence, be punishable by a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding six months, at the discretion of the court having jurisdiction of the offence.

Section 26, page 266.—Every person who shall counterfeit, forge or fraudulently impress upon any article liable to inspection, or upon any cask or vessel containing such article, the brand mark or other mark of any inspector, or shall fraudulently alter, deface or erase any such mark, or shall fraudulently impress the brand mark or other mark of any inspector, upon any cask, article or vessel, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars.

A further supplement, relative to the inspection of liquors approved the 31st day of April, 1858.

That all domestic distilled spirits for sale at the port of Philadelphia, whether for exportation or otherwise, shall be inspected and gauged by the duly-appointed inspectors of domestic distilled spirits, or their deputies, in the manner now provided by law, and if any other person shall inspect such liquors, he or they shall, for every such offence, be liable to all the fines and penalties set forth in the 18th section of the Act of the 10th of April, 1849.

An Act authorizing the Governor to appoint an Inspector of Domestic Distilled Liquors for the county of Allegheny:

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the Governor is hereby authorized to appoint an Inspector of Domestic Distilled Liquors for the county of Allegheny, whose duties and compensation shall be the same as those of the Inspector of domestic distilled liquors for the city and county of Philadelphia.

The undersigned Inspector, being obligated by heavy bonds, and bound under severe penalties for the faithful performance of his duties, intends most respectfully but firmly to enforce the above sections and all other laws appertaining to the inspection of domestic liquors.

JOHN SMITLEY.

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MEDICAL NOTICE.

DR. J. GOUCHER, A GRADUATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK, and Resident Student of Prof. N. R. Smith, of Baltimore, has located himself at 107 FIFTH STREET, Between the Cathedral, Pittsburgh, Pa., where he will give prompt attention to the examination and treatment of disease, to which he has had twenty years' experience.

In treating disease, ELECTRICITY is one of the remedies resorted to. The investigations of Philosophers and Scientific men clearly demonstrate that the electrical current is identical with the nervous fluid, or if not identical, will produce the same purpose. This being so, there should be a constant device; most of electricity for the sustentation of life. Each organ should be supplied with its share of electricity, and when any progress with the facility necessary to health. If there is a derangement of the nerve leading to any particular organ, by which the nervous force is impeded, that organ will necessarily become diseased. Thus, if the fluid is diminished, the organ decreases in action; while, if the quantity is too great, other symptoms will manifest themselves which would be indicative of an opposite electrical treatment. If the voltaic current in its proper application is really a substitute for the nervous fluid, then is Electricity the true agent with which to assist nature.

The Doctor would not have the afflicted infer that he depreciates the curative powers of other remedies, but will use of Materia Medica Whatever practical science has determined to be the most effectual in removing disease.

Particular attention paid to DISEASES OF THROAT, LIVER, SPINE and DYSPEPSIA. my23:1y

Terms invariably cash.

STUCCO WORKER. JAMES OWENS, ☞STUCCO AND MASTIC WORKER, PAPER HANGER AND PLASTERER. ☞CENTRES and ORNAMENTS of all kinds furnished on short notice. All orders left at No. 23 Congress street, six doors from Wylie, or at Palmer's Wall Paper Store, No. 91 Wood st., will be promptly attended to. mh28

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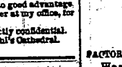

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