Pittsburgh Gazette.

S. RIDDLE & CO.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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TERMS

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ADVERTISING AT REASONABLE RATES.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 23, 1861.

"The Combat Deepens."

The uprising of a mighty nation at the call of its Chief, as exhibited all through last week, was such as has no example in history. It is impossible to arrive at even a proximate estimate of the number who, "laying all business and excuses whatsoever," promptly enrolled themselves as soldiers in their country's defence. All ranks of society, all ages, sexes, parties, and conditions are animated by one spirit, and patriotism has become *furor* rather than a sentiment. The result is, that we this day have an army of not less than two hundred and fifty thousand men, which may be doubled in less than a fortnight.

Two things have transpired since this mighty movement commenced which have fearfully intensified the feeling of the North against the South. One is the attack upon the troops in Baltimore, who were proceeding peaceably on their way to the defence of the National Capital. The first first blood should be shed in Baltimore, in Maryland, a State that professes to be a Union State, and that has made no movement towards secession, has kindled a feeling of indignation which the South will have cause sorely to rue. Three noble fellows from Massachusetts fell beneath the shots or blows of the Baltimore mob; but as sure as ever effect followed cause, ten thousand men will rush forward to avenge the death of each. If Maryland cannot manage her own traitors and rowdies, others will do it for her, and they will teach her that sympathy with traitors is treason.

The other piece of madness which has given intensity to the indignation of the people of the loyal States is the proclamation of the President of the Confederate States, announcing the issue of *Letters of Marque*, under which piracy is to be legalized so far as a bogus government can legalize any thing. By this barbarous edict that arch outlaw wishes to engage as many cutthroats as may venture to enter his service, to prey upon the commerce of the high seas, especially the Gulf of Mexico. This infamous movement on the part of the Southern traitors has, however, been thoroughly checkmated by the President, who has, by proclamation and by substantial force, blockaded every port in the seceded States. But, baffled and defeated as that nest of traitors, robbers and pirates have been, the mere attempt to do a thing so atrociously barbarous may bring down upon those doomed States a reprisal at which the heart sickens. See what the New York *Times*, a paper noted for the temperance and even the conservatism of its tone heretofore, says about it:

"We have already alluded to the bearing of this document upon the general principles on which the pending contest is to be waged. President Lincoln has already proclaimed to the South his purpose not in any way to interfere with the rights *of property*. Jefferson Davis responds by letting loose every pirate he can hire, to attack and plunder the private property of citizens of the United States. He may rely upon it *he will not be permitted to play this one-sided game for any length of time*. The great mass of the people of the Union are conservative on the subject of Slavery. They have not the slightest desire to meddle with it in any way—not would they tolerate, under ordinary circumstances, any interference with it from any quarter. It would be perfectly easy to-day, hostile and intolerable as has been the conduct of the Southern States, to raise a force in the North to put down a slave insurrection in any one of the Southern States except South Carolina. But this temper will not endure the tests to which Mr. Davis and his fellow-conspirators are inclined to put it. *The first seizure of an American vessel by one of his privateers will let loose upon the South one of his privateers with less mercy than he can hire pirates in a score of years.* And if he doubts the effect of such an invasion upon the people of the Southern States, Gov. Wise can enlighten his mind upon that subject.

"Jefferson Davis might as well have thrown a lighted match into a powder magazine, as menace the commerce of the North with privateers. The effect of his proclamation upon our community has been only to deepen and make tenfold more intense the hatred and indignation of the public. Our people begin to realize the real character of the foe with whom they have to deal. All the illusions they have hitherto cherished about fraternity and kindly feeling towards their sister States have been rudely dispelled. Those whom they looked upon as brothers prove to be pirates. The men whom we have associated with ourselves, as sharing with us the glories and blessings of our common country, turn out to be the assassins of the Republic. They cannot even make war in the spirit of a civilized nation, but go back to the habits and practices of the barbarism of a hundred years ago.

There is but one way of dealing with such people. We are to measure our strength with theirs,—and may God defend the right!"

These are awful words to come from one of the leading and controlling journals of the country, and they are so because they are true. It may be that those people have been given over to sheer madness and to irremediable destruction. Still we trust, for the sake of our common humanity, that no encouragement will be given to servile insurrection, which, if once started, might become uncontrollable, and involve all ages, sexes and conditions in one common destruction. It has pleased the South, for a long series of years, to keep their servile population down as near to the level of the brute creation as they could; but the terrible truth still remains, that a man who is a mere animal in peace, is a savage, a demon, in war; and it may be that Providence is about to exact terrible vengeance for this great wrong. It has often happened, in the sad history of the world, that nations have suffered en masse for the crimes of their rulers; but let us not forget that the Judge of all has sternly appropriated to himself the exercise of vengeance; and although Jeff. Davis has done all he can to let loose the pirate upon our people, that does not justify on our part the letting loose the uncontrolled slave upon his people. To use the slaves of the South in this war as soldiers, under strict discipline, would be entirely justifiable; but to put knives and fire-brands into their hands, and send them forth to commit whatever crimes their savage natures might suggest, is not for a moment to be thought of; and, if in this terrible conflict, it shall become necessary for our troops to invade regions where slaves are numerous, we trust that the women and children of those places will find as faithful guardians in them as in their own men. We have no quarrel with the innocent, the helpless, or the unarmed.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

The patriotic fires are burning as brightly in Armstrong county as they are in any locality of which we have any knowledge. On Tuesday evening last there was an enthusiastic meeting of all parties held at the Court House in Kittanning. On Saturday two companies, the Brady Alpines and Kittanning Yagers, left for Harrisburg, numbering about one hundred and fifty men, and both under the command of Capt. Wm. Sirwell, until they get to Harrisburg, when each will choose officers. The ladies of Kittanning presented each member of these companies with a handsome Bible, after a feeling address by the Rev. Mr. Hilton. That done, they presented Capt. Sirwell, through J. K. Calhoun, Esq., with a splendid silk flag. Judge Buffington responded on behalf of the captain and his company. The addresses of both gentlemen were admirable. Conspicuous and active in these interesting ceremonies was the venerable General Roszur Oas, who was an officer in the war of 1812, and who is as enthusiastic in the cause of his country and its flag as is our own venerable William Williams. A large concourse of people accompanied the men to the Railroad depot, where a fervent prayer by the Rev. Dr. Donaldson, of Elder's Ridge, and a warm-hearted leave taking, closed the scene.

The people of Kittanning promptly made up a fund of $2000 for the families of the men who so generously volunteered to fight for their country, and a large amount of clothing was presented to them.

The Leechburg Guards and Apollo Blues are both filled up and ready to march. A company is forming at Worthington; and how many others we have not learned. Alexander Reynolds, Esq., of Kittanning, has made a formal offer to the Government of fifty tons of cannon balls, to be delivered in Pittsburgh. All he asks for them is that the War Department shall send the moulds.

DEATH TO THE PIRATES.

Orders have been received from the Navy Department at Washington, by the officers of the various United States vessels, that all persons found sailing under Jefferson Davis' letters of marque and reprisal be treated as pirates.

That the contumacious be *immediately hung from the yard arm*, and the crew and more penitent officers be placed in irons to await their trial as ocean brigands.

This summary method of dealing with the robbers will probably be seconded by the European powers, who have just as much cause to fear a fleet of freebooters infesting the seas and molesting peaceful commerce as have the Northern States.

We had the pleasure of a call from the Hon. John Covode yesterday, from whom we were sorry to learn that Baltimore on Friday evening witnessed the humiliating spectacle of Secession ascendancy and terrorism, exhibited in the submission of Gov. Hicks. What a sight it was to see the Governor of Maryland, who has been so self important a man at home and abroad for months past, as a champion for the Union, addressing a crowd with a Secession Flag flying over him!

We have learned that Thomas A. Scott, Esq., the able and energetic Vice President of the Pennsylvania R. R., has been called by the Governor to take charge of the Telegraph lines of the State, and is now in Harrisburg engaged in this important and responsible department of the public service.

Latest News by Mail.

Important Notice from the U. S. District Attorney and Marshal.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEY, AND OF THE U. S. MARSHAL.

The undersigned solicit information as to any attempt to transmit, by sea or land, to any Southern port or place, arms or munitions of war; or any facts tending to implicate any person or persons in recruiting for, or in any manner aiding the rebellion against the United States Government; or in relation to the fitting out of privateers, or other unlawful enterprise. Communications will be treated, when desired, with the strictest confidence. Those who furnish reliable information will receive immunity and protection.

E. DENAFIELD SMITH,
United States District Attorney.
ROBERT MURRAY,
United States Marshal.

New York, April 20, 1861.

A Significant Fact—Large Number of Steamers Under Charter.

A Commissioner of the Federal Government is now in New York, making arrangements for the transportation by water of all the New York troops ordered at Washington and intermediate stations.

Fourteen coasting steamers have already been conditionally chartered to sail when required.

Departure of the Seventh.

John Hooy, of Adams' Express, last evening received a dispatch from Philadelphia that the Seventh Regiment left there at 4 P. M., pre-sely, for Annapolis, per steamer Boston. This is the latest.

A private despatch from Baltimore says, in reference to the position of the Union men, "Our only hope is that the Government will occupy the city with an overpowering force."

The Secessionists in Maryland followed up their outrage in Baltimore by destroying or rendering useless all the railroad bridges between Havre de Grace and Baltimore, so that no more Northern troops could be sent through that city to Washington. The Seventh Regiment of New York, and Fourth Regiment of Massachusetts were consequently detained in Philadelphia, until Saturday afternoon, when they left by rail for Havre de Grace, at which point they took a steamer for Annapolis. As that city is only about one day's march from Washington, they will have no difficulty in reaching the latter point, even should the railroad be obstructed

The Baltimore Road in Possession of the Government.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, April 20.

The government has taken possession of the Baltimore road. No trains are leaving here for Wilmington.

Dispatch from Philadelphia.

The excitement and enthusiasm here is intense. A telegram has been received stating that Secretary Cameron threatens to bombard Baltimore, unless the bridges in Maryland are repaired.

It is rumored that Washington is to be attacked to-morrow.

Philadelphia is full of regiments, but they have been furnished neither clothes nor arms. Red tape rules.

The wires between Philadelphia and Baltimore are down, as well as the bridges, and all communication is cut off. Maryland has learnt the first letter in the alphabet of secession, and by the assistance of Jefferson Davis and the devil, will soon be able to spell out "Destruction."

C. H. W.

Position of Affairs in Delaware.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, April 20.—Though Union men in Delaware are in a bad fix. Though the population is largely for the Union, all State arms are in the possession of the Secessionists, transferred by the Governor, who has not responded to the requisition of the President, and will not. The only open hope that the Government will take possession of the upper part of the State, in order to secure the powder mills at Brandywine, at which the secessionists evidently aim.

No More Arms for the South.

The Hartford *Courier* publishes the following paragraph:

"We announced the other morning that the Sharp's Rifle Company had refused to sell their weapons to go, either directly or indirectly, to the South. We have now the pleasure of stating that Col. Colt has notified the proper authorities that his revolving arms are for sale, first, to the State of Connecticut; next, in preference, the Government of the United States, and none at all to the South. Further than this, Col. Hazard announces that he makes no more powder to go to the South, until hostilities have ceased. Good for them all!"

THE BEGINNING OF HORRORS.—The telegraph this morning announces that the negroes of Kent county, Maryland, have already commenced the work of insurrection in the State "by burning the houses of the whites;" while the local journals, both in North and South Carolina, and elsewhere, have lately given accounts of innumerable instances of dangerous insubordination, manifested both in this and other even more ominous ways. To expect that the heat of the conflagration that now enwraps the South would not pierce even through the thick skull of the blacks, is of a peace with the inconceivable delusions that possess those madmen. It may be that these are but the fiery initials of a chapter of horrors from whose contemplation the mind shrinks aghast.

Jeff. Davis's Privateers.

The proclamation of the rebel chief, which we published yesterday morning offering to commission privateers to be let loose against our commerce, naturally arouses the indignation of all classes of our population. There may be men base enough to accept his letters of marque, and probably a portion of the little shipping owned in southern ports has already been making preparations in anticipation of a call for this nefarious service. But such privateers are simply pirates, and they will stand an excellent chance of getting their deserts in the pirate's doom. They cannot take any prize they may capture into any ports except those of the Confederate States. It must be adjudicated upon by the admiralty courts of the so-called Confederate States. It happens that we have a navy sufficient to blockade their ports and prevent both ingress and egress. If a United States merchant vessel is seized and attempted to be carried into Charleston or New Orleans, two or three men of war at the mouth of the Mississippi, or the entrance of Charleston harbor, would prevent their entrance, and very likely insure their capture. If captured every pirate of them would be quite certain to get his neck stretched.

If the rebel privateers capture any of our ships, it will be within the coming week or two, by cruisers that get out of port before the commander of our vessels can reach the stations to which they will doubtless be ordered. The steamer which is now most exposed, and would be the most tempting object of attack, is the Champion, of the California line, having on board $840,000 in gold. The Sonora, the steamer on the Pacific side, whose mails and passengers the Champion takes at Aspinwall, sailed from San Francisco on the 1st, and the Champion would reach this port, if not interrupted, about next Tuesday. For the greater part, therefore, of the ensuing five days, she will be exposed to piratical attacks, and a United States ship of-war should be immediately sent to meet and convoy her. Of other steamers exposed, the principal are the Daniel Webster, which left this port on the 16th for Havana and New Orleans; the Quaker City, which left Havana on the 15th, and the Blenville, which sailed from New Orleans for Havana and New York on the 14th. If the vessels we have named escape, we hope that arrangements will have been completed for maintaining a strict and rigorous blockade of the southern ports, and preventing the sallying out or the return of privateers. If they can't get back, they are in a worse case than if they couldn't get out.—[N. Y. World.

Patent Arms.

It is well understood that Colt and others, holding patents from the United States, have for a long time past been supplying the South with arms of the most effective kind. As those men are protected in their manufacture of arms by letters patent granted by the United States, it is the duty of Congress at once to REVOKE THEIR PATENTS, and make the manufacture of patent arms free to all. Among the first acts of the next Congress should be the revocation of the patents of all who have supplied rebels with arms. There are men in Hartford and New Haven who would learn a useful lesson by such discipline as that. Let us have a free right for all to make the best arms!—[N. Y. Tribune.

New York all Right.

Those who have supposed that New York City would show a divided front for the Union may have their doubts removed by learning that the Common Council yesterday unanimously passed patriotic resolutions, and voted that their Clerk, who has volunteered, and any other of their officials who might do the same, should have their salaries continued to them while absent. After adjournment, the members joined in singing the "Star-Spangled Banner," and gave nine cheers for the Union, nine for Anderson, and nine for Fort Sumter.—[N. Y. Trib.

THE Custom-House at New York refuses to grant clearances for ports in the Seceded States. That's right. All facilities for getting supplies from the North should be promptly cut off from the rebels.

JOHN C. FRECKINRIDGE is trying to drag Kentucky out of the Union. If she could be dragged out by this cold-blooded demagogue, she is not fit to be in.

CAIRO will probably be made the base of operations on the Mississippi river.

Military Notices.

WARI WARI WARI!—Wanted immediately, FIFTY ABLE-BODIED MEN, to join the JEFFERSON RIFLEMEN, Headquarters Duquesne Grays, Armory Fourth street, near Smithfield.
CAPTAIN R. B. JOHNSTON,
ap22 1t Hancock co., Va.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, TO THE RESCUE!—H. G. MACKRELL has established Headquarters at the office of the *Commercial Journal*, where he is ready to receive names of Volunteers who are ready to defend the Union, and to offer their honor and lives to support the Constitution in its integrity.

His company will be named the DENNY GUARDS, in compliment to Mrs. Harmar Denny, of this city. ap22 1t

FOR OUR COUNTRY!—SAVED—80 MEN, standard height 5 feet 4 inches, to fill the Anderson Guard books. Open at corner of 6th and Smithfield streets.
ap22 1t HENRY LEMAN.

CAPTAIN JOHN YOUNG, OF BUSHNUN TOWNSHIP, is raising a company of Cavalry. He understands the drill, having commanded a Dragoon for nine years.
ap22 1t*eod

GO FOR THE BATTLE FIELD!—Men wanted to fill up the Roll of the Allegheny Rangers. Apply at Town Hall, Allegheny.
ap22 H. S. FLEMING.

ALL COMPANIES THAT HAVE NOT RECEIVED MARCHING ORDERS will meet TODAY, at 2 o'clock P. M., at Birmingham Town Hall, for the purpose of forming a Regiment. At the request of COL. R. HULTZ. ap22 1t*eod

MEMBERS of the COMMITTEE of SAFETY, appointed by Wm. Wilkins, President of the council, please call at the office of T. J. Hamilton, 84 Smithfield street, and put their name in the book prepared for the purpose. By order,
THOS. S. HAMILTON,
ap22 Sec. Stay.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—MEN TO FORM A RIFLE COMPANY. Men will trade their rifles to Governor Curtin. All persons wishing to enroll must apply to Daniel Armstrong, at the Armory in the Court House, or to R. Watson, Liberty street. The Committee have generously given a room for drilling.
R. WATSON.
ap22

TO GUARDS, AND AT THEM.

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, STAND BRIGHT to be 5 feet 8 inches, and upwards, TO FORM A COMPANY, to be called the

Highland Grenadier Guards,

to tender their services to the Governor for immediate active service.

Book open for enrollment at No. 60 Wood street.
ap19 1t

"PENNSYLVANIA REPEATS EVERY MAN TO DO HIS DUTY."

THE CITY GUARDS, DESIROUS OF FILLING their ranks to the war complement, for the purpose of tendering their services to the Government, will have their Armory open for the enrollment of names every day from 8 o'clock A. M., until their roll is full.

Able bodied, unmarried men are invited to join them.
By order of
ALEX. HAYS,
JAS. A. LOWRY, Secretary.
"Armory," Bastile hall—ap19 1t

ARMORY DUQUESNE GREYS,
Pittsburgh, April 17th, 1861.

THE DUQUESNE GREYS, DESIRING to increase their roll to the "war complement," are hereby invited to enlist unmarried men to volunteer for that purpose.

The Armory will be open every night until the enrollment is complete. By order of
DAVID CAMPBELL, Capt.
JOHN S. KENNEDY, O. S.

PITTSBURGH, April 19th, 1861.

THE COMMITTEE ON HOME DEFENCE will meet at the Office of Sinnes & Rippey, EVERY DAY, from 10 until 11 in the morning, and from 3 until 5 in the afternoon. All communications addressed to the Secretary.
ap20 1t*eod JOHN M. TIERNAN, Secretary.

In pursuance of Public Notice to the Firemen of Pittsburgh to meet to organize a Volunteer Company of Home Guards, the meeting was duly organized and a number of names enrolled. It was on motion *Resolved*, That this meeting adjourn to meet at the Room of the Firemen's Association, on TUESDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, to complete the Roll. By order.
A. W. GAZZAM, Secretary.
ap19 2t

WANTED—SIXTY ABLE BODIED MEN, to join the Pittsburgh Guards. Apply at the Armory of the Firemen's Legion, Sixth street, near Smithfield.
JOHN H. STEWART, Captain.
W. THOMPSON, O. S. ap19 1t

Public Notices.

PITTSBURGH COUNCILS will assemble in extraordinary session, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, at their respective chambers, to take into consideration important business
JAMES McCALLEY,
President of Select Council.
A. G. MCCANDLESS,
President of Common Council.
ap22 1t

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.—The Committee of the General Committee of Safety, is sitting in permanent session.

All shippers will please report goods supposed to be contraband to either of the undersigned:

Joseph Dilworth, Water street; George McCook, No. 123 Grant street; S. D. Gaston, St. Charles Hotel; J. R. McClintock, Peebles township; R. Finney, Water street.
ap22 1t*eod

CAUTION TO TRAVELERS.—The Aqueduct Committee would hereby warn all persons not to cross the Aqueduct over the Allegheny river, at this city, as it is now considered unsafe
By order of the Committee
JOHN SCOTT, Chairman.
ap18 1t*eod

PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Recording Regulator, in the Market Building, until WEDNESDAY, 24th instant, for the construction of a PUBLIC SEWER, from the east side of Smithfield street, along Fifth street to Wood street, thence south to Second street. The proposals will state the price per thousand brick furnished and laid, the price per cubic yard for excavation, no allowance to be made for filling in on top of sewer or removing the surplus material. Centres and templets furnished at the expense of the contractor.
ap18 2t*eod ISAAC MORLEY, Recording Regulator.

New Advertisements.

MAUVE INK!

Beautiful in Color!

Delightful in Odor!

for sale at W. S. HAVEN'S,

corner Wood and Third streets

Mauve Ink,

For Ladies' use. ap5:1ME

BELLINGHAM'S STIMULATING ONGUENT!

Bellingham's
Bellingham's
Bellingham's
Stimulating
Stimulating
Stimulating
Onguent!
Onguent!
Onguent!

For the Hair and Whiskers!
Hair and Whiskers!
Hair and Whiskers!

For sale
at JOSEPH FLEMING'S,
at JOSEPH FLEMING'S,
at JOSEPH FLEMING'S,
Corner of the Diamond and Market Street,
Corner of the Diamond and Market Street,
Corner of the Diamond and Market Street.
ap18:2t

NEW CONSIGNMENT OF PRODUCE—
16 bbls Seed Sweet Potatoes;
45 do prime Table Peaches, Haliver;
20 bbls Green Apples;
6 bbls Fresh Boil Butter;
2000 lb Bacon;
30 kegs Lard;
1 car load Potatoes;
10 bbls Rectified Cider—for sale by
ap23 L. G. GRAFF, 247 Liberty st.

LOST—Supposed on the wharf, near the foot of Penn street, a GOLD watch, yellow face, hunting case, and a silver chain attached. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at D. Haugney's, foot of Liberty street, or at this office.
ap22:1t*eod

BUTTER—3 crocks fresh Packed;
2 buckets fresh Packed;
4 firkins Print, prime;
1 bbl prime Roll—just received per Express;
POTATOES—2 car loads Reds and White Neshannocks; for sale by
ap19 FRANK VAN GORDER, 114 Second st.

A LIGHT SPRING WAGON FOR SALE CHEAP, or exchange for Groceries, Dry Goods Clothing or Leather.
ap18:1f WELLS, RIDDLE & CO., 216 Liberty street, opposite Sixth.

VOLUNTEERS! NOTICE.—The undersigned will furnish Volunteer Companies with BOOTS AND SHOES at PRIME COST!
ap19:2t JAMES ROBB, 89 Market st.

PRODUCE.—7 bbls. Eggs;
10 bbls prime Roll butter; 175 boxes Cheese;
10,000 lb prime Sugar-Cured Ham;
50 bbls White Wheat Flour—to arrive for sale by
ap22 2t H. RIDDLE, 183 Liberty st.

4 BBLS. PRIME ROLL BUTTER;
6,000 lb clear Bacon Sides;
10,000 lb Bacon Shoulders;
100 bbls Extra Family Flour;
6 do Rye Flour; 5 bbls Corn Meal;
In store for sale by
ap22:2t H. RIDDLE, 183 Liberty st.

CARD.—Being required to leave the city for probably three months at least, my professional business will be placed in the hands of Dr. H. S. COFFEY, who has been associated with me in the practice of medicine for the last year. I freely and cordially commend him to the favorable regard of my friends and patrons.
JAMES KING.
April 20, 1861. ap20:2w

SUNDRIES AT WHOLESALE—
1000 bbls N O Sugar, from fair to strictly prime;
2000 bbls N O prime Molasses;
200 do Syrups, various qualities;
500 do Refined Sugars;
1000 bags Coffee, from fair to choice;
1000 boxes Window Glass, of different sizes;
1000 kegs Nails; do do
500 bf cheese TIN-ts;
74 cadty bxs do
50 bf chests Black Tea;
Rosin, German, Palm and Fancy Soaps;
Mould, Dipped and Star Candles;
Pepper, Cloves, Alspice, Cinnamon, Mustard and Spices, of all kinds; German and Missouri Clays, of prime quality.
All the above goods here and arriving, for sale by
JOHN I. HOGAN & CO.,
ap21f Corner Smithfield and Water sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE—I will furnish Volunteers with MEDICINE, or any other necessary outfit in my line of business.
FREE OF COST.
SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist,
ap22:2t corner Smithfield and Fourth sts.

BLANK BOOKS—LEDGERS JOURNALS, DAY BOOKS, CASH BOOKS, ORDER BOOKS, and every description of Account Books, on hand or made to order in the best manner, ruled to any pattern required, with or without printed headings, by
WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO.,
ap22 Blank Book Makers, 57 Wood st.

GUM BELTING AND GUM GASKETS which will stand 300° Fahrenheit with not being affected, and the severest cold will not distitish its pliability, you can get at the Leather Store of M. DE LANGE, 233 Liberty st., opposite head of Wood. ap22:1w

LEATHER BELTING, of the best Eastern stock, oak-tanned, all sizes, which will run without stretching, and with a perfect bearing to the pulley, at the Leather Store of M. DE LANGE, 233 Liberty st., opposite head of Wood.

PATENT CONSOLIDATED RUBBER BELTING, a new and superior article, on hand and for sale by M. DE LANGE,
ap22:1w 233 Liberty st.

BUTTER—3 bbls. prime Roll;
3 firkins prime Roll, from Western Reserve, for sale by RODGERS & DILWORTH,
ap22 819 Liberty st.

FOR THE VOLUNTEERS—BIBLES, TESTAMENTS and PRAYER BOOKS will be furnished at cost price to committees and others.
KAY & CO., 55 Wood st.
ap22

MILITARY TACTICS—Scott, Cooper, Hardee, and other standard Manuals, on hand and to arrive by express
KAY & CO., 55 Wood st.

OIL LEASES—Blanks for Leasing Oil Wells or Oil Locations, carefully prepared forms printed and for sale by
WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., Publishers,
ap22 Stationers and Printers, 57 Wood st.

BULK HAMS—24 casks of Bulk Hams, to arrive per steamer Atlantic on consignment, for sale by LITTLE & TRIMBLE,
ap22 112 Second st.

HAMS—9 tierces Hams in sweet pickle, to arrive on consignment, for sale by
ap22 LITTLE & TRIMBLE, 112 Second st.

SPIRIT OF '76.—Statues of Washington, Lafayette, Goddess of Liberty, &c., for sale by
ap22 WALTER P. MARSHALL, 87 Wood st.

BATTLE SCENE—A Saloon Decoration, for sale by
ap22 W. P. MARSHALL, 87 Wood street.

WALL PAPERS, of new and desirable styles, just received for sale at low prices by
ap22 W. P. MARSHALL.

TO OIL MEN.—Particular attention paid to the manufacturing of TOOLS FOR BORING OIL WELLS. All tools warranted to be of the best materia and workmanship.
AUGER STEMS! AUGER STEMS!
REAMERS! REAMERS!! REAMERS!!
furnished at the shortest notice.
W. W. YOUNG,
(successor to Carbright & Young)
No. 97 Wood Street,
corner of Diamond alley.
ap21

CAMP AND MARCH—A Treatise on the Camp and March, with which is connected the construction of Field Works and Bridges, for the use of the Volunteers and Militia in the United States: by H. D. Grafton, U. S. A.
KAY & CO., 55 Wood street.
ap19

ARTILLERY AND INFANTRY—An Elementary Treatise on Artillery and Infantry, adapted to the service of the United States, for the use of Volunteers and Militia: By U. S. Hamilton.
KAY & CO., 55 Wood st.
ap20

COOPER'S MACOMB'S TACTICS—A Concise System of Instruction and Regulations for the Militia and Volunteers of the United States, comprehending the exercises and movements of Infantry, Light Infantry and Riflemen. New edition
KAY & CO., 55 Wood st.
ap21

NEW GOODS,
For Spring and Summer Wear.
JAMES ROBB,
No. 89 Market Street,
Has just received a large stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Comprising one of the largest assortments to be found.
LADIES', MISSES, AND CHILDRENS BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, SLIPPERS.
MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS' FRENCH CALF BOOTS, GAITERS, OXFORD TIES, PRINCE ALBERTS, BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, ETC., ETC.
Boots and Shoes of every variety and style, which will be sold at
Prices to Suit the Times.
All persons desiring to procure a bargain would do well to call and examine for themselves. My stock at 89 Market street, as the proprietor is determined to sell
CHEAP.
ap18 1m

IONA GRAPE VINES!
A DESIRE to aid in the dissemination of the new varieties of NATIVE GRAPES, has induced the undersigned to accept the agency for the sale of Dr. Grant's celebrated Vineyard, consisting of Delaware, Diana, &c.
Lowest Catalogue Prices!
Orders will be received at the office of BISSELL & CO., 123 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, and as the Drug store of Beckham & Reily, Federal street, Allegheny city, where specimen vines may be seen.
For sale at Grant's Illustrated Catalogue, or Complete Manual of the Vine, containing such information as purchasers and growers are supposed to need, furnished for one dime each.
WM. S. BISSELL.
ap18m

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF HOSIERY AND GLOVES, in the city at
EATON, MACRUM & CO'S.
N. B.—VOLUNTEERS supplied as above, and also with DRAWERS, VESTS, CRAVATS, HANDKERCHIEFS and SUSPENDERS at PRIME COST. ap18.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
Just purchased at
WAR PANIC PRICES
AND SELLING
CHEAPER THAN EVER
BY
EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
No. 77 Fifth street.
ap 8

NO. 77 MARKET STREET,
The place to buy
DRESS TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS;
French Embroideries, Linen Handkerchiefs;
COTTON HOSIERY;
GLOVES AND GAUNTLETS;
Gents' Shirts, Collars, Neck Ties;
CRAVATS, SUSPENDERS, &c.;
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS
Cheap for par money.
JOSEPH HORNE.

CANDLES, SOAP AND OIL.
PROCTER & GAMBLE,
24 West Second Street,
CINCINNATI,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
ERASIVE, PALM,
AND
GERMAN SOAP,
Star Candles, Lard Oil, Pearl Soap, Fancy Soaps, etc.
CANDLES SOLD BY ACTUAL WEIGHT.
*** It is well know that many Star Candles that are really seven to the pound, are branded and sold as "sixes." There is a disadvantage and a loss in this practice to both retailers and consumers, even if the Candles are bought at a reduction of two cents per lb. from the price of the regular article: Thus:
A box of "Five" SHORT WEIGHT contains 240 Candles, and is sold for at the, at say 18 cents.....$7 20
A box of Sevens containing the same number of Candles, same size is sold for 24 lbs. ACTUAL WEIGHT, at 16 cents.....$ 3 90
Difference in favor of buying by weight.....4 30
And this difference becomes greater as the price advances. It is obvious that the retailer can get no more for his five Candles in one case than in the other, consequently on every hundred boxes of "short weight" he sells, he loses FORTY DOLLARS.
ap18 1m

OIL WELL TOOLS.—To Manufacturers of Boring Tools &c., for Oil Wells, and to other consumers of superior quality of Bar Iron.
We are making up our stock of "Simpytical Irons" with particular reference to the sizes required for tools for boring oil wells, and we shall hereafter be prepared to promptly supply the demand for that purpose, for which it has been much used and pronounced of the most superior quality. Our Warehouse is now adjoining our works, Wayne street.
BAILEY, BROWN & CO.
ap 18 1m

NEW CROP TEAS!
Hummel's Extract of Coffee!
FINE TABLE SALT; Kingsford's Silver Gloss STARCH; Mason's BLACKING; New HAMS and SHOULDERS; With a large assortment of Family Groceries, selling out cheap for cash at
FERGUSON'S Grocery,
corner High and Wylie sts.
Goods delivered when ordered. ap18:2m

TO THE MILITARY.
Outfits at New York Cost!
COTTON and WOOLEN UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS;
LINEN SHIRTS;
COLLARS, CRAVATS, NECK TIES;
Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs;
COTTON AND WOOLEN SOCKS;
SUSPENDERS;
And everything else that is necessary for an outfit, at New York Cost, at
HORNE'S TRIMMING STORE,
97 Market Street.
☞ Union Cockades for sale.
ap18:1m

HERRING—25 bbls. Baltimore for sale by ap12 HENRY H. COLLINS.

New Advertisements.

LAW NOTICE.

The undersigned being about to leave the City with the First Brigade of Pennsylvania Volunteers, has left his professional business with S. S. CROYER, Jr., Esq., No 139 Fourth street, who will attend to all matters connected therewith.
JAMES A. LOWRIE.
ap22 wd

MILITARY BOOKS

Gilham's Manual for Volunteers and Militia; 1 vol. Price $1 50.
Hardee's Rifle and Light Infantry Tactics; 2 vols.
Scott's Military Tactics; 3 vols.
Cavalry Tactics; 3 vols.
M'Clellan's Bayonet Exercises; a book for the Zouaves. For sale at
HUNT & MINER'S.
ap22

IN THE MATTER OF THE ACCOUNT OF JOHN J. MITCHELL and J. M. FASSIT, Administrators of S. H. RYAN, deceased. No. 84, December Term, 1860. The Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court to distribute the fund in the hands of the accountants, to and among the parties legally entitled to the same, has prepared his report, and the same may be examined and exceptions filed thereto at the office of Marshall & Brown, No. 116 Fifth street Pittsburgh, prior to Saturday, April 27th, 1861.
ap20 2t A. M. BROWN, Auditor.

STATE INSPECTOR
OF DOMESTIC DISTILLED SPIRITS,
FOR THE COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY:
JOHN SMITLEY.
Office, No. 12, corner Diamond Alley and Diamond.
☞ Orders left with Joseph Rees, 12 Diamond street, will be promptly attended to.
The attention of the trade is respectfully called to the following sections of the law, in regard to Inspections. From Purdon's Digest.
Section 12, page 254.—If any person shall export or land for exportation, from the Port of Philadelphia, any distilled spirituous liquors, liable to inspection as aforesaid, before the same shall have been inspected and marked according to law, such person shall forfeit and pay ten dollars for every barrel, and twenty dollars for every double barrel and hogshead or other cask or vessel containing such liquor so exported or taken, to be recovered by the inspector aforesaid, for the city and county of Philadelphia, for the use of the Poor of said city and county.
Section 14, page 254—All liquors sold by inspection at the Port of Philadelphia, shall be inspected and gauged by the inspectors of domestic distilled spirits, appointed as aforesaid.
Section 23, page 255.—Any person who shall hereafter act as inspector or deputy inspector of domestic distilled spirits, in the city or county of Philadelphia, not being legally authorized for that purpose, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of twenty dollars, one half for the use of the Commonwealth and the other half for the use of any person sueing for the same, and shall, likewise, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall for every such offence, suffer an imprisonment in the county jail for a period of thirty days.
Section 34, page 446—Every person who shall counterfeit, forge or fraudulently impress, or make the brand mark, or any number or other mark of any such inspector, or a mark or number in imitation thereof, upon any article subject to inspection, or any cask or other vessel containing such article, or shall fraudulently alter, deface, conceal or erase any inspection mark, duly made, shall, for every such offence, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and be punishable by a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding six months, at the discretion of the court having jurisdiction of the offence.
Section 36, page 446—Every person who shall counterfeit, forge or fraudulently impress upon any article liable to inspection, or upon any cask or vessel containing such article, the brand mark or other mark of any inspector, or shall fraudulently deface or erase any such brand mark, or shall fraudulently impress the brand mark or other mark of any inspector, upon any such article or vessel, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars.
A further Supplement, relative to the inspection of liquors approved the 31st day of March, 1855.
That all domestic distilled spirits for sale at the port of Philadelphia, whether for exportation or otherwise, shall be inspected by the inspectors of the city of Philadelphia, of domestic distilled spirits, or their deputies, in the manner now provided by law, and it any other person shall inspect such liquors, he shall for every offence, be liable to all the fines and penalties set forth in the 18th section of the Act of the 30th day of April, 1854.
An Act authorizing the Governor to appoint an Inspector of Domestic Distilled Liquors for the county of Allegheny:
Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the Governor is hereby authorized to appoint an Inspector of Domestic Distilled Liquors for the county of Allegheny, whose duties and compensation shall be the same as those of the Inspector of domestic distilled liquors for the city and county of Philadelphia.
The undersigned Inspector, being obligated by heavy bonds, and bound under severe penalties for the faithful performance of his duties, intends most respectfully but firmly to enforce the above sections and all other laws appertaining to the inspection of domestic liquors.
JOHN SMITLEY.
ap21tf

MORE NEW TESTIMONY!

From the Rev. Father Stanislaus Parzynsky.—I have been troubled with deafness for the 40 years of time, and am sure to successfully as to restore my hearing