Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 12, 1861.

CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by B. E. Shaw, Optician, 88 Fifth St.—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	60	54
12 " M.	63	52
6 " P. M.		60
Barometer	29 4 10	

Another Trial for Seduction.

In the Criminal Court, after the close of the case elsewhere mentioned, the District Attorney called up the case of Zadoc Morgan, charged with seducing under promise of marriage, a young lady named Mary Jane Hawthorn. The parties both reside in Birmingham—the young man following the profession of a clerk; and the girl, being destitute of parental support, being obliged to earn her own living by working as a domestic. The girl is not yet twenty years of age, and her intimacy with Morgan resulted in her disgrace, she being now enceinte. It is alleged that Morgan had given her the most positive assurances that he would marry her, which pledges were renewed again and again up till their last interview, when she informed him of her unfortunate situation and begged him to redeem his oft repeated pledges and save her from shame and ruin. He still promised to marry her, but in two weeks after their final interview he was wedded to another. All hope of reparation being lost, she entered suit against him for seduction.

Judge Shannon and M. Swartzwelder appeared as counsel for the prosecution, and F. H. Collier and T. M. Marshall for the defense.

The case was opened for the defense in an eloquent and touching address by Judge Shannon, who foreshadowed the main facts and circumstances of the case. He characterized this as a most painful and heartless case of seduction and abandonment, and as such entreated the jury to give it their most careful and earnest consideration.

The prosecuting witness, Mary Jane Hawthorne, was then called to the stand, and testified in substance as follows: Have known Mr. Morgan for sixteen or seventeen months; saw him first at his house; Mrs. Fogle, in Birmingham; I was then living at Mr. Hughes'. In December, 1859, went to his aunt's to live; he was then boarding there (at Mrs. Fogle's.) I will be twenty years of age in August next. He commenced paying attentions to me the very day I went to Mrs. Fogle's, and continued his attentions up till the time of his marriage. Lived at Fogle's five or six months; Morgan was boarding there until within a few weeks of the time I left, which was on the 10th or 11th of May, 1860. He told me not to keep company with any one else. I did as I would not if his intentions were good. He said he intended to marry me. I never kept company with any one but Morgan. We did not "sit up" at night, as he said his people did not like it, but every chance he got he would be with me while passing through the house, and we would occasionally walk together on Sunday. He took me to the theatre twice, and once or twice to the minstrels, and I think to about four balls. He (Morgan) gave me a silver and a gold ring, (rings shown, on her hands.)

The young lady then proceeded to detail the circumstances of her fall, and occupied about four hours in her examination in chief. The cross examination had just been opened when the hour of adjournment arrived.

We may remark that the prosecutrix is a very fine looking girl, rather small in stature, but rudely and preposterously in fashion. She seemed to realize keenly her embarrassing situation, and wept considerably during the opening address of Judge Shannon. Her testimony, however, was given in a very direct manner, without exhibiting the slightest feeling or bias of any kind. The case excites much interest, and the unfortunate girl has the deep sympathy of all who have seen her.

The Panametra is on exhibition to-night.

Taking Cold—How to Prevent It.

It is doubtless true that many of the ills to which we are liable, have their origin in what is universally known as a "bad cold," and hence any information tending to explain the manner of taking cold, and the best method for preventing it, would prove very acceptable to all classes, as all are alike interested. The great mass of people know nothing about the causes which induce colds, and there is nothing more common than to hear those who are suffering exclaim—"O, I have such a bad cold, but I don't know how in the world I got it." Many a mother can trace the death-sickness of her child to a "bad cold," but she goes no further, and the cause of the cold is never investigated. The great mortality among children may be attributable, in a large degree, to the ignorance of parents upon this very point. A writer in *Hall's Journal of Health* has a few sensible and truthful remarks upon this subject, which we commend to the careful study of our readers:

"Multitudes of lives would be saved every year, and an incalculable amount of human suffering would be prevented, if parents would begin to explain to their children at the age of three or four years, the danger which attends cooling off too quickly after exercise, and the importance of not standing still after exercise, or work, or play, or of remaining supposed to be wind, or of sitting at an open window or door, or of pulling off any garment, even the hat or bonnet, while in a heat. It should be remembered by all, that a cold never comes without a cause, and that in four cases out of five it is the result of leaving off exercise too suddenly, or of remaining still in the wind, or in a cooler atmosphere than that in which the exercise has been taken. The colder the weather, the more need is there, in coming into the house, to keep on all the clothing, except India rubbers or damp shoes, for several minutes afterwards. Very few rooms are heated higher than sixty-five degrees of zero, while the temperature of the body is always at ninety-eight in health, so that if a man comes into a room which is thirty degrees colder than his body, he will rapidly cool off, too much so often, even if the external clothing is not removed. It is not necessary that the perspiration be visible; any exercise which excites the circulation beyond what is natural, causes a proportional increase of perspiration, the sudden checking of which induces dangerous diseases, and certain death, every day."

Masonic Hall. The Panametra to-night.

Church Intelligence.

The Trustees of the Beaver street M. E. church, Allegheny, have recently purchased a lot of ground in the Second ward, Allegheny, on which they contemplate erecting an elegant brick building for school and congregational purposes. The ground fronts sixty-eight feet on Bidwell street, and extends back a distance of one hundred and twenty-five feet. It is in contemplation, for the present, to erect a one story brick building on the rear of the lot, thirty feet front by fifty deep, and sixteen feet high, at a cost of between fifteen hundred and two thousand dollars. Preparations are being made to commence building during the coming week, and it is proposed to have it ready for occupancy in about three months. At some future period, when the neighborhood becomes more thickly settled, an elegant church building will be erected on the front of the lot, the dimensions of which will be sixty feet front by seventy-five feet deep.

The congregation known as the Fourth United Presbyterian Church, Allegheny, now worshiping in the Seminary building, have purchased a lot of ground on the corner of the West Common and Western avenue, upon which they design to erect a substantial and commodious church edifice. The building, as we are informed, will stand on the site of the old Gas Works, a portion of which is still standing. We are not informed as to the dimensions of the new edifice, but it is expected that work will be commenced during the present season. The rapid increase of population in the western end of the Second ward renders these improvements necessary.

Panametra.—Masonic Hall.—Every night.

Conviction of Manus O'Donnell.

In the Criminal Court, yesterday morning, Judge McClure delivered a very able charge to the jury in the case of Manus O'Donnell, charged with seducing Miss Eliza M'Dermott, under promise of marriage. The jury retired, and after a brief absence they came into Court with a verdict of "guilty." The verdict seemed to take some of the friends of the defendant by surprise, as they construed the charge of the Court as favorable to an acquittal.

O'Donnell was present when the verdict was rendered, and a motion being made in arrest of judgment and for a new trial, he renewed his bail and was consequently not remanded to prison. The penalty for seduction is imprisonment not exceeding three years, the Court having the discretion to commit to the county jail or the penitentiary.

To night the great Panametra commences.

Assault with Intent to Shoot.

A young man named R. McCaffer was arrested on Wednesday night, for acting in a disorderly manner on the street. He was locked up for a hearing, and in the morning Frederick Kalb, employed at George Reiseman's eating saloon, Wood street, appeared and preferred a charge of surety of the peace against McCaffer, alleging that on Tuesday last he came to the house of Reiseman and behaved in a violent and disorderly manner; that when Kalb remonstrated with him, he pulled a pistol from his pocket, which he attempted to use by cocking and pointing at the prosecutor. In default of bail, McCaffer was committed to jail to answer a charge of surety of the peace.

Panametra every night. Go! Go! Go!

On Bounce in Westmoreland.—On Friday of last week the well on the Brinker farm, which was leased some time since, by Gen. Foster and E. J. Keenan, and which is now owned by those gentlemen and Col. Pilster and Jacob Harrold, was pumped for about ten minutes with an inch and a half tube. Oil was obtained at the rate of about ten barrels per day, but the collapsing of the tube compelled a suspension. With new tubes of a larger diameter, it is expected that a good yield of oil will be obtained. The oil obtained from this well is of an excellent quality, far superior to that obtained in the Kanawha and Venango regions. The oil farm has received a new impetus in this neighborhood. So says the Greensburg *Democrat*.

Panametra. The greatest ever known.

Incendiarism.—On Tuesday night, about half past eight o'clock, an attempt was made to burn a building in the rear of Hays' oil mill in the Fifth ward. When discovered, the fire was burning out from beneath a flight of steps in the rear of the premises, and had spread so far that it was with difficulty that a few buckets of water could be got.

Statement of James Calhoun.

Mr. Editor: Permit me, by way of defense, to say a few words in reference to the late attempted escape from the penitentiary. I think I can satisfy any one that the prisoners alluded to, escaped from their cells after I went off watch, and hence I could in no way be held responsible. I was about the yard, in company with my dogs, between three and four o'clock, and sat for fifteen minutes or more within a few feet of the cell which the prisoners occupied. At five minutes past four I put out the three lamps in the yard—and being in no hurry, fifteen minutes or nearly so, were consumed at this. I then went to the cellar and fired up." By this time the watchman inside had awakened the keeper (Mr. Caskey,) and I then put the dogs up. It was now about twenty minutes to five o'clock. I next passed around the entire block, on the pavement, and all was right. While passing block A, the other watchman, (Mr. O'Neal,) called to me that the keeper was in. I changed my clothes preparatory to leaving, and it then lacked five minutes of five o'clock, by the prison time. It was very near six o'clock when the escape was discovered by Mr. Hill, and reported to Mr. Caskey, as I have been informed. I am willing to go before the Inspectors and submit to any investigation which they may desire, or to give my statement under oath. I have not one word to say against Capt. Birmingham, the Warden, except that he should have given me a hearing before discharging me. I make this statement in my own defense, fully satisfied of its truth.

JAMES CALHOUN.

Masonic Hall. The beautiful Panametra.

Sudden and Painful Death.

Alex. H. Adams, a very worthy and estimable young man, died suddenly at his father's residence on Penn street, in the Fifth Ward, on Thursday morning. He arose in his usual health, and after reading the morning news, started up stairs for the purpose of washing and dressing, singing merrily as he went. When he reached the top of the stairs he was heard to fall, and in a moment one of his sisters went up by his side. He breathed but two or three times, and expired. The deceased was a young man of fine promise, and held a position in the Trust Company's bank. His death has spread a gloom over a circle of friends, and his family relatives realize the keenest anguish. He was to have been married in a week or two, and his wedding suite served for the habiliments of the grave. The mother of the deceased expired under similar circumstances about one year ago.

Panametra to-night. Masonic Hall.

Railroad Earnings.

The following is a statement of the approximate earnings of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad Company, during the month of March, compared with the same period of last year, as furnished by T. D. Maxwell, Auditor, viz:

	1861.	1860.		
From Freight	$174,045 92	$108,201 78	$ 63,844 14	inc.
" Passengers	72,345 26	66,556 45	5,641 81	inc.
" Express	2,000 00	2,700 00	100 00	dec.
" Mails	1,825 00	1,825 00		
" Rents	7,683 33	7,683 33		
" Miscellaneous	106 00	182 03	76 03	dec.
Total	$258,005 51	$189,078 60	$ 70,026 92	inc.
Earnings from Jan. 1 to March 31, '61	$582,000 29	$455,103 81	$127,502 45	inc.

Masonic Hall open for the great Panametra.

Fire in Allegheny.—Yesterday morning, about half past three o'clock, a small fire was discovered in the Second ward, Allegheny, in the rear of Hays' oil mill in the Fifth ward. When discovered, the fire was burning out from beneath a flight of steps in the rear of the premises, and had spread so far that it was with difficulty that a few buckets of water could be got.

Railroad Property Burned.—On Tuesday morning last, the water-house and wood-shed of the Steubenville, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, situated near the Allegheny Junction, were entirely destroyed by fire. About 200 cords of wood, together with two car loads of coal, were nearly all consumed. A steam engine belonging to W. S. Hickox, used for pumping water, was also destroyed. Mr. Hickox's loss will amount to $1,000, and that of the Railroad Company about $1,500. No insurance. The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary. On last Sunday evening an attempt was made to burn the same building, but the fire was extinguished before any serious damage was done.

Panametra every night. Go! Go! Go!

Admitted to the Bar.—On motion of Jas. I. Kuhn, A. H. Wensel, Esq., was admitted to practice in the District Court of this county, after having passed a critical examination. Mr. Wensel pursued his professional studies under the tutorage of C. B. M. Smith, Esq., for whom he had acted as clerk for some two years past, and has thereby attained a proficiency in the routine of practice, conveyancing, and preparing other legal documents, that will doubtless secure for him unusual success in the civil departments of his profession. Mr. Wensel has acknowledged talent, and we predict for him professional success.

To-night the great Panametra commences.

Alleged Nonsance.—John Wallace appeared before the Mayor yesterday, and preferred an information against Mrs. Montooth, alleging that the latter had erected an outside privy upon the pavement on Wylie street, which is not only a nuisance, but also in violation of the ordinances against the erection of frame buildings. A warrant has been issued, and a trial of another inhabitant at Sacramento. The weather now is clear without much danger of loss from higher water.

CHARLESTON, April 10.—The floating battery, in a finished condition and fully mounted and manned, was taken out of the dock last evening, and anchored in a cove near Sullivan's Island.

The people are not excited, but there is a fixed determination to meet the issue.

An additional regiment of 1000 men is hourly expected from the interior.

The State Convention has just adjourned, subject to the call of the President. Before adjourning, a resolution was passed approving the conduct of Twiggs in resigning his commission and turning over the public property under his control to the authorities of Texas.

About one thousand troops were sent to the fortifications to-day. One thousand eight hundred more troops will go down to-morrow.

Wigfall, Chesnut, Means, Maring, M'Gowan and Boylston have received appointments in General Beauregard's staff.

A large number of the members of the convention, after the adjournment, volunteered as privates.

About seven thousand troops are now at the fortifications.

The beginning of the end is coming to a close.

CHARLESTON, April 11.—The floating battery is now moored in a position commanding the battery guns of Fort Hunter. She carries two 32 pounders and two 52 pounders, and is manned by sixty-four men.

All the federal steamers are expected to arrive off the bar to-night. The city is filled with troops.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The transport steamer Continental arrived this afternoon from Texas, which she left March 31st. She has on board over 400 of the U. S. troops. She landed 200 troops at Key West, and then proceeded to Havana for water. The officer on board reports the troops in Texas in excellent health and having a plentiful supply of provisions and abundant means of transportation. The steamer Empire City was expected to leave Indianola in a few days and the steamer Star of the West with the remainder in about 25 days.

The *Evening Post* states that the agents of the Confederate States have been rebuffed in their efforts to get a part of the loan taken here at par.

NEW YORK, April 11.—A letter from Havana dated the 5th inst., published in the *Evening Express*, says that the annexation of Dominica to Spain is fully confirmed. The army to sustain the movement consists of 7000 men from the Spanish steam frigates, which have arrived there. The whole matter only awaits the Queen's ratification. President Santana, of Dominica, having formally proclaimed her in an address of some length.

The Commissioners from the Confederate States to Europe would leave Havana on a British steamer.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Dispatches, said to be from at Charleston, at noon, say that all was then quiet. The troops are prepared for immediate service. The Commercial states that President Davis has given orders not to fire on the vessels carrying provisions to Fort Sumter.

PHILADELPHIA, April 11.—The Navy Yard is beginning to feel the effect of the naval movements now on foot. To-day a number of workmen were taken into the yard for the immediate fitting out of the sloop-of-war Jamestown, furnishing them with employment. The orders for this work reached the yard yesterday. Similar instructions in regard to the frigate St. Lawrence were looked for to-day. The Jamestown can be got ready for sea in less than a fortnight. Her destination is unknown, but it is believed to be the Brazilian station. Last evening a crew of 60 men were transferred from the Princeton, receiving ship to the Water Witch, which was to sail to day. It is supposed that she has gone South, probably to Pensacola.

All the officers at the yard are ordered to be ready for active service within ten days. They are required to report to the steam frigate Minnesota on the 1st of May, and the Mississippi on the 15th of the same month. Both those frigates are now lying at the Charlestown Navy Yard, Boston.

NEW ORLEANS, April 11.—Advices from Galveston to the 5th inst., state that the Federal troops remaining in Texas, are operating at some given point, but for what purpose is not stated. The U. S. transports, Star of the West and Empire City, are still off Indianola.

The Mexicans at Matamoras have planted cannon pointing towards Brownsville.

The State Legislature has passed a bill dividing the State, into six Congressional districts, also a bill to issue State bonds to the amount of one million, to be secured by a special tax.

NEW ORLEANS, April 11.—Three companies of first regiment infantry and New Orleans cadets, left this morning for Pensacola.

Several companies of New Orleans militia have volunteered their services and will leave shortly.

RICHMOND, April 10.—Our people are heated with excitement produced by all kinds of rumors relative to affairs at Charleston. It is generally believed that an attempt will be made to reinforce Fort Sumter, either to-day or to-morrow. The extreme Union men of the Convention say they will not be moved from their position by telegraphic dispatches, and indicate a disposition to stand by the Government if an attack is made on its steamers.

The Conservatives entertain different sentiments. The bridge of the Central Railroad has been washed away, and the trains have stopped running.

SAVANNAH, April 11.—An order was issued yesterday from the Adjutant General's office, at Fort Pulaski, prohibiting vessels from passing Fort Pulaski without previously giving information of their pacific character. Every vessel is required to stop and send a boat to the wharf at Cockspur Island to convey a commissioned officer aboard who will make an examination.

Fort Pulaski has been thoroughly garrisoned.

LOUISVILLE, April 11.—River stationary with 8 feet of water in the canal. The weather cloudy. Mercury 60 deg.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The general excitement occasioned yesterday by the calling out of the volunteer militia, to be mustered into the Federal service has abated, and to-day four or five companies marched to the War department and took the army oath, namely: To bear true allegiance to the United States and serve them honestly and faithfully against all their enemies and opposers, whosoever, and observe and obey the orders of the President of the United States, and the orders of the officers appointed over them, according to the rules and articles for the Government of the United States.

Previous to taking the oath, the volunteers were informed that the obligation was for three months, unless they were sooner discharged, and an opportunity was given such as might wish to retire, but as men came there purposely to be mustered in, they assumed the obligation accordingly.

They now understand that they cannot be ordered beyond the limits of the District of Colombia, and will not be continuously on duty as guards to the armories, public buildings, etc. Not quite two hundred were accepted yesterday, but five hundred altogether will doubtless be mustered in during the day. Army overcoats have been plentifully distributed among them.

When Col. Ellsworth, of Zouave fame, recently came to Washington, a company of Zouaves was organized, and this gentleman was tendered the command. He has, however, not accepted it, but has been giving them the benefit of his proficiency in the drill.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The Confederate Commissioners left here this morning via Baltimore, for the South. The reply of the Administration to their last communication has not been divulged.

The balance in the Treasury last Monday was $5,635,000; the receipts from Customs for two weeks ending April 9th, 1861, were $1,471,841, and for the corresponding weeks of this year were $1,500,657, being an increase of $29,416.

Owing to other engagements the Secretary of the Treasury was unable to open the bids for the Treasury Notes until after 7 o'clock this evening. The offers exceeded the amount required nearly $400,000, about $439,00 at rates varying from par to 27-100 premium. The Treasury is now in good condition. No part of the proceeds of the last loan has yet been used or will be needed for some time. The receipts from Customs for two or three weeks past have nearly equalled all the demands upon the Treasury.

LATEST FROM CALIFORNIA.

FORT KEARNEY, April 11.—The pony express passed here at 9 o'clock a. m., with San Francisco dates to the 30th.

The Joint committee appointed by the Legislature to investigate the alleged mistake in the count of votes in the recent Senatorial election have reported facts as heretofore stated, and appear to arrive at the conclusion that no election has taken place. Yesterday both Houses passed joint resolutions to go into a new election on Friday next. Many friends of McDougal supported the resolutions. It is represented that McDougal is willing to abide by the result of another convention.

Terrie Forman was elected Boundary Commissioner, beating Hamilton several votes. He is a Breckenridge Democrat.

Judge A. H. Bardy was arrested in Sacramento last evening by the Chief of Police of San Francisco, on the strength of an indictment brought against him in San Francisco, for being accessory to the murder of Newell.

The late Indian hostilities in Mendocino and Sonoma counties having been brought to the attention of the Government, that office will muster into the service of the United States some 50 volunteers to act as guides to protect the settlers and strangers in that section. This order is in concurrence with the views of the U. S. Officer commanding Col. Johnson.

The Board of State Prison Directors has made an agreement with Donald McLea, of San Francisco, who leases the labor of 60 prisoners for one year at the rate of 20 cents per day each. They are to be employed in the manufacture of clothing for the San Francisco market. The State furnishes the food and clothing to such convicts.

The Pony Express with St. Louis dates, via Fort Kearney, of the 15th ult., arrived at Sacramento to-day.

Business during the week has been greatly interrupted with in consequence of the inclemency of the weather, and the impassable condition of the roads will prevent much transportation of goods to the interior for several days yet.

The extraordinary fall of rain, and attending heating snows on the mountains, have swollen the principal rivers of Sacramento and San Joaquin Valleys higher than since 1852. Much fruit of all kinds has been carried away and thousands acres of land under cultivation submerged, the fences carried off and large quantities of stock drowned. Several lives have been lost, and the damage done is reckoned by hundreds of thousands of dollars. Two extensive bridges across American river, near Sacramento, are among those destroyed, and great apprehensions are felt of another inundation at Sacramento. The weather now is clear without much danger of loss from higher water.

Arrivals at the Pittsburgh Hotels.

UP TO 8 O'CLOCK LAST NIGHT.

ST. CHARLES—Corner of Third and Wood streets.

HARRY SHIELS, PROPRIETOR.

J Elliott, Cameron, Pa
G Worlington, Brownsville
Z Carter, do
S Thompson, Philadelphia
J Wick, Wheeling, Ohio
P Murray do
J A Lemon, Hollidaysburg
J Bell, do
S Sutton, Gibbon, O
B B Blair, Penna
J D Hacker, Mansfield, O
H O Hixon, West Philadelphia
W H Russell, Wheeling, Va
O A Smith, Mon. city
J Fisher do
H Warren, West Middlesex
J Richey, Westmoreland
D Keller, Uniontown
G Harmony, Clinton, Pa
W Scott, McKeesport
J G Bentley, New York
G F Smith, Philadelphia
J Hall, Philadelphia
L Edgerton, Ohio
A Nelson, Jr, Waynesburg
A Glover, Cambridge Point
H F Pritsky, Coshocton, O
W Sears, Cincinnati
L L McGriffin, New Castle

COURTHOUSE—Corner Duquesne Way and Irwin street

S. S. MARKER, PROPRIETOR.

Samuel Fox, Philadelphia
H L Stroms, do
J Hatter, do
Gen DD Foster, Greensburg
R A Brown do
Chas Lockhart, East Liverpool
Chas Lockhart, East Brighton
Jos H Hill, do
Alex Fleisher, Philadelphia
Mrs J W Abrahams, Ohio
Wm Parlon, Paris
R Rigby, Elizabeth
Miss Evans, do
Thos do do
Wm Organ, Jr, McKeesport
S H Wilkison, do
D B do do
J Marquer, do
J B Canning, Fayette
D Carney, do
E M Parker, Westport, O
J Quaile, Greensfield
Mr Kalmann, San Francisco California
A Cropp, New Cumberland
Virginia
R Mossend, New Cumberland
Virginia
J E Cubbyes, New Cumberland, Va
S Crall and lady, Mong city

MANSION HOUSE—No. 544 Liberty street.

GEORGE ARMENT, PROPRIETOR.

L L Kistler, Philadelphia
G H Fries do
G B Swearingen, P & GR
Capt R McKnapert do
J Altham, Connellville
J Griffith, Bedford
A J Bongarfin, Crestline
A Peache, Chicago
S E O'Brien, Philadelphia
E Morris, Massillon, O
Judge Kennar, Freeport
J M Bryan, West Newton
W G Conley, Gurley's Station
Geo Miller, Esq, Liberty
J Fisher, Cleveland
S H Bamford, Jones
J M Bury, Red Jone, O
F B Conley, Westmoreland
J Rickenbaugh, Altoona
J L Greer, Missouri
C Stephens, do
J Speer, Blairsville
H Gaines, Philadelphia

HENRY HOTEL—Corner Duquesne Way and Hancock st.

SCHEM & CARTER, PROPRIETORS.

W Andrews, Jr, Mt Pleasant
Lewis Hurst, Lewistown
J G Wise, do
Daniel Bonman, do
James Irvin, do
Jas Patterson, do
A C Sellers, do
James Dunmyer, do
Jas Patterson, do
Samuel Frack, do
J Baldwin, do
Jas Patterson, do
Jas Patterson, do
Jas Patterson