Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 12, 1861.

CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, 55 Fifth St.—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	00	28
12 " M.	00	32
3 " P. M.		34
Barometer	29 16	29

The Concert Rooms and the License Board.—Our article in reference to the "cheap shows," published a few days since, has met with the hearty approval of all good citizens, and is endorsed as truthful throughout, by all who have visited the haunts which we endeavored to expose. In fact, the hall has not been told concerning these vile places, and the scenes nightly enacted there. We are glad to know that public attention has been aroused, and a vigorous effort will be made to have the evil abated.

Our remarks in reference to the duties and responsibilities of the License Board, touching this matter, have called forth the following communication:

Messrs. Editors: You advert to the pernicious influence exerted by the free concert rooms of the cities—an influence which every good citizen ought to deplore; but it does not lie within the official power of the Board of Licensers to correct this evil. The municipal authorities should attend to this matter; and, in a proper legal way, bring these and all kindred nuisances before the Courts. If this be done these places can be abated. The citizens in the vicinity of these places should also remonstrate, in a legal way, against the granting of licenses. The present license law is emphatically a revenue measure. There is little if any restriction either in the spirit or letter of the present liquor law, and little discretionary power vested in the Board of Licensers, except where there are remonstrances filed, as will appear from the following section of the law:

"That license to vend the liquors aforesaid, or any of them, *shall be granted to citizens of the United States of temperate habits and good moral character*, whenever the requirements of the laws on the subject are complied with by any such applicant, and shall authorize the applicant to sell the liquors aforesaid for one entire year from the date of his license: *Provided* that nothing herein contained shall prohibit the Court, Board of Licensers, or Commissioners from hearing other evidence than that presented by the applicant for license: *And provided further*, that after hearing evidence as aforesaid, the Court, Board of Licensers, or Commissioners *shall grant or refuse* a license to such applicant in accordance with the *evidence*." G.

We agree with our correspondent, that the municipal authorities should indict the proprietors of these demoralizing places, and that the citizens of the neighborhood should afford every aid in their power to secure a conviction. It is by the means alone that the evil can be abated. At the same time, we hold it to be the duty of the License Board to refuse a renewal of license to any man who will engage bad men and worse women to give nightly exhibitions of a corrupting character, and our object in alluding to this subject was to open the eyes of the Board. We are not disposed to cast censure upon them, believing that they do the best they can with a very defective law, but so long as they have the power to *refuse*, we earnestly hope that they will legalize no more cheap concert saloons.

Larceny of Watches and Money.—Yesterday, R. P. Hilands, a gentleman boarding with his sister on Federal street, appeared before Mayor Drum and preferred a charge of larceny against a lad named Charles Murdock, son of Wm. Murdock, a very respectable and worthy gentleman residing in the same vicinity. The lad is about twelve years of age, and being intimate with a son of Mr. Hilands, had freedom access to the house. Within a few weeks past, a gold watch belonging to Mr. Hilands, a silver watch belonging to another boarder, and twenty-one dollars, the property of a third party, were missed from the house, having been stolen from the trunks in an upper room. On Sunday the silver watch was found upon young Hilands, broken up. He stated that he got it from Charley Murdock, and this led to his arrest. He denied at first, but finally confessed his guilt. The gold watch was recovered, but the money had been spent for candies, (as he alleges,) with the exception of a five dollar bill on the Monongahela Valley Bank, which he tore up because he could not pass it. This same lad is charged with other depredations in the neighborhood, but perhaps he is not guilty of all of them. He was held to bail for trial.

Discovery of Oil at Perrysville!—We have learned, from a reliable source, that a vein of oil has just been struck on the farm of Wm. Rea, Esq., half a mile west of Perrysville, at the head of Lowrie's run. The vein was struck at the depth of thirty-five feet, and water, mixed with oil, overflowed at the surface of the well. They are still boring, and the indications are such that they expect to get a good well. Our informant saw as much as a bucket full of oil secured from the overflowing water, and the genuineness of the oil is not doubted by any one who has examined it. It is *rock oil*, and no mistake. The community is considerably excited in consequence of this discovery, and the business of looking up oil mine has already commenced. The fact has thus been demonstrated that there is oil in Allegheny county, and the several wells now being bored in this vicinity will be pushed forward with greater diligence. Snyder's Hollow, Butcher's run, and similar localities, may yet exhibit a "derrick" to every ten rods square. Stranger things have happened.

South Pittsburgh Nominations.—The following Citizens' Ticket, for officers of the borough of South Pittsburgh, was placed in nomination on Saturday evening, to be voted on Friday next: Justice of the Peace—Wm. H. Barker, John M. Scott; Burgess—Thomas Carson, W. H. Barker; Council—Alexander Chambers, jr., James Russell, Robert Creighton, Henry Gerwig; School Directors—Evan Davis, James Cready, John Brown, James M. Neely; three years, John S. Murray, George D. Sharpe, two years; Samuel Hamilton, Levi Brennan, one year; Assessor—Thomas Cassidy; Assistant Assessor—Sidney J. Braun, Thomas Carson; Henry Sellers, Bernard Mighty; Judge of Elections—S. J. Braun, Thomas Moreland; Inspectors—M. T. Cassidy, J. A. Blackmore; Constable—James Hudson, John M. Scott.

Crown gather around the window of J. B. McFadon & Co.'s Jewelry Store, to see the Firemen's Silver Trumpet, which is to be presented to the company selling the most tickets for the benefit of Mr. and Mrs. Hamburger, which takes place on Monday evening, March 18th, at Concert Hall. We hope the Professor and lady may have a bumper, as they deserve it. The bill offered for that occasion is the best offered here for a long time. Several ladies and gentlemen have kindly volunteered on this occasion. The contest among the firemen is very spirited, as every company seems determined to have the trumpet. In addition to the entertainment, Prof. Hamburger will give an illustration of the late invention to prevent railroad collisions. Tickets, 25 cts.

Take an Appeal.—Messrs. Brown & Martin, dry goods dealers, Federal street, Allegheny, recently fined by Mayor Drum, under the ordinance prohibiting the piling of dry goods boxes on the sidewalk, have appealed from the decision of his Honor, and intend to test the matter at Court. They allege that they were busily engaged in receiving goods all day Saturday, the 23 inst., and left the empty boxes on the pavement over Sunday—claiming a right to do so until they had time to store them away. The Mayor contended, however, that the boxes should have been removed as they were emptied, and hence he imposed the fine.

Assault and Battery.—A man named Xavier Walkes had a hearing before Justice Scriba, on Saturday evening, on a charge of assault and battery, preferred against him by a girl named Elizabeth Hallman. It appears that the defendant is a clerk in the Penn Cotton Factory, and that the prosecutrix was employed in his department. On Saturday they had a difficulty about something or other, which terminated in Walkes striking the girl a violent blow with his fist. He entered bail for his appearance at Court.

Died from its Injuries.—On Saturday evening, the child of Patrick Finley, of Manchester, which was injured by being run over by one of the cars on the Manchester Railway, died in convulsions, caused by the injuries which it had received. The child was about two years old. The parents subjected to the holding of an inquest, although it would seem important that the facts connected with this affair should have been ascertained and made public.

Reserve Township.—The following are the candidates for township offices in this township: Auditor—Frank Popp. Assessor—Augustus Miller. Asst. Assessors—Henry Goettinger, Joseph Lofink. Treasurer—Henry Zoller. School Directors—William Hillerich, John Maierhofer. Supervisor—John Wickline. Judge of Elections—Justus Engel. Inspectors—John Gust, Rudolph Lutz, jr. Clerk—Victor Scribe. Constable—Andrew Arent.

Broke Jail.—On the night of the 1st inst., Jno. P. Stephenson, confined in the jail of Elk county, at Ridgeway, on charge of forgery, made his escape. He is about nineteen years of age, five feet five inches high, dark complexion, and a very light beard. He had on when he escaped, a pair of black satinett pants, a grey coat with pockets in the side, and an old pair of boots with torn tops. A reward of $25 is offered for his arrest and detention.

Lucky Escape.—On Saturday evening a lad named Louis Johnson, son of Mr. Johnston, painter, of the First ward, Allegheny, accidentally fell from a flat into the Allegheny river, and being beyond his depth, would have drowned, had it not been for the timely assistance of Dr. Kilgore, who saw the occurrence, jumped into the water and dragged the lad ashore.

Laurel Oil Company.—A company has just been organized in this city, under the above name, with the following officers: President, John P. Loy; Treasurer, H. C. Pavitt; Secretary, James M. Irwin. They intend to commence boring in a few days, upon the farm of John Wilson, on Dry run, near Smith's ferry. They lease from the Banner Oil Company, which has a tract of thirteen acres on the run.

Leg Broken.—An interesting little son of Mr. B. C. Emery, of New Castle, while amusing himself in sliding down the banister of a pair of stairs, one day last week, fell and broke one of his legs.

The Cheap Concert Saloons—Arrest of the Proprietors and Performers—A step in the Right Direction.—Last evening, between nine and ten o'clock, Mayor Wilson ordered the arrest of the proprietors and performers in three of the so-called "concert saloons," where indecent exhibitions are nightly given in violation of law, and of all the rules of decency and propriety. The informations were made by Chief of Police Patterson, and as the arrests involve principles of much importance to our citizens, we subjoin the sections of the law under which these proceedings are instituted.

Section third of the act of 30th March, 1860, provides as follows:

"That the Select and Common Councils of the city of Pittsburgh are hereby authorized and empowered to confer upon the Mayor of said city full power to collect license for dramatic or other public exhibitions in said city, and to proceed by summary conviction and fine in any sum not exceeding fifty dollars, in each case, against any person or persons refusing or neglecting to pay the licences imposed by the ordinances of said city."

Chapter 233, section 24, of the City Digest, is in these words:

"No person or persons within said city shall exhibit, play or perform any opera, circus riding or feats of horsemanship, menagerie or exhibition of animals, panorama, painting, sculpture, natural curiosity, trick of legerdemain, *musical party, concert*, or any *other exhibition, entertainment, show or amusement*, of WHATEVER NAME OR NATURE, for which *money* or *other reward* is in any way demanded, or received, without a permit or license for that purpose first had and obtained from the Mayor, which said license shall express for what it is granted, and the time it is to continue," etc. The ordinance then fixes the rates of license, and prescribes a penalty not exceeding fifty dollars for each violation.

Section fifth, of the same chapter of the City Digest, provides as follows: "That no person shall sell, exhibit, show or perform, or cause to be sold, exhibited, shown or performed, or in any manner concerned in the acting, exhibition, showing, or performance of any *indecent* or blasphemous play, farce, opera, *public exhibition*, show or entertainment, or performance of any *kind whatever*."

Nothing can be more explicit than the provisions above cited, and under them warrants were issued for the arrest of the proprietors and performers in the concert saloon known as the "Red, White and Blue," on Smithfield street; the "Continental," on Fifth street, and the "Melodeon," corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets. The police were sent simultaneously to these places, and the performers were taken into custody either upon the stage, or in the dressing rooms, and conveyed to the Mayor's office.

The first information was against Julius Weisiert, Christian Klein, Jacob Klein, William Metzger, Amanda Ellis, Jane Newberg and Henry Wiss. These were from the "Red, White and Blue," and they were charged with violating the city ordinance in exhibiting without a show license—evading the ordinance by selling tickets which called for liquor. They were also indicted for giving immoral and indecent exhibitions.

The second information was against P. H. Klein, W. C. Johnston, Harry Livingston, R. J. M'Gowan, Marion Webster and Jennie Powers, for the "Continental" establishment. They were accused of violating the city ordinance by charging admittance at the door, and showing without a license; also, with giving indecent exhibitions, tending to corrupt the public morals.

The third charge was against Wm. H. Silvers, Wm. Burns and John Stoet, of the "Continental," for an evasion of the license law, and for giving exhibitions of an immoral tendency.

Mayor Wilson, after reading the informations, stated that he had been led to believe, from information received from various citizens, that the exhibitions given in these saloons were grossly demoralizing in their tendency, and he felt it to be his bounden duty to use every means in his power to suppress them. He had returned one of the proprietors (Mr. Klein) for nuisance, some time ago, but the fined and imprisonment seemed to have been fit to ignore the bill. He was now determined to enforce the ordinance providing for the payment of a license for public exhibitions. And further, if the performances were found to be offensive to the public morals, as he really believed them to be, then he would enforce the law against indecent performances, and hold both the proprietors and performers responsible. The houses, so far as he could learn, were not patronized by men of the community, but a positive injury, tending to deprave the taste and corrupt the morals of all who witnessed them. He did not wish to take any undue advantage, but would give all the parties an opportunity to enter bail for a further hearing on Tuesday afternoon at two o'clock.

The parties trembled not a little at their arrest, and some of them expressed surprise that they had not been disturbed long ago, if the law was thus and so. They were all willing to enter bail for a hearing, however, and after giving the requisite security they were discharged.

This action of the Mayor will receive the hearty commendation of all good citizens, and it is to be hoped that every person who knows anything concerning the character of these houses—either for or against them—will appear and testify, that exact justice may be done. If the exhibitions are harmless, in the name of all that is just let them be continued, but if they are immoral and degrading, let them be closed for all time to come.

An Old Prisoner.—Few of our readers are aware that there is at present in the Western Penitentiary, a prisoner at the advanced age of seventy-two years. We allude to Zimmerman, the wife murderer, who was sentenced in the Oyer and Terminer of this county, in the spring of 1849, for the period of twelve years. He will be released in April next, but is so much attached to the institution and the keepers therein, that he is very loth to leave. He has had many privileges about the prison, considering the character of convicts, and it is said that he has actually increased in weight since his incarceration. The prisoners are known only by number, and not by name. When Zimmerman was committed, his number was 1315—being the thirteen hundred and fifteenth prisoner received since the opening of the institution. The last prisoner received is numbered 2462, so that no less than one thousand one hundred and forty-seven prisoners have been received since Zimmerman was admitted.

The Atlantic and Great Western Railroad.—The *Rural Argus*, published at West Greenville, Mercer county, says: "We are happy to inform our readers that work has commenced in good earnest on the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad. This giant undertaking is no longer a myth but one of the great realities of the 19th century. The engineers commenced operations in this vicinity last Monday, and it is intended to have the survey ready for the laborers in about three weeks. The chief contractor of the road is under obligations to do work on the road to the amount of $100,000 per month. At this rapid rate, it is believed that the road will be ready for the rolling stock in about six months from date. The road will be finished as the work progresses—the iron laid down—so that it is not improbable that the cars will be running through from New York City to this place in about five months."

At a meeting of the Republicans of East Birmingham, held on Saturday evening, the following borough officers were nominated:

Burgess—David Cheeseman. Councilmen—John McCord, David Edwards, George Roseman, John Foell. School Directors—John W. Jarrett, William D. West. Judge of Elections—David Shearing. Inspector of Elections—William Semmelrock. Assessor—August Ammon. Assistant Assessors—Louis Keib, David Baldwin. Auditors—James M. Pryor, Joseph K. Creighton. Constable—Charles Kulbacher.

District Court.

Monday, March 10th.—Before Judge Hampton.

In the ejectment case of Rahm vs. Anshutz and others, a verdict was rendered yesterday for plaintiffs.

John Anderson vs. Rody Patterson; action to recover the value of certain goods, sold by the late Sheriff as the *property* of Adam Fehy, and delivered to another party, instead of the plaintiff, who claims to have been the purchaser. On trial.

How to put on Coals.—It seems there is an art in this apparently simple operation, and the process now recommended is: "Before you throw on coals, pull all the fire to the front of the grate, fill up the cavity at the back with the cinders or ashes which will be found under the grate, then throw on the coals. The gas evolved in the process of roasting the coals will be absorbed by the cinders, which will render them in an increased degree combustible. The smoke will thus be burnt, and a fine glowing smokeless fire will be the result."

Brutal Murder.—We learn that on Saturday night last two thieves entered the dwelling house of Henry Ocker, near Mifflintown, Juniata county, for the purpose of robbing the occupant. To consummate their job, they found it necessary to kill the old man, which they did by beating him over the head with an axe. After this brutal murder had been perpetrated, the bloody villains searched the house, but failed to find anything of value. They then decamped, and at last accounts had not been arrested.

Body Recovered.—The body of Geo. Helms, whose mysterious disappearance some six weeks ago, alarmed the whole vicinity in which he resided, was found in the West Fork of the Monongahela river, at Worthington, in Harrison county, Va., on Saturday last. The clothing of the deceased were much torn, and the face badly disfigured. It is conjectured by many that his death was the result of foul play.

Spring Goods.—We would direct the attention of our readers to the advertisement of *Messrs. Sennet Gray & Son*, in to-day's paper. Mr. G. has just returned from the East, with an assortment of goods expressly selected for gentlemen's wear. Those who are familiar with his taste in such matters, as also his skill in adapting the same to the "outer man," will need no further indorsement than this mere mention, but will proceed at once to No. 19, Fifth street, and leave their orders.

Evergreens and Fruit Trees.—We would direct the attention of our readers who have ground for evergreens or fruit trees, to the advertisement of our friend Murdock, Hedge Farm Nursery, near East Liberty. They have a large and reliable stock of trees and shrubbery, embracing many rare varieties—all of which they will dispose of at the most reasonable prices.

Starch Oil.—The Washington Company, composed of gentlemen principally residing in Allegheny, are reported to have made a splendid strike on the Kenawha river, near the Lewellen well. The oil ran over the conductor in such quantities that it could not all be secured, and the stockholders are jubilant over their good fortune.

We would call the attention of our readers to the Home for Destitute Children in our paper to-day. From the known experience and reputation of the proprietor, we have great confidence in recommending it to the patronage of the sufferers.

BANK STATEMENT.

For the week preceding March 11th, 1861:

ASSETS:

BANKS.	Loans.	Specie.	Treasury Notes and Notes of other Bks	Due by Banks.
B'k Pittsb'gh	1,610,638	403,885	92,855	102,581
Exchange B'k	1,419,563	326,771	263,745	163,786
M. & M. "	996,382	230,381	86,132	180,459
Citizens' "	730,205	207,329	32,592	41,731
Mechanics' "	644,515	105,509	70,265	83,865
Iron City "	634,525	150,520	70,762	27,656
Allegheny "	759,918	176,626	36,147	29,681
	6,847,158	1,611,121	645,994	628,759
Last week	6,929,720	1,583,184	573,343	552,578
Increase	.....	28,017	72,651	76,181
Decrease	82,562	.....	.....	.....

LIABILITIES:

BANKS.	Circulat'n	Deposits.	Due to Banks.
Pittsburgh	194,561	663,307	95,550
Exchange	897,995	152,152	74,525
M. & M.	520,370	307,884	34,722
Citizens'	344,330	133,567	13,293
Mechanics'	260,815	76,032	25,558
Iron City	245,205	216,836	4,990
Allegheny	393,745	112,040	11,096
	2,857,021	1,666,118	259,739
Last week	2,859,981	1,614,658	248,038
Increase	.....	51,460	11,701
Decrease	2,960	.....	.....

New York Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, March 11.—The Bank statement for the past week shows an Increase of Loans of $811,151; decrease in Specie, $557,639; increase in Circulation, $244,478; decrease in Deposits, $923,850.

Held to Bail.—Frank Elak, charged with assault and battery upon his wife (who has been missing since Tuesday last) had a final hearing before Mayor Wilson yesterday, and was held to bail to answer at Court. Mrs. Elak has not yet been heard from, and there is some apprehension felt for her safety.

Disorderly House.—Charles Sweet, Margaret Sweet, Elizabeth Black and Mary McDermott were arrested and taken before Mayor Wilson yesterday, upon a charge of keeping a disorderly house on Grant street. The man was fined $5, and the women $3 each.

Patents Issued.—Among the late patents we find one to Bernard Lauth, of Pittsburgh, for improvement in polishing iron bars and rods, and one to A. H. Rowand, Allegheny, for improvement in coupling railroad cars.

Appointed.—Mr. Robert M'Ellerron has been appointed Mercantile Appraiser for the ensuing year. He is a gentleman fully qualified for the position, and his appointment will give general satisfaction.

Drowned.—On Sunday, the 3d inst., a young man named William Clark, while crossing on his bracket-log, at J. Myers' saw mill, near Punxsutawney, Jefferson county, fell into the stream and was drowned.

Died.—Joseph Scott, who was so shockingly injured by falling over the hill-side at Shalersville, a few days since, died from the effects of his injuries on Saturday. He leaves a wife and several children.

Nine thousand three hundred and seventy barrels of oil were received at Erie during the month of February—all from the Allegheny Valley oil region.

Boring at Swissvale.—James Swissbaln has commenced boring for oil on his farm at Swissvale, near Braddocksfields. He is boring by water power used in propelling other machinery.

Lice Broken.—Hugh Gimovin, an employee on the Pennsylvania Railroad, had a leg broken at Altoona, on Saturday last, while engaged in cleaning an engine.

Shucking.—Mary Cashmere, aged seventy years, was recently found wandering about the streets of Wheeling, suffering from an attack of delirium tremens.

Illegal Liquor Selling.—James M'Carton, of the Second Ward, was fined $20, yesterday, in the Court of Quarter Sessions, for selling liquor without a license.

Tax argument on the motion for a new trial in the case of J. W. Wilkins, convicted of forgery, in the Quarter Sessions, was postponed, yesterday, counsel not being ready.

Route for Sale.—A good route for sale on the *Evening Gazette*, as the present carrier is desirous of leaving the city. Enquire at this office at two o'clock.

Affiliation.—Wm. Longmaker was committed to jail last evening by Mayor Wilson, to answer a charge of affiliation, preferred by Gustena Heller.

Balton's Dollar Monthly Magazine, for April, has been received by Messrs. Hunt & Miner, Fifth street. Price ten cts.

Blood Food.—Attention is called to this most remarkable and scientific preparation, advertised in another column. It is an entirely new discovery, and must not be commended with any of the numerous patent medicines of the day. It is a certain remedy for all the diseases specified, and especially those of a chronic nature—of long standing—of weeks, months, and years. Sufferers, try it!

Messrs. Cowan & Dyon, of New York, are the sole agents for it, and also proprietors of the well renowned Dr. Baker's Invigorating Cordial, an article which every Mother should have in her medicine closet in case of accident and emergency, as it does, no purgative or opiate of any kind, it can be relied upon with the utmost confidence, and will be found an invaluable specific in all cases of infantile complaints.—*Olde Bale Journal, Gibraltar.*

See advertisement. For sale by GEO. H. KEYSER, Agent, 140 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa. delf-3d&w1wF

Doctor C. Bates, Water Cure and Homopathic Physician; also agent for Rainbow's celebrated Truss for Ruptures. No. 136 Smithfield St.

Dentist.—Dr. C. Sill, No. 246 Penn street, attends to all branches of the Dental profession.

All should not fail to read the advertisement of Prof. Wood, in today's paper.

N. WOODSIDE & PARRY, REFINERS AND DEALERS IN CARBON OIL, Office, Extra Street, between Canal and Water Works Facility PITTSBURGH, PA.

SAPONIFIER! Important to Families! Save Time, Trouble, and Expense. THE BEST ARTICLE IN THE MARKET FOR MAKING SOFT SOAP! One pound equal to Six pounds POTASH!! For Sale at Wholesale, by Penn'a. Salt Manufact'g. Co. PITTSBURGH, PA. And by all Druggists & Grocers in the United States. THEY STAND THE TEST. BURKE & BARNES' SAFES Again Triumphant, with other manufacturers have failed to preserve their contents. Read the following testimonials in regard to BURKE & BARNES' SAFES:

NATHAN BROWN—SIR:—We have had occasion to examine the variety of Fire-proof safes that were turned in the Great Fire here of January 10th, and have no hesitation in giving our opinion, that the safes manufactured by BURKE & BARNES, of Pittsburgh, Pa., (for which you are agent), have stood a severer test and sustained less injury than any others that were tested.

We have two of them, No. 3 Safes, which were in the fire, and preserved the contents, not having the varnish melted inside the cases.

We cheerfully recommend them to all business men as being superior to any other make with which we are acquainted. NATHAN BROWN, RANSOM T. LANGFORD.

Endorsed by S. Sheaman & Son, S. S. Rider, G. H. Scott, J. K. Pinnis, L. B. Foster, Dawson Allen, Nomas K. Ransom, J. P. Fenwick, Nelson Brown, Tod, R. S. Onion, Merrill & Griffith, B. Lees & Bro., The above Safes, of every size on hand and made to order by

BURKE & BARNES, At the Old Established Safe Factory, mw4 and 121 Third street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOW IS THE TIME! TO STOP IN at the establishment of GEO. W. HUBLEY, Federal street, Allegheny, near the Depot, and examine his heavy stock of COOKING AND PARLOR STOVES, COAL VASES AND HODS, FENDERS AND FIRE IRONS, TEA AND COFFEE URNS, with a general stock of House-Furnishing TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE, all at the CHEAPEST PRICES FOR CASH! feb18m3

MANUAL OF BAYONETS, RIFLES, &c., Prepared for the use of the United States Army. A book for the Volunteers. PRACTICAL SERMONS. ANNUAL OF SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY, 1861. AMERICAN ELEPHANT, 1861. GUIDE ON PETROLEUM OR ROCK OIL; ARTESIAN OIL PHYLOSOPHY OIL; BYPASS OF RAILROADS AND RIVERS; BRYANT & STRATTON'S COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC; EVERY MAN HIS OWN LAWYER; Best Enlarged and Revised Edition, 500 pages, Full Law Binding, $1; half Russia, 75 cents. The thousand and best work of the kind published. HUNT & MINER'S, 75 and 77 Fifth st., next to the Post Office. mh8

ROGERS' CITRATE OF MAGNESIA, IN POWDER. AN AGREEABLE EFFERVESCENT AND LAXATIVE. Taken in the morning, regularly, it removes Biliousness, Sick Headache and Costiveness, corrects acidities, and cooling of all febrile complaints. It can be taken freely by the most delicate at any time, when a mild purgative is required. It is superior and economical as a substitute for Seidlitz Powders and many Mineral Waters, as a cooling drink. Effervescing with water, it is more pleasant than Lemonade. For sale, wholesale, by R. L. PAW & NETTUS & Co., and retail by most druggists. Price 25 cts per bottle. mh4-6m&w

CUTLERY.—DOMESTIC HARDWARE. W. YOUNG, (successor to Carter & Young,) No. 97 Wood street, corner Diamond alley, dealer in all kinds of CUTLERY, KNIVES, RAZORS, SCISSORS, KNIVES, GUNS, REVOLVERS, &c. &c. A large assortment of the above goods constantly on hand. mh4

MANUFACTURERS OF SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' and BOLT COPPER, TREENAIL COPPER BOTTOMS, Related Bolt Bottoms, Spelter Solder, &c. Also, Importers and Dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, Tinners Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 148 First and 129 Second streets, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. myl4ly&y

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!! MOTHERS!!! Don't fail to procure Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. It has no equal on earth. It greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in Children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause.

Little and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well-tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE!

Be sure and inquire for Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP, and take no other.

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THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

From Washington.

(Special Dispatch from our Evening Edition.)

WASHINGTON, March 11, 1861.

The Administration has not yet determined its policy concerning Fort Sumter, although it was discussed in Cabinet on Saturday night and yesterday. Major Anderson must either be reinforced or withdrawn; the first proposition involves a war. Mr. Buchanan left this complication purposely in its present position; and Secretary Holt has declared that the new administration is not responsible for any course it may be compelled to pursue, in view of this question.

A large number of minor executive nominations have been sent in to-day—Defrees for Superintendent of public Printing, amongst the number. The Commissionership of Patents is contested between Messrs. Theaker of Ohio, and Holloway of Indiana.

All the office-holding disunionists here are to be removed immediately. Messrs Seward, Chase and Smith have already began that reform.

The Commissioners from Jeff. Davis' government will not be officially recognized by the administration.

H.

Interesting from Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—The correspondent of the New York *Times* says the question of reinforcing Fort Sumter has been under consideration in the Cabinet, and it is understood that the question, whether or no, it is not desirable to withdraw all the troops, except two or three men, rather than incur the bloodshed which will probably occur before troops and supplies are put into it, is now to be decided. The immediate necessity of settling this question grows out of the fact that there is only a limited supply of bread at Fort Sumter, but plenty of salt meat, and that it must either be supplied or abandoned very soon.

The question has been under discussion in high military circles for several days. Gen. Scott advises that reinforcements cannot now be put in without an enormous sacrifice of life. Of course his views on the subject cannot be officially known to the public, but he is understood to say that we have neither military or naval force at hand sufficient to supply the fort against the threatened opposition, which it would require twenty thousand men to overcome. Besides, if it should initiate civil war in addition to uniting the South and overwhelming the Union cause, it would require two hundred ships and fifty thousand government troops to carry on the struggle, and a hundred millions of dollars to begin with. In such an event, twenty thousand men would be needed to preserve Washington and the government archives.

The general impression here on the streets, is that the Administration has determined on withdrawing the troops from Fort Sumter, leaving only the flag, and the stars and stripes, floating over it, compelling the rebels to capture the fort after all. They have been threatening to do it for three months, and failed when there were only about seventy men in it. They may now have an opportunity to accomplish it without shedding a drop of blood.

The Criminal Court, to day, discharged Wm. H. Russell, who was indicted in connection with the abstraction of the Indian Trust bonds, and his judicial course was in accordance with the law of 1857, which exempts witnesses before investigating committees from trial. Russell having appeared as such before that of the House recently, on the subject of those bonds.

Ex-Secretary Floyd to-day gave $10,000 security for his appearance at court.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—An official letter from Major Anderson, received on Saturday says he had only fifteen days subsistance and wood on hand. The commissioners, who were to have met with the Secession authorities, to discuss the question of withdrawing the garrison, have not been received, and it is now thought that reinforcements shall be attempted or the fort abandoned. The latter course is it is thought will be adopted from inevitable necessity by the advice of Lieut. General Scott. There is, however, a conflict of opinion among the Republicans on this question and no conclusion has yet been arrived at in the Cabinet council.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—An official despatch was received from Montgomery this morning, instructing Commissioners Crawford and Forsyth to enter at once upon the business of negotiation with the Administration, without waiting for their colleague, Mr. Roman.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 11.—The Cumberland and Pocahontas have according to official advices, left Vera Cruz for Norfolk, the Pocahontas on the way to New York. The Macedonian is the only vessel left at Vera Cruz.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—It is currently reported this evening that the Government is about to order the evacuation of Fort Sumter. The report needs confirmation.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 11.

SENATE.—The Senate resumed the consideration of Mr. Foster's resolution to expel Mr. Wigfall, Senator from Texas, and Mr. Clingman's substitute, declaring Texas not entitled to be represented in the body. Mr. Foster said he had offered the resolution (either as a party or personal question, but had acted in accordance with his duty, as a member of the Judiciary Committee; he differed altogether with Mr. Clingman, that a State has a right under the Constitution to go out of the Union.

Mr. Clingman supported his substitute and argued in favor of the right of secession.

Mr. Mason said the resolution was clearly for the expulsion of the Senator from Texas for what he had said on this floor. If he has published treason to allege a constitutional truth, then the resolution may be well founded. For one, he (Mr. Mason) recognized no allegiance to this government—none whatever; he owned allegiance to Virginia—no other state.

Mr. Hunter regarded the movement as dangerous. Without action, the Senate went into executive session and subsequently adjourned.

In *Executive Session*, the Senate to-day confirmed Robert Pollock as District Attorney for the Northern District of Ohio.

The President also sent in the nominations, which were appropriately referred, of Lieut. Gov. Goodrich, as Collector of the port of Dublin, George W. McCullan, Secretary of the Republican Convention of Massachusetts, as Second Assistant Postm