Pittsburgh Gazette.

B. RIDDLE & CO.,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Publication Office, Fifth street, near Smithfield.

Morning and Evening Editions daily, containing the Latest News up to the hour of publication.

Morning Edition—$8 per annum in advance, or 12c. per week from carriers.

Evening Edition—$3 per annum in advance, or 6c. per week from carriers.

Weekly Edition—Single copies, $2 per annum; five or more, $1 50; ten or upwards, $1 per annum, invariably in advance.

ADVERTISING AT REASONABLE RATES

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 22, 1861.

THE Republican County Executive Committee will meet upon THURSDAY, the 24th inst., at 10 a. m., at the office of Marshall & Brown. The members are earnestly requested to attend.

THOS. M. MARSHALL, Chairman.

To Advertisers.

To those who would reach the public, of all classes, in these cities and around and outside of them, we would only say, try an advertisement in the *Gazette*. Contrary to our most sanguine expectations, the issue of our *Evening Gazette*—a penny paper, so far from reducing the circulation of our morning paper, has materially increased it. The morning *Gazette* was never up to its present circulation. Our weekly, too, augmented by the issue of the weekly *True Press*, has now the largest weekly circulation of any secular paper of this city.

We, therefore, repeat an announcement which we made late last week, that the combined circulation of the *Gazette* is now over

.....12,000—

and constantly increasing; we are, therefore, prepared to expect a large increase of advertising, our rates, being so low, circulation considered, as to enable every one to make use of our columns to make known to the public what they have to sell, or what they want to buy.

Advertisements for the evening paper should be handed in before 11 o'clock P. M., and for the morning paper before 10 P. M.

RECONSTRUCTION.—One of the dreams of the Secessionists is, that they can secede at will and, after they are out, reconstruct the Union on a new basis satisfactory to themselves.

Their first theory was that, as soon as the South put herself into a belligerent attitude, the North would get frightened, and yield; and thus the South, without seceding, could get all the new guarantees for the extension of Slavery that she needed. Events have dispelled the illusions of that theory. The North has not been scared. The guarantees are not forthcoming.

The conspirators are therefore compelled to go beyond their original intention. They have not abandoned the idea that they can intimidate the North, and now their purpose is to carry out the appearance of actual Secession, under the conviction that as soon as the North realizes the alarming fact that they are out, she will agree to their re-admission on their own terms.

We tell these fellows they are mistaken. The North will never consent to a "reconstruction" of the Union. She will maintain the Union *as it is*; and if the Southern States will not stay in, or, if they go out, will not come back to their old places upon the old terms, they will have to come back as conquered provinces. They can have their choice of alternatives, and they will do wisely to remain in a Union in which they enjoy more immunities than they will ever regain if force be necessary to bring them back.

THE BROOKLYN.—It appears, now, that the object of the Government in sending the *Brooklyn* to Charleston was not to help the *Star of the West* to deliver reinforcements and supplies to Major Anderson, but to direct her to return to Hampton Roads, and there await further orders. A correspondent of the New York *Times* says that her officers were commanded "to proceed direct to Charleston harbor, but not to go over the bar, nor come to anchor, but lay under steam outside and ascertain if the *Star of the West* had landed her troops; if not, to countermand her orders, and order her, with the troops, to Hampton Roads; also to gain any information they could as to the existing state of affairs there, and then return immediately to Hampton Roads."

When she arrived off Charleston harbor she learned from a schooner coming out what had happened to the *Star of the West*, and the Captain, after learning the facts, concluded that his mission at Charleston was virtually at an end, and therefore returned.

Did ever any other nation behave this way towards a beleaguered fleet, or towards those in rebellion against it?

KINDNESS TO THE SOUTH.—The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* says it is the duty of the Republicans of the North to show the utmost kindness to the South, and he instances the repeal of the Personal Liberty Laws as an evidence of the kindly spirit he inculcates.

Now, why should the North show this kindly spirit? What has the South done to deserve it? Is it in practically closing the South against travel and trade from the North? In lynching and hanging our men, and insulting and persecuting and driving away our women, who chance to be found there? Is it in practically nullifying that clause in the Constitution which secures to the citizens of one State all the privileges and immunities of citizens of any other State, when removing thereto? Is it in trammelling free speech and a free press? In establishing a Reign of Terror? In capturing the forts and stealing the arms of the United States? In levying war upon the government? Or in conspiring for its overthrow? For which of these acts of kindness should we go to the extreme of kindness in return?

MR. CRITTENDEN.—The Washington Correspondent of the New York *Times* says, that during the debate on the nomination of Mr. Hayne to Secretary of War, Mr. Crittenden took the ground that as Kentucky is now a Central State, enjoying all the prosperity consequent upon the present Union and form of Government, she would never consent to its breaking up and the formation of a Southern Confederacy, of which she would be a Border State, exposed to all the dangers and losses of such a position.

It is stated that he was much affected during this portion of his remarks, and the manner in which he upbraided the Southern men who defeated his compromise in the Senate was very severe. He took the position that the Union must be preserved *at all hazards, either by peaceable means or by force*, and that force used against the lawless citizens of a Government is not coercion of a State. The speech, being entirely unexpected, created a great sensation among the Senators.

THE WHOLE THING IN A NUTSHELL.—The present aspect of the question between the North and the South is thus briefly stated by the Albany *Evening Journal*:

"Those who have cherished the idea that Peace will best be promoted by yielding to the Traitors, are getting rapidly undeceived. The Secessionists are determined to coerce the United States Government to submit to them. They intend to seize the Capital and all the archives and public buildings, and to rule the Northern States as conquered provinces. We may as well look the matter square in the face. Every time the U. S. Government takes one step backward, the Traitors will take two steps forward. Their pretext of "Peaceable Secession" is no longer persisted in. They are not content to go out of the Union peaceably and stay there. They mean to ruin and rob us, as they go, and to be our Dictators after they have gone."

COMING IT STRONG.—The State of South Carolina, which claims to be an independent government, is finding fault with the United States because the mails are irregular! It will not own our authority; but it kindly permits us to carry its letters for it! What a condescension in that sovereign State! The Post Office in South Carolina does not yield within some $300,000 a year of what it costs to carry the mails in that State, and therefore it is kind enough to throw that slight little burden on us. We have shouldered the burden; but we beg it not to heap on us for being a little tardy in these matters.

THE Charleston Post Master admits that Major Anderson's letters have been opened; but excuses the felony on the ground that only the public letters were thus violated! The Albany *Evening Journal* says that it is not strange that outrage was committed. Mail robbery has long been deemed evidence of public virtue down South. The Government has justified it and the Courts have pronounced it right because the robbery has been hitherto ostensibly perpetrated to prevent the circulation of "incendiary" documents. In following up that line of duty it was an easy matter to go a step further, and decide orders to an officer of the Government "incendiary." Having been assured by the government itself that mail robbery was justifiable whenever it was deemed necessary for the public safety, we do not see how the government can find fault with the robbery in this case. It is only returning to its own lips the bitter draught which it has pressed to the lips of others.

AIDING AND ABETTING TREASON.—For some time past guns have been manufactured at Troy, N. Y., for South Carolina, and were shipped to New York over the Hudson River Railroad. On Friday last, more guns for the same destination were taken to the depot at Troy, but the agent refused to receive them. Good.

There is a bill pending in the New York legislature to punish such offences as those; but in the meantime the officers of the government, at New York, could prevent all further shipments by the summary arrest of the parties as aiders abettors of Treason. A few such arrests would put an end to this base business of furnishing aid and comfort to the enemy in time of war.

EMANCIPATION.—The New York *Tribune* has given currency to a scheme to buy all the slaves in Delaware, Maryland, Missouri, Arkansas, Texas and Louisiana, and pay for the same out of the National Treasury, and the same scheme has been broached at Washington as a basis of "compromise."

There are, in these States, some 600,000 slaves, valued, at their present value, at $400 each. This would make the cost $240,000,000, for which it is proposed to issue U. S. bonds.

We have no objection to this scheme, *if the States named will accept it as the basis of a final settlement of the Slavery question*. Otherwise, it is not worth while to entertain it for a moment.

A NEW BASIS OF COMPROMISE.—At the Philadelphia meeting, convened for the purpose of expressing approval of the conduct of the South-erning Rebels, the Southern States were entreated to *delay secession* until the Democratic Party shall regain power in Pennsylvania!! Agreed, say we. We are perfectly satisfied the South should secede when *that* happens.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Dispatch to the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Lieut. Hall, of the U. S. Army, returned here from New York last night. He is now on a visit to the President and Mr. Holt, Secretary of War, prior to receiving his final orders, before leaving for Fort Sumter. He will depart hence to-morrow night.

It is asserted here, in Southern circles, that the moment the South Carolina authorities are officially informed of the positive determination of the Federal Government not to restore the status of the forts in Charleston harbor, they will attack Fort Sumter.

Lieut. Hall says that two rounds from the batteries of the fort will lay Fort Moultrie in ruins, while a few shells will kill all in the garrison.

[Special Dispatch to the Commercial Advertiser.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Col. Hagner, of the Army, and Com. Shubrick, of the Navy, have had an interview with Col. Hayne, in which they advised him to consult further with Gov. Pickens before making any demand upon the President for the surrender of Fort Sumter, and it is understood that he has taken their advice.

It is now regarded as certain here that neither the coming nor the inauguration of the President elect, will be attended with any disturbance or opposition.

Gen. Scott's well matured plans have baffled the arrangements of conspirators, and the intelligence from Baltimore in regard to the volunteering is aid of Gen Scott, and the fact that the Baltimore Chief of Police has officially asserted his ignorance of any hostile schemes on foot in that city, have tended to strengthen the public confidence.

Population of the South.

We subjoin the details of the census of 1860 for all the Southern States, except Delaware and Maryland:

States which have seceded:	Free.	Slaves.	Total.
South Carolina	308,186	407,185	715,371
Mississippi	607,561	479,027	887,158
Florida	61,745	63,900	145,694
Alabama	520,444	439,473	959,917
	1,318,005	1,386,074	2,704,140
States which have called conventions:	Free.	Slaves.	Total.
Georgia	618,538	407,694	1,084,797
Louisiana	354,245	312,186	666,431
Texas	418,909	181,935	600,954
Virginia	1,047,373	490,826	1,583,200
	2,482,965	1,690,422	3,948,383
States which have not acted:	Free.	Slaves.	Total.
Arkansas	109,065	435,450	544,715
North Carolina	629,942	328,377	1,008,247
Missouri	1,058,890	118,619	1,181,209
Kentucky	928,767	225,302	1,159,609
Tennessee	849,828	287,012	1,146,640
	3,930,502	1,094,976	4,996,875
Total free population			7,091,319
" slave "			3,912,479
Total population			11,001,098

DON'T DO THAT TILL I AM DEAD.—On the day of the meeting of the secessionists at Kingston, Georgia, a revolutionary soldier returned to his residence in Cobb county, on the railroad, though his eyes were so dim that he could not see well. He was told they were trying to get the people to dissolve, or secede from the Union. Whereupon he dropped his withered face, and seemed to be in deep distress for one or two minutes, after which he raised up his head, and, with a faltering voice, said, "O, don't do that till I am dead!" When he uttered these words, the large tears chased each other down his worn cheeks. He was told that a great number of men would try to prevent them; to which he replied, "Don't let them do that till I am dead!"

GARIBALDI MEDITATING A RETREAT.—Garibaldi, at his home in Caprera, is persecuted, (according to the latest accounts) by hosts of portrait painters who assail him night and day. The persistence with which they follow him from rock to flood, from flood to fell, is most disheartening, and events sometimes discourages poor Garibaldi himself. The last arrival is that of Louis Gallait, the Belgian Painter, who solemnly swears that nothing shall induce him to leave the island without a full length portrait, in full Garibaldian costume, accoutrements and all. Poor Garibaldi listens and shudders, and for the first time thinks of beating a retreat before the painter.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.—We have been presented by Mr. Smith, of Pulaski Station, with several fine lots of cotton grown in Pulaski county, Illinois. The staple before us has the appearance of the best qualities which come from Memphis and the ports of the lower Mississippi. We have no statistics concerning the cost of culture, the average productiveness of the crop, or the extent of production in Southern Illinois. Will not some of our friends in Egypt supply us with these facts? Cotton has been cultivated there, more or less, for the past fifty years, and now the time has come when the public would be interested in knowing the facts regarding its utility as a crop—*Chicago Press.*

CALIFORNIA FOR THE UNION.—The tone of the entire press of California is emphatically favorable to the preservation of the Union, and none are more decided in their patriotism than the French and German newspapers, the writers for which look upon State's prosperity. Out of nearly one hundred exchanges published on this coast and received at this office, we can find not one that comes out openly or even in favor of an independent republic. California is faithful to the Union.—*San Francisco Evening Mirror, Dec. 8.*

THE laws of nature are just, but terrible. There is no weak mercy in them. Cause and consequence are inseparable and inevitable. The effects have no forbearance. The fire burns, the water drowns, the air consumes, the earth buries. And perhaps it would be well for our race if the punishment of crimes against the laws of man were as inevitable as the punishment of crimes against the laws of nature, were man as unerring in his judgments as nature.

A NEW ARTICLE OF COMMERCE.—A correspondent of the St. Louis *Republican* says that the Utah Indians have recently been offering Navajo scalps for sale in the streets of Santa Fe. Their prices vary, according to the quality: a large one, with jet black hair, about three feet long, sold for $2,50, while others can be bought for $1

TRANSPORTATION OF COTTON.—Thirty thousand bales of cotton, says the Boston *Journal*, passed through Worcester last week, on its way to Lowell and Lawrence, most of which came from Memphis, by railroad. The Grand Trunk Company are making extensive arrangements for the transhipment of cotton direct from the Mississippi to the East.

The following paragraph from the Charleston *Courier*, implies that some of the best families are leaving the city: The *Courier* of Saturday, January 12, says: "The removal of many excellent families from the Capital is regretted, but nobody proposes to stop them from managing their own domestic affairs in their own way.

COL. FREMONT.—Col. Fremont is expected to arrive at Washington, in about a fortnight, on his way to Europe. His name is now mentioned in connection with the French mission.

ILLINOIS.—The total population of Illinois, as officially ascertained, is 1,723,663.

Gov. AIKEN, of S. C., who owns a thousand slaves—and who will be remembered as a candidate for the Speakership in the famous contest when Mr. Banks was successful,—has had a draft for $40,000 made on him by the traitors, and the highwayman's demand—your money or your life. Pleasant place, that South Carolina.

THE Southerners threaten to confiscate Judge Douglas' plantation and negroes at the South, unless he keeps still at Washington or stands by them in their secession movements. This explains the Judge's position against coercion.

Sleepless, Crying, Teething Children.

All know how unpleasant are these accompaniments of babyhood, and most intelligent persons know, also, the sad consequence to health, and often life, from the use of anodynes, cordials and similar baby d ses used to quiet them. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC BABY'S PILLS, (a pleasant sugar pill,) which you may drop into the mouth at any time, give you everything to be desired from medicine. They *calm excitement, allay the irritation of The lung, relieve Colic and Bowel Complaints*, and procure *natural and quiet rest*, without the disadvantages of cordials or opiates. They have been used for years, and approved by all who use them or abhor dosing.

Price, 25 cents per box, with directions. Six boxes, $1.

N. B.—A full set of HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS' with Book of Directions, and twenty different Remedies, in large vials, morocco case, $5; ditto, in plain case, $4; case of fifteen boxes, and Book, $2. Single boxes, 25 cents and 50 cents.

These Remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any address, on receipt of the price. Address. DR. H. HUMPHREYS & CO., No. 562 Broadway, New York.

Sold by J. M. FULTON, Fifth street, second door from the Post Office, Agent for Pittsburgh. Ja16d&w1mT

MRS. WINSLOW, an experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.—See advertisement in another column. ja18d&w1yT

Bank Statements.

Statement of the Bank of Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, January 21, 1861.

MEANS.

Loans, Bills and Discounts	$1,672,665 22
Real Estate and Ground Rent	44,519 96
Stocks and Miscellaneous	8,366 01
Due by other Banks	70,874 60
Bank Notes & Checks	119,919 57
Specie	404,719 25
	$2,318,723 21

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$1,143,500 00
Profits and Earnings	102,455 80
Unpaid Dividends and Suspense Acc't	6,078 05
Due to other Banks	96,909 46
Circulation	219,421 00
Deposits	582,225 90
	$2,318,723 21

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN HARPER, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed this Jan. 21st, 1861, before me. H. H. SMITH, Notary Public.

Statement of Exchange Bank of Pitts'gh.

PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, JANUARY 21, 1861.

Loans and Discounts	$1,016,379 72
Real Estate	50,000 00
Specie in Vault	290,853 52
U. S. Treasury Notes	75,000 00
Checks and Notes of other Banks	80,034 00
Due by other Banks	141,870 54
	$2,164,135 78

Capital Stock	93,230 00
Circulation	197,218 00
Deposits	129,785 28
Due to other Banks	56,161 89
Contingent Fund and Profits	210,500 29
	$2,164,135 18

The above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

Affirmed before me, this 21st day of January, 1861. H. H. SMITH, Notary Public.

Statement of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank of Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Monday, January 21, 1861.

Capital Stock	$ 600,000 00
Circulation	328,900 00
Due Depositors	217,921 34
Due other Banks	24,515 96
Loans and Discounts	960,567 37
Coin	208,841 95
Notes and Checks of other Banks	46,598 40
Due by other Banks	52,381 14

The above statement is correct and true to the best of my knowledge and belief. W H DENNY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 21st day of Jan., A. D. 1861. W. H. WHITNEY, Notary Public.

Statement of the Citizens' Bank.

Pittsburgh, January 21, 1861

ASSETS.

Loans and Discounts	$539,412 47
Coin in Vault	136,561 90
Notes and Checks of other Banks	7,093 70
Due from Banks and Bankers	81,858 15
	$763,926 22

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$500,000 00
Circulation	300,700 00
Depositors	77,940 56
Due to other Banks	15 818 13
	$763,926 22

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. GEO. T. VAN DORNN, Cashier.

Affirmed before me this 21st day of January, 1861. SAM'L HARPER, Notary Public.

Statement of Mechanics' Bank of Pitts'gh.

Monday, January 21, 1861.

LIABILITIES.

Circulation	$308,100 00
Due to other Banks	21,679 86
Due to Depositors	108,176 33
	$338,356 19

ASSETS.

Bills and Notes Discounted	$789,672 84
Due by other Banks	16,671 50
Notes and Checks of other Banks	60,614 38
Specie in Vault	106,247 91
	973,256 63

The above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. GEO. D. SMITH, Cashier.

Sworn before me this 21st day of January, 1861. H. H. SMITH, Notary Public.

Statement of the Allegheny Bank.

PITTSBURGH, January 19, 1861

ASSETS.

Capital Stock	$ 500 000 00
Loans and Discounts	808,202 08
Due by other Banks and Bankers	27,869 81
Notes and Checks of other Banks	24,141 19
Specie	136,969 65
	450,450 00

LIABILITIES.

Circulation	450,450 00
Due to other Banks	15,097 45
Due to other Depositors	104,454 48
Individual Depositors	308,000 07
	878,002 00

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. W. COOK, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 21st day of Jan., 1861. W. H WHITNEY, Notary Public.

Statement of the Iron City Bank.

PITTSBURGH, January 21, 1861

Capital Stock	$ 60,000 00
Loans and Discounts	87,704 17
Due by other Banks	41,620 66
Notes and Checks of other Banks	11 916 18
Specie	156,223 62
Circulation	268,324 00
Due to other Banks	6,368 54
Due to Depositors	278,388 99

The above statement is correct according to the best of my knowledge and belief. JAMES MCCULLOUGH, Cash'r.

Affirmed before me, this 21st day of Jan., A. D., 1861 W. H WHITNEY, Notary Public.

THE WORK

FOR THE TIMES!

EVERYBODY SHOULD SUBSCRIBE!

THE AMERICAN

Conservative Review,

PUBLISHED MONTHLY,

BY J. HERBERT,

32 BEEKMAN ST., NEW YORK

A strictly conservative Monthly Publication, containing 64 pages folio. Consisting of Political, Commercial and Literary Reviews on all current events; New Publications and Works of Art, together with a Monthly Summary of Foreign and Domestic News. Also, an original series of Biographical, Historical and Scientific Articles and Elegant Literature, by the most able writers of the day in every department.

EVERY MERCHANT,
LAWYER,
CLERGYMAN,
SENATOR,

And in fact every man of taste, position or influence should have it.

THE AMERICAN CONSERVATIVE REVIEW will be strictly neutral in its character, and will endeavor, in all some goodness, to suggest a line of policy, that consistently with right and justice, may lead to allay all party or sectional feeling, and reconcile to such other the hostile elements that now or in the future agitate the public mind.

N. B. The first number of the AMERICAN CONSERVATIVE REVIEW will be issued on the 1st of February, 1861.

PUBLISHED MONTHLY, AT $5 00 PER YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE,

BY J. HERBERT,

32 Beekman street, New York.

N. B. Letters containing subscription and all other communications, should be addressed to the *American Conservative Review*, New York.

First-class Agents wanted in every city of the United States. ja1:TUTH:3m:tf

DIRECT FROM BOSTON,

150 DOZ. RIBBED HOSE,

IN BLACK, WHITE AND MIXED COLORS,

Which we will sell to dealers at low prices. Also, a full assortment of the finest quality of

ALL WOOL BOSTON RIBBED HOSE,

In our Retail Department, at a great reduction from former prices.

BATON, CREE & MACRUM.

17 Fifth street.

Ja16d&w

BUSINESS STAND

FOR SALE CHEAP;

Situated on the corner of Water and Ferry streets, now occupied as a Hotel.

"WILLARD HOUSE."

This property is offered at a great sacrifice. For price and terms, apply to B. M'LAIN & CO., Real Estate Agents. 34 N Fourth street.

Ja16d&w

MONEY! MONEY!

Wanted Business or Accommodation Paper, to amount of $20,000, having from two to six months to run, in sums regular from $1 to $1,000.

Also, Bonds and Mortgages on improved City property, (clear of incumbrance) to amount of $11,000.

IRON PAPER.—$4 000 to invest in gilt edged Iron Paper, having from six to twelve months to run.

BANK STOCK FOR SALE.

37 shares of M. and M. Bank Stock;
40 shares Exchange Bank stock;
25 shares Monongahela Insurance Stock;
25 shares Eureka Insurance Stock;
25 shares Pennsylvania Insurance Stock.

B. M'LAIN & CO.,
Stock and Bill Brokers,
34½ Fourth street.

Ja16d&w

AT COST AND LESS THAN COST!

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF WOOL HOODS,

And all kinds of WINTER HOODS GOODS will be closed out without regard to cost.

Merchants and dealers can have great bargains, at

BATON, CREE & MACRUM'S,

17 Fifth street.

Ja16d&w

BALMORAL SKIRTS,

IN CHOICE COLORS,

AT SAME LOW PRICES AS BEFORE.

BATON, CREE & MACRUM,

17 Fifth street.

Ja16d&w

COAL AND COKE MERCHANTS TAKE RIGHT WHEELED PLATFORM CAR

For sale, suitable for Coal or Coke. This car has been run for a short time on the Pennsylvania railroad and will be sold cheap. Inquire of J. S. JONES,

Ja16d&w Cor. First st. and Redoubt alley.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA.—Although Scrofula is generally inherited, yet it is possible for those born with a perfectly sound constitution to become scrofulous from living upon improper diet, exposing themselves to sephitic gases, or malaria; or from inactive digestion, all of which impair the vitality of the blood, rendering it thickened and full used, until eruptions break out on the surface of the body. In this delicacy nothing is so efficacious as SANDS' SARSAPARILLA to purify the blood, promote a healthy circulation, strengthen the functional organs of the stomach, and effect a radical cure.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, 100 Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold also by Druggists generally. Ja16d&w4t

COAL, NUT COAL, SLACK & COKE.

HAVING purchased the entire interest of my late partners in the firm of Bailey, M'Kain & Co., I am now prepared to furnish to our former customers and the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity generally, a superior quality of COAL, NUT COAL, SLACK and COKE. Orders may be sent through the Post Office, left at the Toll House of the Monongahela Bridge, or at the Works, will be attended to with promptness. Coal Works and Office situated in South Pittsburgh, one square above the Monongahela Bridge.

JAMES M. BAILEY.

PACKED BUTTER.—10 bls. Prime Packed Butter, for sale by WATT & WILSON, Ja16 No. 208 Liberty st.

Public Notices.

SEWARD LITERARY SOCIETY.—The members of the Seward Literary Society are requested to meet at their Hall, 13th Ward School House, on THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, Jan. 22d, at 7 o'clock. Full attendance requested, as business of importance to each and every member will be transacted.

J. M ABBOTT, Secretary pro tem.

J. M. HAZLETT, President. ja22:1tMW

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Controller, until Saturday, Jan. 26, at 3 o'clock p. m., for supplying the City with STATIONERY and BLANK BOOKS for the year commencing Feb. 1, 1861. Bidders will accompany their bids with samples of the Stationery they propose to furnish.

RUSSELL SARGENT, Controller.

Ja21:1w

SHERIFF.—HARRY WOODS, of Peebles township, asks the votes of his friends to obtain the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Allegheny County. His business will not allow him the opportunity of traversing the county and seeing them all. jy21 mwfc

OFFICE P. & C. PASSENGER RAILWAY CO.,
Pittsburgh January 8 1861

The Stockholders of the Pittsburgh & East Liberty Passenger Railway Company are hereby notified that an ELECTION for Five Managers of said company, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of A. S. Richardson, Esq., in the second ward city of Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, the 21st of January, 1861, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 o'clock p. m. and adjourned Meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the same time and place. By order of a resolution of the Board of Managers

N P SAWYER, President.

Ja10:1tod

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD OFFICE
Pittsburgh, Jan 15th, 1861

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company will be held at the Office of the Company, corner of Washington street and Mother's alley, Allegheny ward, Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, the 5th day of February, 1861, at 10 o'clock a. m. A statement of the affairs of the company will be presented, and an Election will be held for President and Board of Managers for the ensuing year.

JAMES GUTHRIE, Secretary.

Jal2:2tMWSat

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, January 10th, 1861.

The Directors of the Monongahela Navigation Company have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT on the Capital Stock out of the Earnings of the last Six Months, payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives, on or after the 15th inst., in bank-free funds, at the office of the Treasurer.

By order of the Board.

W. R. COPELAND, Treas pro.

Ja11:1tod

YOUNG MEN'S LIBRARY ASSOCIATION LECTURES —

DR. J. G. HOLLAND,

(DAVID THORNE,) author of "Timothy's Letters," "Gold Foil," "Bitter Sweet," &c., will deliver

ONE LECTURE, at

Concert Hall, Fifth Street,

On TUESDAY EVENING, January 29,

SUBJECT:

"Work and Play."

Doors open 6½; Lecture to commence at 7½ o'clock. Tickets 25 cents, to be had at Hotels, Music and Book Stores, Library Rooms and at the door.

W. H. KEYSER, F. S. BUNNY,
JOHN KLEBER, W. D. McGEWAN,
Ja18 Mwfd JAMES B. HUSTAD, Lecture Committee.

SECOND ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE PITTSBURGH ART ASSOCIATION

WILL OPEN ON

WEDNESDAY, December 19th,

IN

JACKSON'S HALL

Corner Penn and St. Clair streets,

TO CLOSE ON FRIDAY, 25th INST

Gallery open from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m., and from 6 to 10 in the evening.

Admission 25 cents. Season Tickets 50 cents. Jd&w12w

PITTSBURGH AND BIRMINGHAM PASSENGER RAILROAD COMPANY.—The SECOND ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Birmingham Passenger Railroad Company will be held at the office of Simpson & Shipley, No. 84 Fourth street, on MONDAY, 21st January, 1861, at 10 o'clock a. m., at which time and place a Board of Directors will be elected to serve for the ensuing year. WM M. HARSHA,

Pittsburgh, Jan 9 1861—Ja10:2td Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE BIRMINGHAM GAS COMPANY,
14th of January, 1861.

DIVIDEND.—The Trustees of the Pittsburgh Gas Company have this day declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS PER SHARE on the Capital Stock of the Company, out of the Profits of the last Six Months, payable in lawful funds to stockholders or their legal representatives at the Office of the Company.

JAMES M. GIBBNEY, Treasurer.

Ja16:2w

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 4th, 1861.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Bridge Co. (Hand street) are hereby notified that a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS PER SHARE, has been declared—payable forthwith.

FRANK S. BIGELOW, Treasurer.

Ja7:2w

THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Pittsburgh and East Liberty Passenger Railway Company are hereby notified that an election for Five Managers of said Company to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, Third street, on Monday, the 21st inst., between the hours of 10 A. M. and 12 M.

J. F. MACKENZIE, Secretary.

Ja7:13t.

LUNCH SERVED UP EVERY MORNING, from 10 till 12, by G. W. SCHACKLEITZER, Jr., at his Restaurant, *corner Wylie and Fifth Sts.*

ja18:1t:2w

New Advertisements.

W. S. HAVEN,

STATIONER, JOB PRINTER AND BOOKBINDER,

Corner of Third and Wood Streets.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO PRINTING

Bill-heads, Labels, Cards or Programmes,

For Concerts, Exhibitions, or meetings of any kind.

Ja16M&W

F. S. CLEAVER'S

PRIZE MEDAL SOAP!

THE ONLY GENUINE, possessing a free and creamy lather, a lasting and delicate perfume, and for chapped hands and tender skin will be found superior to any other.

Beware of Counterfeits!

F. S. Cleaver's celebrated Musk, rose Windsor, Glycerine and Sandflower Soaps, also superseneous Tooth Powder, for the Teeth and Gums, to be had at all respectable drug and fancy stores in the United States.

Manufactory in London

Wholesale Depot, Nos 51 and 52 Dey street, New York.

J. C. RAYSTON, Agent.

Ja22 2m4

NEW GOODS.

suitable for the present season, are being opened almost daily.

FANCY DRY GOODS, NEEDLE WORK, &c.,

CLOSING OUT!

Ja22 G HANSON LOVE, 74 Market street.

FOR RENT.—The three story brick WARE-HOUSE, No. 136 Front street, between Market and Wood streets, now occupied by Moorhead & Co

Also the new threestory brick WARE-HOUSE on corner of the Market Place, in the Fifth ward. Possession given immediately. Inquire of

JAMES A. HUTCHISON.

Ja22:2tMWF

CHOICE DRIED APPLES.—55 bus. prime Ohio Dried Apples, rec'd this day and for sale by

EATON, CREE & MACRUM,

17 Fifth st.

Ja22:1t

DISSOLUTION.—The co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the Boot and Leather business, under the name and style of H. CHILDS & CO. was dissolved by mutual consent, on 31st December ultimo, by the withdrawal of Ana P. Childs. Either of the late partners is fully authorized to settle the business of the firm, and to use the partnership name for that purpose.

H CHILDS,
ANA P. CHILDS,
M. D. LOWRIE CHILDS.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 1, 1861.

THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a co-partnership under the style of H CHILDS & CO., and will continue the WHOLESALE BOOT AND LEATHER BUSINESS, at their old stand, No. 135 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HARVEY CHILDS,
M. D. LOWRIE CHILDS.

Pittsburgh, Jan 1, '61—2m

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of BAILEY, M'KAIN & CO., was dissolved by mutual consent, on the first day of January, 1861. The business of the firm will be settled at their former office, in South Pittsburgh, where all parties having claims against us are notified to present them immediately for payment, and persons knowing themselves to be indebted will please call and settle their accounts.

JAMES M'KAIN,
JACOB GREL,
JAMES M. BAILEY.

Ja17:1md

GROCERIES—50 hhds. prime N. O. Sugar; 10 bbls Refined White Sugar;
100 bbls prime N O Molasses;
50 bbls Syrup, 120 bags Rio Coffee,
100 kit-kents Teas, with general stock of Groceries, for sale by R. ROBISON & CO.

Ja16

ASSIGNMENT.—Whereas, JAMES LEMON, of the City of Pittsburgh, did make on the 8th of December, a voluntary assignment of all his property, real, personal and mixed, to the undersigned, for the benefit of his creditors, all persons indebted to said James Lemon are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will make them known without delay to W. C. AUCHINBAUGH, Assignee,

Ja16:1mwfw No. 115 Diamond st.

800 HIDES, Dry Flint and Green Salted, are held and for sale. Also,

200 Dry Hides to arrive and for sale by M DELANGE, Ja21 133 Liberty st.

Wants.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED.—An elderly lady capable of taking charge of a house and family of several children—girls, is wanted by the advertiser. Any such person, desirous of such a situation, will please address B. Gazette office, giving name, and reference as to character. ja18:3t

WANTED—At the House of Refuge, a man to act as BAKER and WATCHMAN. Salary $200 and found. None need apply unless they can come well recommended. A pious man would be preferred. Apply at the Institution on Thursday, Jan 24th. Ja21:2t

WANTED—Active Business Men, to take Three Shares in Oil Company, and conduct the business. Location young oil region. Improvements in good working order. For particulars inquire of HENRY A KING, 11-Arbor, 47 St. Clair st. ja16

WANTED—By a young lady who can give good recommendations, a situation as Governess or Operator on a Sewing Machine. Address B. B., at this office. Ja22:1t

100 Agents Wanted!

TO CANVASS FOR

NEW AND POPULAR BOOKS

which are sold

EXCLUSIVELY BY SUBSCRIPTION.

THESE WORKS include the MOST SALEABLE BOOKS PUBLISHED, and Agents now in our employ are making

From $50 to $100 per Month.

We give our Agents the EXCLUSIVE CONTROL of any ground they may agree to canvass. For full particulars and Catalogue of Books, address:

G. W. HUNT, General Agent
Room 32 Girard House.

N. B. We have just published an Edition of

FAMILY QUARTO BIBLES,

in a

New and Beautiful Style of Binding,

got up expressly for Agents and Canvassers.

Applicants may see Mr. Hunt at Girard House from 12 to 1 and from 7 to 9 p. m. Ja21:tf

Attorneys at Law.