Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 15, 1861.

CITY AFFAIRS.

METEOROLOGICAL Observations for the *Gazette*, by G. E. Shaw, Optician, 58 Fifth St.—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	00	30
12 " M.	06	32
6 " P. M.		34
Barometer	29 5 10	

BANK STATEMENT.

For the week preceding January 14th, 1861:

ASSETS:

BANKS.	Loans.	Specie.	Treasury Notes and Notes of other Bks	Due by Banks.
B'k Pittsb'gh	1,654,932	401,990	99,826	88,992
Exchange B'k	1,588,062	259,957	164,730	183,283
M. & M. "	855,615	215,869	55,612	71,989
Citizens' "	756,139	125,346	12,938	79,116
Mechanics' "	753,376	106,206	51,886	35,364
Iron City "	701,111	152,915	68,379	41,915
Allegheny "	517,989	137,112	31,023	25,116
	7,164,487	1,400,357	485,082	505,715
Last week	7,254,136	1,356,392	512,951	476,562
Increase		43,965		29,213
Decrease	89,649		27,869	

LIABILITIES:

BANKS.	Circulat'n	Deposits	Due to Banks.
Pittsburgh	225,501	645,096	86,658
Exchange	254,260	307,693	50,227
M. & M.	295,840	375,355	19,169
Citizens'	359,576	100,837	16,418
Mechanics'	320,135	92,339	19,346
Iron City	271,670	277,258	4,384
Allegheny	402,280	127,922	10,348
	2,609,056	1,927,290	208,148
Last week	2,609,006	1,891,947	217,108
Increase	50	35,343	
Decrease			8,960

Anniversary of the Allegheny Bible Society. This evening the anniversary meeting of this Society will be held in the First Reformed Presbyterian church, (Rev. John McMillan, pastor,) on Sandusky street.

The Rev. J. B. Clarke, of the United Presbyterian church, and the Rev. A. K. Bell, of the Baptist church, are expected to address the meeting.

Almost all the evangelical denominations of our sister city are represented in the management of this Society. Their work is to explore all that part of our county lying north of the Allegheny and Ohio rivers, with a view to find where there are any persons destitute of the Bible; to supply the want, either by gift or sale, and to aid the Pennsylvania Bible Society with their surplus funds.

Mr. Robert Davis devotes his whole time to this work under the direction of an Executive Committee of the Board of Managers.

The Society will be greatly cheered in their labors by seeing at their meeting all those who favor the distribution among the people of the Holy Bible, without note or comment. The exercises commence at seven o'clock.

The increase of volumes during the year was two hundred and ninety-four, viz:

Volumes purchased	152
" bound	71
" donated	71—294

The whole number of volumes now belonging to the Library is 3,675.

The total membership in 1859 was 328

New members 96

Total 424

Of the above number, two have removed, and seventy-five are marked "delinquent."

The Librarian recommends, as the best means of increasing the membership, that the city be canvassed by committees.

The attendance at the Library room has been very gratifying, and the number of young men who spend their evenings there has largely increased during the year.

A few additions have been made to the Cabinet of Minerals, but none worthy of special mention.

The following exhibits the number of volumes circulated during the past two years:

	Vols.
Year ending January 1st, 1859	1,785
" " " " 1860	2,382
Increase over 1859	597
Year ending January 1st, 1861	4,052
Increase over 1859	1,670

This increase is attributed to the fact that of late all new books are purchased by the library as soon as published, and go directly into the hands of the members.

As an item of no inconsiderable importance we may mention that no less than forty-three newspapers and eighteen magazines, from all parts of the country, are received at the rooms, and kept so as to be always accessible to the members.

From the report of the Lecture Committee we learn that nine public lectures have been delivered during the year, and the following gentlemen have promised to lecture under the auspices of the Association: John B. Gough, January 25th, and Hon. Charles Sumner, time not fixed.

The report of the Treasurer, Mr. G. J. Townsend, exhibits the receipts of the Association during the year to be $1,750 55, of which $1,270 were paid by members, and $405 by the Lecture Committee. The expenditures come within a few dollars of the receipts, leaving a small balance in the treasury.

Altogether the Association is in a flourishing condition, but it could be more productive of much greater good if our young men would but properly appreciate the advantages it offers.

The reports were read and adopted, and the following officers were chosen for the ensuing year:

President, Hon. D. Ritchie; Vice President, F. R. Brunot; Secretary, W. H. Kincaid; Treasurer, E. P. Darlington; Directors, R. A. George, G. J. Townsend, H. H. Collins, H. M. Atwood, J. R. McCune; Auditors, Chas. J. Wade, H. H. King, J. T. Donaldson.

Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad—Election of Directors.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this corporation was held yesterday, at the Company's office, Fourth street.

D. J. Rogers was chosen President, and S. F. Von Bonhorst Secretary.

Isaac Jones, Esq., President of the Board, submitted his annual report, from which we learn that but little has been done since the contract with the Western Transportation Company for finishing and equipping the road. Negotiations are pending, however, by which it is expected that the Western Transportation Company will be able to lease the line of the Chartiers Valley and Hempfield roads, and thus remove numerous difficulties in the way of the ultimate completion of the work. Many releases of land along the route have been granted during the past year, and the prospects are much more encouraging than heretofore.

The old board was re-elected, as follows:

President, Isaac Jones. Directors, N. Holmes, Wm. Phillips, Joshua Rhodes, R. F. Sayre, A. S. Berger, M. B. Brown, M. K. Moorhead, J. Schoonmaker, Jesse Edgington, W. S. Haven, A. S. Nicholson, J. S. Corgans.

Sentences in the Criminal Court.

Judge McClure passed the following sentences yesterday:

George A. Briggs, convicted of assault and battery with intent to commit rape, sentenced to the Penitentiary for three years and six months.

Patrick Dugan, convicted of a similar offence, three years and six months.

James McCaskey, alias Thomas McCoy, larceny, two years and six months.

George Mahs, adultery, six months imprisonment in the county jail, and $50 fine.

Wm. McGahan, assault and battery with intent to kill, one year and three months in the Penitentiary.

A. C. Craig, (colored,) attempting to pass counterfeit money, one year and three months.

Wm. Pulham, for passing counterfeit money, one year and three months.

A STRICKEN HOUSEHOLD.—The angel of death has laid a heavy hand upon the family of *Mr.* Samuel Miller, of North Coventry township, Chester county. Four of his children were carried off during the month of December, with diptheria. Mary Elizabeth, aged ten years and ten months, died on the 4th of December. When she was taken ill, a twin brother, Jacob, who was living from home, was called to her bedside, and was served with the disease a few days after. He died on the 27th. On the 28th, Samuel, aged five years, died, and was buried in the same grave with Jacob. On the 30th, Traville, the baby, died, aged eighteen months.

SLEIGHING ACCIDENT.—HORSE INJURED.—On Saturday night, a young man named Carling, belonging in the city, met with an unfortunate accident while driving a two horse sleigh along the plank road in the vicinity of Perrysville. One of the horses got a foot lashed between the planks, when the animal fell and fractured the limb, which completely disabled it. The occupants of the sleigh escaped uninjured. The horse belongs to S. H. Patterson, of this city, and was worth about $140. The injury may not render it totally useless, but it will probably never be sound again.

MURDER WILL OUT.—On Saturday last, a man named John Trump, of Fishing Creek Valley, was arrested near Harrisburg on charge of having, about four years ago, caused the death, by strangulation, of the wife of his brother Samuel, Mrs. Sarah Trump. The information was made by another brother named George Trump, upon whose oath the defendant was committed for trial at the next Court. It appears that family difficulties and altercations led to the exposure of the crime with which the prisoner stands charged; and circumstances, recently developed, are strongly against him.

PARDON OF JOHN DISHAM.—This young man, convicted of assault and battery with intent to kill Christian Klein, proprietor of a lager beer saloon on Smithfield street, on the night of July 13th, 1860, received a pardon from Gov. Packer, on Saturday, and was released from the Penitentiary. He was tried in October 1859, and was sentenced to undergo six imprisonment of two years and six months.

NOT YET BURIED.—The lady whom we mentioned as having apparently died at Wheeling on Saturday, the 5th inst., had not been buried on Saturday last—having lain in a trance (as is supposed) during the entire week. The body is still warm, and her husband will not consent to her interment until decomposition is developed. This is certainly a most remarkable case.

Suit About a Panorama—Alleged False Pretences.

On Monday afternoon, a suit of a somewhat novel character was preferred before Alderman Donaldson, by Dr. J. T. Gooden, proprietor of the "Panorama of the Bible," which was lately exhibited in this city. Dr. Gooden alleges that after the holidays he leased the panorama to Robert D. Clark, mathematical instrument maker of this city—Clark agreeing to pay the sum of two hundred dollars for the paintings, at the rate of twenty-five dollars per month. In case the contract was not fulfilled by Clark, he was to deliver up the panorama, at any time, and less whatever he might have paid upon it. The doctor further alleges that Clark obtained possession of the panorama by representing that he had property in Birmingham and in South Pittsburgh, and that he would be fully able to keep his contract.

The panorama passed into Clark's possession, and was removed to Wheeling, Va., where the new proprietor engaged a hall, and after investing a few dollars in printer's ink, awaited the result of his speculation. Whether the Wheelingites are deficient in taste for the fine arts, or whether they regard themselves sufficiently versed in Biblical matters, we cannot say, but the panorama failed to bring in the quarters, and was seized upon for some thirty dollars indebtedness for hall rent, etc. Under these circumstances, Clark returned to the city, and under that clause of the contract which provided for the delivery of the panorama to the original owner at any time, informed Dr. Gooden that the "show" was at Wheeling, and he could get possession of it by paying off the old scores. The doctor regarded this as a rather cool proceeding, and Clark was forthwith arrested upon a charge of false pretense.

The parties met at the Alderman's, but they could come to no satisfactory conclusion, and the case was held over for a few days, in hopes that the matter may be amicably arranged.

Court of Quarter Sessions.

Before Judges McClure, Parke and Adams.

Monday, Jan. 14.—Com. vs. Robert Gillespie, Charles Cuthbert and Frank V. Bonnafon; indicted for assault and battery, on oath of W. R. Nicholson. The parties are all more lads, residing in the First ward, this city. It appears that the prosecutor, who works at a coach factory, on Diamond alley, and boards at the Scottia House, in the Diamond, while accompanying a young lady, (who boards at the same house,) from the house of a friend in the First ward, on the evening of the 11th of November last, was attacked by a party of half a dozen young lads, and severely cut and bruised on the head with some kind of missiles. The parties indicted, it was in evidence, were in the crowd about the time of the assault, but the prosecutor could only identify Cuthbert as having struck him. The testimony disclosed that there had been some previous disturbance between the parties, in a club of which they were members. The prosecutor testified that he thought he was mistaken as to Bonnafon assaulting him, and other witnesses stated that Nicholson ran away when the fuss commenced. Mr. Selden, for Bonnafon, and afterwards Mr. Collier, for Gillespie, asked that a verdict be immediately entered in Bonnafon's case, (there being no evidence to implicate him,) for the purpose of offering him as a witness. The Court refused the application. On trial.

District Court.

Monday, Jan. 14.—Before Judge Hampton

Samuel A. Woods vs. James Hays. Action of ejectment for the undivided three-fourths of a tract of land containing three hundred and eight acres; known as the "Liberty farm," and located on the Monongahela river, opposite Lock No. 2. There has already been a recovery of one-fourth of this land, by ejectment, and the present action is for the remaining three-fourths. The land is underlaid with coal, and very valuable. On trial.

Before Judge Williams.—Nelson Campbell vs. H. Lacock. An action to recover $515,15, with interest, being the amount of a judgment obtained by the plaintiff against Messrs. Geissinger & Getty, of Allegheny, for the amount of which it is alleged Lacock became guarantor. The jury found a verdict for plaintiff for $624 17.

Campbell Stewart vs. Abraham Patterson. The history of this case is as follows: The plaintiff, a resident of Allegheny, while walking along the wharf in this city, some months since, was struck by a board which blew off a scaffolding erected by the defendant under the eaves of a warehouse on Water street. The accident happened on Sunday, during a high wind. The plaintiff sliegge ces. licensee, and lays his damages at $1,000. The defendant claims that ordinary care and caution were used in the erection of the scaffolding, and that the accident is attributable to the extraordinary high wind which prevailed at the time. The case was still on trial at the hour of adjournment.

Young Men's Library Association—Annual Meeting—Reports, etc.

The annual meeting of the Young Men's Mercantile Library Association was held last evening at their rooms, on Fourth street—Hon. David Ritchie, President, in the Chair, and W. H. Kincaid, Secretary.

The annual report of the Board of Directors was read by the President, Mr. Ritchie, in which he alludes to the large number of valuable books now in the Library, and calls special attention to the fact that any person can have access to all these works by paying the small sum of four dollars per annum. In fact, he can make this choice collection of literature his own, so far as the free use of it is concerned, and it is strange that every man of taste in the city does not promptly enrol his name upon the books of the association. It is still more strange that many of the members have neglected to pay their subscriptions during the year.

The President closes his report by thanking those gentlemen who have made donations of books to the Library during the past year.

Mr. Kincaid then read the report of the Librarian, G. E. Appleton, Esq., from which we condense as follows:

OUR BOOK TABLE.

The Teachings of Particles and Statesmen; or the "Founders of the Republic," so Plainly. By E. B. Chase, Esq., with a Portrait of Washington. Philadelphia: J. W. Bradley, 48 N. Fourth street, 1860. Agent, G. W. Hunt, room 32, Girard House, Pittsburgh.

Mr. Chase, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., has here given the public a very useful and seasonable book. It is mainly a compilation from "reports of Debates and other reliable sources" of the speeches of the "Founders of the Republic," showing their opinions on the question of Slavery, as expressed in the Congress of the Confederation in convention to form the Constitution, and in the several State Conventions to ratify the same. It is interesting and profitable to compare the positions and views of the past generation of great men of the Southern States with those of the Wises, and Hunters, and Toombes, and Davises, and Wigfalls, who are now her representative men. In this useful compilation of Mr. Chase we have not only the opinions of Washington, Jefferson, Madison, and a dozen others of the Southern men of those glorious days of the past, but we have also the opinions of their Northern compatriots, Hamilton, Adams, Franklin, &c, &c.—in fact we have in compact form a complete history of opinion on the subject of Slavery as it has existed in the United States "from the beginning even until now."

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY.—The annual election for Directors of this sterling institution, was held at their office, in the Bank Block, Fifth street, yesterday. No change was made in the board, excepting that John Irwin, jr., was chosen in place of John A. Wilson, whose removal to Philadelphia left a vacancy to be filled. The new board is constituted as follows:

Isaac Jones, C. G. Hussey, Harvey Childs, Capt. R. C. Gray, John Irwin, jr., B. L. Fahnestock, John D. McCord, Capt. Adam Jacobs, R. B. Stratton, Capt. Wm. Dean, R. L. McGraw, Robert H. Davis.

CHARTIERS VALLEY RAILROAD.—The annual election for directors of the Chartiers Valley Railroad Company, was held at their office in this city yesterday. Very little interest was manifested in the result, and but few stockholders attended the meeting. The following are the names of the Directors chosen:

J. K. Moorhead, Jacob Painter, Isaac Jones, John H. Ewing, D. T. Morgan, Daniel Houston, William Park.

CONVENTION OF MINISTERS AND ELDERS.—A large convocation of ministers and elders of the Presbyterian Church will meet this evening, in Dr. Paxton's church, Wood street, to consult in regard to the state of religion. The exercises will be opened by a sermon, and the convention will remain in session during Wednesday and Thursday. It is expected that some two hundred ministers will be in attendance.

FATAL ACCIDENT BY FIRE.—The other day in Steubenville, a child of John McAdam, was so badly burned that it died a few hours afterwards. The child was eleven years old and insane from its birth. It caught fire while its parents were attending the funeral of a neighbor. An older sister was also badly burned in extinguishing the flames.

HORRIBLE.—A few days ago, a child apparently about two years old, was found in the rear of a church at Altoona, with its throat cut. A colored girl, employed in the Altoona House, was arrested on suspicion of being the mother and murderer. She confessed her guilt and is now in prison awaiting her trial.

COMMITMENT LODGED.—James Moore, recently arrested in Allegheny upon a charge of larceny, and the same who shot at Officer Riddle while being arrested, had another charge preferred against him yesterday, by R. G. Say, who deposes that the said Moore stole a pistol from him. A commitment was lodged by Wm. Taylor.

ALLEGHENY GERMAN LETTER LIST.—The *Freedom's Friend & Courier* has been awarded the official publication of the Letter Lists, in German, for Allegheny city post office, the publishers of that paper having proven to the Postmaster that their circulation was larger than that of any German paper published in the district.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. C. Sill, No. 246 Penn street, attends to all branches of the Dental profession. ‡

DOCTOR C. BARLS, Water Cure and Homopathic Physician; also agent for Rainbow's celebrated Truss for Ruptures. No. 130 Smithfield St. ‡

ALL should not fail to read the advertisement of Prof. Wood, to-day's paper. ‡

TO LET.—The FOURTH STORY of the GAZETTE BUILDING, for a term of five years or less, on reasonable terms. Apply to R. HERBERT, Gazette Counting Room.

BOOK-KEEPING, PENMANSHIP and MATHEMATICS taught both day and evening, by experienced and skillful instructors, at the Iron City College, corner of Penn and St. Clair sts. *Read only one of our ads.* jaldeltfdawtw2

Practical Benevolence—A Fund for Needy Workmen.

Business is now quite dull, and there are numerous mechanics and laborers out of employment. While we hear nothing like pinching want or starvation, still there are many families in the two cities who need assistance, and a fund for their relief should by all means be provided. In view of this end, we cheerfully give place to the following correspondence, hoping that the example of liberality will be promptly followed by other wealthy corporations:

IRON CITY TRUST COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, Jan. 14, 1861.

Dear Sir:—Enclosed you will please find certificate of deposit of this bank, for $200, which amount I have been instructed to place in your hands in behalf of this institution, to be distributed as in your judgment may seem proper, to any worthy mechanics, laborers or others, now unfortunately out of employment. Very respectfully,

R. G. SCHMERTZ, Cashier.

The above liberal donation was acknowledged by Mayor Wilson in the following note:

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, Jan., 14, 1861.

R. G. Schmertz, Esq.—Dear Sir:—Your kind favor of this date is received, inclosing certificate of deposit from the Iron City Trust Company for $200, circumstances, Clark returned to the city, and under that clause of the contract which provided for the delivery of the panorama to the original owner at any time, informed Dr. Gooden that the "show" was at Wheeling, and he could get possession of it by paying off the old scores. The doctor regarded this as a rather cool proceeding, and Clark was forthwith arrested upon a charge of false pretense.

The parties met at the Alderman's, but they could come to no satisfactory conclusion, and the case was held over for a few days, in hopes that the matter may be amicably arranged.

Who will make the next contribution to the Poor fund?

PROF. HAMBUGER met a fine turn-out of our citizens in Concert Hall last night, and the many valuable gifts distributed at the close of the performance, made quite an interesting *finale*, which seemed greatly to delight all parties. He gives another entertainment to-night, when like valuable gifts will be distributed, and no doubt Concert Hall will again be well filled.

ELECTION OF CITY OFFICERS IN ALLEGHENY.—The Councils of Allegheny will meet this evening, in joint session, for the purpose of electing a City Treasurer, and other city officers to serve for the ensuing year. It is likely that most of the old incumbents will be retained, but there will be opposition enough to make the election interesting.

ABUSING HIS WIFE.—Samuel M'Bratney, residing on Ann street, Allegheny, was arrested yesterday on complaint of his wife, whom he had compelled to flee from the house with a sick child in her arms. The man was very much intoxicated, and was locked up until his reason would return.

MAN MISSING.—A German carpet weaver, named Sumser, living in Duquesne borough, has been missing for several days past, and it is feared that he has committed suicide. He made an attempt to hang himself a few weeks since on account of some domestic trouble.

FALSE PRETENCE CASE.—A young man named James C. Reed, said to be very respectably connected, and son of a merchant residing in Philadelphia, is now confined in our jail upon a charge of obtaining board by false pretenses, preferred by James Shannon.

ALLEGED BURGLAR ARRESTED.—A young man named Wm. Hall, was lodged in jail, on Sunday, by Justice Janney, of St. Lawrenceville, charged on oath of Sophia Whitfield, with having forcibly entered her house and stolen a lot of goods. The articles have not yet been recovered.

OFFICES TO LET.—Offices on the second floor of Lyons' New Building, Fifth street, next to the post office, (the best location in the city.) To let also two large rooms on the 3d floor, and two on the fourth floor—all well lighted, and heated by steam. Apply to Hunt & Miner.

ARRAN JACOBS, a resident of Coitsville, Mahoning county, Ohio, aged some eighty years, fell through a hatchway through his barn loft, a few days ago, and received injuries which terminated in his death about three hours after the accident.

The opening sermon of the Convention for Prayer will be preached in the First Presbyterian church this evening, at 7 o'clock.

NEW BOOKS, late Papers and Magazines can always be had at Hunt & Miner's.

The Military Guard at the Sub-Treasury, St. Louis.

The presence of a military guard of forty soldiers, and one officer commanding, in the sub-treasury of. St. Louis, was the cause of attracting crowds round the Custom House all day, we learn from the great deal more curiosity and excitement than the circumstances warranted. The Custom House is the property of the General Government, and it has a perfect right to occupy it with troops. True there is no apparent necessity for placing a guard over the sub-treasury, but when every hour brings tidings of the seizure of government buildings and property by traitors, to co operation with whom an organization in this city is publicly pledged, is it any wonder that the military authorities should adopt some precaution over here? If they erred in this instance they erred on the right side, and are entitled to our thanks rather than the criticisms of the public.—*St. Louis Dem.*

BLOOD FOOD.—Attention is called to this most remarkable and scientific preparation, advertised in another column. It is an entirely new discovery, and must be regarded with any of the numerous great medicines of the day. It is a certain remedy for all the diseases specified, and especially those of a chronic nature—of long standing—of years, months, and yes, even days, try it!

Messrs. CHURCH & DUPONT, of New York, are the sole agents for it, and also proprietors of the world renowned Dr. RADWAY'S INVAPID COERIAL, an article which every Mother should have in her medicine chest in case of cramp and containing, as it does, no paregoric or opiate of any kind, it can be given with the utmost confidence, and will be found an invaluable specific in all cases of infantile complaints.—*Ohio State Journal, Columbus.*

☞ See advertisement. For sale by GEO. H. KEYSER, Agent, 140 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa. delTdAwlmW

LUNCH SERVED UP EVERY MORNING, from 10 till 12, by G. W. SCHACKLNITZER, jan. 14:3:12w *corner Wylie and Fifth Sts.*

SAPONIFIER!

Important to Families!

Save Time, Trouble, and Expense.

THE BEST ARTICLE IN THE MARKET FOR MAKING

SOFT SOAP!

One pound equal to Six pounds

POTASH!!

For Sale at Wholesale, by

Penn'a. Salt Manufact'g. Co.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

And by all Druggists & Grocers in the United States.

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EVERYBODY SHOULD SUBSCRIBE!

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A strictly conservative Monthly Publication, containing 64 pages form. Consisting of Political, Commercial and Literary Reviews on all current events; New Publications of Works of Art, together with a Monthly Summary of Foreign and Domestic News. Also, an original series of Biographical, Historical and Scientific Articles and Elegant Literature, by the most able writers of the day in every department.

EVERY MERCHANT, LAWYER, CLERGYMAN, SENATOR,

And in fact every man of taste, position or influence should have it.

THE AMERICAN CONSERVATIVE REVIEW will be strictly neutral in its character, and will endeavor, in all emergencies, to suggest a line of policy, that conciliantly with right and justice, may tend to allay all party or sectional feeling, and reconcile to each other the hostile elements that now threaten to fill the future agitate the public mind.

N. B. The first number of the AMERICAN CONSERVATIVE REVIEW will be issued on the 1st of February, 1861.

PUBLISHED MONTHLY, AT $5 00 PER YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE,

BY J. HERBERT,

32 Beekman street, New York.

N. B. Letters containing subscriptions and all other communications, should be addressed to the *American Conservative Review*, New York.

First-class Agents wanted in every city of the United States. jal:TU:TH:SatTf

ROMAN EYE BALSAM.—For Weak and Inflamed Eyes. Read the following testimony:

BRIGHTWOOD, January 7th, 1861.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: Your Roman Eye Balsam, which I was recommended to me for my daughter's eyes, has acted on them like a charm. Her eyes, which had for several months been very much swollen and inflamed, after a few weeks' use of the Balsam, were perfectly cured and well as ever. Yours truly, M. POLET.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, 100 Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold also by Druggists generally. jaSdlwtwlltF

STEINWAY'S PIANOS.

A choice new stock of the celebrated STEINWAY & SONS'

New York Pianos,

is arrive soon.

H. KLEBER & BRO., 65 Fifth st.,

no29 Sole Agents for Steinway & Sons' Unrivaled Pianos.

FRESH CONSIGNMENTS—

100 sacks Sun-Cracked Corn,
125 do do Apples,
500 bus White Beans, 5 bbls Eggs, fresh;
40 bbls Stars Apples, 10 do Butter, for sale by

L. G. GRAFF, 98 Liberty st.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RECEIVED AT THE DAILY GAZETTE OFFICE.

XXXVIth Congress—Second Session.

WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 14.

HOUSE.—Mr. English, of Indiana, asked leave to offer the following resolution:

Resolved, That the present alarming condition of the country imperatively demands that Congress should take immediate steps to preserve the Union, by removing, as far as possible, all causes of sectional irritation and division; and to that end patriotism should prompt a cheerful surrender of all partizan prejudices and minor difficulties of opinion, and this House, believing the plan of adjustment proposed by Hon. John J. Crittenden in the Senate on Dec. 18th, 1860, would be an equitable and honorable compromise, involving no sacrifice to any party or section that should not promptly be made for the sake of the inestimable blessings of peace and a united country, hereby instruct the Committee of Thirty-three heretofore appointed by the House to report without delay the necessary measures to carry that plan into practical effect.

Mr. Lovejoy, of Illinois, and other Republicans, objected.

Mr. English said that at the proper time he would move a suspension of the rules.

Mr. Garnett, of Virginia, introduced a joint resolution to suspend the execution of the federal laws within certain States. Referred to the Select Committee on the President's special message.

Mr. Harris, of Virginia, introduced a bill to revive the tariff act of 1846. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. McKeon, of N. Y., introduced a bill to repeal so much of the revenue act as relates to the collection of duty on imports in South Carolina. Referred to the Select Committee of five.

Mr. Pendleton, of O., introduced a bill making Cincinnati a port of entry. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. Adrain, of N. J., presented the proceedings of a public meeting of workingmen and mechanics at Newark, N. J. on the 9th inst., on the present condition of the country. He stated that the resolutions breathe a compromising spirit and devotion to the constitution and the Union. Referred to the committee of 33

Mr. Vance, of North Carolina, remarked that the gentleman had often spoken for bucombe, he now wanted bucombe to speak for itself in relation to the conditions of the country. He presented the proceedings of a meeting of the people of that county.

Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, asked whether the proceedings were in earnest.

Mr. Vance—Bucombe never speaks except when she is in earnest. [Laughter.]

The proceedings were referred to the Committee of 33.

Mr. Maynard, of Tenn., offered a resolution instructing the Select Committee on the President's special message to consider that portion which recommends to a vote of the people, the questions at issue between the different sections of the country and report back some plan, in their mind, and that the committee report thereon, as an early day by bill or joint resolution. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Holman, of Ind., offered a resolution declaring that the right of a State to withdraw from the Union is not countenanced by the House or recognized by the constitution, but is wholly inconsistent with that instrument, and neither Congress nor the President is invested with the authority to recognize any State once admitted, except as a state of the Union; that the power to protect the public property should be exercised; that the Committee on Judiciary inquire and report whether the laws are now sufficient for this purpose and if not, that they report a bill giving additional powers by the employment of the navy or other; if not, then

Mr. Gartrell, of Ga., wanted to offer a substitute.

Mr. Bennett, of Ky., desired to offer the Crittenden Compromise so that the House might decide between the two resolutions.

A debate arising on the subject, it lies over.

Mr. English, of Ind., again offered his resolution, but the House, by a small majority, refused to second the demand for the previous question to vote thereon.

Mr. Stanton, of Ohio, moved to make the special order for to-morrow, the bill to provide for organizing and disciplining the militia of the District of Columbia.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, on the army appropriation bill.

Mr. McClernand made an eloquent speech for the Union.

Mr. Cox, of Ohio, followed.

Mr. Reagan, of Texas, obtained the floor.

The committee then rose and the House adjourned.

SENATE.—Mr. Bigler, of Pa., presented a bill proposing amendments to the constitution, to be submitted to the people, for their ratification or rejection, on the 12th of February.

Mr. Wilson, of Mass., moved its reference to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Bigler objected.

Mr. Trumbull said that this bill proposes amendments to the constitution of the United States. So important a bill, changing the fundamental law of the country, should be referred to the committee.

Mr. Pugh, of Ohio, said that he was unwilling to have the bill go to the Committee of Thirty, in the absence of the Senator from Kentucky, Mr. Crittenden. He denied that it was an attempt to interfere with the rights of the people

Mr. Harris, of Virginia, said that the Senate was not justified in filling the bill in the absence of the Senators from the Southern States.

Mr. Wilson withdrew his motion to refer, and the subject was postponed.

Mr. Grimes, of Iowa, presented a resolution requesting the President to communicate any information he may have regarding any attempts that have been made or contemplated by any large body, or men to interfere with the free navigation of the Mississippi river, and what efforts have been made to suppress the same. Laid over.

Mr. Mason, of Va., called up his resolution asking the Secretary of War to communicate any information in his possession in relation to reinforcements for Charleston and the other Southern posts.

Mr. Clark, of N. H., offered an amendment, substituting "that the President of the United States be requested to communicate, if not incompatible with the public interest, such information to the Senate."

Mr. Pugh, of Ohio, took the floor on Mr. Hunter's resolution for withdrawing the United States forces from the seceding States.

Mr. Bigler's bill to provide for taking the sense of the people of the several States on certain proposed amendments to the constitution of the United States is as follows:

WHEREAS, The Union is in imminent danger of final dissolution, the consequence of a prolonged strife about the institution of African slavery; and

WHEREAS, It is believed that legislative remedies are insufficient to meet and remove the cause of impending danger, and are unauthorized by the constitution can only be submitted by a vote of two-thirds of both houses of Congress, and owing to the unhappy divisions existing in these houses, it is not believed that the assent of two-thirds of the members can ever be had to such amendments of the constitution as would reconcile the differences between the North and the South; and

WHEREAS, It is a cardinal principle of our representative system that the representative shall obey the will of the people, it is deemed proper and necessary to ask the opinion and judgment of the people of the several States on the proposed amendments to the constitution, with a view to their submission by a vote of two-thirds in each branch of Congress for the ratification of the States, as provided in the constitution, thereby restoring to our distracted country its accustomed peace and prosperity. Therefore be

Resolved, That the following articles be and they are hereby proposed, submitted as amendments to the Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid, to all intents and purposes, as part of said Constitution when ratified by conventions in three-fourths of the States, and for that purpose

Article 1st. That the territory now held or that may hereafter be acquired by the United States, shall be divided by a line from east to west on parallel 36 degrees 30 minutes north latitude.

Article 2. That in all territory north of said line of latitude, involuntary servitude, except as punishment for crime, is prohibited, and in all territory south of said line, involuntary servitude as it now exists in States south of Mason and Dixon's line, is hereby recognized, and shall be sustained and protected by all departments of territorial government and when any territory north or south of said line, within such boundaries as Congress may prescribe, shall contain the population requisite for a member of Congress, according to the then federal ratio of representation of people of the United States, it shall then be the duty of Congress to admit such territory into the Union on terms of equality with the original States.

Article 3. Congress is not to have power to abolish slavery in places under its exclusive jurisdiction, and situate within the limits of States that permits the holding of slaves, nor shall Congress have power to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia, so long as it exists in the States of Maryland or Virginia, or either of them, nor without just compensation being first made to the owners of such slaves.

Article 4. That in addition to the provisions of the 3d paragraph of the 2d Section of the 4th Article of the Constitution of the United States, that Congress shall have power to provide by law and it shall be its duty ever to provide that the United States shall pay the owner who shall apply for it, the full value of his fugitive slave, in all cases where the Marshall or other officer, whose duty it was to arrest said fugitive, was prevented from so doing by violence or intimation, or when, after arrest, said fugitive was rescued by force, and the owner prevented and obstructed in the pursuit of his remedy for the recovery of his fugitive slave, under said clause of the Constitution and the laws made in pursuance thereof, and in all such cases when the United States shall pay for such fugitive they shall have the right in their own name to sue the county in which said violence or intimidation or menace was committed, and to recover from it with interest, damage to the amount paid by them for said fugitive slaves, and the said county, after it has paid said amount to the United States, may for its indemnity sue and recover from the wrong doers and rescuers by whom the owner was prevented from the recovery of his fugitive slave, in like manner as the owner himself might have sued and recovered.

Article 5. Congress shall have no power to prohibit or hinder the transportation of slaves from one State to another, or to a territory, in which slaves are by law permitted to be held, whether the transportation be by land, navigable rivers or seas; but the African slave trade shall never be revived except by the unanimous consent of both branches of Congress.

Article 6. Hereafter, the President of the United States shall hold office during the term of six years, and shall not be eligible to re-election.

Article 7th. The Constitution shall not be hereafter amended as to destroy the effect of the 3d paragraph of the 2d section of the first article of the Constitution, nor so as to authorise Congress to interfere with or destroy any domestic institution of States without the consent of all the States.

Mr. Polk advocated peaceable dissolution so that the Union could be reconstructed.

A motion prevailed fixing half-past 12 o'clock tomorrow for the consideration of the resolutions, and the Senate adjourned.

Latest from Charleston.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 14.—It is believed by many that Maj. Anderson shot two mutineers at Fort Sumter, last week, and rumors are afloat to more are in chains. It is also said that one escaped to Charleston, and was returned by the authorities. Some of the officers share that this is all fudge; there is no truth in any of it.

A resolution was passed by the legislature unanimously, declaring that any attempt to reinforce Fort Sumter will be regarded as an act of open hostility and a declaration of war. Also approving of the act and the promptness of the military in firing on the Star of the West, and promising support to the Governor in all measures of defence. A resolution was offered by Mr. Brawley, inquiring of the Governor why the work in the Causeway between Fort Moultrie and the main land had been stopped. A resolution was adopted instructing the military to fire a salute of 15 rounds for each seceding State.

There are signs of peace, but it is believed that the effect that the State shall declare herself out of the Union unless Congress and the non-slaveholding States give a speedy guarantee by adopting measures more effectually guarding the rights of the South. Laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

The House agreed to the senate's amendments to the Convention bill.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 14.—The following is one of a series of resolutions passed in the Ohio Senate and House on Saturday:

Resolved, That we hail with joy the recent firm, dignified and patriotic special Message of the President of the United States, and that the whole power and resources of Ohio are hereby pledged, whenever necessary, and demanded for the maintenance, under strict subordination to the civil authority of the Constitution and laws of the general government by whomsoever administered.

BOSTON, Jan. 14.—Messrs. Mason & Hamlin's Melodeon factory was destroyed by fire this morning, together with a large number of instruments. Loss, $35,000.

BOSTON, Jan. 14.—The U. S. sloop-of-war Macedonian, from Portsmouth, N. H., passed the highland light this morning, bound South, with sealed orders.

WATERTON, Jan. 14.—The Rev. Mr. Philips' Congregational Church was burned this morning. It cost $20,000

Regular Weekly Packet,

For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Pomeroy, Point Pleasant, Gallipolis, Gyandotte, Catlettsburgh, Ironton and Portsmouth.

THE new and elegant steamer MAILLIE LIST, Capt. J. Thornton Powell will leave Pittsburgh EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING at 10 o'clock, for Portsmouth and all intermediate landings. Returning, will leave Portsmouth for Pittsburgh every FRIDAY at 12 o'clock m. For freight or passage apply on board, or to FLACK, HARNER & CO., Agt's.

REGULAR TUESDAY PACKET.

FOR MAYSVILLE.—The fine new steamer EMMA GRAHAM,