Remarks of Hon. Thomas Williams, of Allegheny county, in the House of Representatives, at Harrisburg, on the resolutions of Mr. Leisenring, to refer the 95th and 96th sections of the Penal Code to the State Supreme Court for its opinion.

Mr. Williams. It strikes me that the objections to this proposition, novel and extraordinary as it is, are so obvious as to present themselves upon the surface, and to require no extraordinary deliberation on the part of the House. I agree with the gentleman who have spoken, in the opinion that the proposition involves a reflection upon this House, in implying that we are not competent to the performance of our own duty, and asking that we shall go outside to take the opinions of men not themselves qualified, is, I think, in a very extraordinary way, to pass upon constitutional questions, and deriving any influence that they may exercise throughout the State purely from the positions which the people have thought proper to give them. If I were disposed to agree with gentlemen here that there are not men in both these Houses quite as able to investigate these questions—that these Houses are not quite as capable to pass upon them, as the judges of the Supreme Court,—I should propose that you should go elsewhere for information. I should prefer that you should take your appeal to the best lawyers in the Commonwealth, and I think you will not find them upon the bench of the Supreme Court. [A member: "That's so!"] I think the profession is agreed upon that question; I think we are all agreed throughout this State, that that court wants the confidence of the profession, and I think it equally wants the confidence of the people.

We know that the law has become so uncertain that our reports are like almanacs—they endure but for a year. In the same volume we find contradictory decisions, impinging against each other. To such an extent has this prevailed, that it has become almost a State necessity that we should have a re-organization of that court.

When I speak thus, I do not speak for myself merely; I reiterate the language which fell from the late Chief Justice of that Court, now the Secretary of State under the General Government. In an opinion delivered by him in the case, I think of Hole vs. Rittenhouse, he declared that the law has now become so uncertain that no man can consider his title good for more than nine years. To the arbitrament of such a tribunal, it is now proposed to submit these questions. I think that when gentlemen ascertain the rules of construction which have prevailed in that court in regard to constitutional provisions, they will no doubt whether the members of that tribunal are the oracles to which we ought to refer.

This is not all. Looking to the position which these men occupy, I feel very well assured that they would decline the responsibility which this Legislature proposes to cast upon them. This general voyage of exploration upon which you propose to send them, is not within their province as judges. They may hereafter be called to pass upon these questions in regular form. They are asked now to volunteer (for it would be volunteering) an extra-judicial opinion, which they might find it necessary hereafter, upon the advice and arguments of counsel, to take back again—if they paid respect, (as I confess they do not generally,) to such arguments. When we carry a case to the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, we suppose that it is to be argued by counsel; that much light may be and will be thrown upon it by the researches of learned men from every quarter of the Commonwealth. Most Courts would look and do look in that direction for instruction. They do not pretend upon any question to make up their opinions in advance. It is with the aid furnished by the investigations of learned lawyers, that tribunals of this description pass upon the causes which are submitted to them. Now, you ask these men—men of a peculiar political faith—to pass *ex parte*, without a hearing, upon a question of this sort, embracing an examination of all our statute books, and looking to popular or political indications which have for the first time suggested it. I say, that if the members of that Court have regard to the delicacy which should always characterize a Court, which should always govern a Court in the execution of its highest trust, they would altogether decline the mission with which it is proposed to entrust them.

But, Mr. Speaker, there are other objections. It is assumed here that there are grave doubts in regard to the constitutionality of these laws. Whence came these doubts? What authority is there for an opinion that they are unconstitutional? Does the Executive think so? Has he said so? No; but the very contrary; he tells you that there is no doubt as to their constitutionality. But we are asked to remove them from our statute books, not because they are wrong, but merely in deference to a morbid opinion in regard to them which is supposed to prevail in the Southern slave States of this Union. I do not think for my own part that it is worth while to go out of our way to propitiate those States. They are estranged from us now. No amount of concession will appease them. You can do but one thing—(I suggest it for the consideration of gentlemen here)—you must say that you consent that they shall govern us; you must upturn the majority principle in this nation. In no other way can you appease this insatiable spirit. There is no peace offering which you can lay upon its altar that will satisfy it.

But I desire, Mr. Speaker, that we shall wait until we are called upon in a formal way. It is admitted upon all hands that there is nothing wrong upon our statute book. Why should we hurry to explore it—to search for sins? Why should we promise expurgation. If the Southern States have cause of complaint, let them come to us in the regular way, through the proper channels, and we will look into our statute books to ascertain whether the matters of which they complain be right or wrong. If they be right, then it is my judgment that they shall stand; if they be wrong, I would be the first man to redress that wrong.

Interesting Letter from an Officer at Fort Sumter.

The Troy *Times* publishes two letters from an officer under command of Maj. Anderson to his father in Troy. The first was written from Fort Moultrie before its evacuation, in which he speaks of the preparation for an attack, of a steamer which came down every night to watch the movements at the fort and to prevent reinforcements, of the expectations that Fort Sumter would be seized, and that then they should be the centre of a triangle, exposed to the fires from each point. He says further:

"We are now so strong that we expect to give such an account of ourselves as our friends need not be ashamed of. Yet it will be almost unexampled in history that so small a force should deliberately prepare for what everybody now sees must be the result.

There have been not a few offers of aid from the northern States. Regiments would come, and in plenty, and it is indeed one of the most cheering passages in our anxious experience that we have evidence of practical sympathy. But not a man will be accepted, unless by order of the proper Department at Washington. We will try to sustain the credit of our position with these few. The spirit of the men is noble; they are perfectly [illegible] in the determination of doing their duty, and perhaps one of the best evidences of their conduct can be found in the fact that not a man has deserted, or been drunk, for nearly three months."

The other letter is as follows:

"Fort Sumter, Evening, Dec. 26.

My Dear Father: Before this reaches you, you will probably have learned that we have literally taken the bull by the horns. Soon after sunset, this evening, we evacuated Fort Moultrie, and are now established in this impregnable fortress, where we are perfectly unapproachable; while, at the same time, we command perfectly the harbor and Fort Moultrie itself. Vessels have been sent down every night and have watched us closely, with a view to prevent this very move, but we have weathered them. Hurrah for Major Anderson! We have [illegible] that is not afraid of responsibility, and [illegible] judgment and a better sense of duty than have ordinarily guided public men.

At Fort Moultrie we could not fail to have succumbed before the large force that was probably on the point of being launched against us. Between batteries, a close fire of riflemen and a few columns of assault, we must have been forced to yield; although it would not have been without the loss, perhaps of every man there.

Major Anderson has been delighted with the temper and spirit of this little command, not a man of which would have flinched from any struggle that might have befallen us. We are not to be touched here. It is four times as large as Fort Moultrie, but the walls are sixty feet high, and no landing can be made. There is but one regret; that is, that Fort Moultrie should not have been blown up. To-night, however, everything that can be destroyed will be. I am sure a general feeling of relief will be experienced by the country at large at this step, taken solely upon Major Anderson's responsibility.

Not a man at the fort had the slightest intimation of this move, and only one or two officers, until the moment it was executed. Our property and the families are safe here, with six months provisions, hospital stores, &c. The guns at Moultrie are spiked and the flag-staff cut down, so that no Palmetto flag can ever float on that stick. There is already a great excitement in the city, signal rockets are fired from the island, but it was too late; we have decidedly got the bull by the muzzle. The revenue can be collected now, and the Administration can do its duty if it will.

We all think we have done the right thing, because we are stronger than ever; and although we left our old home with regret, and disliked much to waste the labor that has been lavished there, we are unquestionably now in our right place and position as soldiers and citizens. We did not leave from fear, but because there our blood would have been uselessly shed. Here, such a thing is impossible, unless these people are determined to butt their heads against these walls, and I hope they have brains enough left not to attempt that. To morrow morning, the stars and stripes will be hoisted over our new position, although the sight will sting South Carolina to the quick."

An Attack from Alabama upon the Forts at Pensacola.

The *Times* publishes the following from a letter dated at Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 4:

* * * I have no doubt but there is now on foot—indeed I may say I *know* there is—*a scheme to capture the forts and public works at Pensacola.* The plan has its headquarters at this place, no doubt, and preparations are now being made here to this end. The details are kept secret, of course, but the preparations are going on, and our military are to take a hand in it. *It is confidently expected that a considerable force will leave here in a few days.*

Now, you know that I am a loyal citizen of Alabama, and sufficiently opposed to all the schemes of the enemies of the South. But I look upon this movement as madness, just as I look upon the action of South Carolina in regard to the public property there. I consider it absolutely suicidal in every view of the case for the South to do anything to provoke hostilities. I do not despair of a final settlement. The trouble is with those who have got placed in the front rank by the force of circumstances, and are so far committed to extreme measures that they would sooner see their country ruined than give up their position. There are enough, however, in both sections to take care of the country, if they could only be heard.

Mr. Thompson's Resignation—His Letter to the President and the Reply.

Washington, January 8, 1861.—Sir: It is with extreme regret I have just learned that additional troops have been ordered to Charleston. This subject has been frequently discussed in Cabinet Council; and when on Monday night, 31st of December ultimo, the orders for reinforcements to Fort Sumter were countermanded, I distinctly understood from you that no order of the kind would be made without being previously considered and decided in Cabinet. It is true that on Wednesday, January 2d, this subject was again discussed in Cabinet, but certainly no conclusion was reached, and the War Department was not justified in ordering reinforcements without something more than was then said.

"I learn, however, this morning, for the first time, that the steamer Star of the West sailed from New York last Saturday night with two hundred and fifty men, under Lieut. Bartlett, bound for Fort Sumter. Under these circumstances I feel myself bound to resign my commission, as one of your Constitutional advisers, into your hands.

With high respect, your obedient servant,
J. Thompson."

His Excellency James Buchanan, President of the United States.

Washington, January 9, 1861.—Sir: I have received and accepted your resignation, on yesterday, of the office of Secretary of the Interior.

On Monday evening, 31st December, 1860, I suspended the orders which had been issued by the War and Navy Departments to send the Brooklyn with reinforcements to Fort Sumter. Of this I informed you on the same evening. I stated to you my reason for this suspension, which you knew, from its nature, would be speedily removed. In consequence of your request, however, I promised that these orders should not be renewed "without being previously considered and decided in Cabinet." This promise was faithfully observed on my part.

In order to carry it into effect, I called a special Cabinet meeting on Wednesday, 2d January, 1861, in which the question of sending reinforcements to Fort Sumter was amply discussed by yourself and others. The decided majority of opinion was against you. At this moment the answer of the South Carolina 'Commissioners' to my communication to them of the 31st of December was received and read. It produced much indignation among the members of the Cabinet. After a further brief conversation, I employed the following language: "It is now all over, and reinforcements must be sent." Judge Black said, at the moment of my decision, that after this letter the Cabinet would be unanimous, and I heard no dissenting voice. Indeed, the spirit and tone of the letter left no doubt on my mind that Fort Sumter would be immediately attacked, and hence the necessity of sending reinforcements there without delay.

Whilst you admit "that on Wednesday, January 2d, this subject was again discussed in Cabinet," you say, "but certainly no conclusion was reached, and the War Department was not justified in ordering reinforcements without something more than was then said." You are certainly mistaken in alleging that "no conclusion was reached." In this your recollection is entirely different from that of your four oldest colleagues in the Cabinet. Indeed, my language was so unmistakable that the Secretary of War and the Navy proceeded to act upon it without any further intercourse with myself than what you heard, or might have heard me say. You had been so emphatic in opposing these reinforcements that I thought you would resign in consequence of my decision. I deeply regret that you have been mistaken in point of fact, though I firmly believe honestly mistaken. Still it is certain you have not the less been mistaken.

James Buchanan.

Hon. Jacob Thompson.

Lord Brougham and Mr. Dallas.

In his last annual report on the finances the late Secretary Cobb briefly referred to the withdrawal of the American delegate—Mr. A. B. Longstreet, of South Carolina—from the International Statistical Congress, held in July, at London. It will be remembered that the cause of the withdrawal was the cheering which followed the alleged insult to Mr. Dallas by Lord Brougham in calling his attention to the presence of Dr. Delany, of Hayti, who belongs to a race whose rights white men are understood to be not bound to respect. "It is only necessary," said Mr. Cobb in his report, "to say that the withdrawal of Judge Longstreet from the Congress, and his refusal to return to its deliberations, received the entire approval of his government."

In looking over the volume of the financial report, just issued, we find the following official statement by Mr. Longstreet:

MR. LONGSTREET'S REPORT TO SECRETARY COBB.

London, July 21, 1860.

Sir—My mission to the International Statistical Congress terminated abruptly, even before the first regular meeting for the transaction of business.

At the appointed time, 16th inst., a preliminary meeting was called to appoint officers and arrange the order of business for the regular meetings. All the foreign delegates were declared to be Vice Presidents, and, by invitation of the Chairman, took their seats as such upon the stand. Lord Brougham was, I think, the last member of the Congress who entered the hall, and was applauded from the first glimpse of him until he took his seat—it was near to the left of the chair. Mr. Dallas appearing as a complimentary visitor, was seated to the right, in a rather conspicuous position. Things thus arranged, the assembly waited the presence of his Royal Highness the Prince Consort, who was to preside and open the meeting with an address. He soon appeared, delivered his address and took his seat.

As soon as he concluded and the long continued plaudits ceased, Lord Brougham rose, complimented the speech very highly and deservedly, and requested all who approved of it to hold up their hands. We did so, of course. This done, he turned to Mr. Dallas, and addressing him across the Prince's table, said: "I call the attention of Mr. Dallas to the fact that there is a negro present," ("or among the delegates,") "and I hope he will have no scruples on that account." This appeal was received by the delegates with general and enthusiastic applause. Silence being restored, the negro, who goes by the name of Delany, rose and said: "I thank your Royal Highness and Lord Brougham, and have only to say, that *I am a man.*" This too was applauded warmly by the delegates. I regarded this an ill-timed, unprovoked assault upon our country, a wanton indignity offered to our Minister, and a pointed insult offered to me. I immediately withdrew from the body. The propriety of my course is respectfully submitted to my Government.

What England can promise herself from exciting the ire of the United States I cannot divine. Surely there is nothing in the past history of the two countries which offers to her the least encouragement to seek contests with the great Republic, either national or individual. Will not her championship of the slave against his master be in full time when the slave shall complain of his lot and solicit her interference?

My reasons, more at large, for the course that I have pursued, will be found in the London *Morning Chronicle*, herewith transmitted, which in its slightly modified form I pray you regard as part of my report.

I am sir, your most obedient, humble servant,
A. B. Longstreet.

Hon. Howell Cobb, Secretary of the Treasury.

On the 28th of January, 1860, died in Munich, at the venerable age of eighty-three, the wife of Jean Paul—one of those characters, we are told, in whom contradictions usually regarded as irreconcilable, happily resolve themselves. Wife of one of the most celebrated men of the age, in much intercourse with the world, rich in recollections of a brilliant period, she was nevertheless the very ideal of artlessness—and though clinging to ancient friendships, she found her chief happiness in quiet seclusion. Keeping up the liveliest interest in knowledge and culture, so that even in her seventy second year she learned the English well enough to read it, and easily follow conversation in it, she was occupied early and late with household duties—even carrying on her knitting at table, we are told, with much minuteness, in the interval between the soup and meat—uniting with that, too, the keenest interest in spiritual things.

Nothing equalled the delight with which she won a new friend, if the soul which she looked for was there, or that with which she looked into the innocent eye of the child in whom lay much promise for the future, busy meanwhile with all possible earthly cares, yet laboring never for herself, but always for others; so far as possible in a human way she was *ohne Ich* (without I.) No personal enjoyment or comfort had any charm for her; she was so readily, even passionately, served all who came within her sphere, would receive no waiting upon from others. Caroline Richter, *nee* Mayer was born on the 7th of June, 1777—the second daughter of the Geh. Obertribunalsrath Mayer, in Berlin. Of her two sisters, one was married to Mahlman the other to Spazier, and later to Uhde; they were considered among the noticeable women of the time. At a dinner party, to which Jean Paul, as well as the Meyer family, were invited, the poet was so late that they had all given up expecting him; coming at last, they put next to Caroline Mayer; it was his first introduction to her, and one short hour convinced Jean Paul that he had now found the person whom he had been in search of so long.

In May, 1801, she became his wife; they fluctuated between Weimar, Meningen, and Coburg, till 1805, when they settled permanently in Baireuth. Two daughters and one son were born to them; the first cloud that darkened their happiness was the death of this son in his nineteenth year, in 1821, as we have seen. Four years afterwards, Jean Paul himself went the way of all the earth, shortly after he had begun the publication of the collected edition of his works. That object was taken up by his widow and manfully accomplished. The happiness of her two daughters was all that the widow lived for then—watching there, too, by the double grave in Baireuth. Not until in her seventieth year, when death seemed not far off, did she leave the beloved town, and remove to Munich, where both daughters dwelt. She lived with the elder, who had married Dr. Ernst Forster, in 1826, and this daughter dying in '53, she continued to live with her son-in-law. It was a sad bereavement, but there was one daughter still left and grand-children and great grandchildren.

Old age came upon her without its terrors and its sufferings—the mind clear and the heart warm though the step might not be so vigorous, perhaps. Only a few nights before her death, she read aloud as her wont was, with clear voice and firm intelligence. Her handwriting was firm and distinct to the last, as when sixty years before she wrote of the great happiness which had befallen her. But the strength failed at last, as the 27th of January she read the *Allgemeine Zeitung* from beginning to end—in bed; the next day she fell into a half awake, dreamy condition, which changed by degrees into the sleep that knows no waking. It is recorded as a curious thing, how in these last their happiness was the death of this son in his nineteenth year, in 1821, as we have seen. Four years afterwards, Jean Paul himself went the way of all the earth, shortly after he had begun the publication of the collected edition of his works. That task was taken up by his widow and manfully accomplished. The happiness of her two daughters was all that the widow lived for then—watching there, too, by the double grave in Baireuth. Not until after her seventieth year, when death seemed not far off, did she leave the beloved town, and remove to Munich, where both her daughters dwelt. She lived with the elder, who had married Dr. Ernst Forster, in 1826, and this daughter dying in 1853, she continued to live with her son-in-law. It was a sad bereavement, but there was one hour of parting between soul and body, the latter still sought to fulfill its earthly duties—how the hands moved, as if knitting, and then would fold themselves, as if to pray—and then would try to write, till at last they fell motionless—the long day's work done.—*Boston Transcript.*

For Sale & To Let.

FOR RENT—A comfortable two-story BRICK DWELLING, containing eight rooms, all in good order, No. 59 Colwell st. Inquire of WATT & WILSON, 268 Liberty st. ja10

FOR RENT OR LEASE.—The very large and commodious WAREHOUSE, No. 80 Water street four stories in hight, thirty-five feet in width, extending from Water to Front street, is offered for Rent or Lease on favorable terms. The building is at present occupied by Messrs. Isaiah Dickey & Co. Apply to ROBERT BEER, Duquesne Way. de29:tf

TO LET—STORE ROOM, No. 52 St. Clair st. Also, HALL, 60 by 35 feet, on third floor of Nos 52 and 54 St. Clair street, with three adjoining Class Rooms. Also, STORE ROOM, No. 46 St. Clair street, with Hall, 60 by 40 feet, on second floor. Inquire of F. IRISH, No. 52 St. Clair st. de17:tf

PUBLIC SALE.—Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that I will sell for storage, at my residence, a lot of Bar and Round Iron, one large set Platform Scales, on SATURDAY, Jan. 19th, at 2 o'clock p.m. Terms cash, par funds. GEO. BURROWS.
Duquesne Borough, Jan. 8th, 1861. ja10:td

FOR SALE IN SEWICKLEY BOROUGH. The undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of R. JAMES, dec'd, offers for sale a LOT OF GROUND in the Borough of Sewickley, containing about two thirds of an acre, on which is erected a good two story brick House of seven rooms. It is nicely improved, in the best part of the borough, and convenient to the Railroad Station. J. W. F. WHITE, Attorney at Law, Office 105 Fifth st., Pittsburgh. de8:tf

MILL FOR SALE.—One of Clark's Patent Flouring and Merchant Mills, complete in every respect, will be sold very low by the subscribers. McBANE & ANJER, No. 124 Second st. oc20

HORSE FOR SALE—A fine large Horse for sale for want of use. HITCHCOCK, M'CREERY & CO. se29

CELLAR TO RENT.—A large Cellar under our Warehouse, suitable for the storage of Ale, Sugar, Molasses, &c. Will be rented low. J. S. LIGGETT & CO., 75 Water and 92 Front st. oc11

FOR RENT—The half of STORE, No. 80 Water and 98 Front streets, now occupied by the subscribers. It is a desirable location for Grocery or Produce business. Possession immediately. RODGERS & DILWORTH, No. 80 Water and 98 Front street. se17

IOWA FARMING LAND.—The subscribers offer for sale on favorable terms six hundred acres Choice Lands, situated in Wright and Hancock counties, adjacent to lines of Railroads now in course of construction, and one tract only two miles from County seat. The above will be sold low for cash, or exchanged for farming lands in this or adjoining counties. McBANE & ANJER, 124 Second st. no20

FOR SALE—That splendid Residence, with large Lot of Ground, Fruit Trees and Shrubbery, situated within two minutes' walk of the Wilkinsburg Railroad Station. The house is large and finished in modern style; at present occupied by Moore Thompson. Will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to W. A. ANDERSON, 41 Burton's Office, cor. 5th & Grant sts.

Scrofula, or King's Evil,

is a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak, and poor. Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

Its effects commence by deposition from the blood of corrupt or ulcerous matter, which, in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, eruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which genders in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous complaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of other diseases; consequently vast numbers perish by disorders which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system. Most of the consumption which decimates the human family has its origin directly in this scrofulous contamination; and many destructive diseases of the liver, kidneys, brain, and, indeed, of all the organs, arise from or are aggravated by the same cause.

One quarter of all our people are scrofulous; their persons are invaded by this lurking infection, and their health is undermined by it. To cleanse it from the system we must renovate the blood by an alterative medicine, and invigorate it by healthy food and exercise. Such a medicine we supply in

AYER'S Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

the most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this everywhere prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedials that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of the system from its destructive consequences. Hence it should be employed for the cure of not only Scrofula, but also those other affections which arise from it, such as Eruptive and Skin Diseases, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Blains and Boils, Tumors, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Rheumatism, Syphilitic and Mercurial Diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Debility, and, indeed, all Complaints arising from Vitiated or Impure Blood. The popular belief in "*impurity of the blood*" is founded in truth, for scrofula is a degeneration of the blood. The particular purpose and virtue of this Sarsaparilla is to purify and regenerate this vital fluid, without which sound health is impossible in contaminated constitutions.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC,

are so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them. Their penetrating properties search and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitalities. As a consequence of these properties, the invalid who is bowed down with pain or physical debility is astonished to find his health or energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting.

Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also many formidable and dangerous diseases. The agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing certificates of their cures and directions for their use in the following complaints: *Costiveness, Heartburn, Headache arising from disordered Stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Pain in and Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice,* and other kindred complaints, arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.

So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section of country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs that are incident to our climate. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.

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SUNDRIES— 150 hhds. N. O. Sugar; 50 bbls. Refined Sugar; 600 [illegible] prime Plantation Molasses; 100 [illegible] assorted brands Syrups; 200 bags Rio Coffee; 30 pockets Java Coffee; 100 boxes assorted brands Tobacco; 25 cattys do do; 150 half chests Young Hyson and Black Teas; 50 catty boxes do do; 50 boxes Rosin Soap; 25 " German Soap; 25 " Olean do; 50 " Mould Candles; 25 " Star do; 200 bbls. Extra and Extra Family Flour. In store and for sale by [illegible] ATWELL, LEE & CO.

ROLL BUTTER—2 bbls. prime Roll Butter, rec'd this day by railroad, for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS. ja9

Manufactures.

SUYDAM'S LINSEED OIL!
M. B. SUYDAM, Manufacturer and Dealer in LINSEED OIL, RAW AND BOILED, OIL CAKE, &c.
Orders for crates have been placed at the stores of Mr. Wm. Bagaley, Wood street, and Messrs. John Floyd & Co., Liberty st. Orders for oil, and notices of FLAXSEED FOR SALE, left at those places, will receive prompt attention.

MACKINTOSH, HEMPHILL & CO., Corner Pike and O'Hara Streets, Near City Water Works, PITTSBURGH, PA., MANUFACTURERS OF MACKINTOSH & HEMPHILL'S IMPROVED PATENT OSCILLATING STEAM ENGINES AND SLIDE VALVES of all sizes and best style.
Having put up Machinery of large capacity and of the best quality, we are prepared to do heavy Jobbing, and solicit work in this line, trusting that by promptness and the character of our work, to merit public patronage. We invite special attention to our BALANCED VALVE OSCILLATING ENGINES, as combining advantages heretofore unattained in this class of Engines.
Room with steam power and good light, To Let. ja25:1yd

CARTWRIGHT & YOUNG, (Successors to John Cartwright,) MANUFACTURERS and Importers of Pocket and Table Cutlery, Surgical and Dental Instruments, Guns, Pistols, Fishing Tackle, &c., No. 86 Wood street. They give special attention to the manufacturing of Trusses, Supporters, &c. Jobbing and Repairing with punctuality and dispatch.

WILLIAM BARNHILL & CO., 61 Penn st., below Marbury, Pittsburgh, Pa. STEAM BOILER MAKERS AND SHEET Iron Workers, Manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boiler, Locomotive, Flued and Cylinder Boilers, Chimneys, Breechen, Fire Bed, Steam Pipes, Condensers, Salt Pans, Sugar Pans, Iron Tanks, Life Boats, etc. Also, Blacksmiths' Work, Bridge and Viaduct Irons, done at the shortest notice. All orders from a distance promptly attended to. ja22

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DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK No. 65 Fourth Street. CHARTERED IN 1855.
OPEN DAILY FROM 9 TO 2 O'CLOCK, also on Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from May first to November first, from 7 to 9 o'clock; and from November first to May first, from 6 to 8 o'clock.
Deposits received of all sums not less than one Dollar, and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually, in June and December, since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.
Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the first days of June and December, compounding twice a year without troubling the depositor to call or even to present his pass book. At this rate, money will double in less than 12 years, making in the aggregate EIGHT AND ONE HALF PER CENT a year.
Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations furnished gratis, on application at the office.
President—GEORGE ALBREE.
VICE PRESIDENTS: Hopewell Hepburn, James Shidle, James D. Kelley, Robert Robb, Isaac M. Pennock, Hill Burgwin, John H. Shoenberger, Alexander Bradley, James Henlman, A. M. Pollock, M. D., William S. Lavely, William J. Anderson.
TRUSTEES: John G. Backofen, John B. Canfield, Alonzo A. Carrier, David Campbell, John S. Cosgrave, Charles A. Colton, William Douglas, John Evans, Francis Felix, Benjamin L. Fahnestock, John Holmes, William S. Haven, Peter H. Hunker, John B. McFadden, P. A. Madeira, John H. Mellor, James B. D. Meeds, James McAuley, Walter P. Marshall, Wilson Miller, John Orr, Henry L. Ringwalt, John D. Scully, William E. Schmertz, Alexander Tindle, Isaac Whittier.
Secretary and Treasurer—CHARLES A. COLTON.

Miscellaneous.

THE ONLY DISCOVERY WORTHY OF ANY CONFIDENCE FOR RESTORING The Bald and Gray.
Many, since the Great Discovery of Prof. WOOD, have attempted not only to imitate his Restorative, but profess to have discovered something that would produce results identical; but they have all passed away, being carried away by the wonderful results of Prof. Wood's preparation, and have been forced to leave the field to its rivalless sway. Read the following:
Bath, Maine, April 18th, 1859.
Prof. O. J. Wood & Co: Gents—The letter I wrote you in 1856, concerning your valuable Hair Restorative, and which you have published in this vicinity and elsewhere, has given rise to numerous inquiries touching the facts in the case. The inquiries are: first, is it a fact of my habitation and name, as stated in the communication; second, is it true of all therein contained; third, does my hair still continue to be in good order and of natural color? To all I can and do answer invariably, yes. My hair is even better than in any stage of my life for forty years past, more soft, thrifty, and better colored; the same is true of my whiskers, and the only cause why it is not generally true, is that the substance is washed off by frequent ablution of the face, when if care were used by wiping the face in connection with the whiskers, the same result will follow as the hair. I have been in the receipt of a great number of letters from all parts of New England, asking me if my hair still continues to be good; as there is so much fraud in the manufacture and sale of various compounds as well as this, it has, no doubt, been basely imitated and been used not only without any good effect, but to absolute injury. I have not used any of your Restorative of any account for some months, and yet my hair is as good as ever, and hundreds have examined it with surprise, as I am now 61 years old and not a gray hair in my head or on my face; and to prove this fact, I send you a lock of my hair that was cut this week. I received your favor of two quart bottles last summer, for which I am very grateful; I gave it to my friends until they tried it, and thereby induced them to try it, many were skeptical until after trial, and then purchased and used it with universal success. I will ask as a favor, that you send me a test by which I can discover fraud in the Restorative, sold by many, I fear, without authority from you. A pure article will insure success, and I believe where good effects do not follow, the failure is caused by the impure article, which curses the inventor of the good. I deem it my duty, as a lovestore, to keep you apprised of the continued effect on my hair, as I assure all who inquire of me of my unshaken opinion of its valuable results. I remain, dear sir, yours, A. C. RAYMOND.
Aaron's Run, Ky., Nov. 10, 1858.
Prof. O. J. Wood: Dear Sir—I would certainly be doing you a great injustice not to make known to the world, the wonderful as well as the unexpected result I have experienced from using one bottle of your Hair Restorative. After using every kind of Restoratives extant, but without success, and finding my head nearly destitute of hair, I was finally induced to try a bottle of your Hair Restorative. Now, candor and justice compel me to announce to whoever may read this, that I now possess a new and beautiful growth of hair, which I pronounce richer and handsomer than the original one. I will therefore take occasion to recommend this invaluable remedy to all who may feel the necessity of it. Respectfully yours, REV. S. ALLEN BANCK.
P. S. This testimonial of my approbation of your valuable medicine (as you are aware of) is unsolicited; but if you think it worthy a place among the others, insert it if you wish—if not, destroy, and say nothing. Yours, &c., REV. S. A. B.
The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz: large, medium and small; the small holds ½ a pint and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion, and retails for $3 a bottle.
O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

SEETIN'S OLD STAND IN THE DIAMOND, THOMAS STONE, Late Clerk of the Red Lyon Hotel, PROPRIETOR.
HAVING TAKEN and fitted up, at a great expense, with all the modern improvements, this popular resort, the subscriber is prepared to accommodate his friends and the public generally, with the best the market affords.
OYSTERS will be served up in every variety of style during the season.
LIQUORS and ALES he feels confident in recommending to the public for their excellence.
MEALS served up at all hours, and DAY and NIGHT BOARDERS taken. THOMAS STONE.

ADVERTISEMENT. ASTHMA, For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint use FENDT'S BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES, Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 NASSAU STREET, N. Y. Price, $1 per box, sent free by post. FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

SUNDRIES—150 bxs. Prime Pearl Starch; 2 bbls Prime Roll Butter; 25 bxs Prime W. R. Cheese; 100 doz Brooms; 25 doz Hart Fancy Brooms; 100 hf bbls N O Molasses; 300 bbls Prime No. 1 Apples; 100 bus Dry Apples; 200 bus choice Dry Peaches; 100 bus Prime Flax Seed; 40 Bales choice Feathers; 50 bbls Cider Vinegar—rec'd for sale by FRANK VAN GORDER, 114 Second st. ja1

FLOUR AND SUNDRIES— FAMILY, EXTRA AND SUPERFINE; RYE AND BUCKWHEAT FLOUR; OATS—2000 bus prime. MILL FEED—30 tons, various qualities; for sale by RODGERS & DILWORTH, 349 Liberty st. ja9

SUNDRIES—250 bbls. Choice Russets and Greenings, etc. BROOMS—120 dozen Fancy Brooms, cheap. STARCH—200 boxes Wood's Starch. HOMINY—6 bbls Flint Hominy. EGGS—3 bbls Fresh Eggs. DRY PEACHES—200 bus Dry Peaches—In store for sale at 114 Second st. FRANK VAN GORDER. de27

ROLL BUTTER—5 bbls. prime; EGGS—2 bbls; PEARL HOMINY—32 bbls Pearl Hominy; WHITE BEANS—40 bus White Beans; BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—50 sacks; RYE FLOUR—19 bbls Rye Flour—just received for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, corner Market and First sts. de25

FLOUR! FLOUR! 300 bbls Bartlett's XX Extra Family; 50 do Choice Bakey's Family; 50 do Grocer's Family; 400 do Extra—in store for sale by CULP & SHEPARD, 343 Liberty st. de21

APPLES—35 bbls. choice Pippins and Willows; HOMINY—30 bbls Pearl Hominy; CORN MEAL—25 bbls Kilned Corn Meal; MACKEREL—36 hf bbls No 3 Large Mackerel; LARD—4000 lb prime Leaf Lard, in kegs and bbls—Just rec'd and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, corner Market and First sts. de21

NEW CONSIGNMENTS.— DRY PEACHES—150 bus Sun-Cured Peaches, choice; EGGS—10 bbls fresh Eggs; BUTTER—5 bbls Fresh Butter, choice; HOMINY—17 bbls Hominy; WHITE BEANS—200 bbls White Beans; FLAX SEED—20 bus Flaxseed; TALLOW—2 boxes Tallow—for sale by L. G. GRAFF, 233 Liberty st. de21

W. R. CHEESE—150 boxes Western Reserve Cheese, from 60lb to 150lb each, for sale by BECK & LAFFAR. de21

OIL CLOTH CRUMB CLOTHS—Of different sizes and styles; for sale at the Oil Cloth Ware rooms, 26 and 28 St. Clair st. J. & H. PHILLIPS. de21

VIEWS of Swiss and French Landscapes and the Battle of Solferino, for sale by W. P. MARSHALL. de21

LARD OIL—10 bbls. now landing from str. Clara Poe, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO. de14

DR. MOTT'S CHALYBEATE RESTORATIVE PILLS OF IRON.

AN APERIENT AND STOMACHIC Preparation of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest Medical Authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.
The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case. Innoxious in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz:
Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Mismenstruation, Whites, Chlorosis, Liver Complaints, Chronic Headaches, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fevers, Pimples on the Face, &c.
In cases of General Debility, whether the result of acute disease, or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description nor written attestation would render credible. Invalids so long bed-ridden as to have become forgotten in their own neighborhoods, have suddenly re-appeared in the busy world as if just returned from protracted travel in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested of female sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical changes, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise for which the physician has no name.
In Nervous Affections of all kinds, and for reasons familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation of iron must necessarily be salutary, for, unlike the old oxides, it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting and overheating; and gently, regularly aperient, even in the most obstinate cases of costiveness, without ever being a gastric purgative, or inflicting a disagreeable sensation.
It is this latter property, among others, which makes it so remarkably effectual and permanent a remedy for *Piles*, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.
In Dyspepsia, innumerable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most habitual cases, including the attendant *Costiveness*.
In unchecked Diarrhoea, even when advanced to Dysentery, confirmed, emaciating, and apparently malignant, the effects have been equally decisive and astonishing.
In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicate Incipient Consumption, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.
In Scrofulous Tuberculosis, this medicated iron has had far more than the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of iodine, without any of their well known liabilities.
The attention of families cannot be too confidently invited to this remedy and restorative, in the cases peculiarly affecting them.
In Rheumatism, both chronic and inflammatory—in the latter, however, more decidedly—it has been invariably well reported, both as alleviating pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.
In Intermittent Fevers it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West, will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.
No remedy has ever been discovered in the whole history of medicine, which exerts such prompt, happy, and fully restorative effects. Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.
Put up in neat flat metal boxes containing 50 pills; price 50 cents per box; for sale by Druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address on receipt of price. All letters, orders, etc., should be addressed to
Dr. GEORGE H. KEYSER, Wholesale Agent for Western Pennsylvania.
R. B. LOCKE & CO., General Agents, 339 BROADWAY, N. Y.

MARSH'S RADICAL CURE TRUSSES will cure nearly every case of reducable HERNIA.
TRUSSES at various prices always on hand.
CHILDREN'S TRUSSES, of different forms and strength.
ELASTIC STOCKINGS, for Varicose or Enlarged Veins.
ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, a dozen different kinds.
PILE PROPS, for the support and cure of Piles.
SHOULDER BRACES, to relieve a crooked and deformed condition of the Chest, and many diseases of the Chest.
SUSPENSION BANDAGES.
All these articles may be had or applied at Dr. KEYSER'S Wholesale and Retail Truss Depot, 140 Wood street, sign of the Golden Mortar, or will be sent to any part of the country by sending the money and the measure.

Hambleton's Ornemundo. A Turkish article, highly fragrant, detersive and cosmetic, for *Shaving, Shampooing, Bathing, Cleaning the Teeth, removing Blotches, Pimples, Tan and Freckles,* and for *Beautifying the Complexion.* For sale by Dr. GEORGE H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, Wholesale and Retail Agent. Price 25 cents.

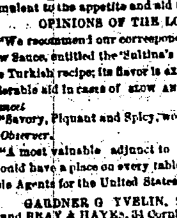
Are Your Teeth Bad? If they are, take our advice and buy a bottle of Dr. WARD'S LIQUID DENTIFRICE. It will keep them white and clean and will prevent their further decay, and will cure bleeding and spongy gums. You can buy it at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street, at 25 and 50 cents per bottle or pack of powder.

Weak Eyes May at once be relieved and a permanent cure effected by a bottle of the Graefenburg Company's EYE LOTION. For sale at Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood st. Price 25 cts per bottle.

Piles! Piles! Dr. LEE'S PILE OINTMENT, prepared by the *Graefenburg Company*, is a sovereign remedy in all cases of the Piles, no matter what may be their intensity. A cure is warranted. Price $1 per bottle. Sold by DR GEORGE H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st.

Cheap Letter and Writing Paper for sale at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood st.

Soyer's Sultana Sauce,
FOR HOT AND COLD DISHES OF ALL KINDS.



This most delicious and appetising Sauce, invented by the renowned "Soyer," for the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the well known house of Crosse & Blackwell, London, from the original recipe. It is the favorite Sauce in England, and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation among American Epicures, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.
OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.
"We recommend our correspondent to try Mons. Soyer's new Sauce, entitled the 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; its flavor is excellent, and it affords considerable aid in cases of slow and weak digestion."—*The Lancet.*
"Savory, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of Soyer." —*Observer.*
"A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—*Atlas.*
Sole Agents for the United States, GARDNER G. YVELIN, 217 Fulton st., New York, and BRAY & HAYES, 34 Cornhill, Boston. For Sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere.

FRUIT, ORNAMENTAL TREES, ROSES, &c.
In returning thanks to the public for their patronage, hitherto so liberally extended, I would call their attention to my very large stock of TREES for this Fall.
My stock of Apple, Pear, (standard and dwarf,) Peach and Cherry Trees exceeds anything I have ever raised. All of the most approved varieties, wrought by persons having a full knowledge of the business, and every care taken to have every kind true to name.
Of Apple Trees alone we have 150,000—30,000 of which are three year olds, from 6 to 8 feet. To such as want EVERGREENS, from 2 to 8 feet, by the 100 or 1000, bargains would be given. Extra large Maple, for shade, per 100, $25. Extra large American and English Larch, per 100, $25, &c. Tree-Planters, please give us a call. Catalogues sent free on application.
Address: Pittsburgh and Oakland Nurseries, Pittsburgh, Pa. JOHN MURDOCH, Jr.

ROLL BUTTER—10 bbls. prime; NO. 1 LARD—15 kegs. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—200 bags. SOLID BUTTER—20 bbls and 15 kegs. In store for sale by JOHN FLOYD & CO., No. 173 Wood street. ja4

NEW CROP N. O. SUGAR AND MOLASSES— 50 hhds N. O. SUGAR, and 100 bbls and 100 hf bbls. N. O. MOLASSES, New Crop,—to arrive this week by steamer Reliance—all of which will be sold at a very great decline, by JOHN I. HOUSE & CO. no15

CARBON OIL! CARBON OIL!—100 bbls. No 1 Refined Carbon Oil, for sale by JOHN McGILL & SON, 183 Liberty st. ja7

CRANBERRIES—25 bbls. prime Berries, in store for sale by JOHN B. CANFIELD & CO., First street, near Wood.

ZANTE CURRANTS—15 bbls. in store for sale by HITCHCOCK, M'CREERY & CO. de12

PRUNES—5 cases in glass jars; 5 cases in fancy boxes—just received for sale by REYMER & ANDERSON, 39 Wood st. de11

CORN MEAL—12 bbls. fresh-ground Corn Meal, just rec'd for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, corner Market and First sts. de11

600 BUS. PRIME BARLEY just rec'd for sale by M'DONALD & ARBUCKLE, 253 Liberty st. de12

GUNNY SACKS AND BAGS—always on hand, for sale by HITCHCOCK, M'CREERY & CO. de12

NEW CROP CLOVER SEED—200 bus, received for sale by J. S. LIGGETT & CO. de12

CRANBERRIES—120 bbls. Prime Western rec'd to-day, for sale by J. S. LIGGETT & CO., 75 Water and 92 Front sts. de12

MOLASSES—200 bbls. Prime N. O. Molasses rec'd per str Empire City, for sale by R. DALZELL & CO. de11

CIDER—15 bbls. Sweet Cider in store for sale by JOHN B. CANFIELD & CO., First street, near Wood. de10

DRY PEACHES—50 sacks Prime Peaches just rec'd for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS. de10

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—25 sks for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS. de10

N. O. SUGAR—23 hhds. Prime rec'd per str Empire City, for sale by R. DALZELL & CO.

SARDINES—500 whole cases Sardines; 1000 hf cases Sardines. 500 third cases Sardines—REYMER & ANDERSON, 39 Wood st. de10

CRANBERRIES—7 bbls. choice Cranberries, just rec'd for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, corner Market and First sts. de10

PENNA. RAILROAD BUSINESS GUIDE just rec'd for sale by W. S. HAVEN, Book and Job Printer, corner Wood and Third sts. de10

FOR SALE—The FARM on which Mr. Wilcoxson now resides, situate in Hancock county, Va., near the Steubenville Railroad. Inquire of H. S. KING, 47 St. Clair st. de10

FEATHERS AND SHEEP PELTS—5 sacks Feathers; 35 Sheep Pelts—now landing from steamer Science for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO. de10

BLOOD FOOD

The attention of Invalids, Physicians, Clergymen, Scientific Men, and the Public generally, is respectfully solicited to the merits of this chemical preparation, containing **Iron, Sulphur and Phosphorus**, and which is identical in its composition with the *Hematic Globule*, or red blood in all diseases accompanied with

DEBILITY,

pale countenance and nervous derangement, analyses of the blood show a deficiency of the red globules. Ruddy complexion and a [illegible] of the skin, is always indicative of health; while a pale, waxlike skin and countenance—which evinces a deficiency of the red globules—accompanies a diseased organism. Preparations of **Iron** have been given for the purpose of supplying the red globules, but we contend that **Iron** alone, **Sulphur** alone, or **Phosphorus** alone, will not meet the deficiency in every case, but that a judicious combination of all these elements is necessary to restore the blood to its normal standard. This point, never before attained, has been reached in the **Blood Food**, and its discovery ranks as one of the most scientific and important of the age. Its effects in

CONSUMPTION

are to soften the cough, brace the nerves, strengthen the system, allay the prostrating night sweats, increase the physical and mental energy, enrich the blood by restoring the lacking red globules, increase the appetite, restore the color, and clothe the skeleton frame with flesh. The **Blood Food** will be found a specific in all **Chronic Diseases of the Throat or Lungs**, such as *Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, &c.* Public speakers and Singers will find it of great utility in clearing and strengthening the vocal organs. In *Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Dropsy, Epilepsy, Paralysis, Scrofula, Gravel, St. Vitus' Dance, Fever and Ague, &c.*, its efficacy is marked and instantaneous. In no class of diseases, however, are the beneficial effects of this remedy so conspicuous as in those harassing

FEMALE COMPLAINTS

to which the gentler sex are liable, and which tend towards Consumption, such as *Suppressed or Difficult Menstruation, Green Sickness, Whites, etc.*, especially when these complaints are accompanied with paleness, a dingy hue or pallor of the skin, depression of spirits, debility, palpitation, want of appetite, and nervous prostration. We have the utmost confidence in recommending the **Blood Food** to all who may be conscious of a loss of vitality or energy, and to those whose mental or bodily powers are prostrated through over use, either of the mind or body, and we deem it our duty to say that in all cases of *Weakness and Emaciation*, and in all diseases of the *Kidneys or Bladder*, this preparation has a claim upon the attention of sufferers which cannot be over estimated. A faithful trial will be found the most convincing proof in regard to its efficacy that could be asked for. With the above remarks, and with the numerous testimonials we have in its favor, we offer the

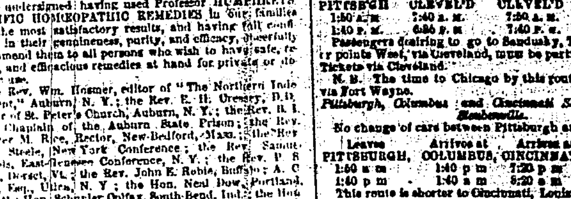
BLOOD FOOD

to the consideration of the afflicted, knowing that it will be acknowledged as pre-eminent over all other preparations, patent or officinal, in point of usefulness. Circulars giving the Theory upon which this remedy is founded, also certificates of remarkable cures, will be sent free when desired. We forward the **Blood Food** to any part of the United States or Canada, upon receipt of price—$1 per bottle, $5 for six bottles. Be careful in all cases to take none but that having our facsimile signature upon the wrapper. None other is genuine. Prepared only by

CHURCH & DUPONT, No. 409 Broadway, New York,

And sold by them and by all respectable Druggists.

For sale by DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa.



HEAR WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY.

The undersigned having used Professor HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES in our families with the most satisfactory results, and having full confidence in their genuineness, purity, and efficacy, cheerfully recommend them to all persons who wish to have safe, reliable, and efficacious remedies at hand for private or domestic use.

The Rev. Wm. Hosmer, editor of "The Northern Independent," Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. E. H. Cressey, D.D., Rector of St. Peter's Church, Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. B. I. Ives, Chaplain of the Auburn State Prison; the Rev. Spencer M. Rice, Rector, New-Bedford, Mass.; the Rev. Allen Steele, New York Conference; the Rev. Samuel Nichols, East-Genesee Conference, N. Y.; the Rev. P. S. Pratt, Dorset, Vt.; the Rev. John E. Robie, Buffalo; A. C. Hart, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; the Hon. Neal Dow, Portland, Me.; the Hon. Schuyler Colfax, South-Bend, Ind.; the Hon. George Humphreys, N. Y.; Henry D. Cook, Esq., Editor of the Ohio State Journal, Columbus, Ohio; the Hon. R. H. Graham, Moline, Ill.; the Hon. Thomas J. Chase, Monticello, Fla.; the Hon. Joseph Benedict, Utica, N. Y.; Wm. Bristol, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; A. S. Pond, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; James Plunkett, Esq., Nashville, Tenn.

LIST OF SPECIFIC REMEDIES.

No. 1—For Fever, Congestion, and Inflammation.
No. 2—For Worm Fever, Worm Colic, Wetting the Bed.
No. 3—For Colic, Crying, Teething, and Wakefulness of Infants.
No. 4—For Diarrhea, Cholera Infantum, and Summer Complaints.
No. 5—For Colic, Gripings, Dysentery, or Bloody Flux.
No. 6—For Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.
No. 7—For Coughs, Colds, Influenza, and Sore Throat.
No. 8—For Tooth-ache, Face-ache, and Neuralgia.
No. 9—For Headache, Vertigo, Heat and Fullness of the Head.
No. 10—Dyspepsia Pills—For Weak and Deranged Stomach, Constipation, and Liver Complaint.
No. 11.—For Female Irregularities, Scanty, Painful, or Suppressed Periods.
No. 12—For Leucorrhea, Profuse Menses, and Bearing Down of Females.
No. 13—For Croup, Hoarse Cough, Bad Breathing.
No. 14—Salt Rheum Pills—For Erysipelas, Eruptions, Pimples on the Face.
No. 15—Rheumatic Pills—For Pain, Lameness, or Soreness in the Chest, Back, Loins, or Limbs.
A.—For Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Old Mismanaged Agues.
P.—For Piles, Blind or Bleeding, Internal or External.
O.—For Sore, Weak, or Inflamed Eyes and Eyelids; Failing, Weak, or Blurred Sight.
C.—For Catarrh, of long standing or recent, either with obstruction or profuse discharge.
W. C.—For Whooping Cough, abating its violence and shortening its course.

In all acute diseases, such as Fevers, Inflammations, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Croup, Rheumatism, and such eruptive diseases as Scarlet Fever, Measles, and Erysipelas, the advantage of giving the proper remedies promptly is obvious, and in all such cases the specifics act like a charm. The entire disease is often arrested at once, and in all cases the violence of the attack is moderated, the disease shortened, and rendered less dangerous.

Coughs and Colds, which are of such frequent occurrence, and which so often lay the foundation of diseased lungs, bronchitis and consumption, may all be at once cured by the Fever and Cough Pills.

In all chronic diseases, such as Dyspepsia, Weak Stomach, Constipation, Liver Complaints, Piles, Female Debility, and Irregularities, old Headaches, Sore or Weak Eyes, Catarrh, Salt Rheum, and other old eruptions, the case has specifics whose proper application will afford a cure in almost every instance. Often the cure of a single chronic difficulty, such as Dyspepsia, Piles or Catarrh, Headache or Female Weakness, has more than paid for the case ten times over.

PRICE.

Case of 20 vials complete, in morocco, and Book	$5
Case of 20 vials, and Book, plain	4
Case of 15 numbered boxes, and Book	2
Case of 6 boxes, numbered, and Book	1
Single numbered boxes, with directions	25 cents.
Single lettered boxes, with directions	50 cents.
Large case of 2 oz. vials, for planters and physicians	$15

ALSO SPECIFICS.

FOR ASTHMA OR PHTHISIS.—Oppressed, Difficult, Labored Breathing, attended with Cough and Expectoration. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR EAR DISCHARGES AND DEAFNESS.—Discharges from the Ear, the result of Scarlet Fever, Measles, or Mercurials. For Noises in the Head, Hardness of Hearing, and Ringing in the Ears, and Ear-ache. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR SCROFULA.—Enlarged Glands, Enlarged and Indurated Tonsils, Swellings and Old Ulcers, Scrofulous Cachexy of Children. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR GENERAL DEBILITY.—Physical or Nervous Weakness. Either the result of Sickness, Excessive Medication, or Exhausting Discharges. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR DROPSY.—Fluid Accumulations, Tumid Swellings, with Scanty Secretions. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR SEA-SICKNESS.—Deathly Sickness, Vertigo, Nausea, Vomiting. Sickness from riding or motion. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR URINARY DISEASES.—For Gravel, Renal Calculi, Difficult, Painful Urination, Diseases of the Kidneys. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR SEMINAL EMISSIONS.—Involuntary Discharges and Consequent Prostration and Debility, Bad Results of Evil Habits. The most successful and efficient remedy known, and may be relied upon as a cure. Price, with full directions, $1 per box.

Persons who wish to place themselves under the professional care or to seek advice of Prof. Humphreys, can do so, at his office 562 Broadway, daily from 8 A.M. to 8 P.M. or by letter.

OUR REMEDIES BY MAIL.

Look over the list; make up a case of what kind you choose, and inclose the amount in a current note or stamps by mail to our address, at No. 562 Broadway, New-York, and the medicine will be duly returned by mail or express, free of charge.

AGENTS WANTED.—We desire an active, efficient Agent for the sale of our Remedies in every town or community in the United States. Address Dr. F. HUMPHREYS & Co., No. 562 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

J. M. FULTON, Fifth street, (Dispatch Building,) second door from the Post Office, Wholesale Agent for Pittsburgh and vicinity; also, J. M. FULTON & CO., Birmingham; J. P. FLEMING and J. J. EAST, Allegheny City.

LEATHER—3 doz. Sides Fair Upper Leather, for sale by WATT & WILSON, No. 268 Liberty st. no16

DRIED BERRIES—2 sacks Dried Blackberries; 1 sack Dried Elderberries—for sale by WATT & WILSON, 268 Liberty st. no16

WATT'S SHIP AXES AND ADZES—for sale by B. WOLFF, Jr., corner St. Clair and Liberty sts. no16

MEAT CUTTERS AND STUFFERS, of all kinds, for sale by B. WOLFF, Jr., corner St. Clair and Liberty sts. no16

BUTCHERS' SCALES, KNIVES, STEELS, etc., for sale by B. WOLFF, Jr., corner St. Clair and Liberty sts. no16

APPLES! APPLES!—147 bbls. Green Apples, this day rec'd by HENRY H. COLLINS. no16

GREASE—In barrels, kegs and cans, a superior article for carriages, buggies, drays and wagons, for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS. no16

NEW CLOVERSEED—25 bus. for sale by SAM'L B. FLOYD & CO., 334 Liberty st. no16

BARLEY—175 bus. Prime Spring Barley, in store for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, corner Market and First sts. no12

CHESNUTS—2 bbls. Chesnuts, just rec'd for sale by REYMER & ANDERSON, 39 Wood st., opposite St. Charles Hotel. no12

COFFEE—100 bags fair to prime Rio; 25 bags Java—for sale by LAMBERT & SHIPTON. no16

DRIED APPLES—150 bus. Prime, just rec'd for sale by JAMES A. FETZER, corner Market and First sts. no20

LANDS—Valuable Lands in Iowa; Valuable Lands in Missouri. For sale by HENRY S. KING, Broker, 47 St. Clair st. no20

A PORTABLE CHOPPING MILL, suitable for Farmers or Feed Stores, for sale. HENRY S. KING, Broker, 47 St. Clair st. no20

BOLTING CLOTHS, of better quality and at lower price than elsewhere in the State. GEORGE B. HOGG, Brownsville, Pa. no20:1y

WALL PAPERS, of Ornamental Patterns and at low prices, for sale by W. P. MARSHALL, 87 Wood st.

OILS—15 bbls. Bank Oil; 10 bbls. W. S. Whale Oil—for sale by WATT & WILSON, 268 Liberty st.

HOMINY—25 bbls. Flint Hominy, just received for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, cor. Market and First sts.

BEANS—20 bbls. Prime White Beans, just rec'd for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, corner Market and First sts.

Railroads.

1860. THE 1860.
PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD.
To all Points in the South, West & North-west.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

TIME TO CINCINNATI as quick, and to Indianapolis, St. Louis and Chicago quicker than by any other route.

WESTWARD TRAINS.
FAST MAIL LINE—Leaves Pittsburgh.........1:30 A. M.
Arrives at Crestline.........10:00 A. M.
Making close connections with Bellefontaine and Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati Roads.
Arriving at Indianapolis.........
" " St. Louis.........
" " Cincinnati.........3:20 P. M.
" " Chicago.........11:00 P. M.
N. B.—The time to Cincinnati is the same as by Steubenville. Trains on both roads meet at Columbus, and passengers all go into Cincinnati together.
EXPRESS TRAIN—Leaves Pittsburgh.........1:30 P. M.
Arrives at Crestline.........10:30 P. M.
Making close connections as above.
Arriving at Indianapolis.........
" " St. Louis.........
" " Cincinnati.........8:20 A. M.
" " Chicago.........10.40 A. M.
N. B.—The time to Cincinnati is the same as by Steubenville. Trains on both roads meet at Columbus, and passengers all go into Cincinnati together.
Sleeping Cars on this train from Pittsburgh to Cincinnati, to Indianapolis and to Chicago.
Trains through to Chicago without change of Cars.

EASTWARD TRAINS.
Leave Chicago, 6.10 A. M. and 6:50 P. M. Arriving at Lima, 2.25 P. M. and 3:10 A. M. Connecting with trains for Dayton and Cincinnati. Arriving at Crestline, both P. M. and 6:15 A. M.
Connecting with trains for Columbus, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Buffalo and the East, and arriving at Pittsburgh 2:30 A. M. and 3:40 P. M. All making close connections with trains on Pennsylvania Railroad for Philadelphia and the Eastern cities.

Accommodation Trains, from Federal street, Allegheny:

For New Brighton,	9.15 A. M.,	and 3.40 P. M.
Arrive at do	11.00 "	5:25 "
Leave do	6:50 "	12:20 "
Arrive at Allegheny,	8.30 "	2:20 "

Allegheny and Economy Accommodation:

Leave Allegheny,	12:00 noon,	and 6:00 P. M.
Arrive at Economy,	1:00 P. M.,	7:00 "
Leave Economy,	6:30 A. M.,	3:30 "
Arrive at Allegheny,	1:25 "	4:30 "

ALLIANCE MARKET TRAIN—Leaves Alliance at 5:50 A. M. and arrives in Allegheny at 11:30 A. M. Leaves Allegheny at 2:40 P. M. and arrives in Alliance at 8:00 P. M., stopping at all stations for passengers and marketing.
Tickets will be sold for these trains at reduced rates.
Through Trains connect as follows—
At Alliance, with trains on the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Road.
At Orrville, Ohio, to and from Millersburg, Akron, Cuyahoga Falls, etc.
At Mansfield, Ohio, for Mt. Vernon, Shelby, Sandusky, Toledo, Detroit, etc.
At Crestline for Delaware, Springfield, Columbus, Cincinnati, Xenia, Dayton, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Louisville, etc.
At Forest for Springfield, Sandusky, Dayton, Cincinnati, etc., etc.
At Lima for Sidney, Dayton, Cincinnati, etc., etc.
At Ft. Wayne for Peru, Lafayette, Ind., St. Louis, and Intermediate ports in Central Indiana and Illinois.
At Plymouth for Laporte.
At Wanatah for all points on the New Albany and Salem Railroad.
And at Chicago, with trains for all points in Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota.
For further information and through Tickets apply to J. STEWART, Ticket Agent, Passenger Station, Pittsburgh. GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent, Passenger Station, Allegheny.
Through Tickets for sale at all the Ticket Offices of the Company on the line of the road, to all parts of the United States. G. C. HATHEWAY, General Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh. no28

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

CHANGE OF TIME—WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, [illegible] November 26th, 1860, Trains [illegible] will leave the Depot of the Pennsylvania Railroad, in Pittsburgh, as follows:

Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Chicago Line.

Leave PITTSB'GH	Arrive at CLEVEL'D	Leave CLEVEL'D	Arrive at CHICAGO
1:30 A. M.	7:40 A. M.	7:20 A. M.	11:00 P. M.
1:40 P. M.	6:50 P. M.	7:40 P. M.	10:30 A. M.

Passengers desiring to go to Sandusky, Toledo, Chicago, or points West, via Cleveland, must be particular to ask for Tickets via Cleveland.
N. B. The time to Chicago by this route is as quick as via Fort Wayne.

Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincinnati Short Line, via Steubenville.
No change of cars between Pittsburgh and Cincinnati.

Leave PITTSBURGH	Arrive at COLUMBUS	Arrive at CINCINNATI	Arrive at ST. LOUIS
1:50 a m	1:40 p m	7:20 p m	
1:40 p m	1:40 a m	8:20 a m	

This route is shorter to Cincinnati, Louisville, Columbus and all points South, than any other route. Splendid Sleeping Cars attached to all Night Trains.

Pittsburgh and Wheeling Line.

Leave PITTSB'G	Arrive at ROCHES'R	Arrive at WELLS'E	Arrive at STEUB'E	Arrive at WHEEL'G
1:50 a m	2:05 a m	3:49 a m	5:05 a m	6:25 a m
1:40 p m	2:00 p m	3:45 p m	5:00 p m	6:20 p m
3:50 p m	4:55 p m	6:00 p m		

The 1:50 A. M. and 1:40 P. M. Trains connect with Trains of C. O. & R. R. for Zanesville, Lancaster, &c.
The 4:00 P. M. Train stops at all stations between Rochester and Wellsville.
Through Tickets can be procured at Pittsburgh, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.
F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.
For further information apply to JNO. STEWART, Ticket Agent, Liberty st. depot, Pittsburgh.

1860.—WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—1860.
THE PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.
EIGHT DAILY TRAINS.

On and after MONDAY, Nov. 26th, the THROUGH MAIL TRAIN leaves the Passenger Station every morning (except Sunday) at 3:50 A. M., stopping at all regular stations and arriving in Philadelphia at 10:00 P. M.
THE THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves daily at 4:25 P. M., stopping only at principal stations, making direct connection at Harrisburg for Baltimore, and arriving in Philadelphia or Baltimore at 5:30 A. M.
THE FAST LINE leaves the Station daily (except Sunday) at 2:05 A. M., stopping only at Greensburg, Latrobe, Johnstown, Wilmore, Gallitzin, Altoona, &c., connecting at Harrisburg with train direct for Baltimore, and arriving in Philadelphia at 2:50 P. M.
The Johnstown Accommodation Train leaves daily (except Sunday) at 3:00 P. M., stopping at all stations, and running as far as Conemaugh.
First Accommodation Train for Braddock's Field leaves daily (except Sunday) at 6:20 A. M.
First Accommodation Train for Turtle Creek leaves daily (except Sunday) at 11:00 A. M.
Second Accommodation Train for Turtle Creek leaves daily (except Sunday) at 3:50 P. M.
Third Accommodation Train for Turtle Creek leaves daily (except Sunday) at 6:30 P. M.
Returning Trains arrive in Pittsburgh as follows:—Express, 1:15 P. M.; Mail, 7:50 P. M.; Fast Line, 1:50 A. M.; Johnstown Accommodation, 10:20 A. M.; First Turtle Creek Accommodation, 6:40 A. M.; Braddock's Field Accommodation, 8:15 A. M.; Second Turtle Creek Accommodation, 12:50 P. M.; Third Accommodation, 6:10 P. M.
Trains for Blairsville and Indiana connect at Blairsville Intersection with Johnstown Accommodation, Express and Mail Train East and West.
Pittsburgh & Connellsville Trains, stopping at all stations on the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Road, leave daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:—Mail Train, 6:50 A. M.; Express Train, 3:50 P. M. Returning, Trains from Pittsburgh & Connellsville Road, arrive at Pittsburgh, 10:20 A. M. and 6:10 P. M.
The traveling public will find it greatly to their interest, in going East or West, to travel by the Pennsylvania Railroad, as the accommodations now offered cannot be surpassed on any other route. The Road is ballasted with stone and is entirely free from dust. We can promise safety, speed and comfort to all who may favor this Road with their patronage.

FARE.

To New York	$12 50	To Baltimore	$9 50
Philadelphia	10 00	Lancaster	8 50
Harrisburg	7 45		

Baggage Checked to all Stations on the Penna. Railroad and to Philadelphia, Baltimore and New York.
Passengers purchasing tickets in cars, will be charged one half cent per mile in addition to the Station rates, except from Stations where the Company has no Agent.
NOTICE.—In case of loss, the Company will hold themselves responsible for personal baggage only, and for an amount not exceeding $100.
N. B.—An Omnibus Line has been employed to convey Passengers and Baggage to and from the Depot, at a charge not to exceed 25 cents for each passenger and baggage.
For Tickets apply to J. STEWART, Agent, At the P. R. R. Passenger Station, on Liberty and Grant sts.

OPENED THIS DAY. NEW STYLE BLACK GROUND PRINTS, with red figures. Also, beautiful New Style DE LAINES, GINGHAMS, &c. C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market st. ja8

WORKED LINEN EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS— A full assortment, at BURCHFIELD & CO.'S. ja1

DRIED PEACHES—35 sacks Tennessee Dried Peaches, just received and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, corner Market and First streets. ja1

3000 LBS. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR; CRANBERRIES—6 bbls. just rec'd for sale by FRANK VAN GORDER, 114 Second st. de13

BARGAINS IN CLOAKS AND SHAWLS, at BURCHFIELD & CO.'S. de14

PRODUCE—30 bbls. Rye Flour; CHEESE—100 boxes prime Cutting Cheese. BUTTER—5 bbls Fresh Roll Butter. EGGS—5 bbls Fresh Eggs—for sale by LITTLE & TRIMBLE, 112 Second st. de31

PRODUCE—40 boxes Cheese; 30 bus Choice Halves Peaches; 500 do Dry Apples; 75 bbls Choice Green Apples; 10 do Fresh Packed Eggs; 5 do Potatoes; 20 bus Corn Meal; In store for sale by L. G. GRAFF, 233 Liberty st. de21

50 HHDS. PRIME NEW CROP N. O. SUGAR; 100 bbls Choice N O MOLASSES—to arrive per str Argyle, for sale by WATT & WILSON, 268 Liberty st. de14

CRANBERRIES—20 bbls. in prime order for sale by R. DALZELL & CO.

SUGAR—30 hhds. N. O. Sugar for sale by GEO. E. JONES, 141 Water st. de20

CHIMNEY TOPS—220 Gothic Chimney Tops, various patterns, for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS. de21

ROLL BUTTER—4 bbls. Prime Roll Butter, just received for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, Corner Market and First streets. de31

DRIED APPLES—125 bus. prime bright Dried Apples, on consignment, for sale by J. S. LIGGETT & CO., 75 Water and 92 Front st. de24

INKS—Arnold's, Butler's, Maynard & Noyes' Writing and Copying Inks, for sale by W. S. HAVEN, Blank Book Manufacturer, corner Wood and Third sts. no27

WESTERN MONEY taken at par for Furniture and Chairs of any description. T. B. YOUNG & CO., 83 and 85 Smithfield st. no29

MAHOGANY SIDEBOARDS—A beautiful article, finished and in warehouse. T. B. YOUNG & CO. no29

N. O. MOLASSES—5 bbls. to close consignment, for sale low by J. B. CANFIELD & CO., First st. no20

50 GROSS M'LAIN'S PILLS and VERMIFUGE—in store for sale by W. MACKOWN, 167 Liberty st. no19

WAGON GREASE—In cans, kegs and barrels, received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

20 BBLS. TURPENTINE, 10 bbls. ALCOHOL—rec'd for sale by W. MACKOWN, 167 Liberty st. no19

2 CASKS WHALE OIL, Winter Bleached; 2 casks Elephant Oil, Winter Bleached—rec'd for sale by W. MACKOWN, 167 Liberty st.

HONEY—30 drawers beautiful Honey, just received, in prime order, for sale by J. B. CANFIELD & CO.