Unfortunate Points.

General M'Clellan has been suspected of entertaining strong pro-slavery and Southern feelings, and one event in his life certainly gives color to the suspicion. He, for a long time, preferred to take up his residence in the South, and while living in New Orleans was an intimate companion of Beauregard. His Southern proclivities were at that time not concealed. Indeed, so well known were they that Gen. Quitman selected him as one of the five officers required to assist him in commanding the fillibustering expedition against Cuba, undertaken during the Administration of Pres. Pierce, but nipped in the bud by Governor Marcy, Secretary of State, who prevented the expedition from leaving Mobile. We may add to the foregoing the fact that, when Gen. M'Clellan was made Commander-in-Chief of the Union armies, the Richmond papers charged that he had offered his services to the Southern Confederacy when the war began, *and the General has never denied the charge.* All these circumstances, taken in connection with the favorable results to the Confederacy of his generalship, may account for the great respect with which the South has always spoken of the American Napoleon.

☞ Another damaging fact in history is that M'Clellan is one of the three men *specially selected by Jeff Davis* (as Sec'y of War) to visit Europe to perfect their military knowledge. They went, at the Nation's expense, and reported. Of the three, *two* (Mordecai and Delafield) *are now in the Rebel ranks,* fighting the mother who bore and educated them. M'Clellan's timidity prevented his following them—yet, at the head of our Army, and as leader of the Opposition, he is answering Jeff.'s expectations quite as well.

GREAT TRUTHS!

Before Georgia seceded, Hon. A. H. Stephens said, in her Convention,

What right has the North assailed? What justice has been denied? And what claim, founded in justice and right, has been withheld? Can either of you to-day name one single act of wrong, deliberately and purposely done by the Government at Washington, of which the South has a right to complain? ☞ I challenge the answer.

From Hon. S. A. Douglas' last speech at Chicago, April 11, 1861:

The conspiracy is now known. Armies have been raised, War is levied to accomplish it. There are only two sides to the question. Every man must be for the United States, or against it. There can be no neutrals in this war—only patriots or traitors.

Jeff. Davis' last words to the Union Peace men, Jaques and Gilmore, '64:

"We are not fighting for Slavery. We are fighting for Independence, and that, or extermination, we will have."

"We seceded to rid ourselves of the rule of the majority."

"Say to Mr. Lincoln from me, that I shall at any time be pleased to receive proposals for peace on the basis of our Independence. It will be useless to approach me with any other."

☞ Show the above to all Peace men.

Comparisons.

During the Revolution, with a population of 3,000,000, there were 395,000 men called into service. If the same proportion were called out now, we should have an army of 4,000,000.

It was said one third of our people, in '76, were Tories. They are now less in proportion.

The old Continental money became, at last, worthless. Put down the Rebellion and greenbacks are good as gold.

Our fathers had no relief fund, and no sanitary or Christian commission, for their families or themselves. Poverty, hunger and nakedness were their lot.

In short, it costs comparatively nothing for us to preserve the boon of Liberty and Union that was so hardly won for us.

A correspondent of the West Chester Record says that the wife of the rebel General Hill, and another with husband in rebel army, are boarding in the neighborhood of Downingtown, Chester county, and that a few days since they made their appearance at a funeral at that place, dressed gorgeously, and flaunting the rebel colors, white and red, conspicuously on various parts of their apparel. (Imagine the fate of a Union lady in Rebaldom, if she displayed the red, white and blue!)

Pierre Soule, of Louisiana, (Rebel) and Jesse D. Bright, of Indiana, (Copperhead,) have sold out and removed to Europe. Both are completely satisfied that the Rebellion is a failure, and (like rats) deserting the ship.

CALL AT

T. G. EVANS'

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERY & PROVISION STORE,

for Cheap Goods!

His Stock is complete, consisting in part of

Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Coal Oil, Tobacco, Cigars, Flour, Feed, Fish, Salt, Hams, Shoulders, Cheese, Fruit, Glass and Queensware, Hardware, Lamps, &c.&c.

Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods. Cash paid for Butter and Eggs.

—Call and examine my stock, and satisfy yourselves. [1024]

General Election Proclamation.

WHEREAS, in and by an Act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An act to regulate the general elections of this Commonwealth," enacted the 2d day of July, 1839, it is enjoined upon me to give public notice of such elections to be held, and to enumerate what officers are to be elected, therefore I, L. F. ALBRIGHT, High Sheriff of the county of Union, do hereby make known to the qualified electors of said county that a General Election will be held on the second Tuesday of October next, (being the 11th day of said month) in and for the several Election Districts of said county, to wit:

I district at the late Commissioners' office in and for New Berlin borough.

II district at the house of Thomas Pursel in and for Union township.

III district at the house of Theobald Sanders in and for White Deer township.

IV district at the house of James Lawson in and for Kelly township.

V district at the house of George Wolfe in and for East Buffaloe township.

VI district at the house of Jas S. M'Creight in and for Buffaloe township.

VII district at the house of Jacob Deckard, in Mifflinburg, for West Buffaloe township.

VIII district at the public School house in and for North Ward in Lewisburg borough.

IX district at the Buffaloe House in and for South Ward in Lewisburg borough.

X district at the house now occupied by Wm. Inhoff in and for Mifflinburg borough.

XI district at the Laurelton School house in and for Hartley township.

XII district at the house of Peter Wehr in and for Limestone township.

XIII district at the Election house near John Reish's in and for Lewis township.

XIV district at the house of Henry R. Speese in and for Hartleton borough.

XV district at the house of J. P. Hagenbuch at Uniontown in and for Brady township.

At which time and places there are to be voted for, by ballot—

One person to represent the XIV district, composed of the counties of Dauphin, Juniata, Northumberland, Snyder, and Union, in the Congress of the United States;

One person to represent the XIV district, composed of the counties of Lycoming, Snyder and Union in the Senate of Pennsylvania;

Three persons as Members from Lycoming, Snyder and Union counties in the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania;

One person as Sheriff of Union county;

One person as Commissioner of Union county;

One person as Auditor of Union county; and

One person as Coroner of Union county.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

"That every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive, or judiciary department of this State or of the United States, or of any incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment or judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge, or any officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid, other than a white freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this state, and removed therefrom and returned, and who has resided in the election district and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months: Provided, That the white freemen, citizens of the United States, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, who have resided in the election district as aforesaid ten days, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

"No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless, First, he produce a receipt for the payment within two years of a State or county tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence either on his own oath or affirmation or the oath or affirmation of another that he has paid such tax, or on failure to produce a receipt shall make oath to the payment thereof, or Second if he claim a right to vote by being an elector between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe from the accounts given him that he is of the aforesaid age, and give such other evidence as is required by this act, whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspectors and note made opposite thereto by writing the word *tax* if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, or the word *age* if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of such age, shall be called out to the clerks who shall make the like notes in the lists of voters kept by them.

"If any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together with the intent illegally to vote or advise and procure another so to do, he or they so offending shall on conviction be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars and be imprisoned not less than three nor more than twelve months.

"If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth, agreeably to law, (except the sons of qualified citizens,) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets or of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall on conviction, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months."

Said election to be opened between the hours of eight and ten in the forenoon and continue until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed.

The return judges of the several districts of the county will meet at ten o'clock, forenoon, in the Court house at Lewisburg, on the third day after the election, (being Friday the 14th day of October) to do and perform those duties enjoined upon them by law.

The Return Judges of Union, Snyder and Lycoming counties are required to meet at the Court house in the borough of Lewisburg, on Tuesday the 21st of October, to make out returns for the three members of Assembly and for Senator.

The Return Judges of this Congressional district to meet at the same time and place.

Dated at the Sheriff's Office, Lewisburg, Pa., the 7th day of September, A.D. 1864.

L F ALBRIGHT, Sheriff

Daily Morning News.

SAM'L SLIFER has commenced furnishing the **Harrisburg Telegraph** mornings, a *two cts* per copy—the very latest News, at cheapest rates June 24

FURNITURE!

Broke Out in a New Place!

BUREAUS, from $10 to $18.

FINE DRESSING BUREAUS, from $20 to $65.

SECRETARIES, DESKS, &c. &c. different prices.

BEDSTEADS, from $3 to $65—(20 different patterns and latest styles.

TABLES, Extension, 11 feet and upwards, Centre, Pier, End, Card, Dining (two sizes), Breakfast, made of any kind of wood desired, but Walnut, Mahogany and Rosewood always on hand for the trade.

STANDS, Tepoy, What-Not, Sewing, &c. &c,

SOFAS, LOUNGES, latest patterns,

CHAIRS, Upholstered, Large Arm, Sewing, Parlor Chairs always on hand; also, Cane Seat, Large Rocker and Nurse, Windsor Chairs, large and small Rockers, Table and Children's Chairs, always on hand.

TOWEL-RACKS, DOUGH-TRAYS, BOOK and SHOW CASES, &c.

Furniture of my own manufacture, in one year.

P. S.—I intend, in a short time, as I can get up a fine Hearse,) to atte UNDERTAKING BUSINESS—I some twenty-five or more differen fins, finished, and always read tice, and will sell twenty p than has ever been done in and see before purchasing REPAIRING done immed

CHAS. S. BELL, *Chamb*

Lewisburg, Feb. 24, 1863.

BEST AND LAST N

WE have just received from Phila and New York, a very large and selected stock of

WINTER GOODS,

which we offer at very reduced prices. We have paid particular attention in the selection of this stock of Goods—a very large assortment of **DRY GOODS** of every description. Purchasers will find it their advantage to give us a call—as in prices we defy any of our neighboring towns for competition. We have also replenished our stock of **Groceries, Hardware, Queensware,** &c.

SALT, FISH, COAL, PLASTER, &c.

White Marsh Lime, Calcined Plaster, and Hydraulic Cement,

always kept on hand.

☞ *COUNTRY PRODUCE* taken in Exchange for Goods as usual.

N.B. Cash paid for all kinds of **Grain.**

JNO WALLS & CO

Lewisburg, Dec. 1863

We would inform the public that we have for sale, in our newly established Nurseries, near the Lewisburg Station, a larger assortment than last year of

Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs,

In our old Nurseries in Adams county, we have the largest stock of trees—and largest sized—for Fall of 1863 and Spring of '64. We therefore can furnish Trees by large quantities to Dealers &c. at very low prices.

The attention of buyers and dealers is respectfully solicited to an examination of our stock. We also desire a dozen good AGENTS to sell for the coming Spring.

SHELLER & HUMMER

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

THE undersigned, having removed her Watch and Jewelry establishment to Criswell's New Building, Market St., between Front and Second, she is prepared to

Repair Watches, Jewelry, Musical Instruments, &c.,

in the most approved and satisfactory manner. She keeps on hand an assortment of choice JEWELRY, for Ladies and Gentlemen, which she offers at prices to suit the times. Also, CLOCKS and WATCHES.

All work and wares warranted as represented. MARIA S. ZUBER.

DR. F T

IS the vit obtaine distillation medicinal medicine th

Have you a you any of t fatal disease—

Those who generally think this fact, perh prevalence an grave at least

What are it? It usually becomes habit except a *froth* *ficult*, and upo of *tightness* an the disease ad is afflicted wit and dejection a considerable ted by slight cough become expectoration the morning. this stage, nig ees a profuse Pain in some culty of lying fits of coughi The pulse be flush tinges t tening to its

You now a *Consumptio* my TAR COR This assertion most complete mit of my g of testimonia receiving fro and reputati cates printed free on appli the medicine of study and it to be the *diseases.* If TAR CORDI Yet if there their use. by those aff this to be th

Many, not school and principle or *Pulmonary* The invig *ening* of *richin* corru by th healt renovating surfaces of passed part,

ART'S REE DIAL

the Pine Tree—ar process in the which its highest etained. It is the all others fail.

Sore Throat? Have mptoms of that most

by these *symptoms* gen- il it is too late. From y other, arises the sad which sweeps to the victims.

dry cough, which soon time nothing is raised thing is somewhat *dif-* much *hurried.* A sense chest is often felt. As becomes thin in flesh, great langor, indolence, ntinue in this state for nd is very readily affec- e. If these occur, the e, and is attended with pious and free early in treaked with blood. At set in and in some ca- lungs may also occur. is felt, and often a diffi- ther side without severe fullness or suffocation. nd frequent, the hectic dire malady is fast hae-

be cured by the use of parently hopeless cases. ability to present the uth. Space will not ad- of the many thousands ich I have been and am of unquestionable worth number of these certifi- which I will send you you now determine to try e circular. After years r this medicine, believing *pulmonary and bronchial* nefited by the use of the re beyond all earthly aid. gents, I earnestly advise the best care, are needed ease. Because I believe o try it.

, but physicians of every asking me, What is the cess in the treatment of answer is this:

tive organs—the *strength-* the *purification* and *en-* rom the system the While this is effected ng from disease to al, its healing and es the tender tated oat, pe- bronchial d- subduing inflammation, and . Let this two-fold power, ening, continue to act in emperative ten-

To take *Jan.* 30, 1862.

I. The **Western Division,** from Warren to Erie, will be under the Superintendence of JAMES LEWIS, whose title will be Superintendent of the Western Division. His Office will be at Erie. Employees on this Division will be under his charge, and will make all communications respecting their duties or the business of the road, to him, except as otherwise provided in this Order.

II. The **Eastern Division,** from Sunbury to Wheelham, will be under the superintendence of SAMUEL A. BLACK, whose title will be Superintendent of the Eastern Division. Employees on this Division will be under his charge, and will make all communications respecting their duties or the business of the road, to him, except as otherwise provided in this Order.

III. The **Accounts** of Freight and Passenger Business will, on the Western Division, be in the immediate charge of JOHN C. BOGGS, whose title will be Assistant Auditor. His Office will be at Erie. On the Eastern Division they will be in immediate charge of THOMAS M. DAVIS, whose title will be Assistant Auditor. His Office will be in Williamsport. He will also have charge of the distribution of Passenger Tickets over both Divisions.

All communications respecting Freight and Passenger accounts by Employees on either Division, will be made to the Assistant Auditor thereof, and respecting supplies of Tickets to Thomas M. Davis.

JOS. D. POTTS, General Manager.

Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Lessee Philad. & Erie R. R. General Manager's Office, Williamsport, Jan. 30, 1862.

Gas Fitting Establishment.

ROOMS in Frick's Block, Market St., rear of Bower's Jewelry Shop.

Having served a regular apprenticeship in one of the best shops in Philad., I hope to render satisfaction.

BURNERS and other Fixtures always on hand or furnished at short notice.

O. B. EVANS

Lewisburg, Sept. 14, 1863

Science still on the Advance!

R. E. BURLAN

SURGEON and Mechanical **Dentist,** Office in the Dr. Brugger's new building, Market street, (western entrance, up stairs) LEWISBURG.

Dr. BURLAN is now constructing the Non-sectional Block work, baked on Platina base, which for cleanliness, beauty and strength has no equal—also teeth mounted on the various Bases in use—and having had a long and extensive practice, and being perfectly familiar with every department of his profession, he feels safe in warranting entire satisfaction in all his operations, which shall be carefully and skilfully performed.

Please call and examine specimens. The superior qualities of the Non-sectional work will be evident to all who will ; it an impartial examination. Dr. Bur the only person who constructs this e llent work in this section of country.

☞ Charges shall correspond with the times. Lewisburg, Sept. 2, '63

Notice to Trespassers.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing upon the premises of the undersigned, situated in Buffaloe township, for the purpose of hunting partridges and other small game, as they will be dealt with according to law.

CHARLES FREY,	DANIEL SLEAR,
WM. SPOTTS,	ANDREW HAUCK,
FREDERICK REAGEL,	GEORGE SLEAR,
SAM'L R. BAKER,	GEORGE BROWN,
ADAM SHECKLER,	JOHN BEAVER,
SAM'L R. SIMONTON,	WILLIAM BAKER,
G. C. THOMPSON,	WM. RULE,
JOHN W. SIMONTON,	WM. H. KLECKNER,
JAMES W. SIMONTON,	R. T. PONTIUS,
DAVID VONEIDA,	GEO. DREISBACH,
MICHAEL BEILER,	RICHARD JORDON,
DAVID BOYER,	JAMES IRWIN,
ABRAHAM ESH,	WM. STEANS,
SUSANA SHOEMAKER,	ADAM GROFF,
SOLOMON BENNER,	J. F. PONTIUS.
JONATHAN WOLFE,	LOCKE AND DERR

Sept. 1, 1864w4pd

WHERE we will find a large assortment latest styles

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

such as French and English all wool Cloth, from $2.50 up to $10.00. Knotty Boys' Cassimere, and Silk Mixed Cassimeres, Satinetts, &c. **Clothing** of all descriptions; Men's and Boys' Wear—Whole Suits for $12.50—that is, cloth coat, satin vest, cassimere pants. Summer Suits for $5.50. Also, a large assortment of Hats, Caps, &c., such as M'Clellan, Garibaldi, Opera, high and low crowned Hats, Hose, Handkerchiefs, Collars, Shirts, Suspenders, Umbrellas, Neck Ties, &c.

NOW IS THE TIME!

to save from 25 to 50 per cent., and get the Latest Styles.

Also, Goods Cut and made to order, and in the latest style. Always from five to ten hands at work.

Call opposite John Walls & Co.'s Store, Market street, Lewisburg.

Dec. 1863 N. R. ZIMMERMAN

, Mice, Roaches, Ants, s, Moths in Furs, Wool- nsects on Plants, Fowls, , &c.

50c. and $1.00 Boxes, Bottles and Flasks. for Hotels, Public Institutions, &c. infallible remedies known." m Pole to" gerous to the Human Family." come out of their holes to die."

Wholesale in all large cities.

by all Druggists and Retailers where

WARNING!!! of all worthless imitations. that "COSTAR'S" name is on each box, Bottle, and Flask, before you buy.

☞ Address HENRY R. COSTAR, ☞ Principal Depot 182 Broadway, N. Y. ☞ Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists in Lewisburg, Pa. [1037m8]

Buckeye Mower & Reaper, for the Harvest of 1864!

SECURED BY

Forty-Four distinct Patents!

unparalled success of the Buckeye is the strongest proof its superior mer- And its reputation is so well established that since its introduction the manufacturers have been entirely unable to supply the demand.

We will call attention to a few of its points of excellence and the farmer to give it a personal examination.

The Two Driving-Wheels, &c.

The TWO DRIVING WHEELS—the Pawls and Springs, by which the machine may be thrown out of gear, or be backed without vibrating the knives—the Steel Cutter Bar—the Wrought Iron Guard, with Hardened Steel Face or Cutting Edge—the Double-Hinged Joint, by which the Cutter Bar may be Folded—the long Crank Shaft—the Steel Spring and Wheel, by which the Cutter Bar may be raised and lowered so as to cut as low to the ground as may be desired—the Steel Pitman and Brass Box—its Light Draft—(no Side Draft)—no weight on the horses' necks—backs as easily as a cart—all of which form a combination of advantages which no other machine possesses.

No Gearing on the Driving Wheels.

A team of horses weighing 900 lbs. each, will cut an acre of grass an hour with ease.

The machine is furnished with two Cutter Bars—one for cutting grass, and the other for cutting grain (each expressly adapted to the use intended).

No effort will be wanting to maintain the Buckeye in the enviable position it now occupies, that of being the

Best Machine in the World!

During last harvest hundreds of Farmers, in consequence of our inability to supply the demand were unable to obtain the *Buckeye,* and were forced to purchase an inferior machine. The continued scarcity of laborers and the new calls from the government for troops, will take many more laborers from the country, and the farmer will have to rely entirely upon machinery in gathering his hay and grain crops.

Farmers who would avoid disappointment in procuring a Buckeye can send in their orders now.

We are now prepared to fill orders for the coming Harvest. Address,

SLIFER WALLS, SHRINER & CO.

Manufacturers of Keystone Clover Hullers, &c., Lewisburg, Union Co., Pa.

JOHN H. BEALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR AND

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store,

Market St., just above the Bank,

LEWISBURG, PA.

The subscriber has removed into the new fitted and commodious Storeroom of Thomas Reber, where he has just received a large and well selected stock of

MEN'S CLOTHING,

Cloths, Casimeres, Silks, Shirts, Drawers, &c.

I also CUT AND MAKE TO ORDER in the best style and most reasonable terms. Being a practical Tailor, and employing the best workmen, I can confidently invite both *Old and New Customers*—do n't forget the Sign—

The Red Door!

May 2, 1861 J H BEALE

ALBRIGHT & BREWER,

ATTORNEYS at Law. Office corner of Market and Fourth St., Lewisburg Union Co., Pa. Also claim Agents for the procurement of Pensions, Back Pay, and Bounties, and all other claims against the United States. Lewisburg, April 7, 1864y 1pd

U. S. 7-30 LOAN

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that subscriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes, payable three years from Aug. 15th, 1864, with semi-annual interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum,—principal and interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option of the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect. They will be issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, and all subscriptions must be for fifty dollars or some multiple of fifty dollars.

The notes will be transmitted to the owners free of transportation charges as soon after the receipt of the original Certificates of Deposit as they can be prepared.

As the notes draw interest from August 15, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accrued from date of note to date of deposit.

Parties depositing twenty-five thousand dollars and upwards for these notes at any one time, will be allowed a commission of one-quarter of one per cent., which will be paid by the Treasury Department upon the receipt of a bill for the amount, certified to by the officer with whom the deposit was made. No deduction for commissions must be made from the deposits.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGES OF THIS LOAN.

It is a National Savings Bank, offering a higher rate of interest than any other, and *the best security.* Any savings bank which pays its depositors in U. S. Notes, considers that it is paying in the best circulating medium of the country, and it *can not* pay in anything better, for its own assets are either in Government securities or in notes or bonds payable in Government paper.

It is equally convenient as a temporary or permanent investment. The notes can always be sold for within a fraction of their face and accumulated interest, and are the best security with banks and as collaterals for discounts.

Convertable into Six per cent. 5-20 Gold Bonds

In addition to the very liberal interest on the notes for three years, this privilege of conversion is now worth about three per cent. per annum, for the current rate for 5-20 Bonds is not less than *nine per cent. premium,* and before the war the premium on six per cent. U. S. stocks was over twenty per cent. It will be seen that the actual profit on this loan at the present market rate, is not less than ten per cent. per annum.

Its Exemption from State or Municipal Taxation.

But aside from all the advantages we have enumerated, a Special Act of Congress *exempts all bonds and Treasury notes from local taxation.* On the average, this exemption is worth about two per cent. per annum, according to the rate of taxation in various parts of the country.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as those issued by the Government. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties, or stock companies, or seperate communities, only, is pledged for payment, while the whole property of the country is held to secure the discharge of all obligations of the United States.

While the government offers the most liberal terms for its loans, it believes that the very strongest appeal will be to the loyalty and patriotism of the people.

Duplicate certificates will be issued for all deposits. The party depositing must endorse upon the *original* certificate the denomination of notes required, and whether they are to be issued in blank or payable to order. When so endorsed it must be left with the officer receiving the deposit, to be forwarded to the Treasury Department.

Subscriptions will be received by the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, the several Assistant Treasurers and designated Depositories, and by the

First National Bank of Milton—also of Danville,

and by all National Banks which are depositories of public money, and

ALL RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS

throughout the country will give further information and

AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS. [1060m3]

THE greatest improvement yet in the Sewing Machine art. A curiosity worth seeing.

Please send for circular with sample of sewing.

These Improved Machines save one hundred per cent. of thread and silk, and make the lock stitch alike on both sides.

They require no instruction to operate perfectly, except the printed directions."

No change in sewing from one kind of goods to another.

And no taking apart to clean or oil.

Our New Manufactory is now complete, with all its machinery and tools entirely new, and is already rapidly turning out Machines which for beauty and perfection of finish are not surpassed by any manufactory in the world.

N. B.—Should any machine prove unsatisfactory, it can be returned and money refunded.

Agents wanted in counties not canvassed by our own agents.

FINKLE & LYON, S. M. CO.

No. 538 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

April 8, 1863. y1

Advantages of the KNUCKLER WASHING MACHINE.

FOR the purpose of convincing the community that the Knuckler Washing Machine can not be surpassed for ease and rapidity in washing clothes, I take pleasure in referring to Miss Sarah Gibbony, (daughter of John Gibbony of this place,) who is eleven years old, weighs 55 pounds, and does the week's washing for the family in **three hours,** and considers it a very light job, with the assistance of the "Knuckler."

Machines and Browning's celebrated Wringers always on hand.

DANIEL BROWN.

Lewisburg, March 2, 1864.

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA,

THE WORLD'S GREAT REMEDY FOR

Scrofula and Scrofulous Diseases.

From Emery Eiles, a well-known merchant of Gardiner, Maine.

"I have sold large quantities of your Sarsaparilla, but never yet one bottle which fulfilled the desired effect and full satisfaction to those who took it. As fast as our people try it, they agree there has been no medicine like it before in our community."

Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ulcers, Sores, and all Diseases of the Skin.

From Rev. Robt. Stratton, Bristol, England.

"I only do my duty to you and the public when I add my testimony to that you publish of the wonderful virtues of your Sarsaparilla. My daughter, aged ten, had an afflicting humor in her ears, eyes, and hair for years, which we were unable to cure until we tried your Sarsaparilla. She has been well for some months."

From Mrs. Jane E. Rice, a well-known and much-esteemed lady of Dennisville, Cape May Co., N. J.

"My daughter has suffered for a year past with a scrofulous eruption, which was very troublesome. Nothing afforded any relief until we tried your Sarsaparilla, which soon completely cured her."

From Charles P. Gage, Esq., of the widely known Gage, Moreing & Co., manufacturers of counting papers in Nashua, N. H.

"I had for several years a very troublesome humor in my face, which grew constantly worse until it disfigured my features and became an intolerable affliction. I tried almost every thing a man could of both advice and medicine, but without any relief whatever, until I took your Sarsaparilla. It immediately made my face worse, as you told me it might for a time; but in a few weeks the new skin began to form under the blotches, and continued until my face is as smooth as any body's, and I am without any symptoms of the disease that I know of. I enjoy perfect health, and without a doubt owe it to your Sarsaparilla."

Erysipelas—General Debility—Purify the Blood.

From Dr. Robt. Swain, Houston St., New York.

"Dr. Ayer. I seldom fail to remove *Eruptions* and *Scrofulous Sores* by the persevering use of your Sarsaparilla, and I have just now cured an attack of *Malignant Erysipelas* with it. No alterative we possess equals the Sarsaparilla you have supplied to the profession as well as to the people."

From J. E. Johnston, Esq., Wakeman, Ohio.

"For twelve years, I had the yellow Erysipelas on my right arm, during which time I tried all the celebrated physicians I could reach, and took hundreds of dollars worth of medicines. The ulcers were so foul that the cords became visible, and the doctors decided that my arm must be amputated. I began taking your Sarsaparilla. Took two bottles, and some of your Pills. Together they have cured me. I am now as well and sound as any body. Being in a public place, my case is known to every body in this community, and excites the wonder of all."

From Hon. Henry Moore, M. P. P., of Newcastle, C. W., a leading member of the Canadian Parliament.

"I have used your Sarsaparilla in my family, for general *debility,* and for *purifying the blood,* with very beneficial results, and feel confidence in commending it to the afflicted."

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, Salt Rheum, **Scald Head, Sore Eyes.**

From Harvey Sickler, Esq., the able editor of the Tuckahannock Democrat, Pennsylvania.

"Our only child, about three years of age, was attacked by pimples on his forehead. They rapidly spread until they formed a loathsome and virulent sore, which covered his face, and actually blinded his eyes for some days. A skilful physician applied nitrate of silver and other remedies, without any apparent effect. For fifteen days we guarded his hands, lest with them he should tear open the festering and corrupt wound which covered his whole face. Having tried every thing else we had any hope from, we began giving your Sarsaparilla, and applying the iodide of potash lotion, as you direct. The sore began to heal when we had given the first bottle, and was well when we had finished the second. The child's eyelashes, which had come out, grew again, and he is now as healthy and fair as any other. The whole neighborhood predicted that the child must die."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

From Dr. Hiram Stout, of St. Louis, Missouri.

"I find your Sarsaparilla a more effectual remedy for the secondary symptoms of *Syphilis* and for syphilitic disease than any other we possess. The profession are indebted to you for some of the best medicines we have."

From A. J. French, M. D., an eminent physician of Lawrence, Mass., who is a prominent member of the Legislature of Massachusetts.

"Dr. Ayer. My dear Sir: I have found your Sarsaparilla an excellent remedy for *Syphilis,* both of the *primary* and *secondary* type, and effectual in some cases that were too obstinate to yield to other remedies. I do not know what we can employ with more certainty of success, where a powerful alterative is required."

Mr. Chas. S. Van Liew, of New Brunswick, N. J., had dreadful ulcers on his legs, caused by the abuse of mercury, or *mercurial disease,* which grew more and more aggravated for years, in spite of every remedy or treatment that could be applied, until the persevering use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla relieved him. Few cases can be found more inveterate and distressing than this, and it took several dozen bottles to cure him.

Leucorrhœa, Whites, Female Weakness, are generally produced by internal *Scrofulous Corruption,* and are very often cured by the alterative effect of this Sarsaparilla. Some cases require, however, in aid of the Sarsaparilla, the skilful application of local remedies.

From the well-known and widely-celebrated Dr. Jacob H. Crall, of Cincinnati.

"I have found your Sarsaparilla an excellent alterative in diseases of females. Many cases of Irregularity, Leucorrhœa, Internal Ulceration, and local debility, arising from the scrofulous diathesis, have yielded to it, and there are few that do not, when its effect is properly aided by local treatment."

A lady, unwilling to allow the publication of her name, writes:

"My daughter and myself have been cured of a very debilitating Leucorrhœa of long standing, by two bottles of your Sarsaparilla."

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Neuralgia,

when caused by *Scrofula* in the system, are rapidly cured by this Ext. Sarsaparilla.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS

possess so many advantages over the other purgatives in the market, and their superior virtues are so universally known, that we need not do more than to assure the public their quality is maintained equal to the best it ever has been, and that they may be depended on to do all that they have ever done.

Prepared by J. C. AYER, M. D., & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by

☞ Sold by C. W Schaffle, and Bennett Bros., Lewisburg; Shindel & Wagenseller, Selinsgrove; C. Brown, Milton; and by dealers everywhere. [1060y1]

THE subscriber continues to carry on the **Livery Business** at the Old Stand on South Third street, near Market, and respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public generally. CHARLES F. HESS.

Lewisburg, May 22, 1850

COAL.—COAL.—COAL.

THE subscriber keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of the very best Schuylkill, Shamokin and Wilkes-Barre COAL, for blacksmith and stove purposes, which he will sell at the very lowest prices for Cash.

Also, *Blacksmiths' Coal, Plaster and Salt.*

Wish it distinctly understood, that I will not be undersold by any man.—Having good weigh-scales, full weight will be given.

Coal Yard near Weidensaul's hotel.

GEORGE HOLSTEIN.

Lewisburg, May 27, '59.

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE

on Market Square, Lewisburg.

A good supply of **Chairs, Tables, Bureaus, Stands,** &c., on hand or made to order DAVID GINTER. [826]

Union County Star & Lewisburg Chronicle

AN INDEPENDENT FAMILY JOURNAL

Issued Fridays, at Lewisburg, Union county, Penn'a

TERMS—$1.50 per year, to be paid in advance; and at the same rate for a longer or shorter period. Thus cents will pay for four months, 75 cts for six months, $1 for eight months, $2 for sixteen months, and so for one year. For $15, we will send one copy for ten years. For $15, we will send one copy one year, &c. Single No's 3 cts. Payments may be made in gold, postage stamps, or bank notes at their value here. Most kinds of Produce will be taken in pay.

☞ When the time expires for which payment is made (unless we have a running account) it is STOPPED.

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Communications desired on topics of general interest, and accompanied by the writer's real name and address.

The MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH is located in the office of the *Star & Chronicle*, by which we often insert important News in advance of the Philad. Mails.

Connected with the Office are ample materials for all kinds of JOB PRINTING, which will be executed with neatness and despatch and on reasonable terms.

☞ Casual advertisements to be paid for when handed in—Job Work when delivered. All letters on business should be addressed to the Editors.

☞ OFFICE on Market street, two doors north of the Post Office.

Jan 1, 1863 WORTHEN & GENELLE