UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

At $1.50 per Year, always in Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., TUESDAY, JUNE 21, 1864.

"THE UNION," established in 1814---Whole No., 2,674.

"CHRONICLE," established in 1843---Whole No., 1,053.

☞To show how the M'Clellan papers try to deceive and discourage the people, we quote the following, which appears in the most conspicuous position in Saturday last's *Democrat* of Bloomsburg:

"The War.—The work of carnage goes on *without result*, and yet the fever-thirst for blood is unallayed. Richmond was moved against by four armies, but so far in vain. Averill, up the Kanawha, moving to cut the railroad into Tennessee, has returned without success; Sigel, up the Rappahannock, was driven back with defeat; Butler, approaching from the south side of James river, has been compelled to abandon the expedition; and, so far, Gen. Grant has accomplished *little or nothing*."

We shall not try to expose the palpable falsehoods, concealments of fact, and misdirection of conclusions, contained in the above. *It is a specimen* of the manner in which all the Democratic(!!!) papers seek to embitter the people, and to make them hopeless, at the very crisis of a great and hopeful campaign!

But the masses are honest and patriotic and only need correct information. And *hence the necessity of disseminating loyal documents and newspapers amongst the people*, to counteract these machinations of the Rebel emissaries in the North.

Details of Losses.

The people are sometimes unnecessarily alarmed and distressed by wholesale and extravagant statements of losses in war. When a small fraction of a large Company returns, we are too apt to suppose that all absent are dead. To show how erroneous these conclusions often are, the *figures* in a given case are very useful.

Comp. D, 5th Pa. Reserves, had been three years in the hardest of service—has fought fifteen or twenty of the fiercest battles, and in numerous dangerous skirmishes—and the result sums up thus:

Whole number of Comp enrolled	103
Killed or missing in action	10
Died of wounds "	2
Died from disease	4
Accidentally killed	1—17
Discharged from wounds	11
" disability	11—22
Deserted	10
Dishonorably discharged	1—11
Transferred by promotion	6
Re-enlisted	17
In Veteran Reserve corps	2—25
Returned together, only	28

An annual mortality of 6 out of 103 men—or 1 of every 6 for the whole term of most dangerous and effective service—is sad *enough*, but it is a far less proportion than is generally supposed. Thirty years is generally considered the average duration of human life.

Of those "discharged" and "deserted," some are again in service—and of those "missing" in action, some may possibly re-appear in a future time.

☞Rev. C. H. Leinbach preached his farewell sermons to his two congregations in this county, and leaves for his new field of labor in Lebanon and Berks counties—Womelsdorf, Berks Co., his present P. O. address. This is ground long cultivated by his deceased brother, whose congregations extended to him a call which—tho' he felt much love for deeply attached congregations here—both interest and duty decided him to accept. To show that his labors here have not been few nor fruitless during a five years' pastorate, we subjoin an enumeration of some official acts:

Received by confirmation	97
do letter	75—172
Baptized—adults	14
do children	155—169
Attended funerals	120
Marriages	31

J. A. Mertz, is appointed agent to settle up the unfinished business of Mr. L.

☞When will men—in town and in country—cease to be such fools or knaves as to hitch horses to valuable shade trees and fruit trees? A few days ago we saw a choice young maple which some booby had permitted his horses to eat the bark from: the horses had no business there, and their driver might just as well have picked the pocket of the owner of the tree as to injure that which cost him money and is worth money. To enforce the law against a few such fellows, would be a wholesome lesson for others.

☞Of the 148 men drafted in Center county, 7 accepted the service, 5 supplied substitutes, 71 *socked up* their $300, and 65 were exempted.....Cha's M'Bride, Sr., while directing street improvements in Bellefonte, fell to the ground, and in two hours was dead!

☞The campaign paper advertised in another column we think will prove an efficient means of aiding the Union cause. Its terms are low for the times.

☞Aug. S. Sassaman Esq., late of New Berlin, we see is promoted to be an Inspector of Elections in the 8th Ward of the city of Reading.

☞Sunday last, collections and subscriptions for the Christian Commission, taken up in the Lewisburg Methodist Episcopal congregation, amounted to $255. Other congregations are yet to give.

☞To make up deficiences by exemptions from draft, the following additional were drawn at Harrisburg on Monday:

Lewisburg—J Miles Evans, B B Harris, Jn B Linn, Wm S Brewer, Thos Donachy, Robt Gilmore, S H Morick, Danl Myers, B F Hursh, S W Ziegler, Jos Hess, Rd Provs, D D Hughes, Edwd Shaffer, Geo Grimser, Edwin Rawn. 16

☞The *Messenger*, the organ of the Evangelical Association (or "Albright" Methodists,) thus exposes the number and character of the irresponsible gathering at Cleveland which tried to make two "sore-heads" Generals, candidates, in opposition to Lincoln and Johnson:

A Political Convention in Cleveland.

We have had a live convention in our fair city. Convention, did we say? We must correct ourself. Three separate calls had been issued for a *convention*, but when they came together, it was declared to be a "*mass meeting*." There were, by actual count, one hundred and fifty-six present, most of whom were from St. Louis and Chicago, and a few from New York, with a stray one from several other States. The religious character of the convention can be inferred from the treatment that a suggested amendment received. Some one suggested the insertion of, "God's assistance." This was voted down, with boisterous demonstrations. The reason for it was the fact that most of the Missouri delegation, who constituted one-half of the convention, are infidels and Atheists, who, of course, could not recognize the hand of God in the work of suppressing the rebellion. The incident is a sad comment.

We were present, in 1856, when Fremont was nominated, in Philadelphia. It was a large, enthusiastic meeting, of very prominent men. We met there a man from Atlanta, Georgia, who had come to see what was going on. He told us privately, while seated beside him, that he was the editor of a paper there, and had come to see what this "abolition movement" was going to amount to. He was evidently alarmed. He spoke of the certainty of a dissolution of the Union, and prophesied all manner of evil for us of the North. Had he been here to see this "mass meeting" of 156 delegates, who nominated Fremont this time, he would have thought that abolitionism at the North was nearly "played out," and his fears for their confederacy might have been allayed.

The party which Fremont first led will now repudiate him, and he is taken up by a few hair-brained German Infidels and broken-down politicians, encouraged and urged forward by the most pro-slavery and rebel Copperheads of the country, who hope, by magnifying the disunionism of this movement, and giving it an inflated, fictitious importance, to divert enough Union men from that party to this, to enable them, between the two, to succeed in electing a traitor-truckling, rebel-loving, slavery-apologist for President. But the people are not such fools as to be deceived by such ill-concealed hypocrisy.

There were a few honest and good men here, and, in fact, extremes of all kinds met, both politically and religiously. But we dismiss the subject with the prediction, that, if Fremont accepts their nomination, he will be for ever laid on the shelf politically.

FOR THE STAR & CHRONICLE.

Three Days in Cumberland Valley, and East of it.

COMPENSATION, *alias* SPECULATION.

The project of attempting to get from the State Treasury, money to make up all the losses of property, in these counties, occasioned by the Rebel raids, and also by the Union men in driving the Rebels out, I find is seriously entertained. Those who have heretofore made fat livings off the State, doubtless snuff a "good thing" in prospect. Politicians last fall handled it for party purposes, and will again. It is perhaps unfortunate, for those sufferers who are truly loyal, that (since the raids) the six counties of York, Cumberland, Adams, Franklin, Fulton and Bedford have sent to the State and National Legislature only men of the modern "Democratic" persuasion—that the K. G. C.'s flourished there most extensively—and there reside some of the most malignant Secesh sympathizers. Yet these would all "take the oath" as readily as would the Old Original Rebel in Eden. You might as well swear a rattlesnake "and let him go," as to rely upon any test of fidelity from some slimy creatures that walk upright. So you see the whole question is involved in difficulty. In the historical records of the region are many sad details of the losses and distresses of the few and poor pioneers of 80, 100 or 120 years gone by—from Tory and from French and Indian depredators, without and within: but we do not find any efforts by the Government to make up those calamities, except by extending the arms of the military, and by temporary relief and support. About 1765, when they had been harassed and impoverished by the savages, the Episcopal church of Carlise were granted a *lottery* to help finish a house of worship, but we do not learn of any direct equivalent returned for their missing cows or corn, whether supposed to be taken by Redcoats or Redskins. (I should not wonder, if this game carries, to find the patriotic descendants of those who drew blanks in that Lottery, coming upon the Government to refund their venture money!) In view of the tenacity of these Gadgrinds, it is refreshing to look back to purer times, when not merely negative but *positive* proofs of devotion to country were required. Tory property, then, was confiscated, and large rewards offered for guerillas. Traitors were expatriated, or hung: neutrality was a crime: lip service was insufficient: they must endure "the spoiling of their goods" joyfully, and be so true as not to be even *doubted*. In the Chambersburg Presbyterian church books a specification against a certain member, then under discipline, was, that "he is strongly *suspected of not being sincere* in his professions of attachment to the cause of the Revolution"—out from the church with him if so! If such a man had lost a horse, his own assertion that he was a true man in trial's hour would not have compelled those stern old Scotch Irish to tax themselves extra to make good his loss: they would probably have given to him leave to hunt his horse but never to return. One gentleman told us that on a day during the last raid there were on one road on the Cumberland county side *three solid miles of cattle* waiting their turns to get upon the Dauphin side. No cases of real, protracted sufferings, are intimated. Now if the poor forefathers, elsewhere as well as here, in their sparse settlements, could endure as they did the exhausting ravages of repeated Indian invasions—of a seven years' war against England, when even their national money became worthless in their hands—if no reparation was made for the devastation and burning of Hampton, Washington, Black Rock, &c., in the War of 1813—certainly this rich Valley, after eighty years of uninterrupted prosperity, and of favors from both State and General Government, could spare that forced loan of a fractional portion of its great wealth, without feeling it seriously. Exceptional cases could and should be made endurable by local aid, as circumstances and opportunities may point out, and as the individuals may merit in the judgment of those who know them best. Individuals here and there may have suffered, some of them severely, as they may suffer anywhere by sickness, thieves, fires, frosts, famines, hurricanes, earthquakes, curculios, or potato rot: but the community generally are not affected: and in five years Adams and perhaps other counties will be the richer for the invasion. And if an attempt were made to recompense for the extra ravages of war, it should begin where the war began—in Kansas—and it should be first given to the true Union sufferers there, in Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee, and other Slave States, and to the Free States last. The National Congress is the proper authority to perform such a distribution. The amount should be graduated solely by the sum that may be raised from the confiscation of Rebel property. Loyal people are not to be taxed for the accidents or mutations of property in rebellious or semi-traitorous sections—nor should the State usurp the powers of the General Government in dealing with a question of this kind.

THE CUMBERLAND VALLEY RAILROAD, Through this old, fertile, flourishing land, is a kind of "city passenger" or "accommodation" matter, it stops so frequently, at the lower end at least. It has an eligible route, and seems well managed. It ought to be extended through to Washington, so we might go to our National Capital independent of Baltimore. I am told a road from the latter city has been built, N.W., well through Carroll county, on towards Hagerstown, where this road now ends—success in finding some mountain pass for the completion of the iron chain!

The President's Views.

[Our honest, frank Abraham Lincoln has enjoyed a brief rest in Philadelphia, thereby swelling visitors to the Fair for the good of soldiers, and winning esteem among all classes. During a public greeting, a speech was elicited from him, which is reported in the papers as follows:]

War at the best is terrible, and this of ours, in its magnitude and duration, is one of the most terrible that the world has ever known. It has deranged business totally in many places, and perhaps in all. It has destroyed property, destroyed life, and ruined homes. It has produced national debt and a degree of taxation unprecedented in the history of this country. It has carried mourning among us until the heavens may almost be said to be hung in black. And yet it continues. It has had accompaniments not before known in the history of the world. I mean the Sanitary and Christian Commissions, with their labors for the relief of the soldiers, and the Volunteer Refreshment Saloons—understood better by those that hear me than by myself. [Applause.]

And these Fairs, began at Chicago, next held at Boston, Cincinnati, and in other cities—the motive and object that lie at the bottom of them, is worthy of the most that we can do for the soldier who goes to fight the battles of his country. From the fair and tender hand of woman is much, very much, done for the soldier; continually reminding him of the care and thought for him at home, the knowledge that he is not forgotten is grateful to his heart. [Applause.]

Another view of these institutions is worthy of thought. They are voluntary contributions, giving proof that the national resources are not at all exhausted, and that the national patriotism will sustain us through all.

It is a pertinent question, when is this war to end? I do not wish to name a day when it will end, lest the end should not come at the given time. We accept the war—we did not begin it. [Deafening applause.] We accepted it for an object, and when that object is accomplished, the war will end; and I hope to God it never will end until that object is accomplished. [Great applause.]

We are going through with our task, so far as I am concerned, if it takes us three years longer. I have not been in the habit of making predictions. I am almost tempted now to hazard one. I will. It is that Grant is this evening in a position (with Meade and Hancock, of Pennsylvania) from whence he can never be dislodged by the enemy until Richmond is taken.

If I shall discover that Gen. Grant may be greatly facilitated in the capture of Richmond by rapidly pouring to him a large number of armed men at the briefest notice, will you go? [Cries of yes!] Will you march on with him? [Cries of yes! yes!] Then I shall call upon you when it is necessary. [Laughter and applause, during which the President retired from the table.

☞Some of our re-enlisted men in 52d P.V. are home on furlough.

OLD ABE'S CHOICE.—A gentleman in his conversation remarked to President Lincoln, that nothing could defeat him but Grant's *capture of Richmond*, to be followed by his nomination at Chicago, and acceptance.—"Well," said the President, "I feel very much like the man who said he didn't want to die particularly, but if he had got to die, that was precisely the disease he would like to die of."

June 14, 1864, the boat Lyon, Capt. Longenecker, from Wilkes-Barre for Baltimore, passed the Northumberland outlet lock with *twelve hundred and seventy-seven nett tons of coal*, or 254,000 pounds! Five years ago, 134,000 pounds would have been a good load.

Aaron H. Cragin, of Lebanon, succeeds John P. Hale as one of the U.S. Senators from New Hampshire after 4th of March next. Cragin is a good man—and so is Hale, pre-eminently, and we regret that a change was deemed advisable.

A Richmond paper of the 7th says that "the Confederate Treasury, for the first time, has no money; no salary has been paid save that of Secretary Memminger." The paper was worthless, and even their paper money was exhausted!

Miss Susan Holabach, the third of the young women injured going home from a circus in Sunbury, has died of her wounds. Sad thought—from a vain, filthy, demoralizing, God-defying amusement, to the silent grave and the eternity beyond!

Altered greenbacks of the denomination of $10 are in circulation. They are easily detected. A cypher is pasted by the side of the figure one, which is poorly done. The small "ones" around the edge of the bill are blotted out with ink.

Democratic journals exult over the progress of Grant's campaign to M'Clellan's generalship. They also declare that Lee has Grant just where he wanted him. It is possible that they do not see the connection.

The new Lutheran and Reformed St. Peter's Church, near Paxinos, formerly called the "Blue Church," will be dedicated to the worship of God, on Sunday, July 3, 1864.

The election by the Stockholders of the Northumberland Bank, Thursday last, (whether the Bank should be removed to Sunbury,) resulted in favor of its removal.

Some soldiers of the 45th P. V. found, down in Dixie, about $3,500, in gold and silver, buried on deserted farms. They shared the money between them.

The Philadelphians have presented Gen. Meade's family with an elegant home, corner of 19th street and Delancy place, in that (his native) city.

Maximilian, Napoleon's Emperor of Mexico, has reached Vera Cruz, was received in form, and it is rumored Santa Anna is to serve under him.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church, Shamokin, intend having a fair, the 4th of July, to raise funds for repairing their house of worship.

Congress has passed an act which it is hoped may have some effect in diminishing gold gambling and thus reduce the premiums.

Lewisburg Market.

Corrected Semi-Weekly

Wheat,	1,80	Barley	90 to $1,00
Rye.....	1,50	Eggs.....	25
Corn,	1,50	Tallow	10
Oats, pr 32 lb,	75	Lard, fresh.....	16
Flaxseed.....	2,25	Wool.....	75
Dried Apples	8 lb	Potatoes.....	50
Butter.....	25	Sides & Shoulder	12
Rags.....4, 5, and 6		Ham.....	16
Country Soap 4 & 6			
Sides & Shoulders with Ribs			10

MARRIED,

By Rev. A. R. Hottenstein, 9th inst, WM. W. S. SNODDY, Superintendent of Common Schools of Clinton county, and Miss MAY M. LONG, of Selinsgrove.

By Rev. P. B. Marr, 9th inst, PHILIP M. ECKMAN and Miss TERESA A. FORESTER, both of Upper Augusta.

By Rev. A. D. Hawn, 28th ult, JOS. B. RODARMEL, of Rush, and Miss MELINDA ADAMS, of Shamokin Tp.

By the same, BENJ. B. SIEGFRIED of Lower Augusta and Miss CATHARINE CHRISTINE of Monroe Tp.

By P. M. Shindel, 24 inst, Mr. A. J. M'KEAN of Philad'a and Miss MARY J. WATTS of Muncy.

Died,

In Middleburg, 13th inst, MARY M. wife of Albright SWINEFORD, in her 68th year.

☞Jno. F. Nice's Photograph Gallery will be closed during this week until Saturday, he being absent.

Latest News

Capture of Petersburg.

Wednesday last, from the S.E., Union troops stormed the outer works of Petersburg, and took 13 cannon and 2500 prisoners.

Gen. Smith publicly thanked the colored troops for their valor and endurance in the action, and said he should hereafter entrust them in the front.

The City of Petersburg is the second largest in Virginia, 23 miles S. by E. of Richmond, and is a very important railway junction. Our guns control the city, but the Rebels were massing on the other side of the Appomatox river on which Petersburg lies. It seems this source of supply to Jeff. Davis was cut off before Lee could hurry down his men from Richmond to keep it.

The Danville road on the S. W., is still open to Richmond.

The Pittsburg Fair netted $290,000, up to Thursday evening.

JUST received a fine assortment **Ladies' Dress Goods,** Embroidery, Veils, Gloves, Trimmings, &c. &c. suitable for the season—also a fine lot of Domestics—at KREMER, LONG & CO'S

June 20, 1864

CARPETS just rec'd (June 20) by KREMER, LONG & CO

Expense Book.—A blank book, thus labelled, has been found, and is left at this office for the owner

LOST—between Lewisburg and Selinsgrove, on Thursday night last, a small green silk UMBRELLA. If the finder will return it to the subscriber, he will receive a proper mark of gratitude. H. GERHART.

THE OLD FLAG!

A CAMPAIGN PAPER, for the People—devoted to the election of LINCOLN and JOHNSON, Union and Freedom, and the Right of Suffrage to our brave Soldiers—will be issued on the 21st July, and weekly thereafter until the full returns of the Presidential Election can be given, from the office of the Franklin Repository, Chambersburg, Pa.

The Old Flag will contain Portraits of Lincoln, Johnson and other eminent men, Maps of Battles and Battle Fields, and will urge relentless war upon Copperheads until their decisive defeat in Nov. next. It will be a neatly printed paper of twenty columns.

TERMS—CASH IN ADVANCE.

One copy	50 cents
Ten copies to one address	$4 50
Twenty do do	8 00
Thirty do do	10 50
Fifty do do	15 00

And at the same rate (30 cents per copy) for any number over fifty.

☞Let every earnest Union man at once commence to raise a club for his immediate neighborhood, so that all the numbers can be secured.

☞The first number will contain a Portrait of President Lincoln, and the second will contain a Portrait of Andrew Johnson.

Address MCLURE & STONER, Chambersburg, Pa.

The Great Central Fair.

PLEASE take notice.—The price of a single admission is FIFTY CENTS, Children under thirteen half price. This admits to EIGHTY-ONE out of the NINETY Departments of the Fair, and to much more than three-quarters of the whole space covered by the buildings. Certain departments, nine in number, containing articles chiefly for exhibition, and not for sale, have been permitted to charge a separate price for admission, as follows:

Art Gallery	25 cts.
Indian Department,	25 "
Arms and Trophies,	20 "
Relics and Curiosities,	20 "
Horticultural Department,	25 "
Children's Amusements,	25 "
William Penn Parlor,	10 "
Pennsylvania Kitchen,	10 "
Skating Pond,	10 "

The Executive Committee assure the Public that, although the full money's worth will be obtained from a visit to the eighty-one departments to which the entrance fee admits, yet it will be found that the nine other departments will amply reward the visitors and justify the additional outlay. All must bear in mind that, by these extra charges, the total receipts are increased and the Holy Cause is as much assisted as it would be, were the same sum expended by visitors in the purchase of articles exposed for sale.

The Fair will open on TUESDAY, the 7th inst, at 4 P. M.

On Wednesday, 8th inst, the Fair will be opened from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

HORACE HOWARD FURNESS, Sec'y.

Estate of Lt. Col. John D. Musser.

WHEREAS, letters of administration to the estate of John D. Musser, dec'd, late of Lewisburg, have been granted to the subscriber by the Register of Union county, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims against the same will present them without delay to JOSEPH MUSSER, Administrator,

Or to his Attorneys, ORWIG & HAYES

Lewisburg, June 3, 1864

HAWLEY'S

Solidified

DENTAL CREAM,

for Cleansing, Whitening and Preserving the TEETH!

THIS article is prepared with the greatest care upon scientific principles and warranted not to contain anything in the slightest degree deleterious to the teeth or gums. Some of our most eminent Dental Surgeons have given their sanction to and cheerfully recommended it as a preparation of superior qualities for cleansing, whitening and preserving the TEETH. It cleans readily, rendering them beautifully white and pearly without the slightest injury to the ENAMEL. It is healing to the gums where they are ulcerated and sore, and is an excellent disinfector for old or decayed teeth, which are often exceedingly offensive. It gives a rich and creamy taste to the mouth, cleansing it thoroughly, and imparting a delightful fragrance to the breath.

Prepared only by

A. HAWLEY,

N. W. corner 10th and Lombard Sts, Philadelphia,

and sold by all Druggists.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

Testimonials.—The following opinion of Dr. White as to the high esteem in which he holds the Dental Cream, must be sufficient evidence of its value. To quote others in detail is needless, contenting ourselves by simply giving the names and addresses of persons who speak of its excellence for the teeth.

PHILADELPHIA, April 15, 1863.

Having carefully examined *A. HAWLEY'S SOLIDIFIED DENTAL CREAM*, I cheerfully recommend it to the public generally. It is an excellent preparation for cleansing and preserving the teeth, and can be used by all persons with the utmost confidence, as its properties are perfectly harmless. Besides preserving the teeth, it promotes a healthy action to the gums, and imparts a pleasantness to the breath.

DR. W. R. WHITE, 1208 Arch St.

Tho's Ingram, M D, Dentist, 491 N Fourth St
J. Binney, 254 S Sixth St
E. Vandergrift, Surgeon Dentist, 425 Arch St
C. A. Kingsbury, Dentist, 1119 Walnut St
S. Dillingham, D D S, 734 Arch St
F. M. Dixon, 827 Arch St
Edward Townsend, Dentist, 526 N Fourth St
L. H. Dorfeuil, Dentist, 807 N Tenth St
M. L. Long, Dentist, 639 N Sixth St

1y1050 if $15 yw

HARDWARE STORE in LEWISBURG.

GEO. W. PROCTER,

LATE of PHILADELPHIA, has opened a LARGE and COMPLETE stock of

HARDWARE,

in Chamberlin's Block, 5th and Market Sts,

and respectfully announces to the citizens of Union and neighboring counties that he is prepared—having purchased a large part of his Goods from Manufacturers or their agents—to offer such inducements to purchasers,

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

as to make it to their interest to purchase of him. ☞CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK AND PRICES before purchasing elsewhere.

Country Storekeepers supplied at better prices than they can purchase in Philadelphia.

Real Estate.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

THE subscriber will offer at Public Sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Lewisburg, on

Wednesday, the 29th of June inst.,

a good FARM, and TIMBER LAND, also, a large **SAW-MILL,** situated on Penns creek, in Limestone township, Union county, about four miles from Mifflinburg.

The Farm and Timber contain about **380 Acres.** The Saw-Mill is fitted with a Circular Saw, and driven by the fine water power of Penns creek. Late the estate of Hugh Bellas, dec'd. CHARLES PLEASANTS,

Sunbury, June 10, 1864 Executor.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of an order of Orphans' Court of Northumberland county, the subscriber will expose to sale on the premises on MONDAY the 25th of July, 1864, the following described real estate—

Situated in Chillisquaque township, Northumberland county, fronting on the West Branch of the Susquehanna river, about one mile from Lewisburg and three from Milton, adjoining lands of the heirs of Franklin Candor, dec'd, on the south, William Winetersteen on the east, Joseph Meizel on the north, and said West Branch of the Susquehanna river on the west, containing

FORTY ACRES

more or less, all cleared and in a high state of cultivation. The Improvements thereon are a commodious double brick Dwelling House recently fitted up, Out Kitchen, a Well of excellent water with a pump, and all necessary conveniences to make it a desirable residence, also a frame *BANK BARN*, a Wagon house, and Tenant house, are on said premises and a number of excellent bearing Fruit Trees.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, when terms will be made known by JACOB RODENBAUGH,

Admr with the will annexed of SAMUEL RANSOM, dec'd

June 13, 1864

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

WILL be sold at public sale—if not sold before at private sale—on

WEDNESDAY, JULY 6, 1864,

at 10 o'clock, A M, all that messuage and lot of ground situate on Water St, Lewisburg, late the estate of MARY and HANNAH BLACK, deceased. It will be sold in two parts, or altogether, to suit purchasers—it being suitable for occupation by TWO FAMILIES.

The buildings are good, and the Lot covered with choice Fruit Trees. The point commands a beautiful view of the Susquehanna. For terms apply to

JAMES F. LINN,

Attorney in fact for the heirs.

Lewisburg, May 27, 1864

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of a writ of Ven. Ex. and Al. Lev. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Union Co., Pa., and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or outcry on

Saturday, July 2, 1864,

at the Riviere House in the borough of Lewisburg, county aforesaid, at 1 o'clock, P M,

PART of a certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Lewisburg, county aforesaid, numbered with the general town plan, eighteen (18), bounded on the south by Market st, on the east by Mrs. Samuel Ammon, on the north by Cherry alley, and on the west by Wm. Cameron, Esq., containing One-Sixth of an Acre, more or less, whereon are erected a large two and a half-story Brick Dwelling House, Store Room, Frame Stable, and other Outbuildings, with the appurtenances, &c., as the property of MARY HOFFMIER.

ALSO, at the same time and place, all that messuage and tract of Improved Land, situate in White Deer township, county and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: On line of land of Dr. Dancoskey, thence south one half degree west 93 perches to a post on same line; thence south 81½ degrees west 42 perches to the center of the W. D. & S. V. turnpike; thence along the center of said turnpike north 88½ degrees west 90 perches to a stone; thence north 1½ degrees west 188 6-10 perches to a post; thence north 84½ degrees east 109 perches to a post; thence along lands of said Dr. Dancoskey south 17 degrees east 114 perches to the place of beginning, containing 153 Acres and 137 Perches or thereabouts, whereon are erected a two-storey Log House, Frame Kitchen, Frame Barn, Corn Crib, and other outbuildings, a large body of iron ore, limestone quarry, apple orchard and other fruit trees, a spring of never-failing water near the house, &c. Seized and taken in execution as the property of L. Clark Davis.

L. P. ALBRIGHT, Sheriff

Sheriff's Office, Lewisburg, June 6, 1864

FOR RENT OR SALE,

A TAVERN STAND—a STORE ROOM and all the fixtures ready for use—and a DWELLING adjacent to Store.

Possession of Tavern, 1st of April next—of Store and Dwelling, on two days' notice.

THO. ARBUCKLE, Slifer P.O.

Uniontown, Brady Tp, Union Co, Pa, Dec. 21, 1863.

Farm for Sale.

THE south-west quarter of section 17, town 27, north range 8, east of the 4th principal meridian. The said Farm lies **about two miles north of the city of Freeport, in Stephenson Co., Illinois,** has about Forty Acres under cultivation, with Log House and other Outbuildings; is watered by one of the most beautiful Springs in the county, and the balance of the tract is covered by a thrifty growth of timber.

Every acre of the farm is susceptible of cultivation, and when suitably improved would make one of the most inviting residences in Illinois.

For particulars enquire of Francis Wilson, of Lewisburg, Pa.; Sam'l B. Harris, of Freeport, Ill., or the subscribers, at Savanna, Ill.

Nov. 30, 1863 E. CHAMBERLIN, L. H. BOWEN.

FOR SALE.

A DESIRABLE Building Lot, situated in a pleasant part of Lewisburg. Terms to suit the purchaser. For further information inquire of [1039] C D BREWER

FOR RENT.

TWO-STOREY Brick HOUSE and LOT on North Fourth street.

March 18, '63. H. P. SHELLER.

TOBACCO PLANTS

FOR SALE.—A fine lot of HEALTHY **Tobacco Plants** for sale by the subscriber, residing on South Third street, near Hess' Livery, Lewisburg.

WILLIAM KETCHUM.

June 10, 1864 pd3t

The Lewisburg Deposit Bank

HAS this day declared a Dividend of four per cent. for the last six months, free from the Government Tax, payable on demand. H. P. SHELLER, Treas'r.

May 4, 1864.

Estate of Godfrey Dieffenderfer, dec'd.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters of Administration on the estate of Godfrey Dieffenderfer, dec'd, late of White Deer Tp, have been granted to the subscriber by the Register of Union county in due form of law, therefore all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having just claims against the same may present them duly authenticated for settlement, to

NELSON DIEFFENDERFER, Adm'r

White Deer, May 30, 1864 pd

NOTICE.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Peter Beaver, Samuel Geddes, James S. Marsh, Levi Rooke and Joseph W. Shriner, doing business under the name and firm of BEAVER, GEDDES, MARSH & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 2d day of April, 1864, by Samuel Geddes and Jos. W. Shriner selling out their interests and withdrawing from the concern.

The business of the late firm will be settled up by the new firm of BEAVER, MARSH & Co. BEAVER, GEDDES, MARSH & CO.

April 28, 1864.

Estate of Daniel Bingaman, dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of DANIEL BINGAMAN, late of Hartley township, Union Co., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Union county, in due form of law; therefore all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having just claims against the same are also requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement to

SUSAN BINGAMAN, Admin'x.

Hartley Twp, April 22, 1864

Estate of James Keefer, dec'd.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of James Keefer, deceased, late of White Deer Twp, having been granted to the subscribers by the Register of Union county in due form of law, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and all having any just claims against the same may present them duly authenticated for settlement to

WM. L. KEEFER, Steuben Co., New York.

1050 MARTIN KEEFER, Buffalo Tp, Union Co. Pa

Administrator's Notice.

WHEREAS, Letters Testamentary upon the estate of WILLIAM MITCHELL, late of Limestone township, Union Co, dec'd, have been granted to the subscribers, in due form of law, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same, will present them duly authenticated for settlement. GEORGE F. SEEBOLD, Adm'r

Limestone Tp. 1047

NOTICE!

THE accounts of HUNTER PARDOE Esq deceased, have been left for collection at the office of JAMES F. LINN Esq. where also claims against the estate may be presented. EXECUTORS

Miller wanted.

A *good* Miller can secure a good situation. Inquire of JOHN WALLS & CO

Lewisburg, May 25, 1864

Agents Wanted Everywhere

TO SELL THE ELEGANT

Full Length Steel Plate Engraving

OF

PRESIDENT LINCOLN

Signing the Emancipation Proclamation.

THE best and only correct likeness of this great man in existence. For particulars address, JOHN DAINTY, Publisher,

May 10m2 No. 17 S. 6th St., Philadelphia.

A. ELTON & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCH'TS

and Dealers in

Leather, Sumac, Sheep and Calf Skins,

No. 434 North Third street,

Philadelphia.

LEATHER, Sumac and Skins bought, or sold on Commission. Advances made on Consignments. [Nov. 26, 63m3]