UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

At $1.50 per Year, always in Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., FRIDAY, JAN. 8, 1864.

"THE UNION," established in 1814—Whole No. 2,650.

"CHRONICLE," established in 1843—Whole No. 1,029.

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY—
Tuesday Morning & Friday Afternoon.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN

Under our Real Estate head, today, a new enterprise is advertised. Persons wishing building lots in proximity to town, would do well to take a look at Mr. Nesbit's lots, over the river.

Rev. Dr. Harbaugh has formally accepted the Theological Professorship at Mercersburg, Pa.

Rev. J. H. Vincent has been lecturing before the Young Men's Christian Association, in Erie, on "Palestine, the Memorial Land." The lectures and lecturer are spoken of in the highest terms by the Erie *Dispatch*.

A gentleman from the country wishes us to request the citizens of the borough to discontinue the practice of emptying coal ashes on the wagon tracks in the streets. Heavily laden sleds and sleighs passing over are apt to ground and stick, unless an extra quantity of lash and vocal powers is applied to the teams.

Friends of the soldiers, remember them while they are in winter quarters. Don't fail to send them reading matter of all kinds to assist in driving off the monotony incident to that kind of life. Magazines, new or old, books, pamphlets, newspapers, scrap-books—anything that has printing on it—even if they are considered "dry" and uninteresting to you, will be welcomed by the soldier in his tent.

Shall the Majority Rule?

The essence of true Democracy is the equality of human rights, to be regulated by constitutional law, and determined by the rule of THE MAJORITY. The aristocratic doctrine is that THE MINORITY shall rule.

The American Revolution of 1776 was fought and won upon the democratic or republican platform of the rule of the majority as properly determined.

The Aristocratic or Slave Power has always been in antagonism to this principle of equality—and rather than submit to the clearly expressed decision of the American people in the Presidential election of 1860, that power inaugurated the present Rebellion, and has deluged parts of our land in the best blood of both sections. The contest continues, and must until the Right of the Majority to Rule shall be established: it must no more be yielded or sacrificed or compromised away, than it must be allowed to be subdued or vanquished by force.

In the Senate of Pennsylvania, the same struggle is now in progress. There are 17 Senators elect of that body, each of whom had a clear majority in his favor of the vote of the particular district from which he was elected. At the last General Election, a majority of 15,000 of the whole vote of the State was recorded in favor of the party they represent and sustain. One of that 17, taken while bravely fighting for the cause of his State and country, is in a Rebel dungeon. That Party, then, is, as a whole, and every man, in the majority. There are also 16 Senators—a minority of the whole body of 33, and representing the party which are 15,000 minority in the popular vote—who claim that the majority shall yield to the minority, in whole or in part. Here is the old aristocratic claim, or element, trying to get the control of an organization of importance in this era of our country's trials.

"Free Speech and Free Press."

This phrase has for some time been a favorite one with the opponents of the Administration—meaning, in their mouths, that there should be no restriction upon those who would abuse and hinder the Administration in its efforts to put down the Rebellion. But, as used to support the Government, the same thing does not seem to be held sacred by the same persons. A preacher of the Gospel who exhorts his people to sustain the Government in the very words of the Savior and his Apostles, is denounced and harassed by the *peculiar* friends of "Free Speech and Free Press." This appears by his farewell sermon in Rush, to have been the case with Rev. John R. Shanafelt, late pastor of the Rush and Shamokin Baptist churches. His first offence was speaking for the "old flag," without partizan allusion, at a pole raising in his neighborhood, when his friends asked him to make a few appropriate remarks, and he did. That was *free speech*. He also published a very good argument against African Slavery. That was *free press*. But for these two exercises of the "free speech and free press," certain members of one of his churches, aroused so much partizan rancor and opposition, that he believed he could be more useful as well as pleasant in a new field of labor. He resigned his former charge, and is now settled, at *Pittston, Luzerne Co., Pa.*, where correspondence should be addressed. We regret that so useful and worthy a man should be lost to the field, and would suggest that the publication of his Argument against African Slavery would be a timely and effective document.

Shall we yield the Right?

Great Britain, in 1812, maintained that because she denied the right of her native born citizens to remove their allegiance to any other Government, *therefore* she had the right to seize by force and carry from our vessels those who, having been naturalized, were entitled to the protection of our flag. We maintained that men *had* the right to transfer allegiance from the Power under which they happened to be born, to any other they might choose. Here were two distinct, antagonistic claims. Great Britain said we must yield to *her* claim. We said no. We fought them, and that haughty power relinquished their claim, thereby acknowledging at least our equality.

The Rebels have decreed that no negro man shall bear arms against them, and if any negro does fight them, both he and his white officers shall be denied the privileges of the common articles of war. The United States say that men of all nationalities and colors, fighting under the Stars and Stripes, shall be entitled to the full protection of that Flag. The Rebels say that their laws must be held superior to ours. Shall we yield to their claim of superiority?

Again, in the Senate of Pennsylvania, those representing the minority of the elected members of that body, and of the popular vote of the State, assume to be equals of the majority of that body's elected members and of the popular vote, and now dictate terms by demanding an equal share of the offices, or (as the alternative) threatening to stop all business. Here is the British and Rebel dogma assumed—the same old aristocratic principle in a new shape—that the majority are not to rule—they are at best only the equals of the minority.

Shall we yield the Right?

Harrisburg Correspondence.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 1, 1864.

It is very cold weather here—the coldest of the season. Gentlemen I have met from Wayne, Susquehanna, and Crawford counties, say they have had good sleighing there for two weeks.

This being New Year,s Day, comparatively few of the Members of the Legislature have left their homes to reach here, and there is less activity in settling preliminaries than at other times.

In the House, Mr. Johnson of Meadville for Speaker, and Mr. Benedict of Huntingdon for Clerk, seem agreed upon by the friends of the Administration.

A gentleman from Indiana county states that Judge White has in his hands the resignation of his son, Senator Harry White, to be used as soon as it is apparent the latter will not be released.

I am told the Report of the Superintendent of Common Schools is all ready for delivery. This is very commendable. Documents of that kind should be so prepared that Legislators may devote to them their earliest attention. The other Official Reports also may be in readiness, but I have not learned.

The friends of the Administration feel joyful and thankful over this fall's successes. They say that were Woodward now to run, he would be about as badly defeated in Penn'a as Vallandigham was in Ohio.

Capt. Brady, of the Senate officers, is in sorrow for the recent loss of his son, Samuel Brady, of Clinton county—an active business man, who died of a decline in the prime of his manhood.

An outrageous case of official impudence has come under my knowledge. A stout looking boy of fifteen years, weak at the lungs, was induced to enlist, altering his name and falsifying his age—and the trouble is to get him released. His parents are patriots, and few ladies have done more than his mother for three summers and two winters, for the Soldiers here—but the boy is unfit for a soldier's life. For a few paltry dollars, an officer thus distresses a worthy family, who it may cost a sum they can ill spare to procure his discharge from a position he could not fill.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 5.

The House promptly organized at noon—52 Members voting for HENRY C. JOHNSON Esq., (Rep.) of Meadville, for Speaker, and 45 for Cyrus L. Pershing, Esq., (Opp.) of Cambria county—three of the Opp. absent. Mr. Johnson is a hale, hearty looking man, in the prime of life. He is a native of Pittsburg, but spent some time in the West before settling in Crawford county, which he represented here last year. He makes a good appearance and has the reputation of being thoroughly alive to the great issues of the day. A. W. Benedict, of Huntingdon, is Clerk; and James C. Brown, of Mercer, Assistant—both, reliable old Whig and Republican editors, and former Members. These gentlemen were selected with great unanimity. For the minor stations, Mr. Hassinger of Snyder county, and Salmon D. Munson of Union, were among the successful candidates. For Post Master, Mr. Stewart of Lawrence county, who has taken four sons into the Union army, was successful.

A motion to admit N. G. Taylor, Esq., an East Tennessee Unionist, to speak in the Hall this evening was passed by a decided vote—a few faint voices in the negative, but most of the Opposition closing their lips and refusing to vote either way. What a contrast to the act of the defiant and victorious majority of last year, who refused Andrew Johnson of East Tennessee the use of that very Hall! They dared not repeat the folly and treasonable spirit of that proceeding.

The Senate were not so happy and harmonious in consequence of its equally divided state. Mr. Penney, Speaker holding over according to the Constitution and Custom of the Commonwealth, promptly called the Senate to order. After proceeding to receive the returns, he swore in the new Senators, when four of the Opposition entered a protest against Mr. Penney's right to swear them in, not recognizing his right to occupy the chair. Mr. Lamberton of Clarion addressed him as "Senator from Allegheny," instead of "Mr. Speaker," for which he was mildly rebuked, and withdrew his offensive phraseology. On a motion to elect a Speaker, the vote stood—16 for Penney, and 16 for Clymer—those gentlemen voting for each other. Repeated ballots had the same result. The ballots were varied by reading bills in place, &c. A motion to proceed to the consideration of the proposed Amendments to the Constitution, was lost—16 Democrats against it. All ordinary motions preliminary to proceeding to business, were lost by the same vote. Even the motion (heretofore standing and unanimous) to re-elect Capt. Brady, met the 16 Nays of the Dems. Mr. Turrell made a mild, cool reference to "the situation," to which no reply was made. Mr. Lowry raised a hearty laugh by a resolution "requesting Jeff. Davis to catch another of our Senators, or release the one he has, so that business may proceed." Mr. Kinsey proposed Mr. Lowry to carry the resolution to Jeff's notice. Finally, the Senate adjourned until 11 o.clock to morrow morning.

—A few years ago, in this very Senate, the noted Buckalew being absent on public business, the body stood 16 Whig and 16 Dem. Recognizing the fact that the body was Democratic, the Whigs yielded to the Democracy the offices. Such is the statement. Now, the Senate is undoubtedly Republican—but the gallant HARRY WHITE is a prisoner, and his absence the so-called Democracy seek to take advantage of to compel the majority to yield to the minority, under danger of otherwise embarrassing the public business. Mr. Speaker Penney was early importuned for "propositions," but I trust neither he nor any other Union Senator will entertain any "proposition" except that the rightful majority—just endorsed by the popular vote—shall have all their rights. W.

That staunch and valuable paper, the *Miners' Journal* of Pottsville, has slipped into a new and beautiful suit of type. It is an able and faithful organ of the interests it represents, viz, coal and iron.

The *Daily News*, of Philad., has been enlarged, and has also dressed itself with a new outfit from L. Johnson & Co's foundry.

FOR THE STAR & CHRONICLE.

[Letter and views of a patriotic young man who has lately entered the army of the U. S.]

374, BROADWAY, NEW YORK, Dec.—'63.

DEAR PARENTS—I know that I can not undertake anything and succeed without your blessing. You know how long I have wished to make my practice consistent with my principles, and enter the army; and now, when the country needs men, I think I ought to go. We must make sacrifices; I do it when I give up my school in ——, and when I give up my place here, either of which would be a pecuniary advantage to me; but I do it willingly, because I think it my duty. I have only myself and parents to look after. If the country survives this crisis and I never come back, you can depend that she will remember the friends of those who were sacrificed for her salvation; and if the State becomes a wreck I will be no better prepared to take care of them than if I had not gone to war; for certainly ruin will come upon the country if soldiers are wanting, and if everything is in ruin, how will we live? I feel as though I would be in the protection of God's providence, as well in the battle field as here at home. In our peaceful life of business we feel ourselves relieved in our continual trust in providence, not having such a vivid sense of the need of it; but a man who goes into danger will find it necessary to dwell more in the presence of God. It is with this feeling that I consider I am doing right in entering the army, and if you, my dear parents, feel that you can rely upon Providence for support and comfort while I am in danger, I will expect in your next letter your consent to my going. I will then enlist immediately. Your affectionate son,

W. H. H.

The Arlington estate, opposite Washington, the property of the Rebel Gen. Lee, is to be sold at auction to pay taxes.

A letter from Pesth, Hungary, says: "For near upon two years, not a drop of rain! The sun rising from a sky without a cloud, and setting behind a bed of fiery dust."

The Bedford *Inquirer* states that the trustees of the Lutheran Church of that town have summarily dismissed the Pastor, Reverend Samuel Yingling, in consequence of his want of sympathy with the rebellion.

PRICE OF A WAGON-LOAD OF WOOL.—The Syracuse Standard says: A farmer of the town of Camillus, on Saturday, brought to market, a single wagon load of farm produce that brought him $1,588 50. The load consisted of 2,118 pounds of wool sheared from 380 sheep, which was sold for seventy-five cents a pound.

A cotemporary recommends the following as an effectual precaution against burglars: "If you are sleeping in a room in which you apprehend a visit from a robber, spread half a dozen newspapers on the floor, near the entrance of the room. The slightest step will rustle the paper so as to awaken the heaviest sleeper, and the door can not be opened, or a step made, without the rustling.

On Wednesday night, says a Richmond paper, Dec 11th, the bodies of six deceased Yankee prisoners were deposited in the dead house of the hospital to await the coming of the undertaker with coffins. Yesterday morning one of the bodies was gone, and the plank knocked from the house showing the way the ghost went. He had been "playing possum," and was laid among the dead only to get up and run away when nobody was looking.

The following official paragraph, from a letter of Col. Fry to Col. Nugent, will in future settle all doubts. It is dated War Department, Provost Marshal General's Office, Washington, Dec. 8:

"The President has ordered that every citizen who has paid the three hundred dollars commutation shall receive the same credit therefor as if he had furnished a substitute, and is exonerated from the military service for the time for which he was drafted, to wit: for three years."

CINCINNATI, Jan. 5.—The Ohio Legislature was organized to day. J. R. Hubbell was elected Speaker of the House, and Wm. E. Davis Clerk of the Senate. Gov. Tod's message was very brief. The financial affairs of the State were never in better condition. The public debt had been reduced $676,000. The militis system adopted by the Legislature last winter proved successful. He attributes the escape of John Morgan to negligence growing out of a misunderstanding between the civil and military officers in the penitentiary as to their respective duties.

A FRANK CONFESSION.—The New York *Herald*, which for a week past has been running Gen. Grant for the Presidency, says of President Lincoln:

"We abandon 'Honest Old Abe' as a hopeless case. We have puffed him, we have praised him, we have helped him in every way, but can get no good out of him. To use one of his own homely similies, he is a crooked stick that can not be bent, and that will have to be broken."

Which means that President Lincoln is the only Chief Magistrate for many years past who would not throw a sop to the *Herald*.—*Boston Journal*.

Before and after the election of 1860, the "Democratic" journals labored as hard as they could to convince the people of the South that it would be impossible for them to live in safety under a Republican administration; and there can be no doubt that such representations were largely instrumental in exciting the slave states to the point of rebellion. Now we find the same class of journals assuring the South that to accept the President's offer of amnesty will be a degradation and a disgrace; of course the intention of those who make such assertions can only be to protract the war.

As the above are incontroverible facts, is there any one green enough to deny that the Copperheads are Jeff. Davis' catspaws? In serving him as they surely are, it will be miraculous if they do not get their fingers badly burned in trying to rake out their master's hot chestnuts.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The following is the message sent to Congress to-day by the President of the United States:

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives:—By a joint resolution of your honorable bodies, approved Dec. 23d, 1863, the paying of bounties for veteran volunteers as now practiced by the War Department is to the extent of three hundred dollars: It also provides that after the 5th day of the present month it should terminate. I transmit for your consideration a communication from the Secretary of War accompanied by one from the Provost Marshal to him, both relating to the subject above mentioned. I earnestly recommend that that law be so modified as to allow bounties to be paid as they now are, at least until the first of February. I am not without anxiety lest I appear to be importunate in thus recalling your attention to a subject upon which you have so recently acted, and nothing but a deep conviction that the public interest demands it, could induce me to incur the hazard of being misunderstood on this point.

The executive approval was given by me to the resolution mentioned, and it is now by a closer attention and a fuller knowledge of the facts that I feel constrained to recommend a reconsideration of the subject. ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Jan. 5, 1864.

Latest News

Eleven regiments of Gen. Birney's division have signified their intention to reenlist, and are being mustered in as rapidly as possible.

The blockaders in St. Andrew's Sound recently destroyed a very extensive and valuable quantity of salt works both at Lake Ocola and St. Andrew's Bay, Florida.

A special dispatch to the *Commercial*, dated at Cairo, says a delegation of the prominent citizens of Arkansas had arrived there *en route* to Washington, to arrange for Arkansas to resume her position in the Union.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 6.—Governor Bramlette, of Kentucky, has issued a proclamation ordering the military commandants, where loyal citizens are taken off by guerrillas, to arrest at least five rebel sympathizers who live in the vicinity where the outrage is committed.

Gilmore shelled Charleston on Christmas from 1 to 3 o'clock. Several fires were seen to burn for considerable time. The Marblehead was fired into by a rebel battery at Stono inlet, and two men killed. The battery, with two guns, was afterwards captured.

No change in the Lewisburg Market Prices since our last.

MARRIED,

On Wednesday Jan. 6th, by Rev. Stephen H. Mielck, FRANKLIN S. CALDWELL, of Ashland, and Miss CLARINDA HOUGHTON of this place.

On the 29th ult., by Rev. Geo. Parson, JOHN CAREY of Milton, and Miss MARGARET HASLET, of Kelly township, Union Co.

Died,

In Lewisburg, on the 4th inst., HENRY DEFRAIN, aged 70 years.

In Mottville Tp., St. Joseph Co., Mich., on the 12th of Dec., JOHN WILLIAM, son of C. R. and Mary A. ANTES, formerly of New Berlin, Union Co., Pa., aged 7 years 25 days (after the short illness of one day.)

Sleep, Willie dear, and take your rest,
God called you home, he thought it best;
Twas hard indeed to be parted thus,
But Christ's strong arm supported us.

WOOD CHOPPERS.

ONE Hundred Wood Choppers wanted to cut wood at Beaver Furnace, for which good prices will be paid in CASH, monthly.
Jan.8,'64. FRANCIS WALTER & CO.

LOST.

STRAYED away from Mifflinburg, on Thursday afternoon, Dec. 31, a small DOG; color, chestnut sorrel and white. He left in company with Dr. Beck's dog, and was last seen on entering Lewisburg that evening. Any person leaving information with the printer of his whereabouts, so that he can be obtained, will be suitably rewarded.

$2500 Wanted.

ANY person or persons having the above amount to invest can do so upon a first class judgment, and a first mortgage, by applying immediately to
J. F. & JOHN B. LINN.
Dec. 31, 1863.

Tax Payers Take Notice.

THE annual list of United States taxes is made upon licenses, income on carriages, silver plate and all unpaid monthly lists are now due, and payable as follows:

JUNIATA COUNTY will be attended to by John M'Laughlin, deputy, at Mifflintown, on Monday the 11th day of January, 1864; at M'Alisterville on the 12th and 13th, Richfield 14th, Mexico 16th M'Connelsville 18th, East waterford 20th and 21, Perrysville 22.

SNYDER COUNTY—Henry Smith will attend at the Washington House, Middleburg, on the 11th of January; Selinsgrove, at the Union House, on the 12th, Freeburg, at F. Meyer's hotel, on the 13th, at Beaver Spring 14th and 15th.

UNION COUNTY—Jesse Beaver, deputy, will attend at Hartleton on the 11th of January, at Mifflinburg on the 12th, at New Berlin on the 13th, at Lewisburg on the 14th and 15th, at New Columbia on the 18th, at Unionton on the 19th.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY—S. D. Beyer, deputy, will attend at his office in Sunbury, on the 18th and 19th, at Weaver's Hotel, in Shamokin, on the 20th, on the 22d and 23d at J. M. Huff's in the borough of Milton.

DAUPHIN COUNTY—Attendance will be given in person, or by deputy, at the Assessor's Office, Middletown, on the 11th, at Hummelstown, at Raums' Hotel, on the 12th, at Lingletown on the 13th, at Berrysburg on the 19th, at Millersburg on the 20th, at Halifax on the 21st, at Dauphin on the morning of the 22d. Attendance will be given on any day at my office, in Harrisburg, for Dauphin county.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—To all who neglect to pay at the time and places specified, 10 per centum must be added and paid. All taxes must be paid in Government funds or its equivalent.

A. K. FAHNESTOCK,
Collector 14th District, Penna.

PUBLIC LETTING.

SEALED Proposals will be received until Saturday, 9th Jan. 1864, at Schoolhouse No. 5, in East Buffaloe township, near Jacob Gundy's, to build **Two new School Houses.** Specifications and Plans can be seen at the Office of John A. Meriz, Esq. To be awarded to the lowest bidder. By order of the President: W. I. LINN, Sec'y
Dec. 26, 1863 pd

NOTICE

ALL persons indebted to Jno. Houghton, dec'd, agent of Mary Houghton, either by Note or Book Acc't, are requested to call and make payment immediately as I wish to close up the Books.
MARY HOUGHTON.

The stock of Boots and Shoes on hand will be sold CHEAP FOR CASH. Call soon and get BARGAINS.
North Market Square, Lewisburg, Dec. 16, '63.

FOR SALE.

A YOKE of first rate, heavy, well-broken working OXEN.
Nov 27 FRANCIS WILSON.

MEN WANTED.

50 OR 60 MEN WANTED
AS
Carpenters, Boatbuilders and Laborers,
TO WHOM constant employment and good wages will be given. CASH PAID EVERY WEEK.
FRICK, BILLMEYER & CO.
Lewisburg, Pa., December 14, 1863

A. ELTON & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCH'TS
and Dealers in
Leather, Sumac, Sheep and Calf Skins,
No. 434 North Third street,
Philadelphia.

LEATHER, Sumac and Skins, bought, or sold on Commission. Advances made on Consignments. [Nov. 28, 63m3]

Real Estate.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be offered, at Public Sale, on the premises, on
Thursday, February 4, 1864,
at 10 o'clock A. M., a number of
LOTS, in Chillisquaque T'p, North'd Co.
situated on the public road leading from Lewisburg to the Railroad, between the Planing Mill and the School House.

A space of 10 feet wide between the road and the front of the lots will be reserved for a side walk and pavement.

The lots will have a front of 60 feet on this side-walk, and extend back 180 feet to a street along the Canal.

Alleys will extend from the road to the street along the canal, at suitable and convenient points.

The location being near Lewisburg, and directly on the line of communication with the railroad, will make it a desirable place of residence.

If not previously sold at private sale, the above lots will be offered at public sale, on the day above mentioned.

For further particulars apply to
Jan 7] JOS. M. NESBIT, near Lewisburg

FOR RENT OR SALE,

A TAVERN STAND—a STORE ROOM and all the fixtures ready for use—and a DWELLING adjacent to Store.
Possession of Tavern, 1st of April next—of Store and Dwelling, on two days' notice.
THO. ARBUCKLE, Sider P.O.
Uniontown, Brady Tp, Union Co, Pa, Dec. 21, 1863

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of an order of Orphans' Court of Union county will be exposed to sale on the premises, on SATURDAY the 16th of January, 1864, at 10 o'clock, A M, that valuable FARM, situate in Brady township, Union county, containing 52½ ACRES of first-rate Limestone Land in a good state of cultivation. The Improvements are a good two-storey Brick House and good Bank Barn and all necessary Outbuildings. There is upon the premises a young bearing Orchard of well-selected Fruit Trees.

The above described premises are situated in a very pleasant neighborhood, convenient to market, churches, schools, &c. Terms easy.
S. T. M'CORMICK.
Administrator of John Wilson, deceased
Dec. 22, 1863 pd

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be offered on the premises, on West Market St. Lewisburg, at 1 P M of
Thursday, Jan'y 21, 1864,
the new **Double Brick House** now occupied as the "Union Hotel" by Levi Cromley, (which may be had as one, or in two parts, answering well for two families,) and a FRAME STABLE on one part of the Lot. Terms to suit the purchasers.
JOHN OTT, Selinsgrove.
Dec. 24, 1863 pd

Timber Land for Sale,

SAY 40 to 50 acres, on the road in West Buffaloe Twp, Union Co, Pa, bounded by lands of Jos Foster, Jacob Kline, Ch Shriner, Widow Mager, and others. It is mostly covered with White Pine, Oak, and some Chestnut. If not sold privately by Saturday, 16 Jan. 1864, to be offered at Public Sale on the ground, at 10, A M, when the terms will be made known by DANIEL KAUFMAN
Kelly Tp, Dec. 19, 1863

For Rent,

Two Store Rooms, 22 by 32 feet, and one large Room on second storey, in the rear of Kremer, Long & Co's Store, on Third St.
Apply to P. BEAVER

To Business Men.

TWO STORE ROOMS FOR RENT,
Chamberlin's Block, corner 5th and Market Sts., LEWISBURG, PA.

THESE Rooms are better situated, more thoroughly finished and furnished, convenient, and desirable in every respect, than any others in the place.

One is especially adapted for the sale of Dry Goods, or general Merchandize.

The other for the Grocery or Hardware business, or both combined.

The town has a population of 3000 persons and is surrounded by a rich and very extensive agricultural and manufacturing country.

At present, there is no Hardware Store in the place, or county, though greatly needed.

Terms reasonable. Apply to R. H. Chamberlin.
CHAMBERLIN BRO'S

Farms for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale at Private Sale **Two Farms** situated near the borough of Hartleton.

One in Hartley township, containing about **150 Acres,** joining lands of Jacob Fees, Jacob Smith and others, with a good House, Barn, and other buildings thereon.

The other in Lewis township, containing about **130 Acres,** with new Brick House, Bank Barn and other Outbuildings, adjoining land of Wm Hoffman, Wm Wolf and others.

For further information, inquire of the subscriber, residing in Hartley township, or of SAMUEL HAUPT Esq. in Hartleton borough.
Oct. 14 R. V. B. LINCOLN

Lots! Lots! Town Lots!

at private sale,
CHAMBERLIN'S ADDITION,
West End of Lewisburg.

THE subscriber offers for sale a limited number of BUILDING LOTS—situate on Market and Eighth streets, Lewisburg—if applied for before the

First of May next,

when this offer will be withdrawn. These Lots have a frontage of fifty-five feet and the usual depth of those in the borough.

A further description of this

VALUABLE AND DESIRABLE

property is deemed unnecessary—all parties interested can

examine for themselves.

Preference will be given to persons intending to make

Immediate Improvement.

Alleys and streets, if necessary to accommodate purchasers, will be opened

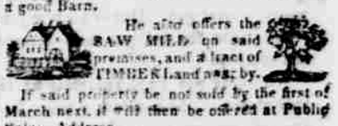
Without expense to the County.

For price, terms, and other particulars, apply to R. H. CHAMBERLIN, on the premises.
WM. H. CHAMBERLIN, for self,
1025 and Att'y and Guardian for Heirs

Warrantee Deeds, for sale at this office at 5 cts each

Executors' Sale
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

THE subscriber, Executor of Hugh Bellas, dec'd, offers at Private Sale a GOOD FARM situated on Penns creek in Limestone township, Union County—Dan'l Bazerd lives on the premises. The Improvements are a good two-storey Frame House and a good Barn.



He also offers the SAW MILL on said premises, and a tract of TIMBER Land near by.

If said property be not sold by the first of March next, it will then be offered at Public Sale. Address
CHARLES PLEASANTS,
Executor of Hugh Bellas, dec'd
Dec. 2, 1863 Sunbury, Pa

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY,

FOR SALE.—That new, well-built, two storey, double Brick Mansion, with an Out Kitchen, and Barn on the premises at the west end of Market St., Lewisburg, between 7th and 8th Sts. There is a Well on the Lot, and all kinds of good Fruit Trees growing. Lot 74 feet front.
June 22 REUBEN SNYDER.

House and Lot for Sale!

THE subscriber offers, at private sale, his House and lot, situate in Union township, Union county, three quarters of a mile from the Union Furnace, on the road leading to Selinsgrove, adjoining lands of Adron V. Buskirk and David Berrion. The lot contains 17½ Acres. The Improvements are a new two-storey Frame House, with Out Kitchen, and good never-failing Water. Also, a good Stable, and about one hundred Apple and Peach Trees.

This is a desirable home, suitable for a teamster.

For further particulars call on or address the subscriber at the Winfield P. O., Union Co., Pa. SAMUEL A. WALTERS, P. M.
Dec 7, '63 tf

HOUSE & WAGON MAKER'S SHOP

FOR RENT from 1st April next. The property is at the corner near the Fair Ground Tollhouse, one mile from Lewisburg. There is a Paint room attached to the shop where Wagons and Buggies have been made. Over an acre of ground is attached to the House, and comprises a Garden, and Fruit Trees. (The Blacksmith shop attached is rented.) FRANCIS WILSON.
Buffaloe Twp, Nov. 17, 1863

Farm for Sale.

THE south-west quarter of section 17, town 27, north range 8, east of the 4th principal meridian. The said Farm lies **about two miles north of the city of Freeport, in Stephenson Co., Illinois,** has about Forty Acres under cultivation, with Log House and other Outbuildings; is watered by one of the most beautiful Springs in the county, and the balance of the tract is covered by a thrifty growth of timber.

Every acre of the farm is susceptible of cultivation, and when suitably improved would make one of the most inviting residences in Illinois.

For particulars enquire of Francis Wilson, of Lewisburg, Pa.; Sam'l B. Harris, of Freeport, Ill., or the subscribers, at Savanna, Ill.
E. CHAMBERLIN,
Nov. 20, 1863 L. H. BOWEN.

FOR SALE

The residence of the late Mrs. MARIA M. GRAHAM, situated on South Front street, Lewisburg, nearly opposite Independent Hall. For terms, apply to
Dec. 1 A. H. DILL

FOR RENT.

TWO-STOREY Brick HOUSE and LOT on North Fourth street.
March 18, '62. H. P. SHELLER.

LEWISBURG ACADEMY

SPRING SESSION commences MONDAY, Jan. 4, 1864.

A private Report of the standing of the pupil will hereafter be placed in the hands of each parent or guardian—and it is recommended that such reports be preserved for future comparison.

TUITION—per Session, including contingent expenses:

PRIMARY—[Reading, Writing, Definer, Arithmetic, Geog., Gram, and U. S. History.] $5.00
ADVANCED ENGLISH, [all not included above] 6.50
LANGUAGES, 7.50

No deductions except for protracted sickness.
J. RANDOLPH, Principal

University at Lewisburg.

SCHOOLS re-open on TUESDAY, 5th of Jan. 1864.

The ACADEMY will be as heretofore under the charge of Mr. I. C. WYNN, A. M.

The FEMALE INSTITUTE will be under the charge of the experienced and accomplished Principal, Miss L. W. RUNDELL.

For further information, apply to
J. R. LOOMIS, President

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of JOHN HOPP, late of Lewisburg, Union county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Union county, in due form of law. Therefore, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having any just claims are also requested to present them legally authenticated for settlement to
HUBLEY ADBRIGHT, Adm'r.
Lewisburg, Dec. 1st, 1863.

REMOVAL!

E. L. MOWRY has removed his **Photograph Establishment** to the New Building on Market street, recently occupied by Dr. Burlan, OPPOSITE THE BANK, where he has fitted up one of the

Finest Galleries in the Country!

Having superior facilities and a long experience, he is satisfied that his work cannot be beaten. Call and test his workmanship.
Lewisburg, Aug. 15, '62.

Estate of Jacob Grove, dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of JACOB GROVE, late of Kelly township, Union Co., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Union county, in due form of law; therefore all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having just claims against the same are also requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement to
ABRAM GROVE, Admin'r
Kelly Tp, Dec. 7, 1863 pd