ION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRON

BY O. N. WURDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

Ai si.50 per Year, nivente la Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., TUESDAY, AUGUST 11, 1863.

"THE UNION," established in 1814-Whole No. 2.630.

"CHRONICLE," established in 1843 -- Whole Re. 1.009.

PIBLISHED BEMI-WEEKLY ... Tuesday Morning & Friday Afternoon: IF See AEW Advertiselbents.

Draft for Northumberland county; the last of this week.

Woodward's "Incalculable Blessing." In the published speech of George W. Woodward, 13th Dec., 1360, occurs this

remarkable paragraph : "And thus it happeds, that the Providence of that Good Being who has watched over us from the beginning, and saved us from external foes, has so ordered our internal relation as to make Negro Stavery an inculcutable Blessing to its and to Great

To see what this "blessing" has cont us in money, read the following estimate: What has Slavery cost the Nation?

The following table shows how much monby has been paid by the United Sates Governent, to practically extend the area of slave

territory :	
Indicate, purchased of France, Interest paid. Florida, purchased of Spatt, Interest paid. Paid to extraguish Indian titles, Paid to Georgia, Florida War. Soldiers' punifors, To remove Indiant,	115 (000, 00) 5 (000, 0) 5 (000, 0) 1 (000, 000, 00) 7 (000, 00) 7 (000, 00) 1 (100, 000, 00) 1 (100, 00)
Blexican War. Boldiers' pensions and blunte lands,	Latinging
Paid by treaty for New Mexico,	10,000,00
Total for Boundary.	10.000,000
Texas for creditors.	\$.000,000 6.000,000
ndian expenses of all kinds. To purchase many, and pay troops, All dibet expenditures;	\$ 1990 title 3,000 000
	\$32,764,83

Add to this the First year of Starsholders' Rebellion, for self-out ford \$1,572,764,438

The teafs and sighs and sufferings of the poor elaves and the blood and ruin of this War to strengthen and to extend Blavery-who but the Almighty knows?

All aware of the proud nature and the opinions of Judge Woodward, believe bitt willing to see this "incalculable blessing" extended over Pennsylvania!

Squirming .- To catch Union voters, the late Copperhend caucus for Snyder county passed the following !

"That the democratic party always has been and ever will be the union party, and that the the restoration of the Union as it was and the constitution as it is, and for this purpose we pledge our UNQUALIPIED SUPPORT TO THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT in the energetie prosecution of the existing war."

Upon which "latter clause" the "frank" editor of the TIMES, (the only democratic paper in the county) makes the following open (and true) confession :

"We deny that the concluding portion of the resolution in any sense whatever expresses the sentiments of the democracy of Sayder county. They are unalterably opposed to the prosecution of this war under any presences whatever, believing that it is contrary to right and justice and subversive of every great and fundamental principle upon which the republic was founded, and that no man can be a good democrat who know the sentiments of the Snyder county democracy, and we know that ninety-nine out of every one hundred are anti-war men -unqualified anti-war men."

Moj. J. Cummings engineered the resolutions. It seems that shrewd wire-puller thought it necessary to try again a "Polk, Dallas & Tariff of '42" swindle. But the State Convention's Platform is the true standard-and the Editor undoubtedly reveals the true state of feeling.

BARN BURNED .- Near the close of the shower on Sunday evening last, about 71 o'elock, lightning struck the barn of Adam Gundy, balf a mile S. W. of Lewisburg; it stripped the weather boarding off several feet, and a fierce blase instantly struck up ; Mr. G. and family saw the stroke and the fire, and rescued the live stock and buggey in the barn, but a threshing machine, windmill, and the cats and other summer crops gathered in, were lost. No lightning rod. It had been insured in an unlucky company now wound up, and insurance had not been renewed. It was a good bare, and the total loss is estimated at \$2,500.

FIFTY PER DAY .- So thorough are those engaged in arresting deserters from the army, that, a Harrisburg paper says, fifty are sent to the Potomac army every day. From Soyder county, 15 or 20 (besides the Hummels) have been sent, and two last week from Centre county. Philip Hilbish, it appears, was discharged, or released on parole by Mr. Clement, provost marshal

Mr. King being about to enter the military service of the Union, offers for Bale or Roat his superior mercantile establishment at White Dear Mills in this county. Here is a good chance for a M'Creight or a Datesman to found a safe, large, increasing business.

One day last week, two small boys were playing in a boat on the pool of the Lewisburg dam, when the boat went over the fall; the boat partly filled, when one got out and lightened it, and assistance came in time to save them.

We notice in town, Capt. Charles R. Evans-Charles Grier, lately escaped from Chattanooga - Daniel B. M'Gregor -Charles D. Kline, Jr .- Dr. Wm. Hayesand others, from the army.

Accounts from Charleston continne favorable. Our forces are making weely give. The "Lost children" captated 500 Rebels on Polly Island.

Which Party best?

On Friday, June 12th, the Governon of Pentitylvania sphottaged; on authority of the War Department, that "a LARGE fither rones, composed of savelty, artillety; and mounted infantry, had been prepared for the purpose of making a taid into Pennsylvania." Gen. Couch, at Chambersburg, same day, taised the alarm, and talled for Volunteers, to hasten to Harrisburg, as soon as possible. Un Monday, June 15, the PRESIDENT called for Fifty Thousand volunteers, to resist the invasion then in progress. The logan promptly to respond, and were in Harrisburg by

What did the Party do?

In this condition -one hundred thousand Rebels enturing our Southern border, to pillage and to conquer-the Demoeratic State Convention met at Harrisburg, on Wednesday, June 17, (nearly a week after the Governor's alarm.) Their call was exclusively of a partizan nature : they appealed to "party" only. With them, from nearly every county, (Union not excepted) were leading party men.

FINAL VOTE FOR GOVERNOR. Woodward 75-Clymer 53-Strickland 5.

The following Platform of Principles, reported by Francis W. Hughes, was "unanimously adopted smid frantic shouts of applause :"

Proumble.-That we approve the resolutions, upon the state of the country, passed by the House of Representativas of this Commonwealth, on the 13th of April last. And in addition thereto, and as a further expression of our views upon public affairs, do resolve as follows:

Resolved, That we sgain renew our vows of fidelity to the Constitution of the United States, the great charter for which our fathers struggled and fought, and which was established, as they themselves expressed it, "to form a more perfect Union, establish Justice, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings

of Liberty to ourselves and posterity"

2. That, inacmuch as the Constitution embodies the only guarantees we have for public liberty and private right, as without it we can have no hope of protection from bloodshed. spoilation and anarchy, the man who sneers at "the Constitution as it is' proves himself to be deficient in the first element of patriotism ; and any officer of the State of Federal Coverament who swears to support the Constitution, and afterwards, with an oath on his conscience, wilfully violates it, is wholly unworthy of public confidence.

3. That among the rights which the Constitution provides to every citizen, is that of being secure in his life, liberty, and property, so that he can not be deprived of either without due process of law, a fait trial by a competent judge, and a jury of his neighbors, with witnesses to confront him, and counsel to defend him. This is so just in itself, so necessary to the happiness of the people for whom all government is made, and so plainly written down in the Federal Constitution, and in all the State Constitutions, that any person who can minunderstand it has not, in our opinion, the mental capacity which fits him for public station.
4. That we have heard, with intense alarm and deep in

dignation, that some of our political opponents claim for the President of the United States a power hitherto wholly unknown in America, and never exercised in Europe or Asia except by the most despotic monarchs, namely, the power to arrest free citizens for the expression of their honest opinions on public affairs, and that the President has not only presumed to exercise this power himself with the moderation and mercy which his own nature might prompt, but has delegated it to many subordinates, and they again to others, in every part of the country, until its hideous presence is seen and felt all over the land.

5. That, among the numerous officers to whom the President has given this terrible power above the laws and above ere must, in the nature of things, be a large proportion who are totally incapable of wielding it either honestly or wisely—low politicians filled with partisan raupor, knaves who do not care for justice, and ruffians who delight in trampling it under foot; therefore we are not surprised to learn that the worthiest men have been torn from their families, judges knocked down on the bench, ministers of the gospel imprisoned in loathsome dunganne and respectable women treated with a brutality that it would be indecent even to name-and all this, in many cases, without a pretense that the victims were guilty even of a political offence, much less a crime against the laws.

6. That free government can not exist without a free ress, and the Constitution of this State, as well as that of the United States, has declared that it shall be free. Those persons, therefore, in office or out of office, who attempt to suppress books and newspapers by violence, are the enemies of this government, and ought to be themselves suppressed.

7. That we heartily thank the lion-hearted Democracy of Ohio for the manly vindication they have given to the Constitution against the great crime committed upon it in the arrest and deportation of Clement L. Vallandigham; and we assure them of our cordial sympathy in the great struggle they are making for their undoubted rights.

That the plain duty of the Chief Magistrate of this Commonwealth requires him to use whatever power the law has placed in his hands to protect the State and the people from lawless outrages, come from what quarter they may, and no man is fit to be Governor of this State who will consent to hold his own liberties, and let the people hold theirs, at the mere will of the Federal Executive.

9. That the Democracy of Pennsylvania has been ever true to the cause of the Union. It was in the name, and for the sake of the Union, that our party was made; that we denounce the least intimation that the Democratic party entertains now, or ever has entertained, or ever can entertain, the slightest sympathy with the present gigantic rebellion, or with traitors in arms against the government, or would ever consent to peace on any terms involving a dismemberment of the Union, as utterly unjust; and in proof of this, we point with exultation to the lavish contributions to the war in blood and treasure heretofore and now being made by the bundreds of thousands of Democratic citizens, who were among the first to fly to the rescue of the Union and peril their lives in its defence.

10. That as true friends of the Union, and feeling a profound anxiety for its fate, we claim, and will exercise, the right to consider, discuss, ascertain and urge in becoming terms upon the people and the constituted authorities, whatever measures will in our judgment, be most likely to place and keep the whole nation and Union together under one federal government.

11. That when this war began, we had the solemn pledge of the federal administration, and of the party which placed it in power, as expressed by the resolution passed by Congress on July 22d, 1861, that it "is not waged on their part in any spirit of oppression, or for any purpose of conquest, or subjugation, or purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of those States; but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitu tion, and to preserve the Union, with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired; and that as soon as these objects are accomplished the war ought to ocase." But the federal administration, acting under the influence of a small faction of ultra Abolitionists, always opposed to the Union, and without the consent of the great mass of the people, has totally changed its ground, avoning and proclaiming its purpose to be wholly different, and thus it has greatly allayed our just hope of peace.

On motion of Mr Lamberton, of Clarion -That it is the desire and request of this Convention, that Hon. George W. Woodward will continue to occupy his sent on the bench until his inasyllration as Covernot of Pennsylvania.

-If this Contention had resolved that "two and two make four, and he that thinks otherwise is not fit for a athonithuster," it would have been settaible and se much to the point as much of the foregoing.

The only positive points in it are repeated condemnations -open or contested-of all efforts to put down the Hebellion. Love of traiter Vallandigham. And (on motion of Senetor Lambetton, who feduced the pay of last fall's volunteets from one thouth to half a month) advising Woodward to hold on to the Judgeship until he becomes tiovernor !

There is not one word of direct, hearty condemnation of the Rebellion itself. There is a gingerly denial of "sympathy with the present gigantic rebellion, and with traitors fa arms." But of houest, unconditional, mauly, patriotic opposition to this hidecus, wicked insurrection which has clothed the land in mourning - what is there? There is plenty of denunciation of the Administration which is trying to put down the Rebellion : but what strong, impulsive word of cheet is there to our brave soldiers, struggling to keep back the enemy on our borders, and to restore the Old Flag everywhere that it has trailed in the dust? What reliable, direct pledge is there to prosecute the war until Rebellion is subdued, at any cost?

There is plenty of abuse and misrepresentation of the President of the United States : but not a word to which (as from a loyal State) Jeff Davis would take any exception.

Republican Union Platform.

On the 5th inst, a Convention, under a call addressed to patriotic men of all parties, assembled in l'ittaburg. FIRST VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.

Curtin 95-Moore 18-Penney 15-Souttering 6. On motion of Hon. Lountel Todd, from Committee, the following avowal of principles was adopted :

The loval men of Pennsylvania, in Convention assembled, disclaiming all partizanship, and knowing no cause but that of the Country, declare for themselves and their constituents-

First. Their inflexible purpose to maintain, by every necessary effort, service, and sacrifice, the National Union, as the first, highest, most solemn and

overshadowing of all political duties. SECOND. That the Rebellion which threatens the existence of the Union, was without cause, was conceived in wickedness, organized in perjury, and developed by reckless violence. Stained with every crime, and detestable in object and infernal in purpose, it must be suppressed by the people of the United States, at the destruction of whose liberties, and the overthrow of whose free institutions, it is injuriously aimed. In this momentous contest new waging, there are and can be but two parties-one, which firmly sustains the constituted authorities of the nation in enforcing all the laws thereof, and in protecting the principles upon which the Government rests, and is, therefore, at once the party of law, of liberty, of patriotism: the other, which cripples the constituted authorities of the nation in enforcing the laws, securing its safety and preserving its life, and is therefore the parent of mobs, the enemy of order, and a participant in treason. This class not only give aid and comfort to the common enemy, but (as confessed at Richmond) light up these days of Rebel darkness and disaster, and stimulate them to renewed and desperate efforts to recruit their armies; and to them in part is this day justly chargeable, whatever of vitality the Rebellion possesses, and whatever calamity and affliction the further protraction of the contest may involve. But for Northern sympathizers with Southern treason, and the hopes which their existence inspires, the Rebellion would have sunk under the staggering blows dealt it at Gettysburg, Vicksburg, and Port Hudson.

Resolved, That, wholly without sympathy for those who have made this war against a free, republican government, or for the system of human bondage in whose interest it was instituted, or the cause of despotic principles to which it is devoted, this Convention declares all engaged therein, while so engaged, to be worthy only of our patriotic hatred; and in like spirit we denounce, as doubly recreant and base, those residents of the loyal States, who tolerate this treason, and would affiliate with armed traitors, and again surren-

der our Government and liberties to their keeping. Resolved, That ABRAHAM LINCOLN, President of the United States, by his discharge of most arduous duties in the dark days of civil war, has wen for himself the affection and regard of the whole American people. Always bearing himself clear in his high office, he has maintained the integrity of the Union, and kept our honor untarnished throughout the world. To him, his Administration, its principles and its policy, we give our heartiest approval, and pledge our carnest and enthusiastic support.

Resolved, That the amendment proposed to our Constitution, giving to our soldiers in the field the right of suffrage, meets our hearty approval, and will receive our united support, and that we recommend the conventions of loyal men throughout the State to pledge candidates for the Legislature to vote for it.

Resolved, That we tender to the gallant sons of Pennsylvania, now in the armies and navies of the republic, the thanks of a grateful people for their unselfish and heroic valor; that we mourn for those who have sealed with their blood their devotion to their country, and will cherish their memories fondly and tenderly. And to their glorious survivors we give assurance that the last dollar and the last life shall be given to reinforce them until the Old Flag floats in final victory.

Resolved, That Governor CURTIN, by the effective support he has given the Federal Government in the prosecution of the war, and his vigilant care for our soldiers, alike in the field, in camp and in hospital, has gained Pennsylvania a proud and foremost pre-eminence among the loyal States, and entitled himself to the thanks of all her loyal citizens. In placing him again in nomination, we but give expression to the spontaneous wishes of the commonwealth he has served so well: we present for their suffrages a patriot and statesman, who is alike the friend of the soldier and a favorite of the people.

Resolved, That in the nomination of Judge AGNEW, we present an accomplished jurist, a pure patriot, and a loyal citizen, who will adorn the highest judicial tribunal of the Commonwealth, and give additional security to the rights of persons and property.

On motion of Dr. Heighold, of Jefferson county, Resolved, That the bold and determined stand taken by the Administration in summarily arresting persons found to be guilty of traitorous practices, merits our hearty commendation, and that, in performing this duty, where necessary for the public safety, we pledge our hearty co-operation.

Beer Reader ! compare the spirit of the two platforms. See what the Democratic platform says, and also what it does not say. Then see how the Republican Union platform comes up to the REAL FOINT AT ISSUE-then decide bow you will yote.

The Enthusiast.

The peneire Enthusiast act on a bill, The vincle they were biddled, and the origin was sittle and nothing was heard but the clack of this mill Near the peneire Enthusiasi's sect on the bill. For the woss of manhind the Enthusiast wept, And then, overcome by seft serrows, he slept, Till losing his belance, as sleeping folks will, The penetre Enthusiast rolled down the hill.

His head it was dashed on a sharp pointed rock, All the brains that he had were tent cit by the

How they Change!

Penn'a Democracy, 1849.

"We dony the power of any citizen to extend the area of bondage beyond its present dominion, not do we consider it & part of the compromise of the Constitution that Slavery shi'd for ever travel with the advancing column of our Territorial progress."

Under this Anti-Slavery platform, Jno A. Gamble was elected.

In Feb. 1861.

When the Rebellion had progressed some months, and bad inaugurated Jeff Davis as President, the professed Democracy, in State Convention at Harrisburg, resolved (among other things) as follows :

"Bih. That we will, by all proper and legitimate means, oppose, discounten-ance and prevent any attempt on the part of the Republicans In power to make any around aggression upon the Southern States, especially so long as laws contravening their rights shall remain unrepealed on the statute books of Northern States, and so long as the just demands of the South shall continue to be unrecognized by the Republican majorities in these States, and unsecured by proper amendatory explanations of the Constitution."

(Says the Official Report, "The resting of the Resolu-lian resided forth much applaces. When that designing the determined opposition of the Democracy of Founsyl-ranis to an armed aggression upon the Secreting States was read, the whole Convention rose on masse, and, with the waving of tasts and the rolent should of enthu-nisms, about the very walls of the building that held them. They were adopted by acclamation."

Under such a Traitorous flag, the Party was defeated.

În 1862,

The same party, in same place, Resolved, "2. That, to the end that the Union be restored, and the Constitution and Laws enforced throughout its whole extent, we pledge our hearty and unqualified impport to the Pederal Government in the ENERGEFIC PROSECUTION of the exist-Upon this patriotis avowal, they carried

the State by 8,400 votes. In 1863,

They tried to mix 1861 and 1862, so as to catch both loyal War Democrats and Copperheads...but they don's amalgamate! Give them a sound threshing this time, and they will be more true-blue, patriotic and straight-forward thereafter !

A TRAITOR JUDGE CHECKED .- The

infamous Judge McCunn, is about at the end of his habees corpus rope. The Su-preme Court of New York, has decided that a city Judge has no authority to ineue a habeas corpus. Of course, all the discharges of this traitor-riot Judge are It is stated by those who know, that the secret of Morgan's success in so long

Indiana and Obio, lise in the fest that the K. G. C.'s, and copperheads of every degree, voluntarily acted as guides ever since he crossed to the States. A number of bachelors over thirty-five, were drafted in Providence. On being laughed at for not being married, and

thereby escaping the draft, they malicious-ly replied: "It is better to serve three years than for life." As the train eastward was passing by Farrandaville, Friday evening, it ran over

a cow and was thrown from the track. Marshal Ham, of Sinnemahoning, was killed and several others considerably A man named Bartley Eagen was killed

the other day at Snowshoe. It appears a fight occurred, in which another man shot him dead. We have not been able to get the particulars yet. Some copperheads broke into the Mar-

shal's office at Troy, Pa., and destroyed the papers in the office; but, they were only copies of the rolls, which could soon

No great Army movements-but War advices are generally favorable.

Lewisburg Market.

Wheat, new 81,:	20 Eggs \$ 10
Wheat, old 1.	25 Tallow 10
	90 Lard 10
	75 Clover seed 4,00
Oats	50 Wool 60
Flaxseed 1,5	0 Potatoes 50
Dried Apples. \$1,0	0 8boulder
FirkinButter 1	2 Ribs & Bides 6
	2 Ham
Rags 4, 5, and	6 Country Soap 4 & 6

Diet.

In Chilliquaque, 5th inst., SANUEL RANSOM, in his That year—until recently, a resident of Plymouth, Lu-serne county, where his rengine are to be interred.

For Sale Cheap for Cash, OR IN EXCHANGE POR OTHER PROPERTY.

THE Dwelling House and Store Room at
White Deer Mills now occupied by the
subscriber, logether with the stock, fixures,
acc. of a general Country store.
Should the purchaser of Stock &c. not wish
to buy, the Store and Dwelling can be reated For further particulars, address C. M. KING, White Deer Mills, Union Co., Pa.

Five-Twenty U. S. Loan! THE LEWISBURG BANK, of Lewisburg.

Union Co., is Agent for the sale of the Sigies Six per Cent Five-Twenty Years' Loan. Amounts can be had to suft the means of different andiriduals. The Interest on this Loan is payable and will be paid in Gold. [992 L. S. RELL, Chamberlin's Hock.

FURNITURE Broke Out in a New Place!

BUREAUS, FINE DRESSING BUREAUS, SECRETARIES, DESKS, &c. &c.

BEDSTEADS. me and latest stylus. TABLES.

Atonsion, 11 feet and mysacts, Centre, Fier, End. Card, Dicing (two stees), Broakfast, stade of any kind of wood decired, best Walnut, Mahegany and fine wood always on hand for the trade. STANDS, Topox, What Not. Sewing, &c. 40, SOFAS, LOUNGES, latest patterns,

CHAIRS, Upholitered, Large Arm. Swing, Parlor Chairs always on hand; also, Cane Seat, Large Ricker and North, Window Chairs, large and small Rickers, Table and Children's Chairs, always on hand.

TOWEL RACKS DOUGH TRAYS,
BOOK and SHOW CASES, &c.

Furniture of my own manufacture, insured one year.

Those who may be diracted, and the public generally, are directed to study the above order, and be guided and governed by it, as sec. 13 of the Enrolment Act will be rigidly enlighed in this District.

JOHN KAY CLEMENT. one year.

P. 8.-I intend, in a short time, as soon as can get up a fine Hearse, to attend to the UNDERTAKING BUSINESS-I will keep some (wenty-five or more different sized Coffins, finished, and always ready on short notice, and will sell twenty per cent, cheaper than has ever been dune in Lewisburg. Call and see before purchasing elsewhere.

REPAIRING done immediately. CHAS. 8- BELL, Chumbenn's Block. Latisburg, Feb. 24, 1863.

NEW GROCERY AND Provision Store!

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS. such as Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Sugar, Rice, he has reported himself to the Board of East

Flour and Feed, Corn, Cattle Powder, and whose term of service have since expited, QUEENSWARE, Window Shades, Matches, Stove Polish, Nuts Sauff, Tobacco, Cigars— and everything else in the Grocery line—all of which he offers at the lowest prices for

Cash or Country Produce. CHA'S ROLAND. Lewisburg, May 7, 1863

THE UNIVERSAL eldyuls wriddir.



O Wringer can be durable without Cog-Wheels. The Universal Wringer tople the first Premium (silver medal and diploma) the New York Fair, 1862. It was pronounced SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS in the World's Fair at London, 1862, and has always taken the first Premium in every State and County Fair when in fair competition with other machines. It is the Original and only Genuine and Reliable Wringer before the

Strength of Frame, Capacity of Pressure,

People. It surpasses all others in

Power of Action. We challenge the World we dely all Competition It saves Time, Labor, Clothes and Money! No Servant can Break it in Using! A child eight years old can Operate it! No caution or skill in required in its use! It save its cost in clothing every six months! Le Every Wringer with Cog-Wheels is warranted in every particular

CANVASSERS WANTED! To men who have had experience as canvassers, or any who would like to engage in the sale of this truly valuable invention, liberal inducements will be offered and good territors given them (they paying nothing for the Patent Right) in which they shall have the exclusive sale. Editors desiring a Wringer can pay in R. C. BROWNING, General Agent,

345 Broadway, New York

Executors' Notice. TOTICE is hereby given that letters teste-

mentary on the last will and testament ANDREW HAGENBUCH, late of East Butfaloe Tp, Union Co, deceased, have been granted to the subscribers by the Register of Union county in due form of law; therefore al persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and these claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement—to the Escutors, Anthew C. HADRWRCCH.) For interesting, RAMURE, HADRWRCCH. J Columbia Co. Os to PETER HADRWRCCH, Wast Mitten, Union Co. Or CRWIG & HAYES, their Attys, Locality June 11, 132

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration upon the Batete of JOHN M'CALL, late of Hartley township, in Union county, dea'd, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Union county, in due form of taw. Therefore, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having any just claims are also requested to present them legally authenticated for sattlement to JOHN CROSSGROVE, Admir

Lewisburg, June 1, 1863 BLANKS at the "Chronicle" Office

To all who may be Brafted. Wan Berentuner, Provost Marshal General's Office, Washington, B. C., July 10, 1862. No. 43.

United States, now in force, are pear lished for the information and guidance of all Concerned. Section 12 of the Enrollisett Act, 406r dis-

enting how the draft shall be conducted, says. "And the person so drawn shall be possible of the same, within ten days thereafter, by a writt ten or printed notice, to be served personally or by leaving a cupy at the last place of fast-dence, requiring him to appear at a designated place of rendezvous to report for duty."

Section 13 of the Enrolment Act contline the following: "And may person failing to report, after due service of notice, as hereit prescribed, without formshing a substitute; or paying the required sum therefor, shall be deemed a nessaren, and shall be arrested by the Provest Marshal, and sent to the nearest

uilitary post for trail by our martial, unless, upon proper showing that he is not hable to do military duty, the Board of Eurolmans shall relieve him from the dreft." The 20th Article of War contains the fol-The rota Article of War contains the fol-lowing: "All officers and soldlers " coa-victed of having deserted, shall suffer beard, or such other punishment as by sentence of court-martial shall be inflicted."

JAMES B. FRY, Provost Marshal Generali

Provest Marshai's Office, 14th District, 1 Harrishtirg, Pa., July 12, 1882 Those who may be drafted, and the public

Captain and Provost Marshal, 14th District, Pennsylvania

ATTENTION! Substitutes For Drafted Parsons.

Provost Marshat General's Office. Washington, D. C., July 12, 1863. CIRCULAR.

No. 44. ? First. Any drafted person, paying three hundred dollars, under section 13 of the Entrolment Act, is thereby exempt from further inability under that draft, but not from any

THE subscriber has just opened a Fatnily
Grocery and Provision Store, in Rodenbaugh's building (late Kreamer's Tinship)
West end of Market Square,
where he has just received a well selected
assertment of fresh

Fourth. A drafted man can not pay com-Molasses, Fish, Salt, Spices, Vinegar, Raisins, Brooms, Brushes, Tubs, Buckets, Soap, Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Fruit, Fruit Cans, Oranges, Lemons, Crackers, Clothes Pins, States as substitutes under the draft of 1867; and most liable to the present draft, but the persons for whom they were substituted are liable to draft the same as though they had not been drafted or furnished substitutes un-

der the draft of last year. der the draft of last year.

Sixth. In serving the notice as required
by circular No. 42 from this effec, a reason
able time to report shall in each case be
granted by the Board of Enrolment to men in State service who have been or may be drafted. JAMES B. FRY, Provost Marshal General

Provost Marshal's Office, 14th District, 1 Harrisburg, Pa., July 17, 1863 The attention of the citizens of the 14th to the above Circular from the War Departs

Captain and Provost Marshal, Estate of Jacob Yarger, dec'd. NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters (ga-tautentary on the last will and testament of JACOB YARGER, deceased, late of Harticton borough, Union county, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Union county, in due form of law; all persons having claims against said estate will present ted to make immediate payment, to
JOHN YARGER,) ExecuLEWIS YARGER.) tors

Hartleton, July 24, 1863 pd C. D. BREWER.

Attorney at Law, LEWISBERG, EXION CO., FA PFICE (on Market St.) formerly occupied by Wm Cameron, Jr. Collections and other professional business promptly attended to. Claims for Pensions.

Bounties and arrears of pay due from Gov's made out and collected [June 1, 1863 Sheep Estrayed.

BFT the premises of the subscriber, near the Turngike, in Buthiloe township, the middle of June last, EIGHT OLD SHEEP (one black) and SEVEN LAMBS four to five months old-all with their tails cropped. A annable reward will be paid for the or for information where they may be found-

Estate of William Thomas, decd'. OFICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of Union Co., depeased, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Unjett county, in due form of law; therefore all pers sons knowing themselves indebted to estate are requested to make immediate pay-ment, and those having just claims against the same are also requested to present them properly authenticated the actilement to LEWIS EVANS, Admin'r, at

Mahanoy City, Schuyikeli Co., or to his Air'y and Ag's May 21, 1863. WM. VANGEZCE, Kep, Lewishung. Cash paid for Bark.

WISH to purchase a large quantity of my Tannery Yard in Lewisburg, for which will pay the highest price in each.

Notice to School Teachers.

THE School Directors of the Borough of Lewisburg will hold a Public Examina: tion of Teachers, on FRIDAY, the 21st of August, '63, in the North Ward Schoolhouse, to commence at 9 o'clock, A M, for the part pose of selecting TEN TEACHERS to take charge of the Public Schools of said borough for the ensuing Term. Schools to open on Monday, the 14th of September next, and to continue six months. By order of the Board. W.M. JONES, Sec. y.

Lewisburg, Aug. 4, 1868

ICE CREAM TVERY Evening daring the sesses. Per files supplied on short soites.