

UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

At \$1.50 per Year, always in Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., FRIDAY, JUNE 5, 1863.

"THE UNION," established in 1814—Whole No., 2,620.

"CHRONICLE," established in 1843—Whole No., 999.

Published Semi-Weekly—
Tuesday Morning & Friday Afternoon.
See New Advertisements.

Another Martyr to the Cause.
The war for free government is claiming the blood of the highest and most favored, as well as of the poorer and less favored.

JOHN RICHTER JONES, born in 1804, practiced law and was elevated to the bench in Philadelphia, but about 1849 retired to Sullivan county, to enjoy ease and quiet, in the bosom of his family and delights of literary and agricultural pursuits. A Hunker Democrat he was of the strictest sect, and an apostle for Slavery and the South. But, at heart, he was above all party bonds—he was a Patriot, like most men of Welsh origin.

His father, Rev. Dr. H. G. Jones, (first Chancellor of the University at Lewisburg) was chosen a Regimental Chaplain, at Roxborough, in the war of 1812. His grandfather, Rev. David Jones, served as Chaplain in the Revolution, in the Indian war following, and again in 1812, when 75 years of age. Of this period is the following anecdote, related by Prof. Anderson in Sprague's Annals of the American Baptist Pulpit:

"On his way to join the Army of the North, Chaplain Jones rode from New Brunswick to New York in the stage, in company with a number of gentlemen, all of whom seemed to take a lively interest in the political affairs of the day. Among them was a young lawyer, who was criticizing, in no measured terms, the policy and spirit of President Madison—'A weak administration—a miserable weak administration'—was the epithet which he applied to the powers which then were. Mr. Jones, who was half the man he ought to be, said he, 'it's a weak administration—miserably weak.' Some surprise was manifested at this concession from a man of Mr. Jones' well-known political principles. 'Yes, indeed, a miserably weak administration. If President Jones had been half the man he ought to be—looking full in the eye of the young lawyer—he would have hung long, long, scores of such confounding Tories as you?' 'Sir!' said the lawyer, with a great deal of warmth, 'if you were not an old man, you would not say that to me.' 'Yes, yes, sir—' replied Mr. Jones, shaking his head energetically toward the angry youth—and if I were not an old man, you would not dare to say that to me!'"

In July, 1861, Judge Jones began to raise a Regiment, (the 58th P. V.) which has performed valuable services. On the 22d ult., near Newbern, N. C., he acted as Brig. General, and surprised a Rebel camp on Gum Swamp, capturing its artillery, its munitions, 50 horses and mules, 200 prisoners, and after destroying the works retired to his camp—all without loss. The next day, a Rebel force appeared, but did no damage, until a sharp-shooter, concealed, fired a ball which struck Col. Jones in the breast: he fell into the arms of his orderly, exclaiming, "My God—my King!" and expired. His remains were sent North for burial, with all the honors of war. His last letter to a brother-in-law, dated 18th ult., has the following impressive sentiments—the hearty convictions of a bold, brave, conscientious, self-sacrificing Christian Gentleman:

"It is better for the great interests of man to expand the whole present generation at the North, than to consent to the separation of the American nation. We are not ready for peace yet. If it were patched up by nominal restoration of the Union, it would be but a hollow truce. We must whip the South into proper respect for us. The party which attempts to embarrass the Government, whether its measures be just or not, will be as 'totally damned' as the old Federalists were. Stand by the Government until the storm is over, and then settle whether it ought to have thrown A's or B's goods overboard to lighten the ship. This is the only patriotic doctrine—the only doctrine sanctioned by the practice of other nations in similar emergencies, and the only policy which the American people will eventually sustain."

Several Union newspaper correspondents were recently captured near Vicksburg. The Tribune's man was not released, but that of the Copperhead World is. He gives an interesting statement of matters as they appeared to him while passing through the very heart of the Confederacy. Everything is made subservient to the War. The food is coarse, and the fare hard, of the people generally. The rail-roads are strewn with broken and worn-out engines and cars, and he doubts whether they have men or means to repair them generally. We and despair mark the people—not the rulers—in view of the war which they were made to believe would amount to nothing. It seems impossible to raise another army in that region, as he saw very few able-bodied men to draw upon.

Some of John Bell's family have come North, and express surprise to see business going on just as though there was no war. The vast resources of the North are so superior, that the gigantic, all-devouring efforts of the Rebel leaders being already to fail to make the contest equal.

GEN. ROSECRANS has written a letter strongly condemning Slavery, which he rightly regards as the foundation of this Rebellion, and which is doomed to perish with it. Brought up in the Roman Catholic schools, the opinion of this brave, patriotic officer, should have much weight among those of his belief, who have too generally been led to take sides in favor of enslaving the African race.

"A Model Sabbath School Lesson," by Ralph Walls, is the title of a neat little pamphlet for the use of Superintendents and Teachers. It will be sent free, on a receipt of five cents, by J. C. Garrigues & Co., 148, South 4th St., Philadelphia.

The Associate Judges of Crawford county have refused to grant any licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquor. Potter county has refused licenses for several years with good effect.

Lyman Tremaine, a Union Democrat, at the Utica League demonstration, said Gen. Grant had behaved very unconstitutionally at Vicksburg. He had taken 70 pieces of artillery, and summarily arrested several thousand Democratic prisoners, without a warrant from a Justice of the Peace, without indictment by a Grand Jury, or trial by Petit Jury, and all because they were found in armed rebellion against the Government. Probably Vallandigham can play lawyer for these imprisoned democrats, and get them released on a Habeas Corpus. Grant has violated the Constitution.

HOW DID THE SOLDIERS VOTE?

Party	Union	Disunion
Democratic	2,172	2,500
Republican	11,874	4,115
Totals	14,046	6,615

Rep. Union majority 7,431
About 1 Rep. Union to 1 Dem.

On the 1st inst., the Penn's School Department was re-organized, as follows: Superintendent—C. R. GARDNER, of Bradford; Deputy Sup.—S. P. BATES, Crawford; Letter Clerk—Wm. H. SEIBERT, Schuylkill; Statistical—J. P. M'CURRY, Cambelnd; Warrant—D. A. S. EYSTER, Dauphin; Messenger—J. Shannon, Dauphin.

Mr. Bates served with Mr. Burrows—the others are new men in their positions.

That political piratical sheet, the Press, heretofore issued at Millburg, has been merged into the Telegraph of the same place.... an excellent arrangement for the printers, the town, the county, and the party. "Let by-gones be by-gones," and success, to all concerned, in all good efforts.

La. Col. Milton Opp led the 84th P. V. into the action, near U. S. ford, and won credit for his cool courage and military skill.

Letters in the Lewisburg P. O. not forwarded—being unpaid:

The Moll property, over 200 acres, near Millburg, was sold, Monday last, for over \$21,000.

Noah Young is the Collector for Union township, (which was left blank in our first report.)

Gov. Curtin has not signed the bill against giving orders for pay to workmen on stores.

Wm. Vandye, of Montoursville, was arrested and put into confinement, last week, by the Provost Marshal of this district, upon the charge of desertion from the army. The allegation is that after the draft, last year, he went to the lower counties, where he received \$600 for a substitute, and procured one for \$100; next he received \$650 to go himself as a substitute; and then joined a volunteer regiment and received a bounty of \$150—making in all \$1,000. After joining the volunteers he obtained a furlough and never returned to his regiment.—*Lycoming Gazette.*

OWNERS OF UNPATENTED LAND—The act of Assembly in relation to the grading and valuation of unpatented lands by the commissioners of the several counties of Pennsylvania, will expire by its own limitation, on the first day of August, 1863. Those interested, had better take advantage of it in time, and have their lands appraised by the commissioners and patented, before the date above given.

The Canal Convention at Chicago appointed a committee to prepare a memorial to the President of the United States and Congress, urging the passage of laws necessary to the construction of the canal between the Mississippi river and the Atlantic, with canals connecting the lakes, as a great military and commercial necessity.

AN OLD WOMAN'S WELCOME—A letter from Monticello, Kentucky, speaking of the manner in which the people received our troops in their recent advance on that place, says: "One old lady, a mile beyond this place, said as she saw our columns rushing after the rebels, 'When I see that old dog coming, I just throw my old bonnet on the ground and stomped on it.'"

NEW HAMPSHIRE—The new Republican Governor, GILMORE, is inaugurated, and Rep. officers in both Houses. Gov. Gilmore says that patriotic State has furnished more than her quota of men for the war, and that he can not, in this crisis, split hairs between the Administration and the Government.

The Farmers' Bank of Lancaster is about to settle its old accounts, preparatory to banking under the new national law regulating such business. This is one of the oldest institutions in the Commonwealth.

The English travelers, Speke and Grant, have discovered that Lake Victoria Nyansa is the source or basin of the White Nile. By this discovery the southernmost limit of the basin of the Nile is determined to be four degrees south of the Equator.

A LOST SHEEP—Ex-Governor Monton, of Louisiana, has been captured by the Federal troops and taken to New Orleans. The Rebels have not been able to keep their Monton, and will doubtless think themselves lucky if they save their bacon.

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The 51st Penn. Vol. in Kentucky.
TUESDAY, May 26, 1863.

We left Lancaster, Ky., about 8 o'clock Saturday morning, and took the pike toward Crab Orchard. The first brigade led the way, the whole division moving, under command of Col. Hartranft. The day was intensely hot. We have not had rain for two weeks. The passage of so many men, artillery and wagons, over roads already ground to powder, raised clouds of dust. Many suffered in various degrees from sun-stroke, four I am told died outright. The country we passed through, resembled very much our own valley, wanting the careful cultivation. About noon, we stopped on a high hill in a field, and had dinner. There was a creek below, and many plunged down eagerly to bathe in it. We then moved on about two miles across Dick's river, a mile and upward from Crab Orchard, where our orders were countermanded, and after lying in the road an hour and more we encamped. Dick's River in not as large as Buffalo creek.

Sunday, we packed, then unpacked, and camped again.

On Monday, we passed through Crab Orchard, and camped a mile beyond town. A new fence disappeared as if by magic, furnishing tent poles and wood. We were getting ready for dress parade in the evening, when orders came to march at 7 P. M., and at that time our brigade started, reached Stanford at 12, midnight, and bivouacked a mile beyond the town, where we are now.

Crab Orchard takes its name from the spontaneous growth of crab apples found here when first settled. It is on the line of the first emigrant road, called the "wilderness road," from Virginia. It has been the scene of many skirmishes. Morgan encamped on the ground we encamped, near Dick's River, when he made his raid into Kentucky. There was a Captain Williams, of the Union army, lived near there, home on sick leave, at the time. Morgan sent two men over to arrest him. He hid in a barn or out-house. The fellows plundered his house, and among other things one of them put on his uniform, and was strutting around the yard. This was too much for forbearance, and Williams shot him from his place of concealment, and endeavored to shoot the other man, but he escaped. Morgan burned his house, and it is supposed that out of spite he burned the bridge over the river, as it was dry and could be crossed by artillery and wagons.

The Stanford Pike comes into the other pike at Crab Orchard. Bragg, in his retreat, followed the pike we came along. Buell came by Stanford. Bragg's rear guard passed at 2 o'clock, and Buell's advance came in at 8 o'clock. They skirmished through the streets. Many blame Buell very much, and say he ought to have sought Bragg and crushed him. They even go so far as to say that the reason was because Buell and Bragg were personal friends, and tell the ridiculous story that Buell and Bragg slept together one night on that same march. Buell's case you know has been investigated. It will not do to anticipate, but I may say that no one knows what it is to move an army, and especially when everything has to be hauled as here. It was just as much as they could do to feed us at Lancaster—over our small Division, Buell had 100,000 men. It takes 400 wagon loads of provisions to arrive in camp each day, to feed such an army. In addition to that the water is lamentably scarce even now, and when Buell went through here there was none at all, and he had to haul all his water.

Crab Orchard is a celebrated summer resort. There are various kinds of mineral springs, fine hotel and grounds laid out with all the appointments of a Bedford. Near Dick's river, where we camped, is a salt spring, where they manufacture a great deal of salt, and you may see it in the drug stores, labelled Crab Orchard salt.

The march here was terrible. The evening air was pure and sweet, but the dust was so thick you could scarce see the man before you. The 11th New Hampshire had the lead. On the march from Lowell to Lancaster, our Reg. had the lead, and pushed them terribly, at one time making 4 miles in 55 minutes. They bought ox-teams to haul their knapsacks, and have had them since. From having on one occasion loaded their haversacks with ginger cakes, they got the name of "sookies" in the Brigade. They call the "sour krouts." Last night, they had the lead, and they thought to punish us in return, and they did slam us through at a fearful rate. We understood it, and not a man flinched. They suffered most themselves. The moment they got into the field where we were to camp, they dropped, and when the commander of the Reg. halted he had a most sorry Reg. When we halted we had not lost a man. They chuckled over it considerably, last night, (we could overhear them) how they put it to the "sour krouts"—but we have it on them yet. The rear-guard took up but eleven stragglers, and they all belonged to the 11th, and beside that their colors dropped out and came in this morning. With all this, you must not understand that there is any other than an emulous rivalry between the Regiments. There is the utmost harmony—the 11th N. H. is composed of the very best material for soldiers—and we are willing to put our Brigade against any other. J. M. L.

A camp palmed off \$1,200 in counterfeit on the Union Bank of Rochester, upon Williamsport people, last week.

Flagship Blackhawk, Mississippi Squadron, near Vicksburg, May 25—via Cairo, May 30, 1863.

Hon. Gideon Welles, Sec'y of the Navy: Sir—I have the honor to inform you that the expedition I sent up the Yazoo, under command of Lieutenant Commander Walker, after taking possession of the forts at Haines' Bluff, was perfectly successful. Three powerful steamer rams were destroyed at Yazoo City, one a monster three hundred and ten feet long, seventy feet beam, to be covered with 4-inch iron plates. A fine navy yard, with machine shops of all kinds, saw mills, blacksmith shops, &c., were burned up. The property destroyed and captured amounted to over two millions of dollars. Had the monster ram been finished she would have given us some trouble. One battery was destroyed at Drury's Bluff.

Our loss in the expedition is 1 killed, 7 wounded. DAVID D. PORTER.

Latest News
VICKSBURG.—Dates to the 30th represent the siege as progressing satisfactorily. A deserter says the Rebels have 18,000 men within, all hard at work, and supplied with provisions and ammunition (but not forage for horses) for some time. Our Gunboat Cincinnati was sunk by an unexpected shower of shot. They regard Vicksburg as their strongest fortification, but look for help from outside. There are 150 guns, mounted, playing on Vicksburg, doing more or less damage, and the Union lines extend round the City. Grant seems confident of success, notwithstanding the Rebels are hurrying troops to take his forces in the rear.

Col. Kilpatrick has made another successful cavalry raid, without losing a man. He had 800 men, who proceeded from Gloucester (opposite Yorktown) through several counties heretofore unvisited, and joined Hooker on the Rappahannock. Stuart sent out men to stop him, but was foiled. The expedition destroyed millions of Rebel property in the shape of bridges, &c., besides taking along hundreds of horses and mules, and probably a thousand of the "producing class" followed. The people were greatly frightened, but were assured on being kindly treated. Very few able-bodied whites were found.

HEAVY LOSS.—It is reported that the famous Tredegar Iron Works of Richmond have been burned down. They were the greatest source of supply the Rebels had in the way of casting. The news is not in the Richmond papers, but is asserted as positive.

VICTORY.—Gen. Banks has besieged Port Hudson. Gen. Augur, his advance, had a nine hours' fight, driving away the Rebels on the plains before the Fort.

The Kappahannock Army is in good heart, and watching the movements of Lee.

The Pennsylvania Reserves were lately in motion—it is not known with what object.

The French invasion of Mexico seemed to be sustaining a serious check at Puebla, for weeks, but there is now a report that the Mexican General has surrendered that strong fort with its garrison of 17,000.

The Rebel ship Cuba has been burned. Almost every day, some valuable Rebel or contraband ship captured or destroyed, while trying to run the blockade, on our coast or on the high seas.

BOSTON, June 4.—The Traveler contains the following: Gentlemen from New Orleans, holding position with Farragut's fleet, give an account of the expedition to Shreveport, on Red River, where the rebels had a navy yard. Two iron clads of great power were found upon the stocks blown up. It is believed they were powerful enough to have destroyed our Mississippi fleet. The iron for them had been sent from Richmond.

Closing Exercises of Union Seminary.
Sunday, June 7.—Morning—Sermon before the Society of Religious Inquiry by Dr. R. B. BIRD, D. D.
Monday, June 8.—Examination of Ladies' Senior Class.
Tuesday, June 9.—Examination of Junior Class.
Wednesday, June 10.—Evening, Oration before the Evangelical and Christian Literary Societies by Rev. F. HENRIKSSON, A. M.
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Trinity P. E. Church, (Chamberlain's Building)—Services by the pastor, Rev. H. H. BROWN, on Sunday next at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. More Prayer Books have been procured for the use of the congregation. The public are affectionately invited to attend.

MARRIED.
By Rev. J. H. Dosh, 21st ult. ANDREW FRIESEN of Union county and MATTIE DAVIS of Montour.
By Rev. J. W. Hulse, 21st ult. SAMUEL DALE of Hartsville and Miss ANNA L. BOTE of Woodbury.
By Rev. W. H. Ulrich, 25th ult. CORAL of Center Co. and Miss ANNA B. REISL of West Buffalo.

Died.
In West Buffalo, 20th ult. ANNA C. wife of John Yarn, in her 72d year.
In Buffalo Tp., 20th ult. MARRIA wife of John Minahan aged 14 years and 3 days.
In West Buffalo, 20th ult. BENNELLIE BACHMAN aged 14 years and 3 days.
In Buffalo Tp., 1st inst. CHARLOTTE daughter of Wm. and Charlotte Kaul, aged 17 years and 4 months.

Lewisburg Market.
Corrected Weekly

Wheat	.....	\$1.40	Eggs	.....	\$ 11
Rye	.....	90	Tallow	.....	10
Corn, old	.....	80	Lard	.....	10
Oats	.....	60	Clover seed	.....	1.00
Flaxseed	.....	2.50	Wool	.....	60 to 70
Dried Apples	.....	1.25	Potatoes	.....	50
Firkin Butter	.....	12	Sides & Shoulder	.....	6
Fresh Butter	.....	14	Ribs & Shoulder	.....	6
Rags	.....	4, 5, and 6	Ham	.....	10

C. D. BREWER,
Attorney at Law,
LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA.
OFFICE (on Market St.) formerly occupied by Wm. Cameron, Jr.
Collections and other professional business promptly attended to. Claims for Pensions, Bonuses and arrears of pay due from Gov't, made out and collected. [June 1, 1863]

Tuesday Morning's News.
The Yazoo cleaned out.

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Rags	4, 5, and 6	Ham	10

NEW GOODS!
CHEAPEST AND BEST IN TOWN.

AT JOHN SQUIRES'.
Fine qualities Ladies Gaiters at \$2.
Best quality homemade Kid and Morocco Boots at \$2.
A large assortment of Balmoral Boots and Gaiters at equally low prices.
Opposite the Bank, Lewisburg.

Tobacco Plants.
THE subscriber has about 100,000 well-grown, healthy, Tobacco Plants, FOR SALE. Call at his residence, corner of 9th and Market streets, Lewisburg, Pa.
GEO. DIEFFENDERFER.

To the Tax payers of Union county.
PERSONS wishing to SAVE 5 PER CT. on their State Tax, can do so by paying the same on or before Friday, the 10th of July next. After that time, interest is charged on all sums due until paid.
J. A. MERTZ, Treasurer.
June 5, 1863.

Administrators Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of JOHN M'CALL, late of Hartley township, in Union county, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Union county, in due form of law. Therefore, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having any just claims are also requested to present them legally authenticated for settlement to JOHN CROSSGROVE, Adm'r Lewisburg, June 1, 1863.

TWO STRAY COWS.
Came upon the premises of the subscriber, about the 2d of May, Two Cows, one a large red roan Cow—the other a red Cow with calf. The owner will prove property, pay charges and take them away.
SARAH M'CELLAN,
Buffalo township, two miles north of the Buffalo X Roads. June 3, 1863.

Attention to Orders!
THE undersigned having received an honorable discharge from the military service of the U. S. based upon Surgeon's certificate of disability, has returned home to attend to business at the OLD POST OFFICE STAND, where he will be glad to see his old friends and customers: he has just issued the following Orders:
No. 1. That all true, loyal citizens, who have unsettled accounts for Postage Subscriptions or Book accounts, will report themselves at his Head Quarters for settlement, as he is determined to publish a roll of delinquents and muster them out of the service.
H. W. CROTZER,
Captain commanding.

NOTICE!
MY wife, SARAH ANN, having left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation, I hereby forbid all persons harboring or trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts whatever of her contracting.
PETER N. AMMON,
Lewisburg, May 22, 1863. p15w

Real Estate.
FOR SALE.
A VALUABLE FARM,
SITUATED mostly in the Borough of Hartsville, adjoining the village on the north and extending almost its entire length, making its division and sale into lots quite convenient, containing 137 Acres, 16 of which are well timbered. A small Stream of Water flows nearly through its centre. The improvements are a good Frame House and Bank Barn, with a Tenant's House on the north end of the farm. Two Apple Orchards, one in full bearing, the younger beginning to bear.
Also 170 Acres of Timber Land, situated in Hartley township.
For Terms, apply to
MRS. AGNES S. WILSON,
Residence of J. F. Wilson, dec'd,
987mdj or W. F. WILSON, Hartleton, Pa.

FOR RENT.
TWO STOREY Brick House and LOT on North Fourth street.
March 18, '62. H. P. SHELTER.

FARM FOR SALE.
THE subscriber offers for sale the Farm upon which he resides, in East Buffalo township, a mile and a half south of Lewisburg. It contains 61 Acres more or less, all cleared and in a good state of cultivation, together with 10 acres of Timber Land near by. The Farm improvements are a frame Dwelling House, Frame Barn, Tenant's House, and suitable Outbuildings. A good Spring near the house, and a stream of water flows through the farm. Also all kinds of fruit, of the best varieties.
The farm is bounded on the north by Wm. Brown, east by Penny and Gandy, south by the Shenkstown and river road, west by Jacob Gandy.
For Terms, inquire on the premises.
April 6, '63mdj GODFREY DECK.

Cash paid for Bark.
I WISH to purchase a large quantity of ROCK OAK BARK, delivered at my Tannery Yard in Lewisburg, for which I will pay the highest price in cash.
May 14, 1863. E. J. HULL.

STRAY SHEEP.
Came upon the premises of the subscriber, about the middle of April, FOUR SHEEP—one an old large Ewe, with an ear off, one Ewe with horns, and the others no particular marks; three of them about two year olds. The owner will prove property, pay charges and take them away.
JOHN BETZ, Hartley Tp., Near Halfpenney's May 19, 1863. p1

The Primary Election
Union County Convention.

The voters of Union county without regard to former distinctions of party, who desire to unite in sustaining the National and State Administrations in their patriotic efforts to suppress an insurrection and unshakably rebellious against the rightful authority of the Republic—all loyal voters who, without cavil, support by every power of the Government our brothers in arms who are braving disease and the perils of the field to preserve the Union of our fathers—are requested to meet at their usual place of election, each in his own district, on Saturday, 20th June, 1863, at 9 A. M., and after choosing a Judge, two Clerks, and an Inspector or Inspectors if desired, vote by ballot for

One Person for Governor,
One Person for Member of Assembly,
One Person for Register & Recorder,
One Person for County Commissioner,
One Person for County Treasurer,
One Person for County Auditor, and
One Person as Return Judge of the lawful votes so polled, to receive the certified copy thereof. The polls to close at 7 P. M. Said Return Judges to meet in the Court Room at Lewisburg, on the Monday following (June 22) at 10 A. M., to add up and declare the votes returned, appoint a Standing Committee, and designate Delegates to meet on the 25th June and select Delegates to the State Convention.

JOHNSON WALLS, Ch'n Co. Com.
D. F. Foreman, John Reish,
Michael Brown, Charles Penny,
Geo. E. Sherry, John Stamm,
James Glover, Fred'k Smith,
Shem Spigelmyer, Michael Kleckner,
David Herbst, Paschal Clinegar,
Jesse Barber, E. Osburn—COM.