

UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., TUESDAY, MAY 12, 1863.

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THE RESULTS.

Hooker re-crossed the Rappahannock with his entire army, and occupied the old encampments, without the loss of a wagon or an ounce of provisions. He has taken one more gun than he has left. He has lost, in killed, wounded, and missing, about 10,000 men (other accounts represent it even smaller), and believes the enemy's loss to be much greater, as do other eye-witnesses of the fighting. (A note by a Confederate surgeon puts it at 13,000, and an intercepted confidential dispatch from Lee admits it to be "terrific.") Twenty-five hundred prisoners are in Gen. Hooker's hands. He has shattered and demoralized the Rebel army, while his own remains well organized, and in good heart. He is, himself, tranquil, and in good spirits. Among the reasons assigned for the movement are—First, the flight of the 11th Corps, which rendered Gen. Sickles' movement nugatory and forced the army out of the carefully selected field of battle to which Gen. Hooker referred in his General Order of April 30, and compelled it to receive the attack of the enemy among densely wooded hills where it was impossible to bring all or nearly all of our troops into action. Second: the rising of the Rappahannock, in consequence of the storm, which was likely to endanger the line of communications between the army and its supplies, particularly as the Railroad communication with Aquia Creek had been destroyed for twelve hours at Brooks' Station. Third: Ignorance of the success of Gen. Stoneman, from whom he did not hear until he had recrossed.

Gen. Stoneman's expedition was the most daring and successful cavalry raid during the war. When Stuart rode around McClellan's army, he did no damage beyond stealing a few horses. Stoneman's men have ravaged the entire country between Lee and Richmond, gone within three miles of the Rebel capital (and might have gone through it and made it a desert if their instructions had permitted), divided Railroad communication, broken up the James River Canal, and raised the mischief generally. They have doubtless all, or nearly all, come safely off, one column having gone down the far-famed Chickahominy and come out under our flag on the York River. The entire movement was a grand success, and puts in the deepest kind of shade any and all the boasted performances of the Centaurs of the Chivalry, the braggarts who, like their prototype Dazzle in the play, boast that they were born on horseback.

We have Admiral Porter's official report of the taking of Grand Gulf. It was a great affair, and of vast importance to the Union cause; and at Washington it is considered a fair offset for Gen. Hooker's temporary retreat.

HARRISBURG, May 8.—Gov. Curtin, who is now at Washington looking after the welfare of the Pennsylvania wounded soldiers, telegraphs to Mr. Slicer, Secretary of State, that arrangements have been made by Gen. Hooker for the recovery of the wounded, and they will be returned to us to-day. We are also happy to inform friends, that the Governor has effected an arrangement, by means of which, all the wounded capable of traveling will be sent to the various hospitals within our limits, thus enabling their friends to more easily minister to their wants. He expresses himself as perfectly satisfied with all the arrangements which have been made for the care of the wounded, by the General Government. He adds that Stoneman is now known to be safe.

Lee's army is now probably somewhere in the sixty miles of country between Richmond and Fredericksburg. It is a large army, in some glaze over their recent successful resistance, and desperate in fear of the loss of their capital. If—as seems probable—Hooker is pressing them, he needs to be wary. We deem it a momentous and critical period, in this stirring history of our grand operations to restore peace and prosperity.

The fact that Richmond was comparatively defenceless, and our forces at the White House and Yorktown, so near it, gave probability to a floating rumor, on Saturday, that Richmond was taken by our forces from the East. The story, probably, was got up by stock-brokers, and by that class of persons who are constantly striving to get up expedients to break in upon the sacredness of the Sabbath by fabricating exciting War News.

In Philadelphia, Friday, one of the brave boys who has risked his life for the starry flag tore down a lying bulletin at the office of a traitorous print called *The Age*. Some secessionary sympathizers undertook to make a row about it, but were on the point of getting what they deserved, when Mayor Henry came up and restored order. Cheers were given for Mayor Henry and Gen. Hooker.

The Difference.
All Democrats are not Copperheads, but all Copperheads are Democrats, and somehow the Copperheads seem to control their Press, their Conventions, and the Party generally. There are loyal, true, War Democrats, men who love the Union better than they do Rebels or anything that Rebels love, but they are unfortunate in their associations, for the Copperheads lead their party. "That's what's the matter."

The Brady State Road.

Last year, an act was passed, for a State Road from Uniontown, in Union Co., to Montgomery's, in Lycoming Co. The portion in Union county, we understand, is made: that in Lycoming, not—there being no Supervisors to do it, last year. This year, Mr. Beck had passed in the House (by a party vote) an act to vacate the Road entirely. In the Senate, 1st of April, Mr. Johnson moved a substitute, which provided that the opening of said road should be sold at public outcry, and a contract made at rates not to exceed those named in Mr. Billman's letter, (as copied below.) If such bid should be offered, and, if none such were obtained, providing that no further proceedings to open the road should be had for one year, thus affording time for a repeal at next session. Senator Johnson said:

"Mr. Chairman: There is a great discrepancy in the allegations between the friends and opponents of this road, as to the expense which will be caused by its being opened. The opponents contend that the opening of that part of the road which lies in Lycoming county, will cost Three Thousand Dollars—while the friends aver, that it will not cost more than one fourth of that sum. As I have proposed a substitute for the House bill now under consideration, I desire to place upon record my reasons for so doing. I request the Clerk to read the following letter:

"I agree to become bid for the first portion of the contract on the part of D. R. Billman upon the terms above stated, whenever the contract shall be awarded to him or his successors by the Lycoming Supervisors. D. R. BILLMAN, LYCOMING CO., PA.

"The gentlemen who signed this letter, are known to me, personally, as entirely reliable for any engagements they may assume. And as their proposition is a tangible one, and will, under the substitute as proposed by me, be offered at the public sale directed to be held, result in the opening of this road at a very inconsiderable expense, and thus dispel the fears as to the alleged great cost of the road, I have concluded that it will be best for all parties to settle the dispute in the manner proposed by the substitute. If the parties desiring the road undertake to build it, or within the terms proposed, I apprehend that all reasonable men in that vicinity will be satisfied."

Mr. Johnson's amendment—embodying the guaranteed offer of Mr. Billman—seemed so obviously fair and proper, that it was unanimously agreed to in Senate. Going back to the House, Mr. Beck refused to concur. The original law, therefore, remains binding, upon the Supervisors of Brady in Lycoming, to finish the work as therein required. But Mr. Billman's proposition is so reasonable, that it may still be taken, by those concerned, as the basis of a settlement of the matter. The desired highway between the points named can be completed, it seems, for \$700 or \$750.

Our County Standing Committee is called to meet, Tuesday of next week. The business is not stated. If it is to take any action respecting the State Convention of 1st July, care should be had not to name, as Conferences or Delegates, men who are every year conspiring with the Copperheads to defeat our nominees and destroy our Party. If it is to call the Primary Meetings to select candidates, let the Farmers fix the time, for whatever suits them will suit all others.

This year there should be a real and efficient organization. Last year, our open opponents had their own way, while E. Smith & Co. were secretly conspiring to defeat Reed, Ritter, Hayes &c. Weeding out the traitors in our army, has done much good—our party needs purifying in the same manner.

We have the following additional County Superintendents:

Snyder—Wm. Moyer, Freeburg	\$400
Wayne—E. O. Ward	500
Montour—Wm. Butler	600
Bradford—O. J. Clabback	1000
Schenlykill—Josse Newell	1000
Jerks—H. B. Zimmerman	500
Buck's—J. S. Ernestron	1000
Wyoming—W. Lamonte	500
Columbia—C. G. Barkley	600
Monroe—John B. Storm	1000
Tioga—Capt. V. A. Elliott	800
Center—Thomas Holabak	600
Bucks—S. S. Overhol	800
Blair—J. G. Kountzman	600
Lehigh—E. J. Young	1000
York—S. B. Heigas	1000

Gen. Hooker, in his testimony before the Committee of the War, said that no campaign in the world ever saw a more gallant advance than that of Humphrey's division, in Fredericksburg. It charged nearest the Rebel entrenchments.

In that division was Col. Allabach's 131st Pa. Vol., which includes Capt. Orwig's and Capt. Jones', with others from the West Branch. It was their first battle, and well they stood the shock.

From the 51st Pa. Vol.
WINCHESTER, Clarke Co., Eastern Kentucky, April 26, 1863.
The Hostels here struck us as being rather odd for such a beautiful and rich country. The best of them are generally destitute of carpets, and have a remarkable paucity of chairs, tables, wash-stands, wash bowls. He that goes to bed earlier, generally fares best, as his last act before retiring, is to go in to some neighboring, uninhabited room, and procure the necessary towels, wash bowls, &c, giving a sly laugh to himself at the anticipated growling of the occupant when he comes to claim his own. But as every body did it, and every body expected it to be done, we get along peaceably. They have a little empla on the top, in which there is a big ball, with a rope coming into the ball, which is used to call a servant, and

Important Facts.

A gentleman stated to us the other day that a friend of his, who had been in South Carolina since the rebellion broke out, had succeeded in making his escape from Seessia, and arrived at his old home much rejoiced to get out of the difficulties which environed him. He states that great destitution prevails in the South, private families living, to a great degree, on beans. He says the South Carolinians never believed the North was in earnest in prosecuting the war, until President Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation appeared, which caused great consternation among them, and compelled many to admit that their cause was hopeless. It is nothing uncommon, he says, to hear persons there now say that their confederacy is doomed, and that it is only a question of time as to how long they shall hold out. They are losing confidence in their Northern allies, and with the loss of that confidence sink the hopes of their success. They now hope to hold out until their friends in the North can again gain power, when they say they can get such terms as they desire, next to a separation. If they had no expectation of aid in some way from their sympathizers in the North, they would at once yield.—So says the *Lebanon Courier*. It is doubtless true that the Revolution of '76, and the War of 1812, were also greatly prolonged by the Tories and those who cared about "Peace, peace, when there was no peace." Slavery or Liberty must triumph, by arms, to make a true, permanent peace.

A. J. Morris (sick) 1423, has been removed to Philadelphia. We see no other Union county name in connection with late army movements.

Col. Wm. H. Armstrong was captured during a struggle for the colors of his regiment, but escaped to do more service.

Should the sky be clear, it will be a pleasant trip for many of our readers to the meeting in New Berlin, Thursday evening of this week—and some light to return home in. Let there be a good rally.

(And an of the S. S. Convention, at Lewisburg.)

ARMY NEWS.

Sherman's corps is now the only force here—the remainder have gone 18 miles to the Carriage. We expect orders to move daily. The weather is fine and the health of the army improving. The canal has turned out a failure.

Last Thursday night, seven of our iron clads and four transports ran the blockade past Vicksburg. It was a sublime spectacle—one of the most brilliant feats of the war—humiliating indeed to the Rebels after all their bragging of their Gibraltar. They did their utmost, yet one transport only was sunk, others slightly damaged, one man killed and six wounded.

For two weeks past, 500 negroes were employed in erecting a masked battery at the extremity of the levee 11 miles from the city. The work was done at night; the battery consists of four 30 lb. Parrots cased. This battery opened on the city early Friday morning and continued until Friday evening, doing great damage. The Rebels did not reply very heavily.

Yesterday our 24th division was addressed by Adj. Gen. Thomas. His object was to explain the policy adopted by the Government as to the use of the slaves that are daily coming into our lines. The able-bodied men were to be armed, to garrison forts and for the protection of the deserted plantations along the river, while those not capable of bearing arms were to cultivate those plantations and support themselves. Speeches were also made by Generals Sherman, Blair and several brigade commanders, all endorsing Thomas. They were for putting down rebellion by using any possible means. The veteran Colonel of the 83d Indiana occasioned considerable merriment. He was for using anything that would fight the Rebels, and if it was thought orang outangs would be useful, put them at it. Three months ago, this army was much divided; a great part were against arming the negroes, but they are now almost unanimously in favor of using them in any way that they can be serviceable. They ask the earnest and united support of the North, and success is certain.

Union County Fair—
Wednesday to Friday, Oct. 7, 8 and 9, 1863.

Died.
In Carey, Westmore Co., about the 5th inst. of lung fever, ROBERT STRAHAN, aged about 67 years. Mr. Strahan was a most respected citizen of Buffalo township, until this Spring, when, with a hope of setting his family around him, he removed to a transient home on earth.
(Deaths in Snyder county, by the late Dr. Wm. Risher, aged 7 years, on Chatham, 6th inst. of small-pox, NICHOLAS GADLER, in Shrewsbury Valley, 4th inst., JOHN BARKART, aged about 66 years, in Washington Tp., 5th inst., ADAM GARMAN, aged 50 years, in Freeburg, 2d inst., JOHN DUBBS, aged 49 years.

Lewisburg Market.
Corrected Weekly

Wheat	.....\$1.50	Eggs	..... 8 12
Bye	..... 90	Tallow	..... 10
Corn, old	..... 80	Lard	..... 10
Oats	..... 60	Wool	..... 4.00
Flaxseed	..... 2.50	Clover seed	..... 40 to 50
Dried Apples	..... \$1.00	Potatoes	..... 62
Fried Butter	..... 12	Sides & Shoulder	..... 6
Brass Butters	..... 20	Ribs & Shoulder	..... 6
Frag	..... 4, 5, and 6	Hams	..... 10

Country Boop 4 & 6

Latest News

Hooker moves again!

WASHINGTON, May 9—midnight.—On Friday last, Gen. Hooker again passed to the South side of the Rappahannock, with two corps, and is now occupying his former position at Chancellorsville. He found the enemy had fallen back, and left hundreds of their wounded behind.

A great panic prevailed in Richmond on account of Stoneman's approach. Gen. Hooker informed Gen. Halleck, that, with the assistance of Generals Peck, Stoneman and Keyes, the capture of Richmond was certain.

One dispatch states that the Rebel army of Lee is retreating towards Richmond—that Hooker has been reinforced, and is following them up closely—perhaps severe battles going on.

Another dispatch says that the War Department does not credit the capture of Richmond yet, although they are happy and hopeful.

The Army of the Potomac crossed the river with sixteen days' rations—deploying on right and left, but had not found the enemy up to 4 o'clock this (Saturday) morning. Rebels stragglers are coming into our outpost line and give themselves up, expressing their disgust at the role of the Rebel leaders.

Via *Fortress Monroe*, it is said our forces have occupied White House, capturing a Rebel company. Forty Rebel families have been sent out of Newbern, N. C.

Tuesday Morning's News.

Gen. Halleck it is reported will go with the Army of the Potomac, which is in fine condition and good spirits.

Gold in New York, 11th inst., down to 48—Copperheads down in the mouth.

Dr. Lotz of Union Co. is appointed Surgeon, and C. C. Rawns E. of Dauphin Commissioner under the Military law for this Congressional district.

Victory at PORT GIBSON

GRAND GULF, Miss., May 3.—We gained a glorious victory at Port Gibson on the 1st inst. The enemy are in full retreat. Our forces are in close pursuit. The Illinois troops as usual behaved with the greatest gallantry. The loss on our side is 150 killed and 500 wounded. We have taken 1,000 prisoners. The loss of the enemy in killed and wounded was much greater than ours.

The Rebels numbered 11,000.
MEMPHIS, Thursday, May 7.—Gen. Grant has captured Grand Gulf, Port Gibson, and Willard Valley.

On Wednesday, Gen. Grant's army was 30 miles up the Big Black River marching on the rear of Vicksburg. Grant has sent 1900 Rebel prisoners to Milliken's Bend.

Gen. Van Dorn is reported dead—shot by Dr. Peters, whose wife he seduced.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber respectfully informs her friends and patrons that she has moved to R. M. Cooper's late stand, corner of Third and Market Sts., where she will keep on hand a good assortment of LADIES' TRIMMING, RIBBONS and NOTIONS of all kinds—also Gallabes's celebrated SOAP. MERRITT'S "Small Profits and Quick Sales."

BAKERY.

I would respectfully announce that having taken Mr. Cooper's establishment I shall keep on hand Fresh Bread, Cakes, and Buns, and in the evening will order. ICE CREAM and Confectionery in every variety. H. L. M'MAHON Lewisburg, May 11, 1863

MILK FOR THE MILLION!

The undersigned intends supplying the citizens of Lewisburg with Pure Milk, commencing about the 15th inst. Persons wishing to be supplied, will please send in their names to him, at the Lewisburg Bridge. The Milk will be delivered (daily except Sundays) morning or evening, as preferred by a majority of customers. SAM'L SLIFER, Lewisburg, April 10, 1863

Five-Twenty U. S. Loan!

THE LEWISBURG BANK, of Lewisburg, Union Co., is Agent for the sale of the United States Six per Cent. Five-Twenty Years' Loan.
Amounts can be had to suit the means of different individuals. The interest on this Loan is payable and will be paid in Gold, 1892.

Estate of Mrs. Sarah Maize, dec'd.
WHEREAS, Letters Testamentary upon the Estate of Widow Sarah Maize, late of Limestone township, Union county, dec'd., have been granted to the subscriber in due form of law, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same, will present them duly authenticated for settlement to MICHAEL M. MAIZE, Exec'r New Berlin, May 5, 1863

\$5 Reward

WILL be paid by the School Board of East Buffalo township to any person who will inform upon any one committing defractions or defacing in any way any of the School Houses of said District, during the school year. By order of the Board: DAVID SCHRACK, Pres't W. I. LINN, Sec'y

Estate of Dennis Phillips, dec'd

A Letters of Administration on the estate of Dennis Phillips, late of Lewisburg borough, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber by the Register of Union county in due form of law, therefore all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having just claims against the same may present them duly authenticated for settlement to the subscribers. JAMON BLIFER,) Administrators JOHN B. LINN,) Lewisburg, April 25, 1863

Real Estate.

ADJOURNED SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Vend. Ex. and F. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Union County, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or outcry on

On Friday, May 15, 1863,
At the Public House of William Wolfe, in the Borough of Hartleton, and county aforesaid, at 10 o'clock P. M., a certain Tract of Land, situate in Lewis township, County of Union, bounded on the north by land of Mr. Bush, on the east by land of Christian Mench, on the south by land of William Hoffman, and on the west by land of heirs of Wm. Tate, dec'd., containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less, whereon are erected a two-story brick dwelling house, a bank barn, with other Outbuildings, with the appurtenances, &c.

No. 2. Also, a certain Tract of Land, situate in Hartley township, and county aforesaid, bounded north by land of Jacob Smith, on the east by land of Daniel Kahnerman, on the south by land of Jacob Fesse, and on the west by land of Abraham Moser and others, containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less, whereon are erected a two-story frame dwelling house, a barn, a well with a pump, and other Outbuildings, with the appurtenances, &c.

No. 3. Also, a certain Lot of Ground, situate in the Borough of Hartleton, county aforesaid, bounded on the east by public road leading from Hartleton to Orwig's mill, on the south by an alley, on the west by Jacob Yarger, and on the north by other lot of Samuel Haupt, containing three acres, more or less, with the appurtenances, &c.

No. 4. A certain Lot of Ground situate in the Borough of Hartleton, county aforesaid, bounded on the east by public road leading from Hartleton to Orwig's mill, on the south by other lot of Samuel Haupt, on the west by heirs of John F. Wilson dec'd., and on the north by Zhem Spigelweyer, containing six acres, more or less, with the appurtenances, &c., as the property of Samuel Haupt. L. F. ALBRIGHT, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Lewisburg, May 1, 1863

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of an act of Assembly, the subscribers, as Trustees of the Buffalo Presbyterian church and congregation, will offer at Public Sale, at 10 o'clock in forenoon of Saturday, 16th May, 1863, on the premises, TWO OR THREE LOTS OF GROUND adjacent to the said Church building, at Buffalo X Roads, Union county, Penn'a.

April 20, 1863.
JAMES LAWSON, WM. BARBER, WM. STEARNS.

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April 20, 1863.
JAMES LAWSON, WM. BARBER, WM. STEARNS.

FOR SALE.

The House and Lot adjoining the Central Foundry, on Market street, Hartleton, Lewisburg, this property is pleasantly located, and the house is large and well arranged for a dwelling.

Also, a House and Lot on the corner of Seventh and St. Louis streets. The House has been recently built, is pleasantly situated, and is well adapted for a small family. For particulars and terms apply to

Ap. 10
MRS. DENORMANDE.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE FARM, SITUATED mostly in the Borough of Hartleton, adjoining the village on the north and extending almost its entire length, making its division and sale into lots quite convenient, containing 157 Acres, 16 of which was well timbered. A small Stream of water flows nearly through its centre. The improvements are a good Frame and House and Bank Barn, with a Tenant's House on the north end of the farm. Two Apple Orchards, one in full bearing, the younger beginning to bear.

Also, 170 Acres of Timber Land, situated in Hartley to waship. For Terms, apply to

Mrs. AGNES S. WILSON, Executor of J. F. Wilson, dec'd. 97th St. or WM. F. WILSON, Hartleton, Pa.

FOR RENT.

STORE ROOM on Market street, Lewisburg, belonging to Wm. Frick, now occupied by Washington Hutchison. Also, Store Room of Rev. Jacob Rodenbaugh, and Daguerrean Gallery immediately over said room, on Market street. Inquire of [Jan 26 '63] WM. JONES.

For Sale,

A DOUBLE HOUSE, (with Lot) suitable for two families. It is situated on North Fourth street. There are good stables and other outbuildings, and a never-failing well of water on the premises. For particulars and terms enquire of

ADAM BEAVER, Lewisburg, April 24, 1863 IF

FOR RENT.

TWO-STOREY Brick HOUSE and LOT on North Fourth street, March 19, '63. H. P. SHELLER.

*The Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Society

will meet at the Presbyterian church, THURSDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. JENNIE M. BEAVER.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale the Farm upon which he resides, in East Buffalo township, a mile and a half south of Lewisburg. It contains 61 Acres more or less, all cleared and in a good state of cultivation, together with 10 acres of Timber Land near by. The Farm improvements are a frame Dwelling House, Frame Barn, Tenant's House, and suitable Outbuildings. A good Spring near the house, and a stream of water flows through the farm. Also all kinds of fruit, of the best varieties.

The farm is bounded on the north by Wm. Brown, east by Penny and Gandy, south by the Sunketown and river road, west by Jacob Gandy. For Terms, inquire on the premises. April 6, '63 G. GODFREY DECK.

Seed Potatoes for Sale.

600 BUSHELS of GODRICHS'S SEED-LINGERS, comprising the following varieties: Garnet Chisels, Crown, Central City, Gallator, and Pike's River. Also 50 bushels of EARLY JUNE. PRICE—\$2.50 per barrel, delivered at the Pittston Depot—a barrel to contain as many of the sorts as you choose. Packages (of each sort) sent by mail, post paid, at 55 cts. each. Cash to accompany all orders. Reference given if desired. P. SUTTON, Ransom, Luz. Co. Pa.

SAPONIFIER,

OR

Concentrated Lye,

THE FAMILY SOAP MAKER.

THE public are CAUTIONED against the SPURIOUS ARTICLES OF LYE for making Soap &c. now offered for sale. The only GENUINE and Patented Lye is that made by the

Penn'a Salt Manufacturing Company,

their trade-mark for it being

"Saponifier, or Concentrated Lye."

The great success of this article has led unprincipled parties to endeavor to imitate it in violation of the Company's Patents. All Manufacturers, Buyers or Sellers of these spurious Lyes, are hereby notified that the Company have employed as their Attorneys,

Geo. Harding, Esq., of Philad., and Wm. Bakerwell, Esq., of Pittsburg, and that all Manufacturers, Users or Sellers of Lye in violation of the rights of the Company, will be Prosecuted at once.

THE SAPONIFIER, or Concentrated Lye is for sale by all Druggists, Grocers, and country Stores.

TAKE NOTICE!

The United States Circuit Court, Western District of Pennsylvania, No. 1 of May Term 1862, in suit of The Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company, vs. Thos. G. Chase, &c., decreed to the Company, on Nov. 12, 1862, the EXCLUSIVE right granted by a patent owned by them for the Saponifier, Patent dated Oct. 21, 1856. Perpetual injunction awarded.

THE PENNSYLVANIA

SALT MANUFACTURING COMPY.

OFFICES:

127 Walnut St. Philadelphia.

Pitt St. and Duquesne Way, Pittsburg.

5th St. inside

CARD.

THE undersigned, having loaned his furniture, fixtures and utensils to Mr. H. L. M'Mahon for the period of one year, and is about to remove temporarily from Lewisburg, takes this method of returning his thanks to the people of Lewisburg and vicinity for their uniform kindness and the liberal support they have given him during his residence among them. RICHARD M. COOPER, Lewisburg, April 20, 1863

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, having obtained the use of the furniture, fixtures and utensils of Mr. RICHARD M. COOPER, will continue the Bakery, Confectionery and Station business at the old stand, on Market street, for the period of one year. He hopes by strict attention to business to merit the patronage heretofore extended to this establishment. H. L. M'MAHON, Lewisburg, April 20, 1863

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary on the last will and testament of JAMES DALE, late of Lewisburg borough, Union county, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, by the Register of Union county, in due form of law, therefore all persons indebted to said estate