

UNION COUNTY STAR LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., FRIDAY, APRIL 17, 1863.

"THE UNION," established in 1814—Whole No. 2,613.

"CHRONICLE," established in 1843—Whole No. 992.

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY—

Tuesday Morning & Friday Afternoon.

ZIMMERMAN has removed his Clothing Establishment two doors up-street—intending to put up (the coming season) a handsome Brick Block, at his old stand, opposite Walls'.

Gov. Curtin's interesting and important Message has crowded out a letter from Lieut. Tucker, (in type,) giving a history of Merrill's or Owen's new Evan's Company. We have other soldiers' letters, not yet read.

Jury List, Trial List, and Register's Notice, in our next.

Tax of Union County, reduced.

The Commissioners of Union county in session at Lewisburg last Monday, after a careful examination of her finances, thought fit to reduce her County Tax one mill on a dollar. Considering her ability to pay, we believe no county in our Commonwealth is less burdened with taxation, for ordinary county purposes, than happy little Union.

One George Nerhood, living near Millheim, Center county, is published as having taken a child 40 or 50 miles, into Chapman Tp, Snyder Co., where he found a clergyman, named Henry Loos, thoughtless or heartless enough to load the child by christening him "Jeff Davis." It is needless to add, both are "Peace" men. After Ruffenfort's election as Mayor of Harrisburg, he heard "Democrat" boys shouting aloud for "Jeff Davis." "Straws show" how the current runs with such.

Lewisburg Union League.

In pursuance of notice published in Tuesday's Chronicle, a large number of citizens of Lewisburg, on the evening of the same day, met at Independent Hall. The meeting was called to order by A. M. Lawshe. Prof. Geo. R. Bliss was chosen President, and George Marsh, Sec. Rev. Dr. Dickson delivered an able and patriotic address. The following committee was appointed for making arrangements to perfect a permanent organization: Jas. F. Linn, E. L. Mowery, Chas. C. Shorkly, Geo. W. Forrest, S. H. Orwig, Jacob Hummel, Wm. Vangor.

A permanent organization will be effected Saturday, April 18, at 7 o'clock P. M. All loyal citizens without distinction of party, who are in favor of sustaining the Government and suppressing the Rebellion are invited to attend and enroll themselves on the list of the Loyal Union League of Lewisburg.

HARRISBURG CORRESPONDENCE.

SAURDAY, April 11.

Spring appears to be opening in reality. My hours of duty are now very long—say from 7 in the morning until near midnight: but yesterday I took an hour's stroll along Market and Second, the streets of Harrisburg. Young and old, rich and poor, white and black, were all out enjoying the day. Babes in their carriages crowded and gesticulated most exultingly. Canaries in their cages seemed to sing sweeter than ever. Children never appeared happier, as they trod along their hoops or danced with the untaught grace of nature in perfect joy. Ladies could hardly look any lovelier, as they swarmed out with their dressy glory on, and languidly, yet with sprightly step and lustrous eyes, lingered under the mellow, melting rays of the sun, and drank in the sweet air of Spring. Even the cats and dogs—if we might judge by their contented looks—yielded to the gentle influences of the inspiring season. The grasses acknowledge the reviving forces of long-dormant nature, in their most winning richness of hues. The wild birds sang, and the frogs croaked, as if they had enjoyed a long rest, and vented their rapture with renewed zest. Everybody was far more satisfied with everybody than usual. In short (for I have not time to be poetical, particular, or rhapodical) it seems like glorious Spring-time, and I hope it will prove to be true and lasting.

The House to-day passed an act fixing the "equivalent" for personal service, to those conscientiously opposed to bearing arms, at Three Hundred Dollars.

The Act has passed both Houses, extending the time for commencement and completion of the Jersey Shore, Pine Creek, and State Line Railroad Company, with a proviso that it must make Blossburg a point if the road touches the Tioga Valley at all.

The Sunbury Bridge Company has also an extension of time for that enterprise.

Both Houses were in session until near midnight. Acts, by the custom, must pass at least one branch of the Legislature by this night—two working days before adjournment—or lie over until next session: consequently, there was a great rush to-day. The Senate Clerks had all their passed bills transcribed, and sent to the House, in season—well done, "though we say it ourselves, as shouldn't say it."

WEDNESDAY, April 15. Adjournment.—The hundred days up, the Legislature adjourned according to the preparation, and its deeds done and omitted go to the people for their consideration.

MONDAY, April 13.

Yesterday was a warm, bright day—two small but precious showers, which seemed to lengthen the grass about an inch and it ceased its prime green color about 100 per cent. The influence of the weather seemed to be strong upon those whose religion is more of feeling than of principle: at any rate, the number of church-attenders was a dozen times greater than on a certain snowy Sunday. It can't be that Christian people, blessed with good health, turned out because the air was most balmy and so many had new hats or coats! Rather, ladies, to see some come in with hands in mud and furs on their shoulders—their faces glowing themselves!—to see some of the noblest of our institutions, holding tiny parties in their faces (to preserve the perfume) even in the shade!

Heard two solid, plain, instructive discourses from Mr. Livermore, a graduate of Brown University, who was driven from North Carolina for refusing to be a Rebel. His narrative of sufferings in and escape from Secessia, are deeply interesting. I hope he may find a home in Pennsylvania.

The Small Pox still prevails in Harrisburg, and any person on the railway cars anywhere, as well as passing through the city, is liable to be infected. The papers say nothing of it, but I hear of individual cases, every week. Wm. H. Miller, Congressman-elect, is recovering from an attack of small pox or varioloid. Some persons are very careless in running about with the scabs still on their faces. Scarlet fever is sometimes mistaken for the small-pox, as in the case of a very dear little girl, just opposite my boarding-house, who was playing in the street on Friday, and the next Sunday was buried. According to the last Census Report, more die of measles (and I believe of Scarlet fever) than of the small-pox—which last, though much the most loathsome and dangerous of diseases naturally, can be ameliorated, and almost or quite exterminated, by vaccination.

TUESDAY, April 14.

The Senate was engaged until after ten o'clock, last night, in discussing the Tonnage Tax question. There was a free and business-like interchange of thought, not running in a party channel. As a proof of the popular feeling, I notice that the new Senators seem to be in favor of substantially restoring to the Treasury not only the money due it from the Penn's R. R. Company two years ago, taken therefrom by the Repeal Bill, but to reimpose a fair tax upon that and all similar corporations. The House Bill tax was upon tonnage, irrespective of ability: the Senate amended it by making the burden lie substantially upon the profits of the Company. In this form it passed to a third reading by a decided majority.

This morning, the officers of the Senate presented Speaker Lawrence with an elegant gold headed walking-staff—an honest token of their personal regard for him, and of their estimation of his efforts, as a presiding officer, to preserve order, and maintain the dignity of the Senate of the Old Keystone.

Seranton has a charter for a Bank under the Free Banking Law. No other new Bank was incorporated, and very little if any extension of banking capital. The general impression seems to be that the present system of banking must give way to another basis. No shaky bank could have been re-incorporated.

The bill for the payment of a half month's wages to the militia who rallied against the Rebels in September last, has passed. It was originally designed to pay a month's wages, but Lambertson, (Cop.) of Clarion, raised such a howl about the dreadful expense of the "half month they were not in service," that the majority yielded, and left it in that shape—paying men who lost nearly a month, wearing clothes, and furnishing themselves provisions and some accoutrements—paying for all this, and less of time, than a Legislator's pay for one day!

The bill for the restoration of the Taxation on the Penn's Railroad, and to restore what they wrested from the Treasury in 1861, was delayed by its enemies from Philadelphia—frittered away by "gassing" and failing to harmonize among friends—and finally killed by an unexpected and extraordinary decision of Speaker Lawrence (of the Senate) at a late hour this evening.

Both Houses adjourned about eleven—and no bill can properly be laid before the Governor after 8 o'clock to-morrow morning.

WEDNESDAY, April 15. Adjournment.—The hundred days up, the Legislature adjourned according to the preparation, and its deeds done and omitted go to the people for their consideration.

In the Senate, Speaker Lawrence, in resigning, stated that one fourth of the winters of his active life had been spent in Harrisburg, and he now closed his Legislative career. John P. Penney of Allegheny was chosen Speaker for the interval between now and the next session—and becomes Governor in case of the death, removal, or resignation of Gov. Curtin, whose handsome and thoughtful announcement that he will not be a candidate for re-election will be published in your columns.

I happened in the House just as Speaker Cessna was thanking the officers for their presentation to him of a splendid cane. The Republican Members had presented the Chief Clerk, Mr. Ziegler, with a similar memorial. Mr. Cessna made an eloquent and impressive oration at closing. He hoped the count would again be united, under our fathers' flag, and the Rebellion crushed. He believed in the upward advance of man in the race of progress. These sentiments were heartily applauded by the Republicans and the crowd, while the Copperheads looked sullen and listless—a few even refusing to vote a compliment of thanks to Speaker Cessna for his fairness.

Hopkins of Washington made some impressive general remarks. Twenty-three years ago (before Railroads) he came over the Mountains with eight other Members, all of whom are now dead, while he, at that time the feeblest of them all, survives. The "Star Spangled Banner" was sung in conclusion by three or four of the Philadelphians.

—And from 2:30 onward, the Members and officers of the Senate, the House, borers, and outsiders, exchanged hurried adieus—once in a while with a moist eye as they shook the hand of one they sincerely honored and loved—and in a few hours they part most of them to meet no more on earth.

Message from Gov. Curtin.

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, Harrisburg, April 15, 1863.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

GENTLEMEN: In taking leave of you at the close of the session, I think it proper, under existing circumstances, to go beyond the usual formalities. The partiality of my fellow citizens placed me in the office which I now hold, at a period of great public distraction, which soon culminated in the breaking out of the Rebellion, which is still raging. The country had so long slumbered in unbroken tranquility, that we had in this State almost forgotten the possibility of any violation of our domestic peace. Even our militia laws had been suffered to fall into disuse, and were reduced to a merely permissive organization of a few untrained volunteer companies in various parts of the State. The whole mind of our people was directed to peaceful and industrious pursuits. Conscious themselves of no intention to injure the rights or interests of others, or in any way to violate the Constitution under which we had thriven, they were unable to realize the designs of wicked and abandoned men, even after they had been publicly and boastfully proclaimed.

Although for many months war had been actually levied against the United States, in South Carolina and elsewhere, it is a fact that the people of this Commonwealth were first startled into a sense of the common danger by the bombardment of Fort Sumpter. The Legislature was then in session, and immediately made such provision as was at the moment deemed necessary. But, shortly after its adjournment, events having rapidly advanced, and the Capital of the country being in apparent danger, I deemed it necessary to convene it again early in May, 1861, to adopt measures for placing the State on a footing adequate to the emergency. This was promptly and cheerfully done. Five hundred thousand dollars had been appropriated at the regular session for military purposes, and to that sum was then added authority to borrow three millions of dollars. This loan, notwithstanding the depressed condition of the finances of the country, and the alarm and distrust then prevailing, was promptly taken by our own citizens, at par; and, at the suggestion of the Executive, laws were passed for organizing our military forces, and especially for immediately raising and supporting at the expense of the State a body of fifteen thousand men, called the Reserve Corps, to be ready for immediate service when required. The Government of the United States had called out seventy-five thousand militia to serve for three months, of which the quota of Pennsylvania was immediately furnished. The Reserve Corps was raised, equipped and disciplined by the State, and contributed largely under Providence in saving Washington after the first disaster at Bull Run; and from that time, we continued to add regiment after regiment as the service of the country required.

From the first moment until the present hour, the loyalty and indomitable spirit of the freemen of Pennsylvania have been exhibited in every way on every occasion; they have flocked to the standard of their country in her hour of peril, and have borne it victoriously on battle fields from Maryland, Virginia and Kentucky to the far South and Southwest; they have never faltered for a moment. It has been my pride to occupy a position which enabled me to become familiar with all their patriotism and self devotion, and to guide their efforts. Posterity will do them full justice. Every requisition of the General Government has been promptly

fulfilled; all legislation in support of the cause has been enacted without delay; and Pennsylvania is entitled to be ranked first amongst the States that have been throughout undelivered in their determination to subdue the sacrilegious wretches who are endeavoring to destroy the last Temple of Liberty.

The State has not been insensible to the sacrifices which her sons have made. No effort has been spared by her authorities to secure their comfort and welfare. Under legislative provisions to that effect, her sick and wounded have been followed and cared for, and, when practicable, brought home to be nursed by their friends; and the bodies of the slain, when possible, have been returned for burial in the soil of the State. The contributions of her citizens, in supplies of luxuries and comforts, for all her volunteers, have been almost boundless, and nothing has been omitted that could encourage and stimulate them in the performance of their holy duty. They have felt, upon every march and in every camp, however desolate their immediate surroundings, that the eyes and hearts of the loved ones at home were upon and with them.

The result is, that Pennsylvania is actually in a position on which it is my duty to congratulate you, as her representatives. Notwithstanding the immense drain of her population, her industry is thriving at home, and so far as it may not be hurt by causes over which she has no control, must continue to prosper. Her finances were never in a more healthy condition—her people were never in better health.

That the labors, anxieties and responsibilities of her Executive have been great and harassing, I need not say. I have given to them my nights and days, with I trust, a single eye to the public welfare. I claim no special merit in this. I would have been unworthy to be called a man had I done otherwise. If I am proud of the result, it is that I am proud of the people who have effected it. To be called a freeman of Pennsylvania, is henceforth to have a title of honor wherever loyalty, patriotism and the martial virtues are cherished. It is to be observed, moreover, that the labors which I have necessarily undergone have already impaired my health. I should have serious cause to apprehend that a much longer continuance of them might so break it down, as to render me unable to fulfill the duties of my position. It is to be added, that, as the approaching season will probably be the most eventful period in the history of the country, I will be able with more effect to discharge my duties, if I avoid being made the centre of an active political struggle. Under these circumstances, it has pleased the President of the United States to tender me a high position, at the expiration of my present term of office, and I have not felt myself at liberty to do otherwise than accept this offer. As I shall, for all these reasons, retire from office at the close of my present term, I have thought this an inappropriate mode of announcing that fact.

In taking leave of you, I may be permitted to say, that, as Governor of the Commonwealth, I have given, as was my duty, and shall continue to give, an active and earnest support to the Government of the United States, in its effort to suppress the existing rebellion. As a private citizen, I shall continue heartily to uphold the President and his administration as the only means by which this result can be attained—or, in other words, the country can be saved. I give this as my deliberate opinion, and shall openly, candidly and zealously act in accordance with it.

Of the warm hearted friends, to whom I owe so much, and of the people of the Commonwealth, who, regardless of party, have never tired of cheering my toils and anxieties by tokens of their generous confidence and approval, I can not speak with composure. I can do no more than express to them the deepest, truest, and most heartfelt gratitude.

Hoping that you may safely return to your homes and families after your public labors, and with the best wishes for your individual welfare and happiness, I now bid you farewell. A. G. CURTIN.

MARRIED, GEORGE SCHUBER Esq. of Harrisburg and Miss ANANDA SPYKER, Lewisburg. By Rev. P. M. BERRY, 12th inst. JOHN WYNN and Miss LUDIA CONRAD, both of Augusta Tp. By Rev. M. H. WOOD, 20th inst. THOMAS MOTTZARD of York and Miss FRANCES WYBEN, of Snyder. By Rev. L. S. WOOD, 25th inst. GEORGE BENSINGHOFF, Snyder Co. and Miss MARY GLOVER, Lewis Tp. By the same, 27th inst. JOHN BUCHANAN and Miss ELIZABETH GARRETT, both of Lewis Tp.

DECEASED.

On the 12th inst. WILLIAM F. MOYER, of Kelly Tp. aged 73 years. On the 12th inst. WILLIAM F. A. son of Lot W and Mary J. Irwin, aged 23 years, 9 m. 12 d. On the 12th inst. SARAH, widow of the late Henry Matze, aged about 25 years. Near Lewisburg, 7th inst. CHRISTIAN RICHLEY in his 74th year. In Sunbury, 20th inst. in her 12th year, LOUISE, daughter of Mrs. William Billington. Age 74 years of the recent death, in Philadelphia, of the late Rev. J. H. MERRILL, of the 77th year of age, and by his last will and testament, which she executed, she was bequeathed a sum of \$100,000, and she was to be paid in full at the death of her husband. She was a devoted Christian. She was remarkably agreeable to her friends, and was in public as well as in private life. She was a native of New York, and was married to her husband in 1810. She was a member of the Methodist Church, and was a devoted member of the same. She was a woman of great piety, and was a constant attendant at the services of the church. She was a woman of great energy, and was a constant attendant at the services of the church. She was a woman of great energy, and was a constant attendant at the services of the church. She was a woman of great energy, and was a constant attendant at the services of the church.

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The conversion of legal tender notes into five-twenties, which reached Philadelphia, last week, reached \$8,000,000. Subscriptions are pouring in from every quarter. The Government credit was never better, notwithstanding the efforts of Wall Street Speculators and Copperheads to destroy it.

It has been decided by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania that the legislative act of April, 1861, providing that no civil process shall issue against a soldier during the term of enlistment, is constitutional, and that proceedings on mortgages executed prior to the act, are within its forms.

The last bit of Parisian news that Slidell has offered the person who controls the French press five hundred thousand bales of cotton to favor the Southern cause, or to publish, or to allow them (the Southerners) to publish all they wish in the papers of France.

The "Democratic" Commissioners of Northumberland county would not grant the use of their Court House for the formation of a "Union League." But a good one was formed, nevertheless.

"How to grow Tobacco."—This work gives most complete instructions upon tobacco culture. The details are stated so plainly that any one can cultivate the crop, even though he had never seen a tobacco plant. Eighty-five experienced growers each wrote down exactly what it is to be done, and how to do it. From these, the best given by fourteen different men, resident in different parts, were selected, and printed in this work, the preparation of which cost nearly \$500. The book has 200 pages, for 25 cents per copy, by D. H. H. D. Editor of the American Agriculturist, 41 Park Row, New York.

Union Prayer Meetings hereafter in the Lutheran house, at 4 o'clock, Sabbath afternoons. All are invited to attend.

University at Lewisburg.

The next Session will open on Thursday morning, April 23d, in the COLLEGE, and ACADEMY, and FEMALE INSTITUTE. J. R. LOOMIS, President.

To the Physicians of Union County.

An invitation is hereby extended to the Physicians of the County, to meet in the Court House, at 10 o'clock A. M. on Tuesday the 19th day of May next, for the purpose of organizing a County Medical Society, and the transaction of such business as may be the advisable. A general attendance is requested. A PHYSICIAN.

SCHOOL LETTING.

THE Public Schools of NORTHUMBERLAND BOROUGH will be let for the Summer Term on Saturday, April 25, 1863, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the Center School House in Northumberland. There will be FOUR Schools. The Term will commence on Monday, May 1st, and will continue three months. Applicants are desired to be present at the Letting. By order of the Board: J. P. TUSTIN, Sec'y.

New Furniture Establishment.

THE subscribers have opened a Furniture Establishment, on Market St. Lewisburg, (opposite Chamberlin's building) where they manufacture to order and keep on hand all varieties of CABINET WARE usually kept in such establishments—Bureaus, Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, Sofas, Stands, Wash Stoves, &c. of all patterns and prices. It remains in the best and most expeditious manner.

UNDERTAKING in all its branches attended to—at very low rates. Ready-made Coffins always on hand. J. K. DIEFFENDERFER & CO. Lewisburg, April 16, 1863.

Borough Settlements.

THE Auditors of the Borough of Lewisburg and the several Collectors are hereby notified to meet at the Office of the Clerk for the purpose of settling up the different accounts of said Borough on WEDNESDAY the 6th of MAY next, at 7 o'clock, P. M. WILLIAM JONES, Treas. and Clerk.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration on the Estate of JOHN STARBUCK, late of White Deer township, Union Co., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Union county, in due form of law, therefore all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having just claims against the same are also requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement. J. P. STARR, Admin'r. Watsonstown, North D. Co., April 16, 1863.

NOTICE!

THE Executive Committee of the Union County Agricultural Society will meet at the Office of J. A. Mertz, in Lewisburg, on Saturday, the 18th April instant, at 1 o'clock P. M. The Committee will be punctual in their attendance, as business of importance will be laid before them. J. A. MERTZ, April 7, '63. Recording Secretary.

Union County Court Proclamation.

WHEREAS, the Hon. SAM'L S. WOODS, President Judge for the 20th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of the counties of Union, Mifflin and Snyder, and Jas W. SNOWDRESS and JOHN W. WALLS Esqs. Associates in the County of Union, do hereby precept, bearing date the 21st day of Feb'y, 1863, and to be directed, for the holding of an Orphan's Court, Court of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer, and General Quarter Sessions at LEWISBURG, for the county of UNION, on the Third Monday of MAY, (being the 18th day) 1863, and to continue one week. Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables in and for the county of Union, to appear in their own proper persons with their records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances to do those things which of their offices and in their behalf appertain to be done; and all Witnesses and other persons prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any person or persons, are required to be then and there attending, and not depart without leave at their peril. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance at the appointed time agreeable to notice. Given under my hand and seal at the Sheriff's Office in Lewisburg the 17th day of April, A. D. 1863, and the 86th year of the Independence of the United States of America.—God save the Commonwealth! L. F. ALBRIGHT, Sheriff.

BLANKS at the "Chronicle" Office.

Real Estate.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be offered at Public Auction, at the Riverview House, Lewisburg, Penn'a, on Tuesday, the 28th day of April, 1863, at One O'clock, P. M., all that Real Estate known as the "CENTRAL FOUNDRY," now occupied by Sifer, Walls, Shriner & Co., in the manufacture of Stoves, Agricultural Implements, etc., one of the BEST BUSINESS STANDS IN THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, consisting of—

Foundry, Stables, large frame Warehouse, Room, etc.; Steam Engine in complete order, &c.

At the same time will be sold a large lot of Patterns, Lath Benches, Tools, Flasks, and other Personal Property appurtenant to the business.

At the same time and place will be exposed to sale the large MANSION HOUSE of Major William Frick.

Terms made known on day of sale by J. P. & JOHN B. LINN, Att'ys for Maj. William Frick, Lewisburg, April 16, 1863.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of Vend. Ex. and F. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Union County, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale of real estate on Friday, May 1, 1863,

at the Public House of Jacob Decker, in the Borough of Millburg, county aforesaid, at 10 o'clock A. M., a certain Lot of land, situate in the Borough of Millburg, bounded east by lot of David Faust, north by the turnpike, west by lot of James Chambers, and south by an alley, containing one-fourth of an acre, whereon are erected a two-story dwelling house, wash-house, a log stable, &c., with the appurtenances, as the property of Frederick Gutzwiller.

Also, on Saturday, May 2, 1863, at the Public House of William Wolfe, in the Borough of Hartleton, and county aforesaid, at 10 o'clock A. M., a certain Tract of Land, situate in Lewis township, county of Union, bounded on the north by land of Mr. Reish, on the east by land of Christian Mench, on the south by land of William H. Hulan, and on the west by land of heirs of Wm. Tate, dec'd, containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less, whereon are erected a two-story brick dwelling house, a bank barn, with other Outbuildings, with the appurtenances, &c.

No. 2. Also, a certain Tract of Land, situate in Hartley township, and county aforesaid, bounded north by land of Jacob Yarger, and on the east by Daniel Kahrman, on the south by land of Jacob Fesse, and on the west by land of Abraham Moyer and others, containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less, whereon are erected a two-story frame dwelling house, a barn, a well, with a pump, and other Outbuildings, with the appurtenances, &c.

No. 3. Also, a certain Lot of Ground, situate in the Borough of Hartleton, county aforesaid, bounded on the east by public road leading from Hartleton to Orwig's mill, on the south by an alley, on the west by Jacob Yarger, and on the north by other lot of Samuel Haupt, containing three acres, more or less, with the appurtenances, &c.

No. 4. A certain Lot of Ground situate in the Borough of Hartleton, and county aforesaid, bounded on the east by public road leading from Hartleton to Orwig's mill, on the south by other lot of Samuel Haupt, on the west by heirs of John F. Wilson dec'd, and on the north by Shem Spiegelweiser, containing six acres, more or less, with the appurtenances, &c., as the property of Samuel Haupt. L. F. ALBRIGHT, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Lewisburg, April 1, 1863.

FOR SALE.

THE House and Lot adjoining the Central Foundry, on Market Street, Lewisburg. This property is pleasantly located, and the house is large and well arranged for a dwelling. Also, a House and Lot on the corner of Seventh and St. Louis streets. The house has been recently built, is pleasantly situated, and is well adapted for a small family. For particulars and terms apply to Mrs. DENORMANDIE, Ap. 10.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale the Farm upon which he resides, in East Buffalo township, a mile and a half south of Lewisburg. It contains 61 Acres more or less, all cleared and in a good state of cultivation, together with 10 acres of Timber Land near by. The Farm Improvements are a frame Dwelling House, Frame Barn, Tenant House, and suitable Outbuildings. A good Spring near the house, and a stream of water flows through the farm. Also all kinds of fruit of the best varieties. The farm is bounded on the north by Wm. Brown, east by Penny and Gandy, south by the Smokestown and river road, west by Jacob Gandy. For Terms, inquire on the premises. April 6, '63m6 GODFREY DECK.

A VALUABLE FARM.

SITUATED mostly in the Borough of Hartleton, adjoining the village on the north and extending almost its entire length, containing 167 Acres, 16 of which are watered by a good stream of water. The improvements are a good Frame Dwelling House and Bank Barn, with a Tenant House on the north end of the farm. Two Apple Orchards, one in full bearing, the younger beginning to bear.

Also, 120 Acres of Timber Land, situated in Hartley township. For Terms, apply to Mrs. AGNES S. WILSON, Executive of J. F. Wilson, dec'd, 987m5 or WM. F. WILSON, Hartleton, Pa.

FOR RENT.

STORE ROOM on Market street, Lewisburg, belonging to Wm. Frick, now occupied by Washington Hutchison. Also, Store Room of Rev. Jacob Rodenbach, and Daguerrean Gallery immediately over said room, on Market street. Inquire of [Jan26w3] WM. JONES.

FOR RENT.

TWO-STOREY Brick House and LOT on North Fourth street. Inquire of [Jan26w3] H. P. SHELLEK.

FOR RENT.

H. GERHART, DENTIST, has removed to South 3d street, four doors from the Town Clock, LEWISBURG PA.

FOR SALE.

BUGGIE and a one-horse Spring Wagon. [99] Inquire of S. W. MERRAY.

MILK FOR THE MILLION!

THE undersigned intends supplying the citizens of Lewisburg with Pure Milk, commencing about the 15th inst. Persons wishing to be supplied will please send in their names to him, at the Lewisburg Bridge. The Milk will be delivered (daily except Sundays) morning or evening, as preferred by a majority of customers. SAM'L SLIFER, Lewisburg, April 16, 1863.

Good News! Good News!!

IMPORTANT MOVEMENT!

THE LATEST Telegram announces that Lieut. W. D. Himmelfreich made a most successful reconnaissance of Philadelphia, on the 7th inst., and on the following two days the Quaker City was beleaguered by a strong force of Crozer's (Dingbat) Battery, which resulted in the capture of about 3000 Infantry, a large assortment of

Bird Cages, Jewelry, Perfumery, Hosiery, Stationery, Baskets, NECK TIES, POCKET BOOKS, MOULDING, MUSIC, and all manner of FANCY ARTICLES. Also, a fine lot of TOBACCO, (Chewing and Smoking) the VERY BEST that Rebellion affords!

These Goods are to be disposed of Cheap—Cash, and have been forwarded to Crozer's Headquarters, in Lewisburg, Pa., where the 2d Lieut. (being detailed for the purpose) will make a grand review every day and evening until further notice. Let the purchasing public walk in! [Lewisburg, April 16]

KNOX FRUIT FARM & NURSERY.

FOR many years we have made the cultivation of SMALL FRUITS a specialty, and taking into account variety, quantity and quality, our stock of Vines and Plants of

GRAPES, BLACKBERRIES, STRAWBERRIES, GOOSEBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, CURRANTS, &c., &c., is unequalled anywhere, which we offer on the most favorable terms. Parties wishing to purchase would do well to correspond with us, or send for our Price List, which will be sent to all applicants free of charge.

Our Seed Store and Horticultural House is at No. 29 Fifth Street, where all articles belonging to such an establishment can be had of the best quality. [988] J. H. KNOX, Box 155, Pittsburg, Pa.

Executor's Notice.