UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

At $1.50 per Year, always in Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., TUESDAY, JAN. 20, 1863.

"THE UNION," established in 1814--Whole No., 2,601.

"CHRONICLE," established in 1843--Whole No., 980.

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY—
Tuesday Morning & Friday Afternoon.

Lieut. John B. Linn reached home, Saturday morning.

Philip Steinmetz was put into a hospital at Alexandria—is doing well.

J. Garrett Walker, A. B., is appointed Principal of the Public Schools, Phœnixville, Pa.

We learn that the various Departments of the University at Lewisburg opened the Winter and Spring Session with an accession of Students.

Capt. J. Nathan C. Wolfe, wounded at Fredericksburg, came home on the 7th inst., to complete recovery from his wound.

Miss Rebecca Spigelmoyer of Hartleton, is nurse at the Government Hospital, Washington—and Miss Annie Bell, (Lew. Fem. Inst.) at Frederick.

Friday last, we came up with some Centre county men of Col. Wm. H. Irvin's 49th P. V., who said their old Regiment was consolidated into four Companies, and they were going to recruit in Snyder county, Middleburg their head quarters.

Rev Dr. Harbaugh's "Guardian" comes to us in a new dress, and illustrated by a beautiful mezzotint engraving, entitled "The Wife." It is now published by M. Kieffer & Co., Chambersburg, Pa.

Levi Renner, of Capt Owens' company, was reported in Richmond, having lost his left foot.

Paroled.—M'Fall of the Northumberland company, slightly wounded. Saylor, of company D, 5th Reserves—also York Woodward.

Rev. J. R. Graves was the theological opponent of Parson Brownlow in the "Great Iron Wheel" controversy. Graves got to loving the Iron Wheel of the Rebellion, while Brownlow opposed it. Mr Graves recently made a sly trip through the North. On his return to Richmond, we see it stated, he honestly gave it as his opinion that *the Northern resources were scarcely feeling the immense drain or it was really impoverishing the South.* For this honest expression of truth, GRAVES WAS ARRESTED, AND IS NOW LYING IN PRISON. Thus does the Iron Wheel "crush out" all intelligence from the dupes over which it rolls!

We copy in another column the call for a Teachers' Institute to be held in this Borough the last of the month. We direct the attention of all interested in popular education, to the proposed gathering. The duties assigned to the thirty-three different individuals, will naturally tend to make the exercises sufficiently varied to be interesting. Let there be a large and spirited gathering, and let all our people for once give all the teachers a warm and generous welcome. In this hour of a nation's agony, the truth is everywhere apparent that Ignorance and Treason go together and that Intelligence and Loyalty go hand in hand, as a general thing. The education of the masses, therefore, is the only safeguard of republican institutions, as was very correctly stated by the recent Institution of Northumberland county, and also by that of Snyder.

From the time the Rebels fired in to the Star of the West, in Charleston harbor, (which Mr. Buchanan so blandly winked at) until the present hour, their motto has been "Disunion or Death." Every one of their acts, speeches and editorials since that, proves conclusively that they are determined to stand up to that motto to the very letter, allowing the Government the only alternative to recognize them as a separate nation, or assert its authority by force of arms. Notwithstanding the positive and oft reiterated assurance that no compromise which can be offered will be accepted, the Democratic party continue strenuously to urge the Administration to compromise, as though Mr Lincoln had the power to force an agreement upon the Rebels which they, under no circumstance will accept. Two are always required to make a bargain, and in this case there is no "party of the second part." Mr. Lincoln has the power to do two things: either to continue the war, or to stop it. By continuing it vigorously, it is hoped and believed that the traitors can be forced to surrender, and the Union saved. But to stop it—what would the result be? The nation, to begin with, would be split from the Atlantic to the Pacific! The immense debt would have to be paid entirely by the North, or, Mississippi like, repudiated. But that is not all. Another division would possibly take place, separating Ohio from Pennsylvania—the line running up the Ohio river to Pittsburg and thence to Lake Erie, or taking the summit of the Alleghenies. This would lead to other subdivisions, and who can tell where they would end? Then would arise trivial misunderstandings, and before many years—perhaps months—the whole nation, North and South, East and West, would be engaged in a series of wars, such as would appal humanity. Let those who are continually tripping up the feet of the Administration pause and think these [illegible]

HARRISBURG CORRESPONDENCE.

FRIDAY, Jan. 15, 1863.

This is a "blue Friday" indeed. Early this morning, I was awakened by the rain upon the home-like roof above me. My first apprehension of the liquid visitation was the "sound of many waters" falling as it in torrents, and making me shudder to think of the sailors, soldiers, and others exposed to the "pitiless peltings" of this cold, raw, January storm. It afterwards subsided into one of those regular, slow, gentle "pat, pat, patterings," which in childhood's glad time, as in soberer manhood's tranquil hours, so delight that I would lay awake all night to hear—but the music is too insidiously soothing to resist, and it carries one away captive into Dreamland.

Harrisburg is getting to have a great number of mechanics and day laborers. Fog joined with rain to make the morning working hours extremely dark—and it was curious to see the lanterns flitting about and crossing at every corner. Even the sun could not dissipate the gloom—sheets of rain descended in dashes, and occasionally were driven by the wind in blinding fury against my window. "Members" were gone on a second vacation—markets and trade dull—in short, everything was awfully uninteresting to those who just then had nothing to do but to indulge in the dumps, yawn, and—growl.

But, about noon, "things" wonderfully revived. Out came the sun, with all his glory on; never smiled the sky so serenely blue; nor ever looked the fleecy clouds so beautiful. Dripping umbrellas were collapsed; "folks" condescended to salute each other, and be cheerful; the wind came up dry and bracing; and all seemed to think this a tolerable world after all.

Were some military genius to dissipate the gloom which overhangs the fierce contest between the Right, and Rebellion, O how soon should we all forget the long, fearful storm-night through which we are passing! and how would we hail the final triumph of Eternal Justice over Tyranny and Wrong! God speed the hour!

This rain must do damage where earth is so frozen as not to soak up such a deluge of water. The Susquehanna and its tributaries are swollen with a turbid current. But in this section the water is wanted—springs are dry, and wells low. A gentleman from Somerset says cattle upon their mountain glades have actually suffered for want of drink.

The election of our own RAMSEY as U. S. Senator from Minnesota, is hailed with delight in this quarter. He makes good, numerically, our loss of WILMOT, and is one of your reliables of "ye olden time."

Next Monday, is the election for State Treasurer. Without a dissenting voice, HENRY D. MOORE is the Republican candidate for re-election. His management of the State Finances has been such—as is acknowledged by all—that only party drill can cause his defeat. Happy will it be for the State, if Magrath succeeds, if he shows so fair a record.

Not a flake of snow to be seen, here—but they do tell us that ambitious people in Cumberland, Perry, and other counties north and west of us, are at least "going through the motions" of sleigh riding—a rather rough sledding, we guess. W.

[illegible]

Down Among the Rebels.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 29, '62.

After a sojourn of some months in Kentucky, drinking daily draughts of "pure" Union sentiment from the *Journal*, diluted occasionally with an extremely high colored dose from the *Democrat*, I have wandered down into old Tennessee, nearer the heart of Rebeldom, where Gov. Andy Johnson holds the helm of state, and administers the Constitution and laws of the Federal Government faithfully. He is the right man in the right place. Having been so long under the influence of Kentucky Unionism, I was at a loss to know precisely upon what platform I was standing. Many Kentuckians insist, that a truly loyal man may abuse and malign the President and the Administration, and oppose almost every movement of the army to crush the Rebellion that does not in every respect coincide with the opinion of the great State of Kentucky. Having heard and read so much of this "Union sentiment," I began to doubt my position, and were I asked concerning it, I should have answered as Pat did when interrogated as to his "faith"—"and is it me belafe that you want, Sir? an' sure it's the same as the Widdy O'Brady's." "And what's that, Pat?" "Why, ye see, I bought a pig of the widdy, and she belaves that I'll niver pay her, an' faith I belave the same." And so, I refer you to the *Louisville Journal*—for my "faith" was almost like that. But here in Tennessee, the atmosphere is purer and better. I like the city—the country—the people. There's a dash of Yankee enterprise, that suits me, and many other features, of which I will give you a hint.

Nashville is in "heaps"—Boston fashion—as if a small earthquake had rolled it over a couple of times. Before you get down one hill, you are half way up another. As a city, it is picturesque and beautiful. When peace and thrift come again, no prettier spot can be found. Now the army has possession, and Uncle Samuel's cavalry, wagons and soldiers hold carnival in its streets. The State Capital building is unsurpassed in elegance and solidity, of a fine architectural model, and is highly creditable to the State. Now it is strongly garrisoned and a formidable stockade surrounds it. On either angle, "peace makers" command the city, in full view of Fort Negley, commanding the West and South. Washington is not better fortified.

The landscape and country, I have seen none more beautiful. The gently rolling bluffs and finely rounded hills remind me of Pennsylvania on a "reduced scale," as the exquisites say, but the fine old forests of sugar maple and red beech, with cedar for hemlock, gave me a homelike feeling.

I like Tennesseans. They are a frank and open hearted people—having much of the Yankee snap about them. If you meet a Rebel among them (by no means rare) you know it; his garb is of such well defined cut and color one can not mistake him. If a Union man, you will find him "square on the platform." He is for crushing this terrible Rebellion at any cost or sacrifice. He is foolish enough to believe that negroes can build forts, dig ditches, raise corn and cotton, &c., while rebels shoot Union men; therefore, he is for relieving Sambo of his labor of love, and giving him an opportunity to choose for whom he will work. Not so in Kentucky (with a few honorable exceptions). Their "belafe" is that the "nigger" can not, does not, and will not work, and is utterly incapable of aiding in the Rebellion. Consequently, the difference between the Union men in Tennessee and Union men in Kentucky is, in plain English—Kentucky says, "The Constitution as it is and the nigger as he was—but especially the nigger." Tennessee says, "We will put down this Rebellion. Gentlemen Rebels, keep your negroes out of the corn and cotton fields, where they have so long supported you in this grievous Rebellion, if you wish them let alone. But understand, **we shall not punish them to help you to destroy our Government, nor trample under foot the old flag, after the first day of January, 1863."**

The Nashville papers have the true ring, and it was refreshing to find true loyalty to the Government so far down in Rebeldom. I have not seen a Northern paper (except the Herald) for a long time; and, as I intimated, I was badly backslidden; but with the aid of dailies, and a copy of the Tribune which I found in a news office (price one dime), I sat down and commenced the work of self examination on the main question, loyalty, and shortly came out with the scales all off my eyes.

Nashville is one grand encampment. On all sides, the army of Gen. Rosecrans whitens the landscape with its tents. Tattoo and reveille are the morning and evening music. Sad havoc is going on among the beautiful groves of forest trees; but such is the terrible waste of war. All must suffer, whether friend or foe. Wherever a great army encamps, with it come destruction and waste; it is inevitable.

I spent a day or two with the army division of Gen. Davis, on the Franklin pike. The General's head quarters were on the lawn in front of a Mr. T.'s mansion, upon whose beautiful premises nearly the whole division were encamped. West of Mr. T.'s fine mansion, was a forest of sugar maple, and the principal music greeting us from that direction was the ring of the woodman's axe. (Yankee soldiers, you know, can *chop*) and the falling of those stately old trees. Mr. T. was a Rebel, and as the trees fell crashing down the old gentleman would groan audibly, saying "I'd rather hear a cannon." But he is being converted, and ere the last tree falls I think he will be for the Union at any cost. His wife was a pleasant lady, and quite friendly; and I had occasion to thank them for their kind hospitality. The daughter, a fine, intelligent lady, quite pretty, was shy of us, and, with a toss of the head, squinted at us as if she saw something. She was a full-fledged Rebeless, and I could not restrain a laugh as the little sinner scowled at the "contemptible Yankees." But she is not "iron clad;" brass buttons and shoulder straps have done wonders. I am informed that she, too, is changing her mind, and, like the "Widder Bedotte," when she saw Elder Sniffles under the shady tree concluded to be a Baptist, so this pretty rebel is concluding to be a Yankee Lieutenant-ess.

NASHVILLE.

John R. Rishel of Mechanicsville, Montour Co., died in hospital at Yorktown a few days ago. He belonged to Capt. Winner's Company of drafted militia. He refused to hire a substitute, believing it the true policy to serve his country personally, and not expose another in his place.

The blacksmiths of Danville and vicinity have formed an association and raised the prices of their work about 25 per cent. above former rates. They also make a distinction between cash payments and working on credit.

New U. S. Senators.

Alexander Ramsey, who commenced life in Harrisburg, Pa., as a carpenter, in place of Rice, Democrat—a Rep. gain.

Zacharia Chandler (Rep) is re-elected from Michigan—no change.

Wm A. Richardson is elected from Illinois in place of Browning—a Dem. gain.

Bayard (Dem. Rebel sympathizer) re-elected from Delaware.

Charles Sumner is elected for the third time from Massachusetts.

The Director of the Mint's report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1862, has just been published. The quantity of money coined in this country, though large, has not been equal to that of the preceding year. Various and obvious circumstances limited the supply of the precious metals since the war commenced. The whole coinage has amounted to 25,-250,890 pieces of all denominations of coin, in value $50,020,058.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that any revenue stamp, except the proprietary, can be used for its amount on any instrument.

A son of the notorious George N. Sanders was captured recently off Charleston. He had dispatches from Europe, one of which ended with the request by the Rebels to "send us aid, or we perish."

The Rebels declared, at Vicksburg, that all the Union officers falling into their hands would be shot, and the soldiers set to work on the fortifications, in retaliation of President Lincoln's Proclamation. Yet they deny that the Proclamation will effect them.

At Vicksburg, as customary with the Rebels, our dead were robbed and denuded. Their papers teem with disgusting boasts of their Christianity, honor and respectability. Their actions prove them worse than savages.

QUEER.—In the Franklin Almanac for 1863, among much other valuable information, is a table of the "Governments of the World," in which the established religion of each State is given. The only two in which "universal toleration" is allowed, are the United States and Liberia, both Republics—one of white men, and the other of black men.

We are pleased to observe that some of our citizens are refusing the shinplaster currency. This is the only way to get rid of it. Government currency is getting sufficiently plenty to have individual currency suppressed. We would advise our citizens to refuse anything but Government currency and that issued by individuals in this borough, who are responsible and will redeem what they issue.—*Miltonian.*

The Legislature has passed a bill changing the April Court of Northumberland county, from the 1st Monday of April to the 24 Monday of March, and the township elections to the third Friday in February.

The Oak Grove Church, near Paxinos, was dedicated on the 4th inst. Rev. Mr Barnet, from Berwick, preached the dedication sermon.

CHULASKY FURNACE.—This property has changed hands lately, having been purchased by the enterprising firm of Maltby & Case, of Columbia, Penn'a.

SCRANTON, PA., Jan. 15.—The post-office was broken into last night and its contents cleaned out, including the mail bags made up for the south via the Lehigh and Bethlehem railroad by train this morning.

The miners resume work to-day.

The Middleburg Tribune notices the deaths of Abraham Reminger, of that vicinity, and of Corporal B. T. Balger of Co. C, 5th Pa. R. C.

Henry Smith, of Adamsburg, is Collector of the Slavery War Tax for Snyder county.

Serg. L. G. Titus, wounded at Fredericksburg, died at the Staunton Hospital—funeral in Williamsport.

Latest News

DECIDED UNION VICTORY IN THE SOUTHWEST!

CAIRO, Jan. 16.—The ram Switzerland arrived here this evening from the squadron. She brings news of the taking of Arkansas Post on the Arkansas river, and one hundred miles from the mouth, by the land and naval forces under Gen M'Clernand and Porter. The surrender occurred on Sunday, with all the guns, stores, and ammunition.

The full particulars have not been received. The rebel loss is said to have been 550 killed and wounded, and from 5,000 to 7,000 prisoners. These results may be modified by fuller and more authentic accounts.

BALTIMORE Jan. 17.

The National *Intelligencer* this morning publishes eight columns of rebel dispatches, being letters of instructions to Mason, Slidell and other rebel agents in Europe, which were captured on the person of a rebel Major who was recently taken prisoner while endeavoring to leave Charleston in a small boat.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 15.

Gen Bragg has been superseded by Gen Longstreet in the command of the rebel army of the West.

The conscripts in the Rebel army are deserting and fleeing to this city daily.

The river has risen ten feet on the shoals, and continues to rise.

Efforts are being made by the Rebels to cut Rosecrans off from supplies and retreat and then crush him.

The Fruit Growers Society of Eastern Pennsylvania meet at Brant's Hotel, Harrisburg, on Wednesday, 4th Feb 1863. All interested are invited to aid the object.

Our hero of Western Virginia—the real hero—of Iuka, of Corinth, and of Murfreesboro, is well named Rosecrans, or Rose wreath. He garlands the great deeds of a week with the rosy chaplet of victory.

Tuesday Morning's News.

Wm. V. M'Grath, the Democratic nominee, was yesterday elected State Treasurer by a strict party vote.

The President has signed the bill relative to the country's finances and for facilitating the payment of soldiers and sailors. He has also sent in a message opposing the issue of any more legal tender notes.

Rebel authorities report extensive movements of U. S. troops in North Carolina. Forty regiments were reported having left Newbern for the interior. They also report the loss of a Federal transport nine miles from Wilmington.

A SOLDIER'S LETTER.

(Paraphrase of a letter hastily written in pencil before, during and after the attack of Fredericksburg.)

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
And over all our Eagle [illegible]
[illegible] our Flag is streaming.

And now that danger's drawing near,
[illegible]
[illegible] this hour
Earth's treasures still grow dearer—

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
The shore that [illegible]

* * * * *

We marched. The enemy refused
The city to surrender;
Our troops prepared to storm its walls!
[illegible]

The streets were blocked with armed brigades,
Pickets the outposts guarding—
Our boats in battle line sailed on—
Then came the fierce bombarding!

Flames wreathed the tallest city spire,
Artillery, death was dealing
And at the crossings of the streets,
The life-blood lay congealing.

Yet on we marched [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
That down our ranks were sweeping.

But all in vain our heroes [illegible]
[illegible]
And then we fought, each brave heart knew
[illegible] death to tarry—,

A soldier's death, amid defeat,
Without the soldier's glory—
A patriot's death upon a field
To be disgraced in story.

The sorrow fell—the rain came—
Night covered us in pity,
While we with decimated ranks
Stole from the ravaged city.

And now the battle-storm has passed,
The life-tide ceases flowing,
'Tis well the [illegible] heroic dead,
Sleep on, the sad unknowing.

[illegible] that I am saved,
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

Vineland, N. J., 1863. ANNA M. SPAULDING.

Union County Teachers' Institute.

This Institute will be held in *Lewisburg* on the 28th, 29th and 30th of January, 1863. The teachers are requested to come prepared on those subjects assigned them, and report themselves to the Executive Committee, at the Town Hall, at 10 o'clock of the 28th. Rev. Jacob Ulp, Superintendent of Northumberland county, Rev. A. D. Hawn, A. Swineford, Esq., and others are expected to be present and take part in the exercises. The following subjects will be brought before the Institute, either in form of short essays, reports, addresses, or class drill:

[illegible]

All the teachers in the county are expected to be in attendance to take part, not only for one day or part of a day, but during the whole term, if possible.

D. HECKENDORN,
J. H. SMITH, Ex. Committee
C. E. HAUS,

Lewisburg Market.

Corrected Weekly

Wheat	$1,33	Eggs	$ 18
Rye	75	Tallow	8
Corn, old	70	Lard	9
Oats	50	Pork	5½
Flaxseed	1,75	Clover seed	5,87
Dried Apples	$1,00	Wool	40 to 50
Firkin Butter	12	Potatoes	62
Fresh Butter	20	Country Soap	4 & 1
Rags	4, 5 and 6	Old paper	2

MARRIED.

By Rev. Dr. Watson, 7th inst., HENRY W. WATSON Esq. and Miss MARY MONTGOMERY, both of Williamsport.

By Rev. Prof. Curtis, 1st inst., MICHAEL KISSEL of Milton and Miss KATE A. FUNK of Turbut Tp.

On the 25th ult., by Solomon Ryler, JACOB KAUFMAN of Noble Co., Ind. and Miss LEAH HOOVER, of Brown Tp., Pa.

Died.

At the residence of her son-in-law, David Herbst, Esq., in Buffaloe township, on the 15th inst., CATHERINE STAHL, in her 81st year.

In East Buffaloe, on the 12th inst., AARON, son of Thompson G. Strayhorn, aged about 10 years.

In Mifflinburg, 10th inst., JAMES Y. son of Thomas and Mary A. Jones, aged 3 y. 7 m. 19 d.

In Williamsport, 10th inst., Wm. J. LYON, U. S. Marshal, in his 49th year.

In Lewis Tp., North'd Co., 22d ult., Mrs. JANE G. M'CORD, aged 75 years.

In Philadelphia, 10th inst., ANNA M., wife of Henry D. M Geare.

Union County Court Proclamation

WHEREAS, the Hon. SAM'L S. WOODS, President Judge for the 20th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of the counties of Union, Mifflin and Snyder, and JNO WETZMOYER and JOHN WATTS Esqs., Associate Judges in Union county, have issued their precept, bearing date the 20th day of Sept. 1862, and to me directed, for the holding of an Orphans' Court, Court of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer, and General Quarter Sessions, at LEWISBURG, for the county of UNION, on the Third Monday of FEB'Y, (being the 16th day), 1863, and to continue one week.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables in and for the county of Union, to appear in their own proper persons with their records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances to do those things which of their offices and in their behalf appertain to be done; and all Witnesses and other persons prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any person or persons, are required to be then and there attending, and not depart without leave at their peril. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance at the appointed time agreeable to notice.

Given under my hand and seal at the Sheriff's Office in Lewisburg the 20th day of December A. D. 1862 and the 86th year of the Independence of the United States of America. God save the Commonwealth!

L. F. ALBRIGHT, Sheriff

Auditor's Notice.

In the Orphans' Court of Union county.

THE undersigned Auditor appointed by the Court aforesaid to make distribution of the balance in the hands of [illegible] Esq., Administrator de bonis non of Lewis Palmer, late of the borough of Lewisburg, deceased, to and among those entitled to the same, will meet the parties interested for the purpose aforesaid on Saturday the 31st day of January, A D 1863, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at his office in the borough of Lewisburg, when and where they may attend if they see proper.

JOSEPH C. BUCHER, Auditor.

For Sale or Rent.

THE undersigned will either sell or rent the House and Lot which she now occupies, on West Market street, Lewisburg. The house has recently been remodeled, contains eleven rooms, and is well adapted for a pleasant home.

Apparatus necessary for carrying on the Ice Cream and Confectionery business is also offered. For particulars, enquire of

Jan. 12, '63 MRS. DENORMANDIE

THE partnership heretofore existing between WM. VAN GEZER and A. H. DILL in the practice of the law, is this day dissolved. A. H. DILL.

Lewisburg, Jan. 5, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given that my friends have applied to his Excellency Governor Curtin for a pardon of the sentence passed on me at last December Sessions of Union county, to four months' imprisonment for larceny. WILSON ANDERSON.

Lewisburg, Pa., Jan. 3, 1863

SPECIAL NOTICE.

MONEY TO BE SAVED!

JOHN SQUIRES has just returned from Philadelphia, with another large lot of BOOTS AND SHOES purchased at the lowest prices. Those in want of Boots and Shoes, will find it to their advantage to call and examine his

large Stock of Home-Made Work,

which for style and quality can not be surpassed in Union county or elsewhere.

Gents' fine Calf Boots	$3 50
Ladies' fine Morocco, high heel	1 50
A fine quality Balmoral Boots	1 75

Misses and Children's Shoes at very low prices for Cash, at

Squires' Union Boot and Shoe Store, opposite the Bank.

Lewisburg, Jan. 1, 1863

Administrators' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of SARAH L. VANVALZAH, late of Buffaloe Tp. Union county, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Union county, in due form of law. Therefore, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having any just claims are also requested to present them legally authenticated for settlement to

J. F. VANVALZAH,
S. S. BARBER,
Administrators.

Dec 17, 1862

REMOVAL!

THE undersigned has removed her Millinery Establishment to the room recently occupied by Thos. G. Geer's Jewelry Shop, Market street between Front and Second, where she is prepared to

Make and Trim Bonnets, Hats,

and other articles in her line, in the best and handsomest manner. She has on hand an extensive variety of the most attractive styles of **Bonnets, Caps, Children's Hats, Artificial Flowers, Ribbons,** and other Millinery Trimmings, to which she invites the attention of the public.

Thankful for the favors heretofore extended to her, she hopes the same generous patronage may be continued, and she would be happy to secure a more extensive patronage. AMANDA L. ZIEBER.

Lewisburg, April 25, 1862

FOR SALE.

AN Inventory was taken of the stock comprising

H. W. CROTZER'S VARIETY STORE,

during his late visit home. The Captain now offers this splendid establishment for sale. It is impossible for him to attend to business matters. The sword and musket now demand his whole attention. This is a capital opportunity for some individual who may be desirous of investing in this line of trade. The establishment possesses wide notoriety, an extensive patronage, and is located in the most pleasant part of our village.

Terms liberal. [Nov. 7, '62]

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration on the Estate of JOHN B. FISHER, late of Brady township, Union Co., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Union county, in due form of law; therefore all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having just claims against the same are also requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

GEORGE HILL, Admin'r

Brady Tp, Dec. 2, 1862 p1

Pocket Books and other goods of that kind on hand at the Lewisburg Bookbinder, CH. STAHL.

New Stand---New Goods!

JOSEPH L. HAWN having taken the rooms under the Telegraph and Chronicle offices, refitted them, and filled in an extensive variety of

Hats, Caps, Gentlemen's Clothing, &c.

Also a large and splendid stock of CLOTHS CASSIMERES, &c. which he will make up to order, as he also continues the Tailoring Business. He is prepared to execute all work entrusted to his care to the satisfaction of the customer.

N. B. Cutting and Repairing yet done to order. [Lewisburg, April 16, 1861

BUFFALO HOUSE

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA.

LEWIS GEIBEL, Proprietor.

THIS new Hotel is situated opposite the Court House, in the most handsome and beautiful part of the town, and for style and convenience is not surpassed in Central Pennsylvania.

Those visiting the University, or attending Court, will find it the most convenient and central public house in town, with the best accommodations, and where they will find every comfort upon fair terms, as any hotel in the County will be charged at the same rate.

Lewisburg, April 1, 1862

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA, Philadelphia.

Capital	$500,000.00
Assets Jan. 1861,	1254,718.81

ARTHUR G. COFFIN, President

CHARLES PLATT, Secretary

Buildings and contents perpetually, Merchandise, Grain, Furniture, &c., insured, at current rates of Premium.

JOHN B. LINN,
Agent for Union county, Pa.

Peace—Peace!

DEAR friends, and kind patrons from country and town
We've New Goods for a small money, prices are down,
Then give your attention, and part of your care,
And see our Dry Goods and elegant fine ware.

[illegible]

A. SHELLER'S Old Stand— R. F. & A. VAN BROWN.
Lewisburg, April 8, 1862

JOHN H. BEALE,
MERCHANT TAILOR!
AND
Gentlemen's Furnishing Store,
Market St., just above the Bank,
LEWISBURG, PA.

The subscriber has removed into the new fitted and commodious Storeroom of Thomas Reber, where he has just received a large and well selected stock of

MEN'S CLOTHING,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Silks, Shirts, Drawers, &c.

I also CUT AND MAKE TO ORDER in the best style and most reasonable terms. Being a practical Tailor, and employing the best workmen, I can confidently invite both *Old and New Customers*—don't forget the Sign—

The Red Door!

May 2, 1861 J H BEALE

University at Lewisburg.

The next Session will open on Thursday morning, Sept. 25th, in the

COLLEGE,
ACADEMY and
FEMALE INSTITUTE.

J. R. LOOMIS, President

Langenheim's

New Style of Artistically colored Pictures
Magic Lantern & Dissolving View apparatus
and

[illegible]

W. LANGENHEIM.

REMOVAL!

E. [illegible] has removed his **Photograph Establishment** to the New Building on Market street, recently occupied by Dr. Thorne, OPPOSITE THE BANK, where he has fitted up one of the

Finest Galleries in the Country!

[illegible]

N. R. Zimmerman,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

MARKET Square, Lewisburg, is now prepared to furnish Officers' **Military Clothing** according to regulations at short notice. Also a general assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and ready-made Clothing.

Ask at Zimmerman's Red, White & Blue

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All Kitchen Grease can be made into good SOAP by using SAPONIFIER.

Directions accompanying each Box. SOAP is as easily made with it as making a cup of Coffee.

Manufactured only by the Patentees—

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Feb 10, 1862

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H[illegible]