UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

At $1.50 per Year, always in Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., TUESDAY, DEC. 16, 1862.

"THE UNION," established in 1814---Whole No., 2,596.

"CHRONICLE," established in 1843---Whole No., 975.

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY---
Tuesday Morning & Friday Afternoon.

☞James Chamberlin and T. G. Orwig's Companies are at Yorktown, and Crotzer's at Washington. Capt. Ritter wrote, 8th inst., that the Militia (drafted men, we suppose,) are being sent to Fortress Monroe. The other Companies from Union county, we suppose, are mainly with Burnside. Knowing, therefore, the anxiety of our fellow citizens for the 500 or 600 relatives and neighbors exposed to calamities of war around Fredericksburg, we propose sending out slips, if we have any news, by every evening's mail.

☞Thursday evening, before Burnside crossed at Fredericksburg, a writer says, "Our pickets, composed of the Fifty-First Pennsylvania Reg., sat listlessly about their fires, watching Rebel sentries and crunching hard tack.".....The crossing of men, in face of an enemy, is one of hardest deeds to do in war. Several New Yorkers, of engineer corps, were killed or wounded in the effort. Those who first crossed in boats, and routed the Rebel sharpshooters with their bayonets, were Companies C and G, of the 7th Michigan.....The Rebels skulked from house to house, thus provoking the cannon of the Unionists, and the loss of the buildings that would not otherwise have been harmed: but the men who fought in that fashion met no mercy at the hands of our pioneer soldiers..... The Rebels attempted to resist the passage of the division below the city, but with little effect.....Our whole loss in crossing, killed and wounded, about 100.

Sick Soldiers' Rest, in Harrisburg.—Mr. Simon, and other gentlemen in Harrisburg, have fitted up the vacant Lutheran church lot, on Chesnut St. below 4th—not far from the Depot—for the entertainment of soldiers who may need aid, free of charge. It is a creditable monument to the enterprise, and doubtless will be to the liberality, of her citizens. The *Telegraph* notices the death, in her 33d year, of Mrs. Annie M. Unger, a lady who (like many, there and elsewhere) has lost her life by too intense and protracted waiting upon the sick and wounded Union Volunteers, each of whom she regarded and cherished as a brother. This war shows we have indeed much of heroism, patriotism, philanthropy and benevolence remaining everywhere.

☞Capt. Crotzer and Sutler Ross are on a brief visit home. Harrison Strayhan, a discharged Volunteer, arrived here on Sunday. Wm. Jarrett, of the 5th Reserves, discharged, has returned to Selinsgrove. He was a prisoner in the Richmond tobacco warehouse.

☞Court commenced its session yesterday morning, when Prothonotary SANDS and District Attorney HAYES appeared in their respective offices. There is a large attendance. Messrs. Schoch, Nesbit and Schell, Tipstaves—Ex-Sheriff Crossgrove, Foreman of the Grad Jury.

☞Lieut. J. Frank. Beale, who has been confined to his house with fever for some time, is now out, and expects to join his company soon.

☞We will send a Prospectus Paper at the request of any one. Below we insert the form, which any one who desires may cut out, put it at the head of a half sheet of paper, and use it thus. Any one anywhere desiring our paper at present rates, can ensure it only by an early remittance.

THE STAR & CHRONICLE....1863.

The great increase in the cost of paper, of ink, and of produce and merchandise, has compelled many Newspapers to reduce their size or increase their price. For the present, the Publishers of the **Union County Star and Lewisburg Chronicle** will do neither—but will issue at former rates until they give notice to the contrary. We wish, however, require PROMPT PAYMENTS—and, *should these necessaries of life long continue at high rates, we also shall have to advance.* We state this, distinctly, so that all desiring our paper at the present moderate charges, may have a fair chance to pay on those terms, at once. Nor do we promise to issue such weekly any longer than Patronage and News seem to require it.

Thankful, therefore, for past favors from the reading and business public, (and hoping to merit their continuance,) we respectfully ask an immediate renewal and enlargement of our subscription list, on the following Terms—Cash always in advance: 12½ cts. per month, $1 for eight months, $1.50 for a year, $2 for sixteen months. Four copies for $5; ten copies for $10; twenty-one copies for $20. Our Sixteenth Yearly Volume commences the 1st of January, 1863, which will be a good time to begin.

O. N. WORDEN,
J. R. CORNELIUS, } Publishers.

LEWISBURG, Union Co., Pa., Dec. 10, 1862.

SUBSCRIBERS' NAMES. 1. POST OFFICE.

Paper Conspiracy.

The New York *Times* says there is a regular combination of speculators to make fortunes by monoplizing rags and paper, breaking up small establishments, and then selling paper at exorbitant rates. There is nothing else to account for the great rise of white paper, which has gone up from 8 and 10, to 20 cents a pound. The tax is a trifle, and the income from abroad is still large. The South sends in comparatively little cotton, it is true, but she uses not one sheet of paper where she had a hundred formerly. Book and job printing, at the North, are diminished, while the South print a few copies only of their most important journals, and hardly anything else. It is most evident that the leaders in the speculation are reckless men, trifling with great interests in their greed for unearned gain. They will make some trouble, and perhaps ruin many. But honest and reasonable paper makers, dealers and purchasers, may somewhat thwart the game by keeping on, as near as may be, at old rates. Let the supply of material be abundant, and the purchasers of the manufactured articles be few, and the heartless cormorants will find they have hurt themselves by their own avaricious scheme to impose upon the people. By a wise law of cause and effect, the "holders of paper" very often "burn their own fingers" most severely. Verdict of the Jury: "Served them right!"

Exhausting old stocks of cotton and other materials, and the closing out of all sorts of paper, are a god-send to many long established houses and dealers, who are working all off as fast as possible, in view of a probable downfall in prices.

Injury by Partizan Croaking.

The oldest Democratic organ of Northumberland county, (the *Gazette*) argues earnestly, that coal, iron, manufacturing, farming, and most kinds of honest, productive business, are now good—great demands, and good rates—and that mechanics and laborers generally were never more needed than now. Very much of the ticklishness about money, and consequent high prices, is the effect of the insane and untrue clamors raised against the Administration, by the opposition, for party effect. If those base, unthinking demagogues, who would unsettle the worth of a people's circulating medium in order to elect a Sheriff, did not mean or wish to damage Government and cheer Rebellion, such certainly was the effect of their silly bawling against the constituted authorities of the nation, and its currency. Taxes have not increased as much as they would pretend, and the high rates of some articles which are not affected by war, tariff, or tax, is purely fictitious and speculative.

Now that Election is passed, all parties should seek to protect, and not injure the interests of the masses. All good citizens thrive and enjoy themselves most when others are prosperous and happy. And the worst of ingrates is he who would alarm or injure his Country and harrass the masses, to make a little dirty and temporary capital for his Party.

MASSACHUSETTS.—The Vote for President in 1860, and for Governor in 1862, stood:

	Republican.	Fusion.
1860	106,533	62,642
1862	79,837	52,587
Losses	26,696	10,055

Both candidates for Governor were Administration men. The "Democrats" had no candidate. But the "Opposition" voted for Gen. Devens, who is whipped 27,250 by the "Abolitionist" Gov. Andrew, re-elected. All the Congressmen, Republicans. The recent city elections continue overwhelmingly of the same cast. In fact, the foes of the country are as scarce in the Old Bay State, now, as they were when she was the "Cradle of Liberty, in '76." The Tories and Rebels will never forgive her.

HOW DID THE SOLDIERS VOTE?

	Repub. Union.	Democrat
Pennsylvania—Oct. 1861	11,251	3,173
Illinois—June, 1862	16,560	2,500
Iowa—Oct. 1862	14,874	4,115
Wisconsin—Nov. 1862	6,219	2,000
Totals	42,904	11,788
	11,788	
Rep. Union majority	31,156	

About 4 Rep. Union to 1 Dem.

☞They would have voted in the same proportion in every other State, and would thus (naturally) sustain the Government for whom their lives are at stake."☜

☞Dr. Backhus, indicted for discouraging enlistments, was tried in Snyder county last week, but, there being no proof against him, he was cleared. Weirick, indicted for treasonable publications, is to be tried at February Court.

☞Lawrence Hays, formerly of Lycoming Creek, was drowned on Monday week in the pond of what is known as Hunter's mill, near Uniontown, Brady Tp. The accident occurred by breaking through the ice.

☞Mr. Blair is appointed Lieut. Colonel, and Capt. Heintzleman, Major, in Kleckner's 172d Regiment.

☞Warm weather again (Monday noon,) and the ice passing out of the West Branch.

The drafted men have pretty much all left Harrisburg.

Cincinnati and Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 3, 1862.

In a window of a store on Fourth street, Cincinnati, was the breast plate said to have been found in the tent of Gen. Buckner. It is a plate of iron, large enough to shield the chest and stomach, covered with buckskin, and weighing thirty-five pounds. It must have been a serious weight to carry. I have seen at Newbern, vests, made like our ordinary military vests, in which were cases of iron, said to be bullet proof, which were not near so heavy, and more convenient. It seems useless, however, to wear them, when there are so many places where one can be mortally hit. Some officers have been found dead with them. I do not know whether it is a false sentiment of honor, but it always seemed to me not exactly right to use them, though I see no reason why a man should not protect as much of his person as is possible. Jomini, in his Art of War—(he wrote after the days of Napoleon, and was considered the greatest master of the science, next to Napoleon)—speaking of the improvements made in the means of destruction, says that "if governments do not combine in a congress to *proscribe* these inventions of destruction, there will be no course left but to make the half of an army consist of cavalry with cuirasses, in order to capture with great rapidity these machines; and the infantry, even, will be obliged to resume its armor of the middle ages, without which a batalion will be destroyed before engaging the enemy. We may then see again the famous men-at-arms, all arrayed with armor, and horses will also require the same protection." A brother officer suggests that we haven't got the men big enough to carry such armor. But I saw some astonishing men in the west—very many over six feet, and well built in proportion. Since the days of Jomini's writing, implements of destruction have been greatly increased in destructiveness, and it is yet a subject of discussion whether we will come to the iron armor of our ancestors.

There is a Museum in Cincinnati, that afforded us some hours of amusement. We were attracted by a sign of the "horned horse," but it wasn't there. Three lions, a bear, two monkeys, an anteater, and a barrel organ, and two very Dutch Dutchmen, were all the live animals. It occupied three or four stories. One department was a chapter of horrors. Prof. Webster killing Dr. Parkman, and Cowan killing his wife and two children, wax figures, large as life, together with all the halters, caps, and ropes with which people had been hung, the bloody knifes, and axes used in the murder, the clothes and shoes they wore, the bonnet of Mrs. Cowan, and, worse, the head of one of the murderers, in a glass case, on whose neck you could see the mark of the rope, his hand and his heart—indeed, any one who has a morbid taste of that kind, can have it gratified. Up in the garret is a room fitted up as a representation of Hell. Death in his skeleton form, Lucifer with a great rum nose, Cerberus, Minos, Rhadamanthus, and all the ill-shaped monsters that we read about, in a darkened vault, weird light flashing around them—really, take the whole museum, one could imagine what a qeer old cove he must have been who got it all together.

We reached Louisville, at two o'clock on Tuesday. It is a very beautiful city—Broadway, a wide street of private houses, being one of the finest I have ever seen. Prince de Joinville, in his "Army of the Potomac," says, "Compare the destinies of two great neighboring cities, Louisville and Cincinnati; compare the fate of the first, notwithstanding its immense natural advantages, under the enervating influence of slavery, with the development which its rival owes to Liberty. The fate of Louisvill would be the fate of a slave holding Union." Cincinnati does as much business in one street almost, as the whole of Louisville. There is the utmost jealousy and bitterness of feeling between the inhabitants of these cities. I found it a frequent subject of discussion as to the relative advantages of slavery and freedom. All Union people wish Slavery abolished, and the sentiment of the French Prince I heard frequently expressed in various shapes. But it must be admitted that the majority of Kentuckians are pro-slavery, and disloyal, and I wondered, when I found it so, that it was not on the side of the Rebels, and in a way felt that it could not have the spirit it once had. The 77th, 78th, and 79th, and the 7th and 9th cavalry, from Pennsylvania, are in Kentucky and Tennessee. I met many of the officers, and when they knew I was from Penn'a, they grasped my hand with an impression that it needed only to be from the same State to be friends. They are pretty generally disgusted with the State. I met one I knew as a boy, twelve years ago, Captain in the Cavalry, and as I looked at his whiskers and manly bearing, I began to wonder what I looked like myself! I I must be getting old. However, I found out. Calling at a place where I was familiarly acquainted, asked for the lady of the house, and walked into the parlor, without giving my name or card. The servant went up stairs, informing the lady that a military gentleman was in the parlor. "Who is he?" "Don't know, didn't give his name." "What sort of a looking man is he?" "Rather oldish man, with a bald head!" This was the conversation laughingly detailed to me by the mistress.

J. M. L.

Union Victory in N. W. Arkansas!

On Sunday the 7th inst. the advanced force of Gen. Curtis' command, numbering about 6,500 men, under Gen. Herron, was attacked, about ten miles south of Fayetteville, by Gen. Hindman, with 24,000 Rebels, under Parsons, Marmaduke, Frost, and Rains, the flower of their army. They were bent on keeping Herron from reinforcing the Union Gen. Blunt, who was a little further on, with 4,000 men. The battle begun about 10, A. M. About 4, P. M., the Union force under Blunt attacked the Rebel in their rear, and before 9 the whole Rebel force had retreated over the Boston mountain. Our artillery was particularly destructive in the greatly superior ranks of the enemy, who fought desperately, but the Western Freemen were too much for them. They confess to a loss of 1800—our loss, 1000. It was a hot and gallant encounter. The Union Generals conquered by arms, and frustrated their "stragetic" movement.

SHICKSHINNY, Dec. 7.—This morning, a sad accident happened about one mile below this place. Two small boys of Widow Sprague, were on the towing path of the canal; the youngest proposed crossing the ice, but was cautioned by the older one; he however ventured, and when about the middle of the Canal the ice gave way. Both boys called for help, and the mother and two daughters went to the rescue. The youngest daughter rushed into the water, lost her footing, when the older one went in after the others; she also found deeper water than she expected. The mother got a pole, and reached to the oldest daughter, the younger children clinging to her. The weight being too much for the mother, dragged her also into the canal, and she was obliged to relinquish her hold upon the pole. The mother, not being able to render any further assistance, saw her three children drown before assistance could be procured. After being in the water about one hour, the bodies were recovered. The oldest daughter was about 18 years of age, the second about 12, and the boy about 10.

The barn of Peter Hoy, on the Bellefonte & Boalsburg turnpike, was burned on Monday evening, with all its contents of grain and hay, two horses and three cows. It seems there was a man, named Cooney, who said he was going to the Agricultural School to work, called in the evening, and asked to stay all night. Cooney they say was intoxicated, and was put in the barn to sleep. Some of Hoy's family went out with a light to see Cooney, and soon after the fire was discovered. Whether the fire originated from a spark from the light carried, or from Cooney, endeavoring to light his pipe, is the question. Cooney is in jail.

A well known planter, living not far from New Orleans, wrote, last spring, that four of his slaves, who had run away to the Yankees, had returned—they had enough of Liberty, and were glad to come back. But, in his next letter to the North, he told a different tale. *The four had run away again and had taken with them 200 more slaves.* [The first fact was copied in all the Democratic papers; the last was not copied by one of them!]

The old log house on the top of Nittany mountain, on the Lewistown & Bellefonte turnpike, was burned on Sunday morning. The house belonged to Elias Horner, and was occupied by William Knepp. The fire spread so rapidly that the persons present were unable to save anything. A meeting of the friends and neighbors of Knepp, on Monday, raised a fund of money, provisions and clothing to supply the immediate wants of the family, and made arrangements for the erection of a house on the site of the old one.

Whilst a number of men were engaged in getting out timber, in a wood near Selinsgrove, on Friday afternoon, a dead tree suddenly fell to the ground, a branch of which struck Jacob Duck on the head, and instantly caused his death. But a few hours previous to the accident, three men made an effort to push the tree down, but failed. Mr. Duck was 40 years of age, and leaves a wife and four children. He was a good citizen, and much esteemed.

By the breaking of an axle on the freight train, near Montgomery station, three cars were thrown from the track, and conductor Eschenbach, of Williamsport, in the melee had his left leg cut off between the knee and ankle. The car in which he was riding took fire and burned.

The wife of Owen Duffey, of West Chester, in going down a pair of stairs, at night, with her hands too much loaded, fell over, when the pitcher she was carrying, broke, and a piece of it cut a gash in her neck, severing an artery. A few groans were heard—her husband, who had retired, arose, but found her dead.

Four of the "greatest" European surgeons were called in to see Garribaldi's ancle. Two of them said the ball was still in it, and two said it was not. Late arrivals say the ball has been taken out of the ancle, and he is now improving.

Congress has granted excisemen the power to administer the oath to persons paying taxes and making monthly and other returns under the War Tax Laws.

Provost guards have been out in the counties of Pennsylvania, hunting up and sending to camps many deserters and stragglers.

Latest News

Saturday Morning's News.

Friday, 10, A.M.—Our loss in driving the Rebels out of Fredericksburg, was 100 Sumner's and Hooker's divisions are nearly all crossed, there, and Franklin's, below. Our firing is feebly replied to. The Rebels have two lines of defence—one a mile from the city, and the other a mile back of that. A contest is expected.

Saturday Afternoon's News.

NEW YORK, Dec. 13.—A special dispatch from Washington, dated yesterday, says it is the opinion of many of the Generals at Fredericksburg, that the main body of the enemy has retired, and that no determined stand will be made near the city.

Sunday's News.

HEAD QUARTERS, IN THE FIELD,
Saturday, 11 A. M.

The battle, so long anticipated, is now progressing.

The morning opened with a dense fog, which has not yet entirely disappeared. Gen. Reynolds' corps, on the left, advanced at an early hour, and at 9.15 engaged the enemy's infantry. Seven minutes after, the Rebels opened a heavy fire of artillery, which continued up to this time without interuption. Their artillery fire must be at random, as a fog obstructs all view. Our heavy guns are answering them rapidly. As the sun gets higher, it is hoped that the fog will lift. At this writing no results are known. Not much infantry has as yet been engaged.

A portion of the enemy's cavalry crossed a ford above here, and yesterday were found on our right rear. A sufficient force has been sent out to meet them.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 14—3, P.M.

Burnside's army yesterday took the first line of the enemy's entrenchments—were carried at the point of the bayonet, after we had been repulsed, twice. The slaughter is said to have been awful. Gen. Bayard, chief of cavalry, and Gen. C. F. Jackson, U.S.A. are killed, and a great number of general and field officers wounded.

Our troops slept on the field, last night, and would renew the battle to-day.

Monday's News.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 15—12½, P.M.

By messages just received it is stated that the Rebels are surrounded, and have sent in their terms of surrender, which have been sent on to Washington to see if acceptable.

Gen. Banks has landed in North Carolina, and is marching on Petersburg.

CARVER, operator.

Tuesday Morning's News.

No fighting on Monday. Our wounded, and 700 Rebel prisoners, are the north side of the river. The 51st and 53d P.V. and 6th Res. were engaged, but we see none killed or wounded from Union county.

Banks landed at Winton, probably to march on Weldon, N. C.

Jeff Davis is reported in Tennessee

THE EFFICIENCY OF THE BLOCKADE.*

Five hundred and forty-three vessels seized by the blockading squadrons, worth, with their cargoes, *forty millions of dollars!* Verily, this is a splendid record, and yet it but faintly tells the story of the actual amount of service rendered to the good cause by this ceaseless, noiseless agency.

Though not as obvious as results on the battle field, this taking away the *means* of an enemy is equally effective with less loss of life. The exhaustion of Rebeldom is rapidly approaching.

A man in Albany city issued *four* thousand dollars in shinplasters. Threatened with the law, he began to call them in, and, after redeeming *five* thousand, he repudiated the remainder, declaring it "a poor, mean business—the counterfeits eat up more than the profits." He suffers and so do the poor holders.

The residence of Daniel Kusterborder, in Locust township, Columbia county, was burned down on Saturday, the family being scarcely able to save anything. Loss about $2,800, of which $1,000 was insured in the Farmers' Mutual.

Rev. I. O. P. Baker, of a Lutheran church in Allegheny county, has died from mortification and amputations resulting from a felon beginning at the second joint of the fore finger of the right hand.

Daniel Mosteller, a respected farmer of West Hemlock Tp., Montour Co., giving way to despondency on account of some troubles, has committed the awful crime of hanging himself in his barn.

Within five weeks, all the four children of Eld. Beeman, of Columbia, Bradford Co., Pa., died of typhoid fever. Their ages were between 16 and 25 years. A sad affliction, truly.

Dr. A. S. Cummings, of Selinsgrove, has been engaged as Surgeon in the Walnut street Hospital, Harrisburg, since September last.

The Will of Washington is said to have been stolen by the Rebels from Fairfax C. H., and sold to the British Museum in London.

J. F. Caslow, of Milton, has been promoted to Quartermaster of the 5th Army Corps, under Gen. Butterfield.

A pumpkin weighing 289 pounds was on exhibition at the office of the American Agriculturist, in New York city.

The beginning of anger is foolishness, and its end repentance.

$25! EMPLOYMENT! $75
AGENTS WANTED.

We will pay from $25 to $75 per month—and all expenses—to active Agents, or give a Commission. Particulars sent free. Address Erie Sewing Machine Company, R. JAMES, General Agent, Milan, Ohio." 909y

Time-Table---Lewisburg R.R. Station.

MOVING NORTH.

Freight & Accom'n passes Lewisbg		——*
Mail Train	do	5:20 P M
Express	do	6:43 A M

*Monday morning only, an Accommodation train goes up from Sunbury. No Express train Monday morning.

MOVING SOUTH.

Mail train	passes Lewisburg	1:09 P M
Freight & Accommodation	do	——
Express	do	10:40 P M

If *Hoofland's Balsamic Cordial* will not cure, in the last stages of Consumption, we know from experience it affords great relief.

Dyspepsia is a difficult disease to cure, but HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS will soon overcome it. Read the Advt in another column.

New Lewisburg Mail Arrangements.

To Sunbury, Harrisburg, Lancaster, &c., (daily), Waymail closes at 11½ A M
Philad. Through mail closes at 8, P M
To Danville, Catawissa, Reading, New York (via Milton, daily) closes at 8, A M
To Wh. Deer Mills, Muncy, Williamsport, Elmira, &c. (daily) closes at 3:30, P M
To Winfield, New Berlin, Middleburg, &c., (daily) closes at 4, P M—leaves at 7
To Mifflinburg, Hartleton, &c., (daily) closes at 4, P M—leaves at 7
To Milton and New Columbia, (daily) closes at 8, A M.—leaves at 9
To Buffaloe X Roads, (tri-weekly) leaves Monday, Thursday and Friday after the arrival of the evening mails

Nov. 17, 1862. G W FORREST, P M

Lewisburg Market.

Corrected Weekly

Wheat	$1,25	Eggs	$ 18
Rye	70	Tallow	8
Corn, old	60	Lard	9
Oats	40	Ham	10
Flaxseed	1,50	Clover seed	5.65
Dried Apples	$1,00	Wool	40 to 50
Firkin Butter	12	Potatoes	50
Fresh Butter	20	Country Soap	4 & 6

Rags.....4, 5 and 6 cts

MARRIED.

By Rev. C. H. Leinbach, 14th inst., FRED. STRAUB of Mifflin, Juniata Co., and Miss CATH. HACKENBERG of Northumberland Co.

By Rev. J. H. Grier, 20th ult., JOHN R. FORSTER of Harrisburg and Miss ANNIE E. daughter of Sheriff M. Micken of Nipponose Tp.

By Rev. T. Y. Titus, 11th inst., JOHN T. VANKIRK and Miss CAROLINE ROBBINS, both of Point Tp.

By Rev. G. W. Showman, 1st inst., LEWIS H. DRUCKEMILLER, Sunbury, and Miss ELIZA SLOAN, Philad.

Died.

LAWRENCE M. HAYES was drowned on Monday, the 8th inst., in Brady township, by breaking through the ice. Mr. Hayes attempted to cross his own mill dam, when he broke through, and before assistance could be rendered was drowned. His body was recovered shortly afterwards, but life was extinct. Mr. Hayes was about thirty two years of age and was one of the most esteemed and enterprising citizens of the township. He leaves a wife and three small children to mourn their sudden loss. R.

In Fountain Co., Ind., 23d ult., by injuries received in falling from a horse, FRANKLIN HAAS, formerly from Shamokin, Pa. In his 23d year.

In Freeburg, 10th ult., ELIZABETH, Widow of Christopher Moyer, in her 80th year.

☞A GENTLEMAN'S SHAWL was left in the Presbyterian Church on Sabbath evening the 7th inst., which the owner can have by paying for this notice and calling on

JOS. M. HOUSEL.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
the most suitable Holiday Presents,
For sale by MOWRY,
opposite the Bank—Lewisburg.

LOST between S. Geddes' and P. Beaver's, 11th inst., a small Cameo PIN, with a lady's head in twisted setting. Please leave at S. Geddes' for the owner.

Lewisburg Bridge Election.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Lewisburg Bridge Company, that an Election will be held at the office of the President, on Monday, the 5th day of January, 1863, for the purpose of electing one President, six Managers, Treasurer, and a Clerk, to conduct the concerns of said Company for one year.

WILLIAM CAMERON, President.

Lewisburg, Dec. 1, 1862

FOR SALE.

AN Inventory was taken of the Stock comprising
H. W. CROTZER'S VARIETY STORE,
during his late visit home. The Captain now offers this splendid establishment for sale. It is impossible for him to attend to business matters. The sword and musket now demand his whole attention. This is a capital opportunity for some individual who may be desirous of investing in this line of trade. The establishment possesses wide notoriety, an extensive patronage, and is located in the most pleasant part of our village.

Terms liberal. [Nov. 7, '62]

REMOVAL!

THE undersigned has removed her Millinery Establishment to the rooms recently occupied by Thos. G. Grier's Jewelry Shop, Market street, between Front and Second, where she is prepared to
Make and Trim Bonnets, Hats,
and other articles in her line, in the best and handsomest manner. She has on hand an extensive variety of the most attractive styles of **Bonnets, Caps, Children's Hats, Artificial Flowers, Ribbons,** and other Millinery Trimmings, to which she invites the attention of the public.

Thankful for the favors heretofore extended to her, she hopes the same generous patronage may be retained; and she would also be happy to secure a more extensive acquaintance.

AMANDA L. ZUBER.

Lewisburg, April 25, 1862

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration on the Estate of JOHN B. FISHER, late of Brady township, Union Co., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Union county, in due form of law; therefore all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having just claims against the same are also requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

GEORGE HILL, Admin'r

Brady Tp, Dec. 2, 1862 6t

JOHN H. BEALE,
MERCHANT TAILOR
AND
Gentlemen's Furnishing Store,
Market St., just above the Bank,
LEWISBURG, PA.

The subscriber has removed into the new fitted and commodious Storeroom of Thomas Reber, where he has just received a large and well selected stock of

MEN'S CLOTHING,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Silks, Shirts, Drawers, &c.

I also CUT AND MAKE TO ORDER in the best style and most reasonable terms. Being a practical Tailor, and employing the best workmen, I can confidently invite both *Old and New Customers*—do n't forget the Sign—

The Red Door!

May 2, 1861 J H BEALE

New Stand---New Goods!

JOSEPH L. HAWN having taken the rooms under the Telegraph and Chronicle offices, refitted them, and filled in an extensive variety of

Hats, Caps, Gentlemen's Clothing, &c.

Also a large and splendid stock of CLOTHS CASSIMERES, &c. which he will *make up to order*, as he still continues the Tailoring Business. He is prepared to execute all work entrusted to his care, to the satisfaction of the customer.

N. B. Cutting and Repairing ☞ done to order. [Lewisburg, April 10, 1861

BUFFALO HOUSE

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA.

LEWIS GEBEL, Proprietor.

THIS new Hotel is situated opposite the Court House, in the most fashionable and beautiful part of the town, and for style and convenience can not be surpassed in Central Pennsylvania.

Those visiting the University, or attending Court, will find it the most convenient and central public house—charges will be the most reasonable—and neither time or expense will be spared to bestow every comfort upon those who may call. Persons in the County will be charged 25 cts per meal.

Lewisburg, April 1, 1862

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MERCHANT TAILOR,

MARKET Square, Lewisburg, is now prepared to furnish Officers' **Military Clothing** according to regulations at short notice. Also a general assortment of Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings and ready-made Clothing.

Ask at Zimmerman's Red, White & Blue

UNION BOOT AND SHOE
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STILL AHEAD!—Come one! come all—and examine for yourselves the largest and cheapest stock of **Home made** Boots and Shoes in Union county!

☞Just received a FRESH SUPPLY of **City made** work at unusually low prices.

"Quick Sales and Small Profits"

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☞The FAMILY SOAP-MAKER.

All Kitchen Grease can be made into good SOAP by using *SAPONIFIER.*

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Feb 10, 1862y1

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INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA—Philadelphia.
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Capital - - - - -	$500,000.00
Assets, Jan. 1861 - -	1,254,719.81

ARTHUR G. COFFIN, President
CHARLES PLATT, Secretary

☞Buildings annually or perpetually, Merchandize, Grain, Furniture, &c., insured, at current rates of Premium.

JOHN B. LINN,
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Peace—Peace!

DEAR friends and kind patrons from country and town
We've New Goods for you all, since prices are down;
Then give your attention, and part of your care,
And see our Dry Goods and other fine wares.

We've Bonnets and Ribbons, and Satin Duchesse,
And Gimmerings and Gingham, and fine Wool DeLaines
We've Opera and Merinos, and Prints for you all
Both as Sprague's and Cochran's—just give us a call.

We've Muslins and Sheetings—from yes to twelve cents;
We've Stockings for ladies and Half Hose for gents;
We've Cloths at all prices, for Sacks and coats,
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We've Cane Hoops and Corsets, and Crinoline Skirts,
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We've Oil Cloths and Carpets to cover your floor,
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We've Buckets and Baskets and Butchers of sine,
We've Sugars and Coffees—for Pacotas or CHINE.

We've Brushes and Kettles, all kinds of Queensware—
So call and examine, we're boxing elsewhere;
You'll find us on Market street, center of town—
At SHELLER'S old Stand—
Lewisburg, April 8, 1862 R. F. & ABE SHOWN.

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Having superior facilities and a long experience, he is satisfied that he can give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call.

Lewisburg, April 18