UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

At $1.50 per Year, always in Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1862.

"THE UNION," established in 1814---Whole No., 2,561.

"CHRONICLE," established in 1843---Whole No., 940.

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY—
Tuesday Morning & Friday Afternoon.

☞ See New Advertisements.

☞ Signor Blitz proposes to give one of his unrivalled Exhibitions in Lewisburg, afternoon and evening of Monday, April 28.

☞ Last evening, Capt. Hassenplug reached Lewisburg, homeward, with B Bell Harris, (and another from Limestone passed up Wednesday evening)—all suffering from ill health, and needing rest. They report nothing especial from our soldiers under Burnside, who are generally well.

☞ The Shamokin *Register* seems to think the election for Governor comes off this year, instead of next—and praises a candidate who stands no fairer than the incumbent of the station in any respect named. But we think it too early for a proper consideration of the matter.

☞ In no New England State was there so much of the Tory spirit exhibited—or so many "Peace" meetings held—during the past year, as in old Connecticut. The result is, a GAIN of 7,000 in the majority for the Republican Governor. The People are sick of this day's Democracy.

☞ Lodge No. 106, A.Y.M., Lycoming county, publish resolutions expressive of their esteem for their lately deceased brother, Rev. Joshua Kelly, who occupied one of the highest positions in the order. The Williamsport *Gazette* says:

"It is estimated that at least 4,000 people accompanied his body to the grave. As a clergyman, and as a citizen, all who knew Mr. Kelly held him in the highest esteem, and his sudden death created a feeling of sadness all over the community. Since the War commenced, he had been active in speech and in deeds in assisting to uphold the Government, and was instrumental in considerably swelling the ranks of the Union army in the darkest days of last year. He left a wife and six children to mourn his death—he left them an honored name."

☞ On the 18th April, 1775, news was sent through the townships near Boston, that the British were advancing to seize the arms of the Whigs, and on the 19th was the massacre of Massachusetts men at Lexington. 18th April, 1861, the alarm was sounded through Union county, to the men volunteering to save the National Capital from Rebels, to go prepared to "fight their way through Baltimore"—and on the 19th, Massachusetts Unionists on the same errand were slain in the streets of that city. The morning of that day, 90 of our brave youths and young men, undaunted by the danger of which they were forewarned, started for scenes of warfare amid the tears and prayers of thousands who accompanied them to the railway depot. They expected to confront a Baltimore Secession Mob; undisciplined as they were, yet they were ready for any sacrifice; and when, on Sunday, they again entered the cars at Harrisburg, they still supposed Baltimore was their destination. But not a man faltered. Those were heroic days—"times that tried men's souls," indeed.

When the history of this eventful year shall be written, the Lewisburg Infantry, the Penn'a 4th, the New York 7th, and others who started out that day, at the President's call, knowing of the pandemonium of armed demons holding Baltimore, deserve a conspicuous position.

In his remarks to the Infantry on Friday, 19th April last, Rev. T. M. Reese said that the South was best prepared for the war, had more spirit and dash, and would be most successful at first—but the North would in the end triumph, by reason of her superior resources, the substantial vigor of her people, and the justice of her cause. Those predictions have been most strikingly verified. The Rebels since 19th April, 1861, have been driven out of Baltimore and Maryland, out of half of Virginia, and out of most of Kentucky, Missouri, and Tennessee—and the Stars and Stripes again float in almost every State in the Union.

May the 19th April, 1863, find us a free, united, loyal people!

Slavery Abolished in the District of Columbia.

On Tuesday, 15th inst.—one year from the day President Lincoln called for 75,000 Volunteers to suppress the Slaveholders' Insurrection—he signed the bill to abolish the foul blot upon the National Capital. The Act passed the Senate, 29 to 14, and the House 93 to 39—more than 2 to 1 in each branch of Congress. No Act of Legislation for half a century will be so pleasing to every right-hearted person in our land—none will be so happy in its influence upon the civilized World—as this. We are now as a people beginning to carry out the real Compromises and the true spirit of our Constitution, by working for the freedom and the good of men, instead of their degradation and oppression.

ABOLITION of a Peculiar Institution!—Some of Burnside's men demolished an old whipping post at Newbern, N. C. Won't some of our Democratic editors—who think that lashing the bare backs of men, women, and children, is sanctified by the Gospel—weep over it as very "unconstitutional?"

Fire in Hartleton.

Monday, 15th inst., about 1, P.M., the alarm of "Fire!" was given. Our streets were soon lined with the excited people, and it was discovered that the house, occupied by Josiah Mook as a dwelling and saddler shop, was on fire. The flames spread so rapidly, that the building, together with its contents, was consumed. Two small children, who were sleeping at the time, were barely snatched from the bed, which had already taken fire. The dwelling adjoining Mr. Mook's was also destroyed; the furniture, however, was saved. The surrounding houses were kept from burning with some difficulty. R.

[Another correspondent says the children were saved "through the heroism of Mrs. Sarah Evans, who was so nearly strangled when she got to the door that she fell out of it, still holding the children." Loss about $800. It is not stated how the fire originated.]

HARD WORK.—It is not alone on the field of battle that our Union troops offer sacrifices for the cause. While the Rebels are wise enough to employ blacks to erect fortifications and do a large share of the manual labor incident to warfare, too many of the Union Officers (from timidity or something worse) have wearied and exhausted our white soldiers by requiring them to do that which might have been done by contrabands.

The labors of the 4th Penn'a Regiment, in making railways, &c., were most onerous and severe, but important and valuable at the time.

In approaching Savannah, and at other places, the brave Union men have performed the labor of Regiments of Irishmen digging, removing obstructions, laying out roads, and a variety of necessary work.

But the most complete and striking exhibition of Yankee ingenuity and proof of the adaptedness of our free-born soldiers to turn their hand to anything, was the opening of a water course from Island No. 10, twelve miles, to New Madrid—a means by which vessels were carried across, enabling Gen. Pope to pass over the river, cutting off the Rebels from their retreat below, and enabling him so to work that the whole place soon surrendered. This canal was principally cut through a swamp, full of dead water, old trees, and huge stumps, all in the worst possible odor and disorder, but, after some weeks, pluck and toil triumphed. Foote and Pope evidently remembered the taking of ancient Babylon, by Cyrus.

CENTER COUNTY.—A colored woman, over a hundred years old, narrowly escaped burning with her dwelling, in Bellefonte. A colored child of four years, named Harding, was burned to death.

Capt. Evan M. Buchanan is appointed a Commissary. Nine of the family are holding offices on the Union side in this war.

Two fires in Haines township—the wood and washhouse of Jacob Condo, on Pine Creek, and the dwelling of Jacob J. Stover, 2½ miles below Aaronsburg, were burned down. Mr. Stover loses $1500 over his insurance.

Capt. W. W. Brown, late County Treasurer, while on a visit from the Army, was arrested, and will be tried, for an alleged defalcation.

Two young women, from Snowshoe, have been sent to Jail on charge of killing their own new-born children.

CONTRAST.—In 1829, the Democrats in the Pennsylvania Legislature voted in favor of joint resolutions *for* the Abolition of Slavery in the District of Columbia. In 1862, the same kind of resolutions were before the same body, and the united vote of the Democracy was cast *against* them!

In 1829, Democrats looked upon Slavery as an evil. In 1862, they bow down and worship at the heathen shrine as unitedly as their fathers opposed it. Degenerate sons of noble sires!

☞ The Democratic Convention which nominated a man for Governor of Connecticut *refused to notice Burnside's victories*, news of which came during their sitting. Their candidate is defeated over 9,000 votes. The "Blue Lights" of that State seem to be in the Shamocracy's ranks.

THADDEUS STEVENS, Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, in concluding the argument upon the Tax Bill which passed the House so unanimously, calculates that, if the War is prosecuted energetically, our army can be reduced to one hundred thousand men by the end of the summer, and that the revenues of the country will be large enough, from this tax bill, to pay the interest on the public debt and establish a large sinking fund. If the Government should conclude to lay the burden of the War upon the men who are now Rebelling against it, by a confiscation act, he was sure that no more taxes would have to be laid upon the loyal people of the Free States.

FIRE IN LOCKHAVEN.—On Wednesday night, the steam grist mill of Gray & M'Kinney, the Planing Mill, Bakery, Boardkiln and other adjoining buildings, the house of Silas Glasgow, and a vinegar establishment, were burned down. Gray & M'Kinney were insured $7,000, which nearly covers their loss.

ARMY LETTERS.

CAMP NEAR YORKTOWN, April 12

Yesterday afternoon, the alarm was sounded that the Rebels were driving in our pickets. The 63d P. Vol., Col. Hayes, had advanced within about 300 yards of the enemy, entrenched themselves in rifle pits, and kept picking off the Rebels, when 6 or 7 regiments sallied out, and had our pickets almost flanked; our Regiment (the 57th Pa.) was ready, and out on a double-quick; the 105th Penn'a and 87th N. Y., of our brigade, filed off to the left, under cover, to sustain one of our batteries, as it was evident the enemy intended to divert our attention from their real object. Our Regiment deployed through a piece of woods, when the pickets fell back: we charged through the woods, the balls rattling around us like hail: as our pickets fell back, the enemy raised a cheer, but, by the time our regiment arrived at the edge of the woods, and opened fire on them, the cheering was the other way—so also were the Secesh tracks! The fight lasted only about half an hour. We marched back to our camp by moonlight, after having waited about two hours for them to re-appear. Our loss was only four wounded—quite a miracle that so few were hurt. Gen. Jameson thinks we must have killed 60 or 70 of the Rebels, and says we fought well. Pennsylvania may feel proud of her 57th Regiment for giving the first battle at this memorable place: Col. Charles T. Campbell, its commander, is one of the bravest of the brave.

T. S. SPAONICKER, Co. I, 57th P.V.
Jameson's Brigade, Hamilton's Division.

From Capt. Church's Rocke Guards.

YORK RIVER, April 12.

Having a little leisure this morning, I concluded to improve it by letting you know of our movements.

On Pennsylvania's moving day, 1st inst., we were encamped at Warrenton station, about twenty miles south of Manassas Junction, where 30,000 men were relieved by Gen. Banks' force of equal number, and we marched to within three miles of Manassas by sundown. It was the largest "moving" I ever attended.

Reached the Junction on the 2d, and found eight engines with long train of cars waiting to take us to Alexandria. But it was the 3d before we all got aboard, and then—moving along at the rate of 20 miles an hour—it was the best ride we ever enjoyed, after about four weeks of marching through mud, wading creeks, in sunshine and rain, from Manassas to the Rappahannock, and back. On the 4th, we got aboard transports, (our 3 Divisions, under Gen. Sumner,) and reached Fortress Monroe on the 6th. Saw the noble little Monitor, and many vessels of war, the large forts, and with the aid of a glass could see the Rebel flag on Sewells Point.

Morning of the 7th, we landed on York river, and marched three miles. Here we are, eight miles from Yorktown, under Gen. M'Clellan, having caged the Rebels, estimated as high as 80,000 in number, under Jo. Johnson, Magruder, Lee, &c., strongly fortified, and apparently intending to make a desperate stand. Owing to the rains and sandy soil, we are enabled to move and plant our artillery but slowly, but all is done sure. Thousands of our men are making roads, and as the weather is clear now, by this time next week you will hear of M'Clellan's Army of the Potomac taking the place, let it cost what it will. We are determined, and have all confidence in our General and the officers under him. After the battle of Yorktown, Richmond is ours. It is supposed the whole Manassas Army are here. This amount of game is worth taking; we have followed it too far to let it slip now, and intend to bag it. They must fight or surrender. There were large fortifications where we landed, and from the huts we judge there must have been a strong force, but they fell back on the approach of our forces, which are strong enough to take any place we come to.

Yesterday, the Merrimac made her appearance in the Bay, but could not be induced to come out far enough for the Monitor to attack her.

The Rebel batteries annoy our men making roads and placing cannon, by sending us a shot or shell occasionally, wounding and even killing some, but our sharpshooters, in advance, have picked off several of the enemy.

Taking into consideration our marches and exposures to rain and damp ground, we are very healthy, and ready for the word advance. I think Rebeldom is pretty well played out, and hope in a few days to give you a description of the battle and the victory gained at this place, if I should be one of the lucky ones to get through safe. You may depend upon the 53d doing their duty by standing up for the Stars and Stripes.

C., Co. E., 53d Pa. Vol.

The Richmond *Whig* contains news from Yorktown that Gen. Magruder, with his staff, was at the Lee House near Lees Mills, on Sunday, and came near being captured or killed by Gen. Keyes. The horse of one of his staff was killed under him in his flight by a shell.

☞ At the session of the Northumberland Presbytery in Lewisburg this week, Mr. Life (a refugee from Virginia) was licensed to preach, and arrangements were made for the ordination of Mr. Alexander, at Lycoming Center.

Rev. S. Z. Weiser, late of Selinsgrove, has removed to take the pastoral charge of the German Reformed church in Greenville, Montgomery Co., and Goshenhoppen.

Latest News

Yesterday, matters were progressing satisfactorily before Yorktown.

Tuesday, a gunboat shelled out a Rebel fortification which was going up at Gloucester.

The Merrimac was at Norfolk, and various opinions as to her condition and movements.

The Rebels say an attack on their Forts Jackson and Philip, near New Orleans, commenced last Monday.

Ft. Pulaski, re-taken!

On the 11th inst., after a few hours' bombardment from Parrot guns, the 500 Rebels in this Fort surrendered unconditionally, their commandant saying it was "impossible for human beings to stand" such flames of shells and balls which went thro' six feet of hardened brick wall! The Fort cost Uncle Sam a million of dollars, and was stolen in Jan. 1861. It defends Savannah city, and its re-capture is a full offset to Sumter. It was reduced by rare skill and long, hard labor—with no loss on our side, and the Rebels confess only a few wounded.

Foote and Pope, again!

Last Wednesday, Foote had run his gun and mortar boats below Fort Pillow, and Pope was co-operating on the Arkansas side of the Mississippi. Fort Pillow lies at the mouth of Big Hatchie river, 70 miles above Memphis, and the Rebels boast of its impregnability as usual. Its fall will hasten the fate of Memphis and New Orleans.

VIRGINIA.—Fremont and Banks are gaining ground in the mountain regions. Banks' men surprised 61 of Ashby's noted cavalry, who surrendered without resistance.

MOUNT JACKSON, Va., April 17.—Our troops occupied Mount Jackson, at 7 o'clock this morning, and are now in front of Reed's Hill, where the enemy are supposed to be in force. All quiet at Fortress Monroe.

PROGRESS IN ALABAMA! Gen. Mitchell sent out, East and West from Huntsville, in Northern Alabama, Union forces, which have possessed themselves of one hundred miles of railroad, from Decatur to Stevenson, including some prisoners, locomotives, and rolling stock, and 8 or 10 towns. These are important gains—and, if he can push on east and take Chattanooga and Cleveland, he will shut out East Tennessee from Rebel assaults on the South, and hasten the deliverance of that region from their hated oppressors.

CAIRO, April 11.—Yesterday two splendid batteries, rifled guns, were found in the woods below Island No. 10. Large amounts of property, consisting of horses, mules, wagons, arms, are being daily brought by our men.

Several thousand prisoners were taken at and near Island No. 10—the greatest, most strategic victory of the war—whose magnitude and completeness grow upon examination. Hollins and three or four Rebel Generals were taken. Foote is ready to advance upon Memphis, and indeed may be there ere this.

Good News from New Mexico.

Until recently, our forces in Texas and westward have been gradually hemmed in and cut off. The tide seems now to have turned. On the 26th ult., at Apache Pass, Col. Hough took 57 Rebel Cavalry, prisoners, and afterwards repulsed a superior force of the enemy.

THE GREAT BATTLE.

Gen. Grant has made an official report of the Battle between Pittsburg Landing and Shiloh—called by the former name by the Unionists, by the latter by the Rebels, (a choice of name generally approved)—dated Wednesday, 9th inst. He says our *pickets were driven in* by the enemy. Our loss is say 1500 killed, 3500 wounded. The enemy left dead upon the field more than 1500 men—besides those buried and and carried away by themselves—and they lost many by desertion &c. On Tuesday, Beauregard asked permission to bury his dead—but that duty had already been attended to by Grant, and his flag was dismissed. Our cavalry followed up the enemy until exhausted, and then returned. Corinth is still occupied by the enemy, which they boast they can keep.

Gen. Halleck arrived at Pittsburg Landing on Friday, and takes command as superior officer.

Saturday evening, a strong Union force pushed up the Tennessee to Eastport, and destroyed several important bridges, to cut off aid to the Rebels from the east of Corinth.

Gen. Grant, though hardly forty years of age, has been in seventeen battles in three of which he commanded, and was in the Mexican war.

Samuel Eck, of Roaring Creek, Columbia county, lost five valuable horses last week. Two took sick and died in one day; next morning two more were dead, and during the day the fifth died. Some suppose they were poisoned, others think it was caused by a malignant sore throat similar to the diptheria prevailing.

Though wounded in the arm, it is believed Beauregard was not killed at Pittsburg Landing. He admits the death of their commanding General, A. S. Johnson. The Rebel Governor Johnson of Kentucky, it is believed was also killed.

Wm. M'Garty, of Muncy, died after an amputation of a leg wounded at the battle of Winchester. Jacob Weaver, of Penn Tp. Lyc. Co., died in Hospital. Bodies taken home for burial.

The Richmond *Whig* contains a despatch, that the rebel General, Gladden, lost his left arm in the battle on Sunday.

The Lutheran General Synod, postponed last year on account of the war, will meet in Lancaster, Thursday May 1st, 1862.

Simon P. Wolverton, is admitted to the practice of Law in Northumberland county.

$25! EMPLOYMENT! 75!

AGENTS WANTED.

We will pay from $25 to $75 per month—and all expenses—to active Agents, or give a Commission. Particulars sent free. Address "Erie Sewing Machine Company, B. JAMES, General Agent, Milan, Ohio." 9w*

Lewisburg Market.

Corrected Weekly

Wheat	$108 & $110	Eggs	$ 10
Rye	50	Tallow	8
Corn	40	Lard	8
Oats	25	Ham	10
Flaxseed	1,50	Shou & Side	6
Dried Apples	$1,25	Cloverseed	$4 00
Firkin Butter	10	Potatoes	37
Fresh Butter	14	Country Soap	4 & 6

MARRIED.

On the 17th inst., by Rev. A. L. Hewitt, JONATHAN W. ELLER and Miss MATILDA BITTER, all of Union township.

By Rev. J. K. Miller, 13th inst., DANIEL DUNKLE and Miss HANNAH SOCKEY, both of Centre county.

By Rev. S. K. Shimer, 31 inst., ELISHA P. HUDSON of Hickory Run, Carbon N. Y., and Miss MATTIE J. LUKENS, of Thompsontown, Pa.

By Rev. P. Arnold, 9th inst., ALFRED G. WERTHEIM and Miss ELLEN A. REICHLEY, both of Selinsgrove.

By Rev. J. P. Shindel, 31 inst., MICHAEL SMITH and Miss SUSAN MOODY SWARTZ, both of West Beaver.

Died.

In New Berlin, 10th inst., aged 44 years, JOHN D. BOGAR, Merchant, formerly County Auditor.

In Beddinoe, 2d inst., aged 34 years, HYACINTH B. TRUCHTVLINT, (of Fellow descent.)

In Selin's Tp., 13th inst., aged 26 years, Mrs. SARAH A. GLENNAN wife of Wm. F. Dougal.

In Perry Tp., Snyder Co., 11th inst., ABRA'M FREED, in his 80th year.

In Middleburg, 2d inst., Widow CATHARINE MILLER, in her 81st year.

In Selinsgrove, 10th inst., aged about 65 years, JACOB WEAVER, formerly of Lewisburg.

In Lewisburg, 17th inst., ELIZABETH, wife of J. Miles Evans, in her 29th year. Funeral, Saturday, 10, A. M.

In St. Paul, Minnesota, 16th inst., MARTHA widow of Dr. William Hamilton, formerly of Hanover, Dauphin Co., Pa.

At a meeting of Charity Lodge, No. 144, Lewisburg, Penn'a, held in emergency, on the 13th inst. upon the occasion of the death of Bro. JEREMIAH STAHL, John B. Linn, C. C. Shirkley and John C. Smith were appointed a committee to draft appropriate Resolutions, who reported the following:

Whereas, It has pleased Divine Providence to remove from our midst a friend and brother, whose career, although short, by its usefulness has especially entitled him to the consideration of his Masonic brethren:

Resolved, That the members of Charity Lodge No. 144, have learned with deep regret the demise of their esteemed brother, whose good character, and quiet and unobtrusive usefulness, have made him alike an ornament of the fraternity and the endeared companion of its members.

Resolved, That we will as a body attend the funeral of our deceased brother, and that the worshipful Master and Secretary of this Lodge be a committee to convey to the family of our late brother the expression of our respect for his worth, and of our confidence with them in their bereavement.

Resolved, That these Resolutions be published in the papers of this Borough.

John B. Linn, Chas. C. Shirkley, John C. Smith, } Committee.

WANTED!

I WISH to employ

30 Wood Choppers,

to chop wood for the Forest Iron Works. I will pay 40 cents per cord in CASH or in MDZE. For further information apply to

J. M. BUCKWALTER.

White Deer Mills P.O., Union Co. Pa., April 17, 1862 } pd3w

ESTRAY.

Taken up on the premises of the late George Miller, dec'd, north from the Union Church, about the 5th inst. a three year old BAY HORSE, with white hind legs, and a white stripe on the nose. Was in very good condition. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

ELIAS MILLER.

Buffaloe Tp, April 16, 1862 pd3w

NOTICE!

HAVING loaned to WILLIAM P. TRUTT, of Union township, the following personal property—3 beds and bedding, 7 chairs, 2 bureaus, 1 table, 1 chest, 1 trunk, 1 wood chest, a lot of tin ware, 2 tubs, 2 meat stands and a suit of Carpenter's Tools—I hereby caution all persons interfering with the above named articles, as I have loaned them to the said Truit during my pleasure.

ABRAHAM G. BROWN.

East Buffaloe, April 17, 1862 pd

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration on the Estate of JEREMIAH STAHL, late of East Buffaloe Twp, Union Co., dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Union county, in due form of law; therefore all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having just claims against the same are also requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

DANIEL NOLL, Admin'r

Kelly, April 16, 1862

SUMMER FASHIONS—1862.

The Best Work and Latest Styles

TAILORING.

JOHN B. MILLER—thankful for past favors—would state that he has received the Fall and Winter Fashions, and is prepared to CUT, MAKE, and REPAIR garments as usual. He will endeavor, as heretofore, to execute his work satisfactorily.—Lewisburg, April, 1862

LOST.—In Lewisburg, on Market street, between 3 and 7 street, a Silver pencil with Gold pen attached. For further information inquire at this office. Lewisburg April 15.

LEWISBURG ACADEMY.

THE Summer Session of this Institution will commence Monday, 28th April, 1862, to continue 13 weeks.

The course of studies is thorough and practical.

YOUNG LADIES and GENTLEMEN desirous of qualifying themselves for Teaching, will find it to their advantage to attend during the coming Session.

The Bible is a Text Book.

TUITION—per session including contingent expenses.

PRIMARY—Reading, Spelling, Arithmetic, Geog., Gram. and U. S. History, ... $5 00
ADVANCED ENGLISH—[all not included above] 6 00
LANGUAGES, ... 7 00

Tuition payable immediately upon the close of the session. ☞ *A deduction of 10 per ct will be made to those paying in ADVANCE.* No other deductions except for protracted sickness.

J. RANDOLPH, Principal

April 11, 1862

BLINDS AND SHADES.

B. J. WILLIAMS, No. 16 North Sixth Street, PHILADELPHIA, Manufacturer of

VENITIAN BLINDS and WINDOW SHADES.

The largest and finest assortment in the City, at the lowest Prices. Blinds painted and trimmed, equal to new. Store Shades made and lettered.

April 11, 1862 3m

FOR SALE, on the Farm of Wm Peck, in Kelly township, about one mile from Lewisburg.

300 Stout Young APPLE TREES,

ready to plant this Spring. Inquire upon the premises, of J. RODENBAUGH.

Kelly, April 2, 1862

REMOVAL.

JOHN A. MERTZ, Esq., has removed his Office on Market St. two doors west of the Lewisburg Bank, where he will attend to all manner of business in his line with promptness. Speaks both English and German. J. A. MERTZ

Lewisburg, April 1, 1862

CARTES DE VISITE at Mowry's Gallery
Photograph Albums at Mowry's Gallery
Photographs—large size at Mowry's Gallery
Photographs in Oil at Mowry's Gallery
Ivorytypes at Mowry's Gallery
Hallotypes at Mowry's Gallery
Ambrotypes, and
All kinds of types at Mowry's Gallery

MOWRY'S GALLERY, in Market street, near Fourth, south side, Lewisburg.

Administators' Notice.

WHEREAS, letters of administration on the Estate of BEYERS AMMONS, late of Lewisburg bor'h, Union county, dec'd, have been granted to the subscriber in due form of law, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same, will present them duly authenticated for settlement, to ESTHER AMMONS } Administrators of WM. DREISBACH, }

Lewisburg, April 1, 1862

J. M. C. RANCK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Lewisburg, Union Co., Pa.

OFFICE on Market St., three doors below Cooper & Evans'. [April 1, 1862.]

ICE for the coming Season,

AT NESBIT'S ICE HOUSE, on South Water St., Lewisburg.

We are making extensive preparations to supply with PURE ICE all our former customers and as many new ones as may favor us with their patronage.

☞ Ice will be delivered throughout the entire Summer, so as to accommodate all, at as low prices as can be afforded by any others

Lewisburg, Feb. 14, 1862.

GEORGE MERRILL,
Attorney at Law . . . Lewisburg, Pa.
Office in the Recorder's Office.

Feb. 27, 1862

"The Union must be preserved."

NOTICE.—The Accounts of THOMAS FEIPHER, dec'd, Forward's Merchant, have been placed in my hands, by his Administrator, for immediate settlement. There are over 100 accounts. Those interested, please call and settle and save costs, for they must be collected by the 20th May.

L. B. CHRIST, J. P.

Lewisburg, March 25, 1862

APPEALS—State and County Taxes.

PURSUANT to law, the Commissioners of Union county will meet to hear Appeals from the Triennial Assessments for the several Townships and Boroughs, as follows:

Union—at Thomas Parrish's	Monday, April 14
New Berlin—Michael Bilmyer's	Tuesday, April 15
Kelly—Peter Weiser's	Wednesday, April 16
Hartley—Laurelton school-house	Thursday, April 17
Hartleton—Election house	Friday, April 18
Lewis do	Saturday, April 19
Mifflinburg—Wm Tobias'S	Monday, April 21
West Buffaloe—Paul Barnhart's	Tuesday, April 22
East Buffaloe—Geo Weiser's	Wednesday, April 23
Buffaloe—James M'Knight's	Thursday, April 24
Kelly—James Lawson's	Friday, April 25
White Deer—Thos Sanders'	Saturday, April 26
Brady—J P Hackenberg's	Monday, April 28
Lewisburg N W—Commiss Office	Tuesday, April 29
do S W do	Wednesday, April 30

Appeals will be held from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. When all may attend who think proper. By order of the Commissioners.

A. KENNEDY, Clerk.

Lewisburg, March 17, 1862.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA—Philadelphia.

(Incorporated, 1794.)

Capital $500,000.00
Assets, Jan. 1861 . . 1,254,719.81

ARTHUR G. COFFIN, President
CHARLES PLATT, Secretary

☞ Buildings annually or perpetually, Merchandize, Grain, Furniture, &c., insured, at current rates of Premium.

JOHN B. LINN
Agent for Union County, Pa.

931m3

Important to Shoemakers.

EVANS & COOPER have added to their stock a complete assortment of SHOE FINDINGS. Shoemakers will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock. It is complete, and offered Cheap for Cash—at the old stand, on Market St. between 3d and 4th—Lewisburg

☞ Do You Want Employment? ☜

I OFFER a pleasant business for the spring and summer, with large profits. Send for my new circular, containing full information. Address GEO. ROWD SPAR
15 Nassau street, N. Y.

Real Estate.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD two-story Frame DWELLING HOUSE, situated on North Third Street. The house is in fine order, and is now occupied by the subscriber. Possession given 1st of April, 1863.

April 11, 1862. O. H. P. SHIVELY.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Ven. Ex. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Union county and to me directed, I will expose to Public Sale or Outcry, on Saturday, the 3d day of May, 1862, at the Revere House in the borough of Lewisburg, at 1 o'clock, P.M.,

TWO contiguous lots of ground situate in the borough of New Berlin, Union county, Pennsylvania, marked in the general plan of said borough with the numbers 159 and 160, bounded on the north by Maize alley, east by Vine street, south by Market street, and west by Lot No. 158, containing One Half Acre more or less whereon are erected a two-story Brick Dwelling House, a frame Shoemaker Shop, a Frame Stable, a Well with a Pump, and other Outbuildings, &c. with the appurtenances—as the property of JOHN P. SHERLIN.

ALSO, at the same time and place, a certain Half Lot of ground situate in the borough of Lewisburg, Union county, bounded on the north by half lot of Jesse Wolfe, east by an alley, south by a lot of Joel Zentmyer, and on the west by South Seventh St., containing One Eighth of an acre more or less, whereon are erected a Two-Story Frame Dwelling House, an Out-kitchen and other outbuildings &c. with the appurtenances—as the property of DAN'L SEAMAN

I. P. ALBRIGHT, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Lewisburg, March 29, 1862

FOR RENT.

A Business Stand in Beaver's Block, Lewisburg, with Dwelling attached. Possession immediately. Location very best in town. Apply to

A. E. DENORMANDIE, or
PETER BEAVER, Lewisburg

Tavern Stand for Sale.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale that valuable HOUSE, with stable, Shed and two Lots of Ground, situate on the Turnpike (on the main street) in the Borough of Hartleton, Union Co., now occupied by Dav. Moyer. Terms easy. Inquire of or address

HENRY WHITMER,
Agent of John Weir, Esq., Jo'b

Hartleton, March 28, 1862 m6t

FOR RENT.

THE STOREY Brick HOUSE and LOT on North Fourth street.

March 18, '62. H. P. SHELLER.

Western Lots, for sale cheap.

LOT 6, b'k 142, $80—lot 12, b'k 264, $40—lot 2, b'k 40, $30—½ lot 15, b'k 21, $20—in DAKOTA CITY, (a County seat and Land Office site) Nebraska Territory.

Also 2 Lots in the town of SPENCER, the seat of justice for Clay county, on the line of the Dubuque Railroad, at $50 each.

JOHN B. LINN, Lewisburg,
Agent for Francis M. Ransom

July 2, 1858.

Land Warrant for Forty Acres

FOR SALE.—Enquire at the Office of the *Star & Chronicle*, Lewisburg.

First of the Season!

NEW SPRING GOODS,

FROM PHILAD. AND N.Y.

NEW GOODS
NEW GOODS
NEW GOODS
NEW GOODS
For Spring and Summer, 1862
For Spring and Summer, 1862
For Spring and Summer, 1862
For Spring and Summer, 1862

CALL AND SEE.
CALL AND SEE.
CALL AND SEE.
CALL AND SEE.

Jno. H Goodman, Market St., Lewisburg
Jno. H. Goodman, Market St., Lewisburg
Jno. H. Goodman, Market St., Lewisburg
Jno. H. Goodman, Market St., Lewisburg

Black and White Blue Plaster,
Herring and Codfish,
Mackerel—Whole, ½ ¼, & Kits,
No's 1, 2 and 3,
Cheese, Nails, &c.

A full assortment at the OLD STAND.

Call and see JNO H GOODMAN

N.B. Cash paid for all kinds of Grain

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!!

GREAT BARGAINS!

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Lewisburg and vicinity, that he has removed his Boot and Shoe Store to the large and commodious store room lately occupied by Mr. James Scott, on

Market Street, opposite the Bank,

where he will be enabled to offer GREAT INDUCEMENTS to persons wanting Boots and Shoes. His stock will be found very large and selected with great care, and will be sold at prices to suit the times, and being principally of his own manufacture, he will be able to sell a GOOD ARTICLE AT A LOW PRICE.

Having just returned from Philadelphia with a well-selected stock of leather, those in want of a good pair of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters or Children's Shoes, will find it to their advantage to examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he will offer the

Largest Stock of Home-Made Work

in Union county. Persons in want of Country made Work, or Gum Shoes, will be able to select from a large stock at prices lower than ever before offered in Lewisburg. Also, a full assortment of French Calf Skins, Morocco, Kid, &c., wholesale and retail.

P. S.—Remember, Shoemakers, all sizes choice two dollars. Don't forget the place, opposite the Lewisburg Bank.

March 6, 1862. JOHN SCHNEER.