UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

At $1.50 per Year, always in Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., FRIDAY, APRIL 11, 1862.

"THE UNION," established in 1814---Whole No., 2,560.

"CHRONICLE," established in 1843---Whole No., 939.

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY—
Tuesday Morning & Friday Afternoon.

☞The Northumberland Presbytery meets with the Lewisburg Church Tuesday of next week.

☞During the season, we have been favored with valuable documents &c. from Senators WILMOT, COWAN, WILKINSON, and SUMNER, and Representatives KELLINGER, CAMPBELL, HALE, M'PHERSON, and GOODWIN, of Washington. Also from Senators JOHNSON and KINNEY, Representatives BEAVER, RITTER, TATE, Clerk RAUCH, Postmaster WOODHOUSE, and perhaps others not now recalled at Harrisburg. Thanks to those gentlemen for their remembrances official or personal.

"Westward the star of empire takes its way."

Our readers will observe that the Law office of JOHN M. C. RANCK, Esq. has been removed to the South side of Market St. third door above 3d—and "fornenst" him is the office of JACOB M. MOYER, Esq—so that if one lawyer don't suit, there's another right handy.

ABRAM E. BOWER has removed his Watch Shop to Hartleton. Our readers in that vicinity will find him to be an honest, reliable man.

☞Col. Hartranft's official report of the battle of Newbern says he had 9 wounded in his Regiment, and refers especially to the good services of his aids, Lieut's Fair, Beaver, and Carmen, and Adj. Bible.

☞In our last, we tried to encourage the Spring by a complimentary statement, which was true enough when penned—but, before our paper had got fairly around town, it turned cold, and snow fell over ten inches deep—fine "Spring weather," indeed!—Well, we won't state what the "weather" is now, for fear it will be all changed before our readers see it.

NO MORE MEN WANTED!

The President has directed that recruiting be stopped. There are more than enough men in the field than are needed to put down the rump of the Rebellion still existing. This closes hundreds of recruiting stations, and is an indication that, properly followed up, the insurrection is as good as suppressed, and expenses will begin to diminish. Compare this with the frantic efforts of the Rebels to impress all their able-bodied men, and it speaks volumes for Freedom!

ALL HAIL, CONNECTICUT!

Last Monday, the Land of Steady Habits elected the whole Republican Union Ticket, over the Democratic—State officers, Legislature, &c., overwhelmingly on the right side. "So much for *Buckingham!*" he has 8,500 maj. for Governor now, and only 2,000 last year. His opponent claimed to be friendly to the War, but was distrusted by some true men of his own party, who would not vote for him. The Union Republicans carried every County, and every Senator. (Some of the Dem.'s had boasted that "the conservatives would carry that hot-bed of Niggerism." Ye-e-s!

☞At Harrisburg, last Tuesday, three Committees reported in the House as to the legislation of last session and the army frauds.

The *first* stated that there was no proof of illegal or corrupt influences in passing the Bank Bills.

The *second* (Greenbank, of Philadel., a leading Democrat, Chairman,) *unanimously* exonerated the State authorities from any participation in frauds for Military Supplies, and testified that in all cases coming to their knowledge, they had stopped payments of such overcharges. Committee discharged, and report laid on the table.

The *third*, reported that there was evidence of corrupt influences used in procuring the repeal of the Tonnage Tax bill—pointing out one Democratic and one Republican Assemblyman, and the Editor of the Allentown Democrat (Dem.) and the Editor of the Brownsville paper, (Rep.) as having received money for voting and advocating the same. They say also the promising of stock by the Penn's Central to assist railroads, was in effect tempting the Members in counties interested in those roads; and that prominent persons, summoned to appear and testify, had evaded the summons. Pending motions to print the voluminous report, the House adjourned.

—Thus it seems that the wrongs of last winter and spring were *personal* and *local*, and not *partizan*. The *individuals* must suffer for their own misdeeds, and neither party is responsible.

HOW THEY LIE!—We observe certain papers claiming Gov. Sprague, of Rhode Island, as a "Democrat." False as Sophet! He never was of that party—a friend of Lincoln (for whom he voted) and his Administration—and hates Breckinridgers as he does the Rebels. It is with such out-and-out falsehoods that some editors cultivate the Ignorance of their readers.

☞They don't give them the *New Hampshire* Election—they hide from them the *Connecticut* Election.....but, because Gov. Sprague, independent candidate, in a domestic quarrel, was elected two years ago over another Republican, they claim him as one of their party, which he is not and never was. He had no opposition.

Gov. Curtin has issued an order for the two Pennsylvania Regiments at "Winchester" to inscribe that name on their flags.

☞It is not thought that any distinct Pennsylvania Regiments were at the battle of Pittsburg landing. We see, however, Gen. M'Cook's force, with which is Dr. A. P. Meylert—the 8th Missouri, with which is Wm. Reed—the 46th Illinois, with which is James Duncan—and the 11th Illinois, which includes a Freeport Company—are reported in the engagement, and we hope may have escaped. A son of B. Albert of Lewisburg, after being slightly wounded at Donelson, went on with the 41st Indiana Reg.

The defeat and disabling for the time of their idol Beauregard, and the death of their favorite Johnson, knocks out two props from the Rebels' temple, which must hasten its utter ruin. With No. 10 out of the way, there seems to be a fair road to Memphis and New Orleans, and we see that Commanding Gen. Halleck is about to move down, to direct the whole force.

☞To-morrow is a year since the Slave Power under Beauregard, with 17 batteries, and 10,000 men, commenced its warfare upon 75 or 100 half-starved men in Fort Sumpter. One year leaves Beauregard and Slavery in a bad condition. This base and cowardly assault has awakened a popular indignation within one year which will not rest until it sweeps away that barbarous institution, rusty with age and red with crime.

No. 10 Surrenders!

A month ago, the Rebels abandoned Columbus for a stronger foothold—No. 10—a point near N.W. Tennessee, where the Mississippi flows, westward, to New Madrid, and then turns to the South again. From Cairo, Com. Foote dropped down with his gunboats and mortars, and about the same time Gen. Pope, from the Missouri side, took New Madrid. Since then, cannonading has been going on with few interruptions. The enemy were well fortified, but hoped to get away down the River if necessary. A canal was cut across from Foote's position to New Madrid, and ferry boats taken across—and two or three gunboats ran the gauntlet past the Island. This gave Pope the chance to stop the enemy from having any aid from below, and our guns could do more work, below the Island, than above it. Foote's forces worked slowly, and performed some daring deeds, all tending to the one end. Pope's men were also efficient, and, when they got the boats, crossed to the Tennessee side and put up batteries. Thus surrounded, on Monday, it seems, the Rebels found their further defence hopeless, and surrendered their "Gibralter" Island, including three Generals so-called, 6,000 men, 75 large guns, and a large amount of small arms, military stores and equipments—all on the Island. On the Tennessee shore, also, several hundred men were taken, but others escaped. It appears that the whole force was badly demoralized. We lost not a man, the last two days.

This is one of the greatest victories of the War—a strong point, won with little loss on our side, by patient, vigilant, scientific, gallant toil and pluck. FOOTE and POPE have won imperishable honor, in this as in other prior engagements in months past, during all the discomforts and dangers of bad seasons. They have "*worked with a WILL*," determined to crush the Rebellion, and now leave the way clear to Memphis, with no considerable known fort to oppose. Again we say—all honor to Pope and Foote! Had all our officers worked like them, the Rebellion would ere now have been crushed.

Greatest Battle on the American Continent!

Defeat of Beauregard, Breckinridge, Bragg, Polk, Johnson, &c.

UNION VICTORY.

2 Days' Fight at Pittsburg Landing.

Waterloo, Manassas, and Hampton Roads, re-enacted, and Ball's Bluff entirely reversed.

WESTERN REBELS' WATERLOO!

For some time past, the Rebels under Beauregard and others of their best Generals have been concentrating the "flower of their forces" at CORINTH (near to "Farmington,") a small hill-town in N.E. Mississippi, where the Mobile & Ohio Railroad crosses that from Charleston to Memphis. It is an important military position, guarding Memphis, and was said to have 50,000 to 150,000 men in reach.

During the same time, Gen. Grant had been going up the Tennessee with thousands of Union men, his head-quarters at Savannah, in Southern Tennessee, some 20 miles north of Corinth, on the *east* side of the River. On the *west* side, a few miles nearer, is PITTSBURG LANDING, and, still nearer Corinth, is Hamburg—all small towns. Gen. Buell was advancing to the aid of Gen. Grant—the two designing to intercept the enemy at Corinth, and then go on to Memphis and New Orleans. They have 120,000 under their command.

Desirous of preventing this junction of Grant's and Buell's victorious forces, and to prevent an already partial cutting off by the Unionists of a railway between Corinth and the Mississippi, Beauregard (perhaps wisely) determined to attempt to surprise Grant, and to annihilate his force before Buell could arrive. For this purpose, he started with one column Thursday or Friday, for *Purdy*, west of Pittsburg Landing, while A. S. Johnson headed the other column for *Hamburg*, east of the Pittsburg Landing—these two wings to pounce down at the same time upon Grant, while his forces were yet crossing the Tennessee, and comparatively unprepared for such an onset. The plan was well arranged, and Saturday evening the Rebels were on their ground, hopeful, and unknown to the Union commanders.

By day-break of SUNDAY, APRIL 6, the advance guard of the Union arms, under Gen. Prentis, found the advance of the Rebel host, and, mistaking them for pickets, attempted to drive them in—but Prentis was repulsed, and was taken prisoner, with some hundreds of his men, during the day. Grant was not altogether off his guard, and though not as well prepared as he might have been with a little more time after crossing the River, yet he made the best disposition possible, for two or three miles, of his 38,000, to meet the attacking force of 60,000 to 75,000. The Heroes of Fort Henry and Donelson held their ground firmly. The opposing armies during the day swayed back and forth, as sections of each gained advantages, but were reinforced on the side suffering a repulse. Both sides displayed the best Generalship, and the soldiers, generally, did their duty, obeying orders, and fighting not knowing what was going on elsewhere, but exposed (almost every man,) to death and dangers in every form. Our gunboats Lexington and Tyler rained their iron shells on the Rebels whenever they came within reach, and thus aided our side very much. The superior strength of the enemy was evident, they gaining most of our camp ground and 30 guns, and although mowed down by our artillerists, closing up the ranks, and coming on again, their Generals assuring them of success. Gen. Buell's advance force was in sight, but the other side of the river. Thus closed that bloody Sabbath—the Rebels retiring first, probably hoping an easy victory the next day; but the Unionists showing no signs of yielding, Gen. Grant and all living officers exposed to the greatest danger, but cheerful and hopeful. Our men lay on their arms, wakeful, and suffering from rain.

During the day, Johnson (one of the very first generals in the Rebel ranks,) was shot dead by a cannon ball, and his body left in our possession. Beauregard had one arm shot off. But so confident were the Rebels of success, that they destroyed none of their plunder from our side. Sunday eve and Monday noon was an anxious time for the Union force, which looked for Buell, as Wellington for the Prussians, or the Rebels at Manassas for their Winchester allies, or Baker (alas! in vain) for help from Stone, or the Unionists at Fortress Monroe for some 'gentle Monitor' to the Merrimac. Happily, the long columns of Buell began to arrive and cross during the night, and

MONDAY, APRIL 7, the Union force was fully equal if not superior to that of the Rebels. The action was renewed, early, by the Unionists, fresh troops attacking, the wearied and worn soldiers of Sunday supporting them. The Rebels were marshalled by Bragg, Breckinridge, Polk and Jackson and fought desperately. Our 30 guns were recovered, and 10 others gained. About 3 o'clock in the afternoon, Gen. Grant ordered a final charge, when the Rebels broke—Gen. Buell followed up, and the whole army were in rapid retreat to Corinth. They were followed by several thousand of our Cavalry.

CORINTH TAKEN! Late reports say that the Unionists not only took Corinth, but pursued the flying Rebels even beyond it. If this prove correct, the victory is complete—overwhelming—crushing—THE WATERLOO OF THE WEST!

Our losses are severe—probably 800 to 1,000 killed, 2,000 to 3,000 wounded, and 1,000 missing—5,000 in all. The Rebels must have lost double that number, as our artillery and gunboats mowed them down like grass, and their retreat was loss at every step. The brave Brig Gen. Wm. H L. Wallace was killed on our side, several Colonels and other good officers mostly from Illinois.

The West, with Louisville and Nashville, &c., are furnishing, lavishly, the surgeons, nurses, ice and hospital stores, needed for the wounded, who will not be left to suffer if the gratitude and love of a free people can aid them.

Before the battle, Beauregard, "that pious Christian soldier," harangued his men, stating that his horse should drink in the Tennessee river, or in hell, that night.

Gen. Milroy, of Fremont's Department, has forced the Rebels back from Montery and Huntersville, down towards Stanton. Gen. Banks is also gaining ground—the whole Rebel strength seeming to be retreating into South-eastern Virginia.

The Rebels refuse to surrender Fort Macon, even by marching out with men and materials, and the place has to be invested. They threaten to retake Newbern, with 20,000 or 30 000 Rebels.

Russell, the Secession correspondent of the London Times, has been refused permission to follow our army, and it is said will go "hum to Lunnun" in disgust

Traitor J. M. Mason's slaves "seceded" from Winchester in a body, and one of his daughters has become hopelessly insane.

Kidnapping around Washington is beginning to be punished as it should be.

Advance on York River!

The old and newly arrived forces around Fortress Monroe—comprising the largest and best drilled and best provided army in the world—are in motion at last. Gen. M'Clellan came down the river on Wednesday, April 2, and was received with great enthusiasm. The force under him is estimated at 120,000 men. Gen. Magruder opposes with 30,000 Rebels.

Friday morning, at daylight, the Grand Army struck tents, and commenced the inland march "ON TO RICHMOND," in good spirits and condition. Gen. Heintzelman, of Pa., led the way, through burned and abandoned Great Bethel, the Rebels falling back everywhere. Ten miles from Yorktown, they found some abandoned fortifications. Encamped at Fort Misery, about 6 miles from Yorktown—having marched 18 miles, with a pleasant sky and air, but bad roads towards last.

Saturday, 5, starting on, encountered a thunder storm. About 10, arrived before Yorktown. The enemy opened upon our forces with their guns, to which the 3d and 4th Rhode Island, and 5th Massachusetts Batteries, and Berdans' sharp-shooters, replied. The cannonading continued until dark. J. Reynolds of Rhode Island, and Edward Lewis and Charles L. Lord of Massachusetts, were killed—New England thus losing the first men, in this expedition, as in many others. Several attached to the Batteries, were wounded, also among the Sharpshooters, and in Sam Black's Penn'a Regiment. Some of the Rebel's batteries were silenced.

Sunday, there was only picket firing, and balloon reconnoissances. There are two miles of defence, and in front of them a swamp. After examination, Gen. M'Clellan pronounced the works scientific and strong, but all agree that with siege guns in the hands of the Union men the place must fall within two or three days. Some say the line of defence extends 8 or 10 miles, from the York to the James river. A copy of a Proclamation issued by Gen. Magruder, dated the last of March, shows that the enemy had (through treachery of some one in the confidence of the Union power) full knowledge that Yorktown was to be assailed.

Monday, midnight.—The fortified points around Yorktown are being taken, without any considerable losses on our side. The enemy appear to be in strong force, and withstand our advance with considerable spirit, but our vast superiority in number and artillery is too evident to doubt the result.

Latest News

☞The recent storm of snow was said to be two feet deep at Chambersburg. At Fortress Monroe, yesterday, the storm was bad, keeping the Merrimac at bay (perhaps) and greatly to the discomfort of our men before Yorktown. The latter are in good spirits, and the second capture of Yorktown from Tyrants and Tories is only a question of time.

Friday noon.—Nothing important, by Telegraph.

Capt. Alex. J. Frick of Danville, Company D. was in the Penn'a 84th at their fight near Winchester, Va., and has reached home. He reports the following casualties in his Company:

Killed—Wm. R. Fowler, John Prosser.

Wounded—H. Funk, J. M. Price, C. Mummy, T. C. Fowler, C. D. Burns, M. Fitzharris, G. Holcomb, Wm Prosser, J. C. Teeter, J. L. Wheeler.

Last Sunday, Lewis Askey was attempting to snub a raft upon the abutment of the schute, to prevent its swinging over the dam, he accidentally stepped backward in the schute and was drowned. His body has not yet been recovered.—*Lock Haven Press.*

A strange man, of small stature, who has been staying about the Lock Haven Mansion House for several days, moneyless and friendless, swallowed a bottle of laudanum, Tuesday, with the intention of committing suicide, but Dr. Elder being called in, he prevented it from having its natural effect, and he is well again, ready for another dose.

The New State Constitution of Western Virginia has hardly any opposition, and the Gradual Emancipation clause has 10 votes for to one against.

James Kuntz, of Capt. Fack's company, having lost an arm in the battle field of Winchester, died after its amputation, and was taken to his father's in Hughsville for burial.

Prosser of Bloomsburg, and Leibrick of Jersey Shore, are also among the dead of Winchester.

Capt. James Bryson, of the Washingtonville (Pa.) Cavalry, died while with Wynkoop's Regiment, in Tennessee, and his remains will be taken to Milton where his widow is. Lieut. Castle, and members of his company, had previously died—all of typhoid fever.

Dr. Thomas B. Cooper, Member of Congress from Bucks and Lehigh, died, of Consumption, 4th inst. This leaves a vacancy in the Pennsylvania delegation.

Through the exertions of Hon. John W. Killinger, the Post-office department has ordered the mail to be carried daily between Selinsgrove and Middleburg.

We learn from the *Kirchenbote* that a gentleman residing in the vicinity of Selinsgrove, made provision in his Will to leave a legacy to the Missionary Institute of that place.

Our motion of Mr. Johnson, the Senate of Pennsylvania approved the Congressional Resolution in favor of affording some aid to States that forward emancipation.

☞See New Advertisements.

WASTED TIME.

Alone in the dark and silent night,
With the heavy thoughts of a vanished year,
When will deeds come back to sight,
And good deeds rise with a welcome cheer—
Alone with the spectres of the past,
That come with the old year's dying chime—
There comes one shadow, dark and vast,
The shadow of Wasted Time.

The chances of happiness cast away,
The opportunities never sought,
The good resolves that every day
Died in the impotence of thought,
The slow advance and the backward step
In the rugged paths we have striven to climb—
How they furrow the brow and pale the lip
When we talk with Wasted Time!

What are we now? What have we been?
Have we hoarded time as the miser's gold?
Striving our proper meed to win
Through the Summer's heat and Winter's cold?
Shrinking from nought that the world could dole
Fearing nought but the touch of crime?
Laboring, struggling, all seasons through,
And knowing no Wasted Time?

Who shall recall the vanished years?
Who shall hold back this ebbing tide
That leaves us remorse, and shame, and tears,
And wishes away all things beside?
Who shall give us the strength, e'en now,
To leave for ever this holiday rhyme,
To shake off this sloth from heart and brow,
And battle with Wasted Time?

The years that pass, come not again;
The things that die, no life renew;
But, e'en from the rust of his cankering chain,
A golden truth is glimmering through—
That to him who learns from errors past,
And turns away with strength sublime,
Who makes each year outlo the last,
There is no Wasted Time.

POCKET PICKED.—An old gentleman named Moser, of New Berlin, to which place he moved from Berks county about a year since, arrived at Selinsgrove, Wednesday evening, on the cars, minus his pocket-book, which contained between four and five hundred dollars. He had the money when he paid his ticket at the depot at Harrisburg, but when he arrived at Selinsgrove it was gone. He wanted to use the money to make a payment on the farm he recently purchased between Middleburg and Centreville.

A lad of twelve years, living with Har. Morrison, in Mahoning, near Danville, was killed, 12th of March. He was leading a horse to water, by a strap, when the horse made a sudden jerk which threw the boy on the ground—the horse stepped upon his stomach, and the boy died after a few hours, in great agony.

Last Saturday night, Charles P. Hepburn was crossing the River bridge from Williamsport, when he was confronted by two men, one of whom struck at him with a knife which hit his watch, when Hepburn fired a revolver and the would-be assassins fled.

In the House, at Washington, it was voted that Cotton pay a tax of one cent per pound. Now tax slaves and rice, and it will be right.

The Russian Count Nesselrode, and the Austrian Prince Wisdischgratz, are announced as deceased recently.

Prof. D. A. Beckley netted Fifty Dollars, which he paid over to the Ladies' Aid Society, from the Exhibition of his Academy at Bloomsburg.

$25! EMPLOYMENT! 75!
AGENTS WANTED.
We will pay from $25 to $75 per month—and all expenses—to active Agents, or give a Commission. Particulars sent free. Address "Erie Sewing Machine Company, R. JAMES, General Agent, Milan, Ohio." 969y

If *Hoofland's Balsamic Cordial* will not cure, in the last stages of Consumption, we know from experience it affords great relief.

Dyspepsia is a difficult disease to cure, but HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS will soon overcome it. Read the Advt in another column.

Time-Table---Lewisburg R.R. Station.

MOVING NORTH.

Freight & Accom'n passes Lewisbg		7:55 A M
Mail Train	do	4:38 P M
Night Express	do	11:18 P M

MOVING SOUTH.

Mail train	passes Lewisbg	9:48 A M
Freight & Accommodation	do	5:02 P M
Night Express	do	11:20 PM

MARRIED.

By Rev. A. J. Consider, 1st inst., at White Pigeon, Mich., JOHN R. HASSENPLUG, of Mifflinburg, and Miss MARGARET E. TROXEL, of Sodom, North'd Co., Pa.

By Rev. Mr Weiss, 30th ult., ROBERT LUCAS and Miss ANNA M. GROVE, both of Lewis Tp.

Some time since, LEVI MILLER and Miss ANGELINA SCHMENCK, both of Mifflinburg.

Died.

In Williamsport, evening of 10th inst, after a very short illness, Rev. JOSHUA KELLY, pastor of the Baptist church in that town, aged 40 years. Mr. Kelly was a native of Lewisburg (son of JAMES KELLY,) and had been 12 years in the Gospel Ministry. His many personal friends here and elsewhere will join his family and church in sincere sorrow for this sudden bereavement of an active, useful citizen in the prime of life. To be buried in Lewisburg.

JAMES M KELLY, of the Linn Rifles, was buried on Roanoke Island, 27th March, having died of small-pox (of which six others of the Company are sick.) Mr. Kelly's age was about 23 years. He was a grandson of Col. JOHN KELLY, of Revolutionary fame, son of the late Joseph Kelly, of Kelly Tp., son-in-law of Martin Hann of Lewisburg, where he enlisted.

In Lewisburg, 9th inst., of consumption, Mrs. ANN S. wife of Josiah Baker, aged 35 years, 1 month and 20 days.

In Mifflinburg, 2d ult., aged about 18 years, SARAH daughter of the late Robert G. H. Hayes, Esq.

In Freeburg, 27th ult., aged 18 years, JOHN C. son of Frederick S. and Mary A. Meyer.

In Lewisburg, 6th inst., MERRILL CLINTON, son of Andrew M. and Sarah Jane Cornelius, aged 8 months.

Near Freeburg, on the 31st ult., Widow ECKELMAN, in her 90th year.

In Fishingcreek, Columbia Co., 28th ult., aged 79 yrs, DANIEL M'HENRY, Sr. He leaves an aged widow, an unbroken family of 11 children, 50 grand-children, and 12 of the fourth generation.

Lewisburg Market.

Corrected Weekly

Wheat	$110	Eggs	$ 10
Rye	50	Tallow	8
Corn	40	Lard	8
Oats	25	Ham	10
Flaxseed	1,50	Shoo.&Side	6
Dried Apples	$1,25	Cloverseed	$4.00
Firkin Butter	10	Potatoes	37
Fresh Butter	14	Country Soap	4 &6

LEWISBURG ACADEMY.

THE Summer Session of this Institution will commence Monday, 28th April, 1862, to continue 14 weeks.

The course of studies is thorough and practical.

YOUNG LADIES and GENTLEMEN desirous of qualifying themselves for Teaching, will find it to their advantage to attend during the coming Session.

The Bible is a Text Book.

TUITION—per session including contingent expenses.

PRIMARY—[Reading, Writing, Diffner, Arithmetic, Geography, and U. S. History.] $3 00
ADVANCED ENGLISH—[all not included above] 4 50
LANGUAGES, ... 7 50

Tuition payable immediately upon the close of the session. ☞*A deduction of 10 per ct will be made to those paying* IN ADVANCE. No other deductions except for protracted sickness.

April 11, 1862 J. RANDOLPH, Principal

BLINDS AND SHADES.

B. J. WILLIAMS, No 16 Nor Sixth Street, PHILADELPHIA, Manufacturer of

VENITIAN BLINDS and WINDOW SHADES.

The largest and finest assortment in the City, at the lowest Prices. Blinds painted and trimmed, equal to new. Store Shades made and lettered.

April 11, 1862 3m

INDEPENDENT HALL.
FOR THIS NIGHT ONLY.

SANFORD'S CONSOLIDATED OPERA TROUPE, from their Opera House, Philadelphia, established 13 years, and from their new Opera House, Harrisburg, where they have performed 83 consecutive nights, will appear here on **Saturday Evening, April 12.** S. S. Sanford will appear in person. *Admittance 25 cents.* Doors open at 7; performance at a quarter to 8 o'clock.

FOR SALE, on the Farm of Wm Frick, in Kelly township, about one mile from Lewisburg,

300 Stout Young APPLE TREES,

ready to plant this Spring. Inquire upon the premises, of J. RODENBAUGH.

Kelly, April 2, 1862

REMOVAL.

JOHN A. MERTZ, Esq., has removed his Office on Market St. two doors west of the Lewisburg Bank, where he will attend to all manner of business in his line with promptness. Speaks both English and German. J. A. MERTZ

Lewisburg, April 1, 1862

CARTES DE VISITE at Mowry's Gallery
Photograph Albums at Mowry's Gallery
Photographs—large size at Mowry's Gallery
Photographs in Oil at Mowry's Gallery
Ivorytypes at Mowry's Gallery
Halliotypes at Mowry's Gallery
Ambrotypes, and
All kinds of types at Mowry's Gallery
MOWRY'S GALLERY, in Market street, near Fourth, south side, Lewisburg. [998]

Administators' Notice.

WHEREAS, letters of administration on the Estate of BEVERS AMMONS, late of Lewisburg boro', Union county, dec'd, have been granted to the subscriber in due form of law, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same, will present them duly authenticated for settlement, to ESTHER AMMONS } Administrators
or W. M. DREISBACH. } trators.

Lewisburg, April 1, 1862

J. M. C. RANCK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Lewisburg, Union Co., Pa.

OFFICE on Market St., three doors below Cooper & Evans'. [April 1, 1862.]

ICE for the coming Season,

AT NESBIT'S ICE HOUSE, on South Water St., Lewisburg.

We are making extensive preparations to supply with PURE ICE all our former customers and as many new ones as may favor us with their patronage.

☞Ice will be delivered throughout the entire Summer, so as to accommodate all, at as low prices as can be afforded by any others

Lewisburg, Feb 18, 1862.

GREAT Work on the HORSE.
The Horse and his Diseases.

By ROBERT JENNINGS, V. S., Professor of Pathology and Operative Surgery in the Veterinary College of Philadelphia.

The book contains 384 pages, appropriately illustrated by nearly 100 Engravings. It is printed in clear, open type—the price, half bound $1, or in cloth extra $1,25.

For sale at the Chronicle office, Lewisburg

GEORGE MERRILL,
Attorney at Law . . . Lewisburg, Pa.
Office in the Recorder's Office.
Feb. 27, 1862

"The Union must be preserved."

NOTICE.—The Accounts of THOMAS PEIPHER, dec'd, Forward's Merchant, have been placed in my hands, by his Administrator, for immediate settlement. There are over 100 accounts. Those interested, please call and settle and save costs, for they must be collected by the 20th May.

L. B. CHRIST, J. P.

Lewisburg, March 25, 1862

APPEALS—State and County Taxes.

PURSUANT to law, the Commissioners of Union county will meet to hear Appeals from the Triennial Assessments for the several Townships and Boroughs, as follows:

Union—at Thomas Porsel's	Monday, April 14
New Berlin—Michael Kleckner's	Tuesday, April 15
Limestone—Peter Wolf's	Wednes. April 16
Hartley—Lanashtonschool-house	Thursday, April 17
Hartleton—Slotten house	Friday, April 18
Lewis do	Saturday, April 19
Mifflinburg—Wm Imboff's	Monday, April 21
West Buffaloe—Jacob Beckard's	Tuesday, April 22
East Buffaloe—Geo Wolf's	Wednes. April 23
Buffaloe—James M'Cleight's	Thursday, April 24
Kelly—James Lawson's	Friday, April 25
White Deer—Thos Sanders'	Saturday, April 26
Brady—J P Hazenbach's	Monday, April 28
Lewisburg N. W.—Commiss. Office	Tuesday, April 29
do S. W. do	Wednes. April 30

Appeals will be held from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. When all may attend who think proper. By order of the Commissioners.

A. KENNEDY, Clerk.

Lewisburg, March 17, 1862.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA—Philadelphia.
(Incorporated, 1794.)

Capital - - - - - $500,000.00
Assets, Jan. 1861 - - 1,254,719.81

ARTHUR G. COFFIN, President
CHARLES PLATT, Secretary

☞Buildings annually or perpetually, Merchandize, Grain, Furniture, &c., insured, at current rates of Premium.

JOHN B. LINN,
934m3 Agent for Union county, Pa.

Real Estate.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Ven. Exp. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Union county and to me directed, I will expose to Public Sale or Outcry, on Saturday, the 3d day of May, 1862, at the Riviere House in the borough of Lewisburg, at 1 o'clock, P M.

TWO contiguous lots of ground situate in the borough of New Berlin, Union county, Pennsylvania, marked in the general plan of said borough with the numbers 159 and 160, bounded on the north by Maize alley, east by Vine street, south by Market street, and west by Lot No. 158, containing One Half Acre more or less, wherein are erected a two story Brick Dwelling House, a frame Shoemaker Shop, a Frame Stable, a Well with a Pump, and other Outbuildings, &c. with the appurtenances—as the property of JOHN P. SEEBOLD.

ALSO, at the same time and place, a certain Half Lot of ground situate in the borough of Lewisburg, Union county, bounded on the north by half lot of Jonat. Wolfe, east by an alley, south by a lot of Joel Zentmyer, and on the west by South Seventh St., containing One Eighth of an acre more or less, whereon are erected a Two-Storey Frame Dwelling House, an Out-kitchen and other out-buildings &c. with the appurtenances—as the property of DAN'L SEAMAN

L. F. ALBRIGHT, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Lewisburg, March 29, 1862

FOR RENT.

A Business Stand in Beaver's Block, Lewisburg, with Dwelling attached. Possession immediately. Location very best in town. Apply to

A. E. DENORMANDIE, or
PETER BEAVER, Lewisburg

Tavern Stand for Sale.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale that valuable HOUSE, with Stable, Shed and two Lots of Ground, situate on the Turnpike (in the main street) in the Borough of Hartleton, Union Co., now occupied by Dav. Moyer. Terms easy. Inquire of or address

HENRY WHITMER,
Adm'r of JOHN WHITMER, Esq., dec'd

Hartleton, March 26, 1861 mif

FOR RENT.

TWO-STOREY Brick HOUSE and LOT on North Fourth street.

March 18, '62. H. P. SHELLER.

Western Lots, for sale cheap.

LOT 6, bl'k 142, $80—lot 12, bl'k 264, $40—lot 2, bl'k 40, $30—½ lot 15, bl'k 91, $20—in DAKOTA CITY, (a County seat and Land Office site) Nebraska Territory.

Also 3 Lots in the town of SPENCER, the seat of justice for Clay county, on the line of the Dubuque Railroad, at $30 each.

JOHN B. LINN, Lewisburg,
July 2, 1860. Agent for FRANCIS M. EMORY

Land Warrant for Forty Acres

FOR SALE.—Enquire at the Office of the *Star & Chronicle*, Lewisburg.

First of the Season!

NEW SPRING GOODS,
FROM PHILAD. AND N.Y.

NEW GOODS
NEW GOODS
NEW GOODS
NEW GOODS
For Spring and Summer, 1862
For Spring and Summer, 1862
For Spring and Summer, 1862
For Spring and Summer, 1862

CALL AND SEE.
CALL AND SEE.
CALL AND SEE.
CALL AND SEE.

Jno. H Goodman, Market St., Lewisburg
Jno. H. Goodman, Market St., Lewisburg
Jno. H. Goodman, Market St., Lewisburg
Jno. H. Goodman, Market St., Lewisburg

Black and White Blue Plaster,
Herring and Codfish,
Mackerel—Whole, ½, ¼, & Kits,
No's 1, 2 and 3,
Cheese, Nails, &c.

A full assortment at the OLD STAND.
Call and see JNO H GOODMAN
N.B. Cash paid for all kinds of Grain

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!!

GREAT BARGAINS!

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Lewisburg and vicinity, that he has removed his Boot and Shoe Store to the large and commodious store room lately occupied by Mr. James Scott, on

Market Street, opposite the Bank,

where he will be enabled to offer ☞GREAT INDUCEMENTS to persons wanting Boots and Shoes. His stock will be found very large and selected with great care, and will be sold at prices to suit the times, and being principally of his own manufacture, he will be able to sell a ☞GOOD ARTICLE AT A LOW PRICE.

Having just returned from Philadelphia with a well-selected stock of Leather, those in want of a good pair of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters or Children's Shoes, will find it to their advantage to examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he will offer the

Largest Stock of Home-Made Work

in Union county. Persons in want of City-made Work, or Gum Shoes, will be able to select from a large stock at prices lower than ever before offered in Lewisburg. Also, a full assortment of French Calf Skins, Morocco, Kid, &c., wholesale and retail.

P. S.—Five per cent. discount on all sales above two dollars. Don't forget the place, opposite the Lewisburg Bank.

March 7, 1862 JOHN SQUIRES.

Important to Shoemakers.

EVANS & COOPER have added to their stock a complete assortment of *SHOE FINDINGS*. Shoemakers will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock. It is complete, and offered Cheap for Cash, at the old stand, on Market St. between 3d and 4th—Lewisburg