UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

At $1.50 per Year, always in Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1862.

"THE UNION," established in 1814---Whole No., 2,514.

"CHRONICLE," established in 1813---Whole No., 935.

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY---
Tuesday Morning & Friday Afternoon.

Election Day, (next week, Friday,) will afford good chances, in every Election District, to make up CLUBS for the STAR & CHRONICLE. (Should the new Tax Bill pass, it would prevent our offering our paper at Club rates thereafter.)——TICKETS for the Spring Election printed to order, on short notice, at our Office.

☞"Tax-Payer," in our next.—Also a long letter from Capt. Linn, down to 22d inst., received last evening.

PLANT TREES.—Linn's Nursery, near Lewisburg, is being sold out at the lowest prices. Call if you want bargains.

☞"Mine host" of the Revere House announces a new Tariff of prices for Union County customers. See his Card among our New Advertisments to-day.

☞Don't forget to read the New Advertisements twice, and occasionally refresh your memory with the old ones!

☞The following are elected Officers of the Lewisburg & Mifflinburg Turnpike Company for the ensuing year:

President—George F Miller
Managers—Fred'k Pontius, Gideon Biehl, Adam Sheckler, Martin Dreisbach
Sec'y and Treas'r—James F Linn
Supervisors—J & A Frederick
To give Contracts &c.—E B Walter, Toll-gatherer at East Gate.

Pres. Lincoln, Commander in Chief, Has issued three General Army orders, which are now published.

ADVANCE.—Jan. 27th, he ordered that on Feb. 22d, (Washington's Birthday,) there should be a general forward movement of all the main forces in Virginia and elsewhere.

DEPARTMENTS.—Gen. M'Clellan is to command the Army of the Potomac, and is expressly relieved from any power or responsibility elsewhere.

2. Gen. Fremont is restored to active service in the Centre, or Western Virginia and Eastern Kentucky and Tennessee, as the Mountain Department.

3. Gen. Halleck commands the West, or Valley of the Mississippi.

FIVE DIVISIONS.—The President—convinced of the folly of attempting to have one man profitably direct a hundred thousand in the field—last week separated the Army of the Potomac into Divisions, or Corps, as follows:

1—four divisions under Gen. M'Dowell.
2—three do. Gen. Sumner.
3—three do. Gen. Heintzelman
4—three do. Gen. Keyes.
5—two do. Gen. Banks.

This movement is generally approved by all who want the Rebels whipped and the War ended.

Since this order, Manassas has been cleared, and, as fast as roads will permit, life will be everywhere more visible. So much for GENERAL LINCOLN.

NEW ARTICLE OF WAR.—In Congress, the House bill, prohibiting any Officer from degrading our noble Volunteers into slave-catchers, passed the Senate also—29 for, and only 9 voting against it. The President will sign it, of course. The *Tribune's* correspondent says Gen. M'CLELLAN approves it: we hope so. Thank God that man-hunting becomes at all illegal in "the land of the free and the home of the brave!" Posterity will execrate every slave-catcher, from the outlawed pirate who hunts them in the wilds of Africa, to the professed civilized Christian in America who violates the Scripture command, "*Thou shalt not deliver up the servant.*"

☞The mechanical skill, the industry, the perseverance, the energy, and the secresy, evinced by the Rebels in their recent dash with the "Merrimac," proves that the war—by throwing them on their own resources—has developed more favorable traits for material prosperity, than a half century of lazy living sponged from the North and the Negroes. The attack of the Merrimac was their most brilliant and manly deed since they began to steal.

Gen. SAMUEL R. CURTIS, the Hero of the Arkansas Union victories, was a graduate of West Point, and served with honor in Mexico. He was practicing law in Iowa, and a Republican member of Congress, when the Slaveholders' Rebellion broke out. While such creatures as *Biddle* left the field to go to Congress, CURTIS left Congress to take the field, and proves a capital leader—brave and discreet.

☞The *Nancy Luminary* states that the Diptheria has visited whole families in that borough and vicinity—happily, few deaths have ensued, thus far.——There is a Club of Sorghum Growers, Hughsville—A. R. Sprout, manufacturing the crude article—who, after last year's trial, will make more extensive preparations for sugar cane culture the coming season.

☞Seventeen additional votes were afterwards given in favor of Reese and Chenowith's Union resolutions in the East Balt. M. E. Conference, and none against.

☞Since Government has controlled the Telegraph, it has proved much more correct in giving news, and the Sensation papers have done much less damage.

Capt Austin B. Snyder, Hartranft's 51st Penn'a Reg. at Roanoke Island, has returned to Bellefonte, in ill health.

GREAT BATTLE!
The Naval Actions in Hampton Roads.

Among the stealings of Virginia, while deluding the Unionists with John Tyler's "Peace Congress," was a part of Norfolk navy-yard, with thousands of cannons, and some ships, left, with them by the treachery or imbecility of Union officers. Among the ships thus lost to us was the Merrimac, built in 1855, of 3200 tons burden and 40 guns, which the Rebels have been preparing for nearly a year. They cut her down to near the water-mark, and plated all over her upper works iron and steel scales or ribs, three inches thick, with a heavy projecting nose of iron for piercing any obstacle. She was armed with eight 11-inch navy guns, two 100-pound Armstrong guns, and 400 men.

Some time ago, the Rebels gave out (to delude the public) that "the Merrimac was a failure"—too heavy, and wouldn't work. But, for some days past, their sympathizers in Baltimore and elsewhere have been smiling and hinting that the Union cause was about to receive a great shock. This, it now appears, was this splendid frigate, remodeled with all the care and expense they could bestow.

LAST SATURDAY, the amphibious monster came down from Norfolk, looking like a submerged house with the roof only above water and a short smoke-stack and flag-staff. She moved slowly on, when the U. S. blockading sloop, *Cumberland*, of 24 guns, opened fire, but her balls glanced off with no apparent effect. All the heavy broadsides rained upon the Merrimac, did not prevent her running her iron prow with tremendous force into the Cumberland, laying open her side; the Merrimac then fired a broadside—dashed again into the Cumberland—and left her sinking, her men getting off as best they could.

Simultaneous with this, the iron clad Rebel steamers *Jamestown* and *Yorktown* came down James river and engaged the Union frigate Congress, of 50 guns. The latter not being in fighting trim, soon struck her colors, and the Rebels burned her.

The Union frigates *Minnesota* and *St. Lawrence* got up steam and started for the relief of our other vessels, and engaged the Merrimac until dark. The Minnesota and St. Lawrence unfortunately got aground, which prevented the crew of the former from boarding the Merrimac as they intended.

It is feared that the Cumberland lost in killed, wounded, and drowned, one hundred men. The officers of the Congress were taken prisoners—no privates.

During the engagement, the Union gun boat Oregon was struck by the Merrimac in her boiler, and was blown up. Our Zouave was also badly damaged.

A Rebel gunboat was cut in two by the Cumberland.

Lieut. J. B. SMITH and 50 others were probably lost on the Congress.

THE FIGHT ON SUNDAY began in the morning—the *Monitor* (which arrived in port the night before) went to the assistance of the *Minnesota*, while the former was attacked by the Merrimac, Jamestown and Yorktown. After five hours of cannonading—during which, some of the time, the Monitor and the Merrimac rubbed each other—the Merrimac (apparently in a sinking condition) was towed off by her consorts into Norfolk harbor about noon, extreming to one side, and not reaching its safe harbor until towards evening. The Minnesota is safe, although somewhat injured.

The only person wounded on board the Monitor was her Commander, JOHN S. WORDEN, who was injured while looking out of a porthole for proper information. He it is hoped is not badly hurt.

The *Monitor* came out of the contest unharmed, and as her antagonist had to retire the former is pronounced her master, although the Monitor is much the smaller vessel.

Other vessels on each side were more or less injured by this singular fight, in which both parties were surprised by the iron-plated vessels appearing. The Rebels had an overwhelming advantage, the first day, and did the most damage—but, at last, victory fell on the Union side, and THE MONITOR may be the instrument for the reduction of Norfolk, annihilating the last hope of the Rebels in that quarter.

Lieut Jeffers now commands the Monitor. The Merrimac (or Virginia, as now called) is undergoing repairs.

The Rebels say the Monitor "looks like a Yankee cheese-box on a raft."

☞The Hampton Roads struggle inaugurates a new era in naval warfare. The Ericsson it is thought would be too heavy for the British or French iron vessels—and the STEVENS' Battery it is claimed is superior to Ericsson's. But it is still a doubt whether these iron vessels can go through raging waters. The Monitor had her fires put out by the water at sea, so that it had to be towed into Fortress Monroe by other of our vessels.

A man in Snyder county was found guilty and fined $15 and costs for selling diseased mutton for food.

Just in Time!

The extension of the magnetic telegraph line from Harrington, Del., to Fortress Monroe, occupied 23 days. It was completed at 4 P. M. of Sunday, 9th inst.—just in time to save alarm to the Unionists of the Northern Cities by announcing the victory of the Monitor over the Merrimack.

For years, Mr. Erriesson has been asking aid to build a war vessel; he has at last obtained it, and after some months launched his "Battery," last week, from the Continental Works, Greenpoint, New York. Her upper works are twelve inches—outer and inner scales, 6 inches each—of iron, and thirty inches of white oak, in thickness. Her weight is 900 tons. She is bomb and shell proof, but pierced for air and for sharp-shooters, and has two 11-inch Columbiads, carrying 128 lb. balls made of square blocks of iron and these turned in the lathe. This monster got into Hampton Roads just after the three Rebel vessels had run into and sunk our Cumberland, and taken and burned our Congress (wooden frigates,) and when all our ships around Fortress Monroe seemed in the power of the Rebels. Our splendid steamer *Minnesota* was aground, and tho' fighting splendidly would have fallen—but the *Monitor* came to her rescue. All the Rebel fire was then directed against the new comer, which beat them off!

Thus, in two important particulars—the completion of the Telegraph, and the arrival of "the gentle *Monitor*,"—we were providentially favored, just in times of greatest need.

DEVOTION TO THE CAUSE.—The true stripe of old Revolutionary patriotism is evinced in the following incident:

WASHINGTON, March 10.

Capt WORDEN, who handled the *Monitor* so skilfully, (and who was the only one of her men injured,) arrived here to-day and reported to the Navy Department in person. His chief injury is to his eyes, which are closely bandaged, and he has to be led from place to place. Many incidents of interest are related by him, and he is sure three of his heavy shot penetrated the *Merrimac*.

Worden was in his pilot house, when the *Merrimac* directed a whole broadside at it, and received his injuries from minute fragments of shells and the powder which were driven through the look-out holes. Worden was stunned by the contusion, and was carried away. On recovering, he first asked, "Have we saved the *Minnesota*?" The reply was, "Yes, and whipped the *Merrimac*." "Then," said he, "I don't care what becomes of myself."

President Lincoln has visited this gallant officer, whose promotion in the naval will be in the right line of policy.

First State Election, 1862!

"Freme hath her Victories as well as War."

"Old Democratic New Hampshire" led the way in her expression of popular feeling for this year. All parties professed a desire to crush the Rebellion—yet, somehow, all the open or half-way Secessionists thought the Democratic candidate was the "best man," and that the Republican candidate was an "awful Abolitionist!" (most singular state of things—very alarming!) Nevertheless, and notwithstanding, they have re-elected Governor BERRY, with some thousands of votes to spare, and also choose 3 to 1 Republicans for Assembly, Senate, Council, &c.

One of the New Hampshire Regiments on the Potomac also voted, giving Berry about 450 votes to 125 for two opponents. This shows that the Rep. of that State also are a large majority in the Army. Had they been at home to vote legally, our maj. would have been handsomely increased.

—SO SETS THE TIDE for 1862!

"Rather reign in Hell than serve in Heaven!"

Speaking of the efforts of the Rebel leaders to destroy the exposed cotton and tobacco—the chief export staples of Virginia especially—the *Richmond Whig* says, that if foreign nations do not soon acknowledge the Confederacy "THE WORLD SHALL SUFFER FOR IT!" The world can get those articles elsewhere, as needed—but was there ever known such a league of madcaps? Their destruction of their own property—or, rather, that of their neighbors, for these incendiaries are not producers—will hurt only themselves and their own country, not merely in the present, but in the future, also: for, it will stimulate cotton and tobacco growing in other parts of the world. *Burning their only available products* indicates demoniac blindness and desperate stupidity.

The House in Congress passed the resolution recommended by the President—every so-called "Democrat," except Lehman (Douglas) of Philad. voted against it. They remain true to their creed—Slavery above and before everything else. Yeas 88—Nays 31. The Border States divided 6 Yeas and 9 Nays—Vallandigham (who lately professes to be a Union man) dodged.

William Ellis, a venerable citizen of Anthony township, one day last week started with his sleigh and horse homeward from Washingtonville. The horse and sleigh reaching the house without him, his sons hastened back, and found their father near a creek, his extremities frozen, and but slight pulsations of his heart, which soon ceased to beat.

"O, who that shared them, ever shall forget
The emotions of the spirit-rending time,
When breathless, in the mart the couriers met,
Early and late, at evening and at prime?
When the loud cannon and the merry chime
Hailed news on news as fold on fold was won?
When Hope, long doubtful, soared at length sublime,
And our glad eyes, awake at day begun,
Watched Joy's broad banner rise, to meet the rising sun?
O, there were hours when thrilling joys repaid
A long, long course of darkness, doubts, and fears!
The heart-sick fainting of the hope delayed—
The full fruition of the circle of years—
When every a fortress, town and tower was won,
And Fame still sounded forth fresh deeds of glory done!

ANOTHER TURN OF "Scott's Anaconda."

Manassas is Ours!

HARRISBURG, March 11.

Gov. Curtin received a message from Washington this morning, that Manassas has been evacuated by the Rebels, and the United States forces had taken possession of it.

The peaceful evacuation of Manassas—just as soon as the President had ordered an advance—proves that it might have been taken any time, during months past. It has cost us the time of 200,000 men, and $100,000,000. And all this impediment is gone without a blow—no lives lost, and no glory won. (But "the boys" have long been willing to fight.) It is doubtful whether there was ever over 100,000 Rebels at a time in Manassas. They destroyed much, but left behind considerable valuable property.

The back track of the Rebels is (at Manassas as elswhere) a line of devastation generally—the buildings of Union men, bridges, fences &c., burned: railroads destroyed: cattle and provisions all taken: forests and fruit trees cut down, and farms cut up and lines obliterated: people famishing: and all the signs of a desperate, wicked foe.

There is much uncertainty, but the Rebels have probably concentrated at Gordonsville, half way to Richmond. Our troops will "*on to Richmond!*" but with prudence and caution.

An escaped slave at Fort Donelson told Gen. Grant the Rebels were retreating, which gave him good ground for demanding an unconditional surrender. Grant was wise enough to use his chance for information. Contrabands have been assuring the Army of the Potomac that the Rebels had been retreating for days: it turns out to be true.

CHARLESTOWN, VA., March 10.—It is believed this morning that Winchester was fully evacuated yesterday. A strong force has started to ascertain.

WINCHESTER, March 12—9, P. M.—Jackson having retreated toward Strasburg, Union forces under Hamilton and Williams entered the town amid the cheers of all the people remaining. Eighty Union men had been carried to Richmond by the Rebels.

Twelve hundred cavalry attempted to make a stand before reaching Winchester, but they were routed, losing 30 men, 2 guns, and horses. We lost 4 killed and 15 wounded, of the 1st Maryland Regiment.

Another Victory in Arkansas

ST. LOUIS, March 10.

The Army of the Southwest under Gen. CURTIS, after three days' hard fighting, near Sugar Creek, in Arkansas, gained a most glorious victory over the combined forces of the Rebel Generals Van Dorn, M'Culloch, Price and M'Intosh, [Indian.] Our loss is estimated at one thousand in killed and wounded—that of the enemy much larger. Large quantities of guns, flags, provisions, &c., have been captured. Our cavalry are in pursuit of the flying enemy.

H. W. HALLECK,
Major General commanding.

Later, full reports, from Gen. Curtis, show that 25,000 of the enemy surrounded his command, and fought from Thursday to Saturday, when one decisive move of his whole force at the bayonet's point broke them up entirely. The place was PEA RIDGE, in N. W. Arkansas. Our loss was 450 only—the enemy's over 1,000. M'Culloch was again reported killed. This brilliant exploit destroys the Rebel power there. Siegel, Jeff. C. Davis, Asboth, and Carr, are especially praised by Gen. Curtis. Our troops were from Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa and Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, March 10.—A special despatch to the *Republican* from Cairo, says that Gen POPE'S forces have reached New Madrid, and that heavy cannonading had been heard in that direction. The Rebels have been endeavoring to drive the U. S. forces back by throwing shells from their troops. Four hundred torpedoes have been found in the river and on its banks.

Capture of Brunswick, in Georgia, and Ft. Clinch and Fernandina, Florida.

BALTIMORE, March 10.—Despatches from Com. Dupont, announce the capture and occupation of Brunswick, in Georgia, and of Fort Clinch, which commands Fernandina, Florida, by the Union fleet. Little or no resistance was made at either place. They are both good harbors, and each is the terminus of a railway. Our Government now holds the whole coast of Georgia, and the best of East Florida.

The British Government after investigations have in effect acknowledged the sufficiency of our blockade of the Rebel ports. Alas for the Secesh *and their Northern friends* who told about "hundreds of vessels running the blockade!"

The pirate Sumter is still blockaded, at Gibralter, by the Tuscarora, and her Captain said to be under arrest.

The Emperor of Russia has been extending the rights of the Jews.

A Tribute to the Memory of Col. JAMES CAMERON, late of the Highlanders, 79th N. Y. Vol.

A plain, substantial farmer,
Whose years of thrift and toil
With peace and plenty crowned him
As monarch of the soil;
One of the "solid people,"
Whose work of brain and hand
Build up our nation's riches,
And dignify our land.

But when his outraged country
Called on her sons for aid,
He dropped the spade and plowshare,
And drew his battle blade;
Amid Manassas' thunders,
That shook the Summer air,
Where iron hail fell thickest,
His stalwart form was there!

The best war-blood of Scotland
Was burning in his veins,
His sires stood around Culloden
A Campbell held the reins!
The light of glorious battle
Gleamed from his manly eye,
As with the "battle of Scotland,"
He vowed to "do or die!"

A true man to his country,
Until his latest breath,
He heard the call of Duty,
He met the Hero's death;
The memory of his virtues
Shall blossom for and wide,
And Scotland's name of Cameron
Shall be our Nation's pride!

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1861. H. CLAY PRUSS.

Latest News

BY TELEGRAPH.

Further particulars of the battle of Pea Ridge state that Generals M'Culloch and Slack were killed, and Colonels M'Intosh, Rives, and Herbert, killed or wounded. Our total loss is 800 to 1000—the Rebels 2,000 to 3,000. The Indians scalped 18 of our slain. Our Col. Jeff. C. Davis was after Price.

Details of the battle at Fort Craig, in NEW MEXICO, show a desperate struggle with the Texans. Capt. M'Cray was killed. Loss of the U. S. troops, 200 killed and wounded. Rebel loss much greater.

WINCHESTER, March 13.—This afternoon, a squadron of the Chicago Cavalry pursued Ashby's Rebel Cavalry several mills. A skirmish took place nine miles hence, on the Strasburg road. The Michigan men took 6 prisoners, including Lieut. Murray of Ashby's corps.

Floyd and Pillow are said to be removed from command for the loss of Fort Donelson. Buchanan, Captain of the Merrimac, and 17 men, were killed by a shot from the Cumberland entering a porthole.

Gen. Burnside (March 3d) had reports of the evacuation of Manassas, and it is hoped is duly on his guard.

Southern papers now begin to scold each other about their folly in looking for help from abroad. It has been to them a delusion—a snare—a false hope—a curse. Truly "the civilized world is against" their accursed system.

A SIGN THAT TELLS.—United States Treasury Notes are selling at *thirty per cent. premium in the South.* They are all bought up as fast as the people can get hold of them.

Beauregard, Bragg and Hollins are all reported at Island No. 10, or below that point, on the Mississippi.

Thirty guns have been found at Columbus, which had been sunk by the Rebels.

SCRANTON, Pa., Monday, March 10.—The family of Wm. Jordan, residing at Hyde Park, were poisoned last night by inhaling gas from a coal stove. Two children were found dead, and the parents just alive, but they can not recover.

The "Democrats" of Michigan met in solemn State Convention and wisely concluded not to show their weakness by nominating a State ticket, but gave a much harder kick at 'Abolitionism' than at 'Secessionism.'

Artemas Ward, in his humorous lecture, speaks of the peace party of the North as "a pitiful set of white-livered wretches, fit for nothing but to carry peppermint drops to Gen. Price."

Among those drowned, in the "Cumberland," was its Chaplain, John L. Lenhart, a son of the late Rev. Henry Lenhart, of Williamsport. He entered the Navy in 1847.

The Rebel sympathizing editors find no fault with Jeff. Davis' martial law, Maine Liquor Law, &c. All right in him, but wrong in Abraham!

CURIOUS SUIT.—The late Gen. Francis M. Wynkoop was interred in Pottsville, by his mother, who claims his remains—but his wife, being in Philad., has instituted suit to remove his body there.

The Danville Intelligencer, notices a hog epidemic there—the interesting beast first refuses to eat, and then dies.

Peter Kelley, an aged single Irishman, recently fell a distance of fifty feet, over the Meshoppen creek, in Wyoming county, and was instantly killed.

Charles W. Butcher, of Stuart's Engineer Regiment, died in Williamsport, this week, aged 55 years.

The Mayor of Pittsburg offers fifty surgeons, at a day's notice, for the Army of the Potomac.

☞A box of Hospital Supplies will be made up at Mrs. Lyndall's, this week and sent to the Army of the Potomac. Any one who has anything to contribute, in clothing or delicacies for the sick and wounded or in money, will please send in by Saturday, without being called upon personally.

PUBLIC SALES.

Sat. 15 Mar.—Wm Roshong's, New Berlin
do Simon Burrey, Limestone.
Sat. 22 Mar.—Daniel Rangler's woodland
do Cawley's Store, New Berlin
Sat. 29 Mar.—late Geo. Stahl's, East Buffaloe.
Mon. 31 Mar.—Wm S Brewer's, Wolfe's Mill.

Lewisburg Market.

Corrected Weekly

Wheat	$112	Eggs	$ 14
Rye	55	Tallow	8
Corn	45	Lard	8
Oats	28	Ham	—
Flaxseed	1,50	Shoulder & Side	——
Dried Apples	$1,25	Cloverseed	$3,75
Firkin Butter	10	Potatoes	50
Fresh Butter	14	Country Soap	4 & 6
Hogs	no sale		

$25! EMPLOYMENT! $75!
AGENTS WANTED.

We will pay from $25 to $75 per month—and all expenses—to active Agents, or give a Commission. Particulars sent free. Address "Erie Sewing Machine Company, R. JAMES, General Agent, Milan, Ohio." 909y

If *Hoofland's Balsamic Cordial* will not cure, in the last stages of Consumption, we know from experience it affords great relief.

Dyspepsia is a difficult disease to cure, but HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS will soon overcome it. Read the Advt in another column.

MARRIED.

By Rev. R. A. Fink, 12th inst., GEO. W. HINEBAUGH and Miss SARAH GASKIN, both of Chillisquaque Tp.

By Friends ceremony, 7th inst., JOS. R. WHITEACRE and Miss SALLIE E. WARNER, both of Muncy Tp.

Died.

In Chillisquaque, 12th inst., FRANKLIN CANDOR, aged 27 years—one of the most respected Farmers of the West Branch.

In Berwick, —inst., Rev. ISAIAH BAHL, in his 80th year—long time a preacher in the Lutheran church.

In the Hospital, Frederick City, Md., 8th inst., HENRY WM. HAS. HEISER, of Middle Tp., Union Co., Pa., aged 22 years, 5 mos and 5 days.

In Adams Tp, Butler Co., O., 24th inst., DAVID LONG-ENECKER, aged 84 years, 7 mo's and 13 days—formerly of Juniata Co., Pa.

In Milton, 5th inst., aged about 54 years, ROBERT CLARK, a Soldier in the Mexican War.

In the Union service, at Hardtown, Ky., 5th inst., Lieut. HARVEY HOWARD REST, of Selinsgrove, Pa., in his 20th year.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber requests all having unsettled accounts with him to call and settle, as he is going to move away in a few days.

Lewisburg, March 14. JAMES SCOTT.

RIVIERE HOUSE,
Lewisburg, Pa.
R. G. HETZEL, Pro's.

THE undersigned returns his sincere thanks for the patronage extended towards him by the citizens of Union and the adjoining counties, he would most respectfully solicit a continuation of the same. Hereafter, persons who reside in Union county will be charged but TWENTY-FIVE cents for either Breakfast, Dinner or Supper, and FIFTEEN cents for horse feed. R. G. HETZEL.

Lewisburg, March 13, 1862. m3

New Goods! New Goods!!
CHEAPER THAN EVER!
at CHAS. M. KING'S Model Store,
WHITE DEER MILLS, UNION COUNTY, PENNA.

WHERE may be found the best assorted stock of GOODS in the neighborhood, Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, very cheap,

STAPLE TRIMMINGS,

&c., lower than ever!

LOOK AT THE PRICES!

New Calicoes at 12½ cts. per yard; brown and bleached Muslins from 10 cents upwards; best Pins and Needles, 5 cents per paper; best Spool Cotton, white and colored, 5 cts per spool; Dress Linen and Tape Trimmings at very low prices; Buttons, Hooks and Eyes, Suspender Braids, Combs, Brushes, Crochet Needles, and Small Wares generally, at unusually low figures. The Best and Cheapest assortment of Linen and Handkerchiefs in the market. Ladies' Linen Handkerchiefs from 12½ to 37½ cts., unequalled. Gents' do do with colored Borders, at 37½ cts; other articles cheap in proportion. Children's Cotton Handkerchiefs, with colored border, very pretty, only 6 cts each. Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs, very neat, at 25, 31 and 44 cts per set. Latest style Silk Cord Head Nets, 25 cts each. Fine Soaps and Perfumery, &c. &c., very cheap. Coal Oil Lamps from 31 cts. upwards. Lamp Shades, 12½ cts—very pretty ones at 25 cents—and a variety of other articles, both useful and ornamental, at equally low prices.

A choice stock of GROCERIES, HARDWARE, Boots and Shoes, Crockery, China and Glass Ware, Tin and Hollow Ware, and Housekeeping articles generally, kept constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest rates.

The Highest Market Price paid for all kinds of Produce.

Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

White Deer Mills, March 14, 1862.

ATTENTION, VOLUNTEERS!

BY authority from the War Department, a permanent RECRUITING STATION is established at LEWISBURG, Union Co., Pa. Any one desirous of serving his country in the present momentous era, can learn everything necessary by applying to the subscriber. Regular pay will begin from the day of enlistment, and boarding and lodging furnished to recruits at the station until arrangements are made for forwarding them to their respective regiments. Hoping there are many men who will feel it their privilege to stand by the sides of those heroic boys who have already left Union and adjoining counties to uphold those sacred Stars and Stripes which have so long waved over this beloved country, which has enjoyed more liberty and prosperity than any other portion of the earth.

Station—Buffalo House, opposite the Court House.

D. T. KEEBS, M. D., Recruiting Officer,
Col. Meredith's 56th Reg. Pa. Vol.

Lewisburg, March 14, 1862.

LIST of Letters remaining in the Post Office at LEWISBURG, Pa., up to March 14, 1862.

Babb, Annie	Linn, J S
Cummings, Cornelia	Maxwell, Peter
Chase, W H & R T	Meyers, Wm
De Haas, Israel	M'Pherson, John
Detrick, Abraham	Morris, Peter
Eck, Abraham	McKeen, C F
Tenny, John	Mulligan, D
Grately, Levi	Moyer, Maggie
Gottlieper, Mr	Fisher, Sarah
Hicks, John	Roff, Christian
High, Isaac	Reisinger, Kattie J
High, Susanna	Sampson, Hannah S 2
High, Mrs Rachel	Sloan, Hattie
Hillard, Charles 2	Schneider, Kate
Horton, Perry	Shiff, Maggie H
Holmesworth, John	Shock & Waggoneller
Haring, Sarah Ann	Simmons, Saml
Hoffman, F J	Schlosser, John 2
Hopwood, Mary	Stringer, Wm O
Jordan, Julia Ann	Stringer, Andrew
Keefer, Henry B	Taylor, W A
Kepline, Michael	Waltz, John
Kneisell, Frederick	Winter, John H
Kline, Albert	Weber, Barnhard
Koon, Mrs Jacob	Wolf, Francis M
Kuhn, D A	Wolf, Geo
Kower, John	Weaver, Mrs Mary
Long, Mrs Margaret	Woods, S S

Persons calling for the above Letters, will please say they are "advertised."

GEO W FORREST, P M.

APPEALS—State and County Taxes.

PURSUANT to law, the Commissioners of Union county will meet to hear Appeals from the Triennial Assessments for the several Townships and Boroughs, as follows:

Union—at Thomas Fennell's	Monday, April 14
New Berlin—Michael Sheckler's	Tuesday, April 15
Limestone—Peter Weiler's	Wednesday, April 16
Hartley—Lacrosse school house	Thursday, April 17
Hartleton—Election house	Friday, April 18
Lewis do	Saturday, April 19
Mifflinburg—Wm Imboff's	Monday, April 21
West Buffaloe—Jacob Dockey's	Tuesday, April 22
East Buffaloe—Geo Wolfe's	Wednesday, April 23
Buffaloe—James M'Cleight's	Thursday, April 24
Kelly—James Lawson's	Friday, April 25
White Deer—Thos. Sanders'	Saturday, April 26
Derry—J P Hagenbuch's	Monday, April 28
Lewisburg N.W.—Commissioners Office	Tuesday, April 29
do S.W. do	Wednesday, April 30

Appeals will be held from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. When all may attend who think proper. By order of the Commissioners.

A. KENNEDY, Clerk.

Lewisburg, March 17, 1862.

GEORGE MERRILL,
Attorney at Law . . . Lewisburg, Pa.
Office in the Recorder's Office.
Feb. 27, 1862

Important to Shoemakers.

EVANS & COOPER have added to their stock a complete assortment of *SHOE FINDINGS*. Shoemakers will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock. It is complete, and offered Cheap for Cash—at the old stand, on Market St. between 3d and 4th—Lewisburg

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!!

GREAT BARGAINS!

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Lewisburg and vicinity, that he has removed his Boot and Shoe Store to the large and commodious store room lately occupied by Mr. James Scott, on

Market Street, opposite the Bank,

where he will be enabled to offer GREAT INDUCEMENTS to persons wishing Boots and Shoes. His stock will be found very large and selected with great care, and will be sold at prices to suit the times, and being principally of his own manufacture, he will be able to sell a GOOD ARTICLE AT A LOW PRICE.

Having just returned from Philadelphia with a well-selected stock of Leather, those in want of a good pair of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters or Children's Shoes, will find it to their advantage to examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he will offer the

Largest Stock of Home Made Work

in Union county. Persons in want of City-made Work, or Gum Shoes, will be able to select from a large stock at prices lower than ever before offered in Lewisburg. Also, a full assortment of French Calf Skins, Morocco, Kid, &c., wholesale and retail.

P. S.—Five per cent. discount on all sales above two dollars. Don't forget the place, opposite the Lewisburg Bank.

March 7, 1862 JOHN SQUIRES.

NOTICE!

HAVING bought at Public Sale, as the property of John L. Ranx, of Union Tp. Union Co., a bay mare, a gray horse, a sorrel mare, a sorrel colt, two red cows, 2 heifers, 2 sets harness, a single harness, a lot of hay, 5 sheats, a waggon, a buggy, a plow, a harrow, 2 breakfast tables, a looking glass, a coal stove and pipe, a cooking stove and pipe, a dresser, 2 beds and bedstead, a bedstead, 17 yards of carpeting, a chest, a meat vessel, a churn, 2 tubs, an arm chair, 9 chairs, and his interest in 18 acres of wheat in the ground—all of which I have loaned to and left with said Renn during my pleasure.

WM. H. KLECKNER.

New Berlin, Feb. 27, 1862 pd

NATRONA COAL OIL!
warranted NON EXPLOSIVE,
and equal to any *KEROSENE*.

Why buy an explosive Oil, when a few cents more per gallon will furnish you with a perfect Oil? Made only by

Penn'a Salt Manufacturing Company,
No. 127, Walnut St., PHILADELPHIA.

Feb 10, 1862y1

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA—Philadelphia.
(Incorporated, 1794.)

Capital $500,000.00
Assets, Jan. 1861 . . 1,254,719.81

ARTHUR G. COFFIN, President
CHARLES PLATT, Secretary

☞Buildings annually or perpetually. Merchandize, Grain, Furniture, &c., insured, at current rates of Premium.

JOHN B. LINN,
534m3 Agent for Union county, Pa

SAPONIFIER! SAPONIFIER!
☞The FAMILY SOAP MAKER.

All Kitchen Grease can be made into good SOAP by using *SAPONIFIER*.

☞Directions accompanying each Box.

SOAP is as easily made with it, as making a cup of Coffee.

Manufactured only by the Patentees—

Penn'a Salt Manufacturing Company,
No. 127, Walnut St., PHILADELPHIA.

Feb 10, 1862y1

H. GERHART, *DENTIST*, has removed to his Shop in Lewisburg, again to attend to all kinds of work in his line. Bring along your Books, Magazines, Newspapers, &c., for the Book Binder.

A $35 Iron City College Scholarship FOR sale at the *Star & Chronicle Office*, Lewisburg.

SUPERIOR COAL OIL LAMPS for sale at Rhoads' Drug Store—also the Portland Coal Oil.

INSURANCE.

WEST BRANCH Insurance Company, of Lock Haven, Pa.

Insures Property in both Town and Country on as reasonable Terms as any other good Company.

The large increase of Premium Notes makes it a reliable Company to insure in.

Amount of Premium Notes now in force, $240,000.00

J. W. CHAPMAN, Sec.——G. C. HARVEY, Pres.

LARISON PROSS, Agent,
Dec 16, 1861] Lewisburg

New Stand---New Goods!

JOSEPH L. HAWN having taken the rooms under the Telegraph and Chronicle offices, refitted them, and filled in an extensive variety of

Hats, Caps, Gentlemen's Clothing, &c.

Also a large and splendid stock of CLOTHS CASSIMERES, &c., which he will make up to order, as he still continues the Tailoring Business. He is prepared to execute all work entrusted to his care, to the satisfaction of the customer.

N. B. Cutting and Repairing ☞done to order. [Lewisburg, April 10, 1861

☞Mr. STAHL—Book Binder—has returned to his Shop in Lewisburg, again to attend to all kinds of work in his line. Bring along your Books, Magazines, Newspapers, &c., for the Book Binder.