UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

At $1.50 per Year, always in Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., TUESDAY, NOV. 12, 1861.

"THE UNION," established in 1814---Whole No., 2,497.

"CHRONICLE," established in 1843---Whole No., 918.

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY---
Tuesday Morning & Friday Afternoon.

☞A letter by Wm. Reed (of Hartley) from Paducah, Ky., is on file for our next.

☞Captains Church and Tate, of Col. Brooks' Regiment, started southward from Harrisburg on Saturday morning last.

☞The *Louisiana Gazette* says of the attempt of certain disappointed Democrats to "scout" Mr. Woods out of his majority for President Judge—

"Let them begin. We know of one 'other box' which will make a considerable difference against him of the *illegality* of which there is no question whatever, and there are others known to be *legio* too. Mr. Woods is elected, and any attempt to chisel him out of the office will be met in a way some demagogists may not relish."

THE WAR IS CARRIED INTO AFRICA—just about among the negroes who commenced it—by fair accounts.

The New York *Herald* announces that the destination of the Great Expedition which is comprised of say 20,000 men and 80 vessels, is in the Beaufort District of South Carolina, which lies near midway between Charleston and Savannah. This is the most fertile region of Dixie, and its country as level as a prairie, so that our troops can not be intrenched by Rebel batteries. Beaufort county produced in 1850 12,972 bales of cotton, and more than any county in the South. It contains 5,047 whites and [illegible] slaves. Colleton, contiguous on the northeast, raised 13,005 bales, and contains 7,405 whites and 31,771 slaves. So, at last, the Rebels are to be touched in two of their most tender points—Cotton and Negroes.

Latest News

MISSOURI.

Gen. Fremont has reached St Louis with a company of 300 men, and was most heartily welcomed.

The excitement was rebelling at Springfield, and Gen. Hunter returned to do winning conditions.

Col. L. Merrill's cavalry went out as far as the old battle ground, upon Wilson's Creek, finding no Rebels.

Maj. Wright, returned from a scout, reports Price at Cross Creek with a force of 25,000 Rebels, and McCulloch at Flat Creek with 8,000 more. It seems they are on the retreat.

An expedition from near Rolla to Texas, returned with 9 Rebel prisoners, 300 head of cattle, and 50 horses and mules. Among the prisoners is a prominent officer.—But a Company of 100 in S. W. Missouri, on its way to join Fremont, was captured.

Gen. Grant telegraphs that the Union victory at Belmont, 3 miles from Columbus, on the Missouri side of the Mississippi, was complete—captured 130 prisoners and all the Rebel artillery, but had to leave some of it for want of horses to take it away. The enemy must have suffered fearfully, as we had 250 killed or badly wounded. One of the prisoners says this attack will doubtless stop a force which was getting ready to go and aid Price.

VIRGINIA.

Our pickets have been extended below Mount Vernon, and report the Rebels still apparently falling back.

The Potomac being high, the Pace had escaped. The gunboat Resolute had burned a large Rebel schooner in the Rappahannock river.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 9.—Returns from three-fourth of the State show 65 Union Assemblymen and 10 Union Senators elected—no Secesh. Bradford's maj. for Governor, about 32,000. In the Counties, the vote is the heaviest ever cast.

Latest News By Telegraph.

PHILAD., Nov. 11—A. M.—By way of Fortress Monroe and Norfolk, we have a report (which needs confirmation) that the Naval Expedition has captured Beaufort, S. C., and that the United States flag is flying over the Court House.

The Richmond Enquirer is said to contain a despatch that our troops had LANDED AT TWO POINTS, and were MARCHING INLAND.

The "Coal Perry" reached Fortress Monroe, disabled by the storm when 30 miles off Belle Bay. She reports steamer Mayflower in distress when last seen.

PHILA., Nov. 11—noon.—We have a dispatch from Fortress Monroe this morning announcing the arrival of the steamer Spaulding, from Hatteras. A deserter brought up confirms the capture of the two rebel forts at Port Royal, and the landing of a large naval force. Beaufort had also been taken by our troops, and it is also rumored that the railroad between Savanna and Charleston had been seized by our troops. Great excitement is said to prevail at Norfork.

The loss of the transport Union is confirmed by the arrival of the Alabama from the blockade off Beaufort. She was run ashore in a sinking condition on the 1st, and soon broke in two in front of the smoke stack. The [illegible] at Fort Macon [illegible] Raleigh, N. C.

Chit Chat from Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9, 1861.

"What is the latest news?" is still everybody's inquiry; and the replies, as varied as the complexion of the respondents, are given with the tone and coloring of each individual's habit of thought and reading. To such an extent is this the case, that the inquirer, lost in a mass of contradictions and conflict of facts, issues, and principles, first doubts, and then disbelieves telegraphs, newspapers, and "every other man."

Without doubt however, events of great importance are imminent. The retirement of the war-worn veteran, SCOTT, the appointment of Gen. MCCLELLAN to the head of the entire Army, and the departure of the largest Naval expedition that this Government has ever fitted out, indicate another advance step in the effort to quell the great rebellion.

Gen. SCOTT has served his "day and generation" faithfully, and when the increasing infirmities of advanced years render retirement and repose imperative, the National feeling of gratitude to him is full to overflowing.

Great are the expectations from MCCLELLAN—very great, indeed, the respective ability, now pressing on him, as the man of action. Ancient and modern history indicate how rapid promotion to great command was in this instance. The great hope of all loyal hearts is, that (with the aid of Divine Providence) he will be found equal to the emergency. That he has a good big programme of policy in the prosecution of the war, scarcely admits of doubt; and that the Administration acquiesce in it, is implied in his advancement to the position. He is conscious that the "fate of the nation is measureably in his hands, and that a single blunder might for ever estrange him from the support and confidence of the people."

Gen. [illegible], in his recent tour West, on official business, received cordial responses from the people. Never in the history of the Government, has the War Department found itself called upon to perform such extraordinary labor, involving such high grade of business and executive capacity. Cameron has proven himself; and his friends in Pennsylvania, always proud of the [illegible] regiments, can not fail to note with great satisfaction, the generous and high appreciation which [illegible] manifests of the people of the States. He evidently feels more hopeful of the [illegible] by music on his way to New England, Monday night last, at the Astor House, New York, on the occasion of a complimentary serenade to him, General Cameron is reported to have said:

> We have to live in one of the most important [illegible] world was ever born. What we should [illegible] changed by Providence [illegible] for me to say; but there could [illegible] cause for it; and I do not [illegible] the struggle has been in this section [illegible] interests, private ministers, and [illegible] country to the prosperity [illegible] the class which it has formerly [illegible] I think the spirit of this city for what they have done. You have a population of a million of people. You have already sent out 15,000 men to fight for your laws, your institutions and our country. I am sure, if need be, and you are called upon for more, this city [illegible].
>
> In the war of the Revolution, when we were [illegible] Pennsylvania, with a population of but [illegible] and [illegible] at one time [illegible] of her people. [A voice, "Dutch for Massachusetts."] I mention it to every friend here of [illegible] population. New York State, when the time comes for the [illegible] of her population, will send [illegible]. ["That's so."] She has not only sent her men, but she has given her money, not by thousands, but by millions, not [illegible] of millions, and she will double and [illegible] millions, if necessary, to save [illegible] country, which our Fathers of the [illegible].
>
> We have had, gentlemen, reverses, and we have some excuse to make for them. The people of the North are a working people; for fifty years, they have been employed in the [illegible] pursuits of civil life. For more than [illegible] years, the people of the South have been studying the [illegible] rebellion. They have been preparing for War, while we were thinking only of Peace. They were not content with acquiring themselves of their own [illegible], but stole them from us. Traitors [illegible] and [illegible] of war and money to the South; and, when the time was ripe for rebellion, they stole what they found there. The soldiers, educated at West Point, were corrupted, and were ready to fight against their fathers and brothers.

In every war in this country, we have had reverses at the outset. But we have now passed the days of reverses, I believe. When the war commenced, we had no money, men or guns—now, we have plenty of money and of men. We have a brave General at the head of our army. [Cheers for M'CLELLAN and for SCOTT.] That young soldier is the idol of his troops, because of his care for them. In every contest which he has had thus far, he has been victorious. He has disciplined his army in such a manner as to insure victory. Therefore I say to you, we have only to have confidence in each other.

There was a time when Pennsylvania was the greatest State. New York has outstripped her. But your wealth adds to our prosperity, as [illegible] success increases yours. Penn's, with three millions of people, has sent to the field, I am proud to say, 15,000 more Volunteers than New York with her four millions. I mention it, because, I am sure, if you had known it before, you would have outstripped us. I've no doubt your being told of this will cause a spur to enlistments, and that, next month, you will not be behind but before us.

Gentlemen, I rarely make speeches. My life has been one of action. Therefore, you will now excuse me for saying good night."

The Naval expedition has effected a landing of forces on "soil where treason first reared its head," in the Carolinas. It certainly seems that the Rebel army which has been concentrated in Eastern Virginia, is prepared to go to the defence of their weak points on the East in the Cotton States. The hour of tribulation for the Southern Confederacy is evidently rapidly approaching. The resignation of Beauregard is now reported—that he has left Manassas, seems certain—want of confidence and money they have realized already.

V.

From Barr's Battery.

CAMP GRIFFIN, Va., Nov. 1, 1861.

"Time flies," is a truism, in time of war as well as peace, of which I am forcibly reminded by observing that a month has flown by since my last respects to the "Chronicle." Do not, however, infer from this, that we are rocked in pleasure, and thereby delight and vacillate here. On the contrary, we get the bitter and the sweet alternately. Long rests and long marches, warm days and cold days, fair weather and foul weather, good meals, poor meals, and sometimes "any meal;" long night watches, and long night sleeps; oftentimes with spurs on, but none the less sweet for that; sometimes upon a beautiful turf with polished boots, and again in the mud! mud! mud! until almost ready to sink in despair, with very irreverent feelings for the "sacred soil;" sometimes the pleasures of a fair prospect for a good fight, a hasty march, a long line of battle, a long war, and a bitter deep atonement; a return to camp and fireside! dulce! dulce! Such has been our soldier-life during the past month, and every day has been passed as we turn the leaves of an interesting book, always enjoying the denouement, both pleased and vexed with the passages, but deeply absorbed in the work, forgetful of the flight of time.

Since we crossed the Potomac, our battery has been detached from our regiment, (the [illegible]'s 1st Pa. Artillery) and Mc[illegible]'s Pencils Reserves, and we are in Gen [illegible] Smith's Division, "Barr's Penn'a Battery."

I will not attempt to give you the general news. Nor is it necessary. I almost daily see industrious reporters gall-ping about, gathering up [illegible] matters which reach you by the City Dailies of the next day.

I had the pleasure of a visit and a dinner with the "Stiffer Guards," last week, and found all well and cheerful; also, to the "Union Guards," among whom I regret to say, I found Capt. Reed's and Lieut. Rider's sick on the sick list. Social calls of this kind are among the greatest of our pleasures. Amongst new acquaintances, I am glad to name Capt. J. D. Brown of the Cameron Dragoons, 2nd Penn'a Cavalry, Col. Fehleman. This regiment, and particularly Capt. Brown's Company, is almost constantly out scouring, and is doing very efficient service. Your readers will recognize in Capt. Brown the same bold Brown who figured conspicuously in the affairs of Miller County, Mo., last Spring. He brought a curiosity from near the rebel camp, the other day, in the shape of a regimental "guard detail." It is a printed form, neatly filled up, dated "Camp Pee Dee." The officer of the day remarks upon three different prisoners. The names, incidents, &c., of the guard detail are very interesting, and will be sent to Philadelphia to be preserved as a curiosity and relic of the war. T. G. O.

☞The following recommendation of a day of Thanksgiving and Praise by the Governor of this State, we see is eulogized in various quarters as an uncommonly neat and appropriate production. When we compare our condition with that of our sister States, where the hard hand of rebellion is grinding the poor and the rich together, and where the earnings of the husbandman are either taken from him by force, and paid in worthless scrip, or trodden under foot and destroyed by devastating hordes of Secessionists—the farmers of Pennsylvania and all her citizens, have especial reasons for thankfulness that they have no such calamities, and that thus far the arms of our brave sons have kept the spoilers and robbers from our doors.

A Day of Thanksgiving and Praise.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS:

In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania—ANDREW G. CURTIN, *Governor of said Commonwealth*—

WHEREAS, every good gift is from above, and comes down to us from the Almighty, to whom it is meet, right, and the bounden duty of every people to render thanks for his mercies, therefore I, ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do recommend to the people of this Commonwealth, that they set apart THURSDAY, 28TH OF NOVEMBER NEXT, as a day of solemn thanksgiving to God for having prepared our corn, watered our furrows, blessed the labors of the husbandman, and crowned the year with His goodness, in the increase of the ground and the gathering in of the fruits thereof, so that our barns are filled with plenty, and for having looked favorably on this Commonwealth, strengthened the bars of her gates, blessed the children within her, made men to be of one mind, and preserved peace in her borders; beseeching Him also, on behalf of these United States, that our beloved country may have deliverance from those great and apparent dangers wherewith she is compassed, and that He will mercifully still the outrage of perverse, wicked, unruly, rebellious people, make them clean hearts, renew a right spirit within them, give them grace that they may see the error of their ways and bring forth fruit meet for repentance, and hereafter, in all godliness and honesty, obediently walk in His holy commandments, and in submission to the just and manifest authority of the republic, so that we, leading a quiet and peaceable life, may continually offer unto Him our sacrifice of praise and thanksgiving.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this sixteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and of the Commonwealth the eighty-sixth.

A. G. CURTIN.

L. S.

BY THE GOVERNOR: ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

What was Done in the Revolution.

[The following incident in the War of '76, was first published in the *Georgetown (Mass.) Gazette*, years ago, and is copied from the "Book of the Indians," page 306. There is no doubt of its entire truthfulness. The heroine was Miss Rachel L. oke, of Townsend, Mass., subsequently the wife of Edward Richards. She died at Gill, Mass., in 1846, aged about 83. Her example may do something to inspire the ladies of the present day with a similar spirit, to provide all things needful for their brothers, husbands and fathers—our brave soldiers—who, on the tented field, are now heroically battling for their country's flag and the rights of man. When the whole people of the North are as thoroughly in earnest, and willing to make great sacrifices, as were our Revolutionary fathers and mothers, then may we look with some hope for a speedy termination of this rebellious war:]

"Late in the afternoon of one of the last days of May, in the year '76, when I was a few months short of fifteen years old, notice came to Townsend, Mass., where my father used to live, that fifteen soldiers were wanted. The training band was instantly called out, and my brother, that was next older than I, was one that was selected. He did not return till late at night, when we were all in bed. When I arose in the morning, I found my mother in tears; she informed me that my brother John was to march, next day after to-morrow morning, at sunrise. My father was at Boston, to the Massachusetts Assembly. Mother said that though John was supplied with summer clothing, he must suffer for winter garments. There were, at this time, no stores, and no articles to be had except such as each family could make itself. The sight of mother's tears always brought all the hidden strength of body and mind into action. I instantly asked what garment was needed. She replied, 'pantaloons.' 'Oh, if that is all,' said I, 'we will spin and weave him a pair before he goes.' 'But,' said mother, 'the wool is on the sheep's back, and the sheep are in the pasture.' I immediately turned to a younger brother, and bade him take the salt dish and call them to the yard. Mother replied, 'Poor child, there are no sheep shears within three miles and a half.' 'I have some small shears at the loom,' said I. 'But you can't spin and weave it in so short a time.' 'I am certain we can, mother.' 'How can you weave it?—there is a long web of linen in the loom.' 'No matter; I can find an empty loom.' By this time, the sound of the sheep made me quicken my steps toward the yard. I requested my sister to bring the wheel and cards, while I went for the wool. I went to the yard with my brother, and secured a *white* sheep, from which I sheared with my loom shears, half enough for a web; we then let her go with the rest of her flock. I sent the wool in by my little sister, and Luther ran for a *black* sheep, and held her while I cut off wool for my filling and half the warp, and then we all would let to go with the remaining coarse part of the fleece."

[The rest of the narrative we abridge. The wool thus obtained was duly carded, spun, washed, sized, and dried; a loom was found a few doors off, the web "got in" and wove, the cloth prepared, cut and made two or three hours before the brother's departure—that is to say, *in forty hours from commencement*—without help from any modern improvement. The good old lady closed her account by saying: "I felt no weariness; I wept not; I was serving my country; I was relieving my poor mother; I was preparing a garment for my darling brother. *The garment finished, I retired and wept till my overcharged and bursting heart was relieved.*"]

Lewisburg Market.

Corrected Weekly

Wheat	$115	Eggs	$ 12
Rye	50	Tallow	10
Corn	50	Lard	10
Oats	30	Ham	12
Flaxseed	1,25	Shoulder	$ & 9
Dried Apples	$100	Cloverseed	$3,50
Firkin Butter	10	Potatoes	30
Fresh Butter	14	Country Soap	4 & 6

DIVIDEND.

THE DIME SAVING INSTITUTION OF LEWISBURG has this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT, on the amt of Capital Stock paid in—payable in ten days from date.

H. P. SHELLER,
Lewisburg, Nov. 7, 1861. Treasurer.

FOUND—In Lewisburg, Sunday evening, a pair of Ladie's GLOVES, which the owner can have by calling at this office, proving and paying for this advt. [Nov. 12

A Case in Point.

[As some people seem appalled at the prospect that, should the War for the Union long continue, we shall see black men fighting as well as white men against the Slaveholders' Rebellion, we reprint the Proclamation of that eminent slaveholder and soldier, Gen. ANDREW JACKSON, calling the Free Negroes of Louisiana to arm for the defence of New Orleans when threatened by a strong force in December, 1814. Old Hickory always went in for using any club that served his turn, when there were heads that needed breaking.

PROCLAMATION TO THE FREE COLORED INHABITANTS OF LOUISIANA:

Through a mistaken policy, you have been heretofore deprived of a participation in the glorious struggle for national rights in which our country is engaged. This no longer shall exist. As sons of freedom, you are now called upon to defend our most inestimable blessing. As Americans, your country looks with confidence to her adopted children for a valorous support, as a faithful return for the advantages enjoyed under her mild and equitable Government. As fathers, husbands, and brothers, you are summoned to rally round the standard of the eagle to defend all which is dear to existence.

Your country, although calling for your exertions, does not wish you to engage in the cause without amply remunerating you for the services rendered. Your intrepid minds are not to be led away by false representations. Your love of honor will point you to the post where the man who should attempt to desert you. In the sincerity of a soldier and the language of truth I address you. To every noble-hearted, generous freeman of color, volunteering to serve during the present contest with Great Britain, and no longer, there will be paid the same bounty, in money and lands, now received by the white soldiers of the United States, viz: one hundred and twenty-four dollars in money, and one hundred and sixty acres of land. The non-commissioned officers and privates will also be entitled to the same monthly pay and daily rations and clothes, furnished to any American soldier.

On enrolling yourselves in companies, the Major General commanding will select officers for your government from your white fellow citizens. Your non-commissioned officers will be appointed from among yourselves.

Due regard will be paid to the feelings of freemen and soldiers. You will not, by being associated with white men in the same camps, be exposed to improper comparison or unjust sarcasm. As a distinct, independent battalion or regiment, pursuing the path of glory, you will, undivided, receive the applause and gratitude of your countrymen.

To assure you of the sincerity of my attentions, and anxiety to engage your invaluable services to our country, I have communicated my wishes to the Governor of Louisiana, who is fully informed as to the manner of enrollment, and will give you every necessary information on the subject of the address.

ANDREW JACKSON,
Major-General Commanding

Union County Court Proclamation

WHEREAS, the Hon. ARIO PARDEE, President Judge of the 20th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of the counties of Union, Mifflin and Snyder, and Jno Wampler and Jno Wade, Esqrs., Associate Judges of Union county, have issued their precept, bearing date the 23d day of Sept., 1861, and to me directed, for the holding of an Orphans' Court, Court of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer, and General Quarter Sessions at LEWISBURG, for the county of UNION, on the Third Monday of December, being the 16th day, and to continue one week.

NOTICE is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace and Constables in and for the county of Union, to appear in their own proper persons with their records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances to do those things which of their offices and in their behalf appertain to be done, and all Witnesses, prosecutors, and those prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any person or persons, are required to be then and there in attendance, and not depart without leave at their peril. Jurors are required to be punctual in their attendance at the appointed time aforesaid to serve.

Given under my hand and seal at the Sheriff's Office in Lewisburg the 11th day of November, A.D. 1861, and the 86th year of the Independence of the United States of America.—God save the Commonwealth!

JOHN CROSSGROVE, Sheriff

Grand Jurors, Dec. Court, 1861.

Beaver—Charles Dreibler, Daniel Bear
Buffaloe—Saml Brown, David Smith, W I. Harris, Saml Dunkel, Frank Hipple
Lewis—T G Evans, Ja Stout, Da Stauffer.
Limestone—Wm Adams
Kelly—Matt Shriel, Ph Gemberling, Ja Noll.
Lewisburg—Jer Hutchenson
Mifflinburg—H G Wolf, J W Sands
Penn—Joseph Chambers
West Buffalo—Daniel Bogenreif, John Oberdorf, Matthew Kelly
White Deer—James Vinney
Buffalo—Frank Renner, Jr
Union—John Youngman

TRAVERSE JURORS.

Hartley—Saml Miller, Henry Rahl, Jos Miller
Lewisburg—Adam Amand, Chs D Kline, Jas S Marsh, Jac Yoder, Robt Chamberlin, Danl Seaman, Saml Mann, Geo Reed
Union—Charles Steer
WhiteDeer—Elias Noll, Jos Marshall, M Evey
Beady—Christ Knaus, G M'Carty, J H Oaker, Jacob King, A J Forsman, Dan Fullmer
Kelly—Jac M Meyer, Jas Shields, Ja Hemley.
New Berlin—Josiah Schnebart, Wm Benner, Jacob Marsh
West Buffalo—S L Shoemaker, Ge Kleckner, Levi L Shoemaker, De Shaffer, An Forster.
Limestone—John Stees, Wm B Barber, John Shindle, Elias Hoy, Robt Chambers
Hartleton—Sn Spigelmyer, Wm Edert
Penn—Samuel Swengle, Thomas W Shipton.
West Buffalo—Samuel Zellers, Peter Geis, W [illegible]
Buffalo—John Wise, William Steans, Adam [illegible]
Mifflinburg—S W [illegible]

Auditor's Notice.

IN the matter of the Account of R V B Lewis, Esq., Administrator of William Nevins, late of Hartley Tp., dec'd. The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit and make distribution of the assets in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment on Friday, the 15th of November, A D 1861, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at his office in Lewisburg.

WILLIAM JONES, Auditor.

Auditor's Notice.

IN the matter of the Account of Tho Hayes, Executor of Mahlon Yeomans, late of Lewisburg, dec'd. The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit and make distribution of the assets in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment on Saturday, the 16th day of November, A D 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at his office in the borough of Lewisburg.

WILLIAM JONES, Auditor

UNION FOR EVER!

WE are all alarmed at the danger our Union is in, and each and every one must take hold of the rope to drag it right ahead the heads of Jeff Davis and other piratic powers. We may expect the same Banner as Washington in the van. There is room for everybody in the ship. Soldiers are going away, and recruiting are getting New Goods. Lately, N. B. ZIMMERMAN has returned from New York and Philadelphia, and has carefully selected the latest and best styles Over Coats, Vests, Pants, Hats, Shirts, Handkerchiefs, Stockings, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Cloths of all descriptions, M'Clellan styles Cassimere and Vests, and five and six hands making Coats to order. Cloths and silks at Panic Tariff prices. Call before you buy—I am not undersold, but have fifty per cent. Tariff to sell at.

Sept. 24, 1861. N. B. ZIMMERMAN.

Stoves! Stoves!

JUST on sale at the "Golden Ball Store"—No. 33, North 2d st., PHILADELPHIA, a large assortment of

Gas Consuming Cooking & Heating Stoves

of the day—LITHIA, VICTOR, COMPLETE and all other Cooking and Heating Stoves—all of which are Guaranteed to give entire satisfaction. Please give me a call.

WM. F. SEMAN

Administrators' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of SAMUEL HUMMEL, late of Penn twp., Union county, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

FRANKLIN HUMMEL, Adm'r
Penn, Oct. 2, 1861. ISAAC HUMMEL, Adm'r

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of WILLIAM WHITE, late of Kelly twp., Union county, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in said township. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having just claims against the same are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HUGH P. SHELLER, Adm'r
Lewisburg, Oct. 18, 1861

Administrator's Notice.

WHEREAS, letters of administration on the Estate of CATHARINE STAHL, late of Kelly Tp., Union county, dec'd, have been granted to the subscriber in due form of law, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

DANIEL STAHL,
Kelly, Sept 23, 1861. Administrator

WM. F. GRASSLER,

Watchmaker, Jeweler & Gilder,

Opposite Hazlet's Hotel, Market st., Harrisburg, Pa.

Having opened a Shop in P. Goodman's Clothing Store is prepared to all kinds of work in his line. Having worked in a large establishment for a long time, he is prepared to repair Watches, Clocks or Jewelry, and to do Engraving, Plating, Gilding, or Galvanizing in the best style of the art. All work warranted to give entire satisfaction, and done at the very lowest cash prices. Also Accordeons and Melodeons repaired on the shortest notice.

Call in before you go elsewhere, see for yourself and save your money.—Oct. 5, 1861

To Trespassers.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned citizens of Kelly, Buffalo and East Buffalo townships, that all persons trespassing upon their lands, hunting for game, or in search of berries and other fruits, will be treated with the full extent of the law. Hunters are particularly requested to take warning by this notice and all others who may be disposed to trespass upon our premises. Oct. 18, 1861

George Miller	Andrew Wolfe
Benj'n Lahr	Cyrus Hoffa
Sam'l Dunkel	Dan'l Miller
Rich'd Bickel	George Geobart
John Hufford	John S. Schrack
Isaac Walker	Th. H. Cornelius
Eli Slifer	

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE at Lewisburg, Pa.,

OF THE

"CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY" OF BALTIMORE,

ARE prepared to send to the country, CHILDREN aged from 3 to 16, most of them being Orphans, or half Orphans; and it is the desire of this Committee to send them to good homes among Farmers and others in the country. Persons wishing a child to adopt, or raise as their own, by addressing either one of the undersigned Committee, will receive a Circular giving particulars. Good references will, in all cases, be required.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF LEWISBURG.

Mr. J. W. FULLOCK, Chm.	Rev. C. H. LEINBACH,
Rev. JOHNSON WALLS,	Rev. C. W. SCHAEFER,
Rev. H. S. DICKSON,	Rev. G. A. PAINE,
Mr. SAMUEL SNODDS,	Mr. WYRES HURSH.
Rev. S. H. MERICK,	Mr. D. S. KAUFFMAN,
Rev. J. W. HOSKINS, Cor. Sec'y.	Eng. Sec'y.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned citizens of Kelly, Buffalo and East Buffalo townships, that all persons trespassing upon their lands, hunting for game, or in search of berries and other fruits, will be treated with the full extent of the law. Hunters are particularly requested to take warning by this notice and all others who may be disposed to trespass upon our premises. Oct. 18, 1861

George Miller	Andrew Wolfe
Benj'n Lahr	Cyrus Hoffa
Sam'l Dunkel	Dan'l Miller
Rich'd Bickel	George Geobart
John Hufford	John S. Schrack
Isaac Walker	Th. H. Cornelius
Eli Slifer	

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE at Lewisburg, Pa.,

OF THE

"CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY" OF BALTIMORE,

ARE prepared to send to the country, CHILDREN aged from 3 to 16, most of them being Orphans, or half Orphans; and it is the desire of this Committee to send them to good homes among Farmers and others in the country. Persons wishing a child to adopt, or raise as their own, by addressing either one of the undersigned Committee, will receive a Circular giving particulars. Good references will, in all cases, be required.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF LEWISBURG.

Mr. J. W. FULLOCK, Chm.	Rev. C. H. LEINBACH,
Rev. JOHNSON WALLS,	Rev. C. W. SCHAEFER,
Rev. H. S. DICKSON,	Rev. G. A. PAINE,
Mr. SAMUEL SNODDS,	Mr. WYRES HURSH.
Rev. S. H. MERICK,	Mr. D. S. KAUFFMAN,
Rev. J. W. HOSKINS, Cor. Sec'y.	Eng. Sec'y.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of Brown & Goodall, at this day dissolved by mutual consent. The Books and Notes are left at the Stand for collection. All who feel interested, will govern themselves accordingly.

JOHN BROWN,
JOHN GOODALL.

Lewisburg, Oct. 15, 1861.

Real Estate.

An Excellent Buffalo Valley Farm, at

PUBLIC SALE.

WE the undersigned Executors of the last will and testament of William Nevins, dec'd, late of Hartley township, Union county, Pa., by order of the Orphans' Court will offer at public sale on

Monday, the 21 day of December

next, the following described real estate, viz:

A FARM containing 80 Acres more or less, bounded by lands of Jacob Moore, Jacob Pontius and others, and Penns creek, on which are erected a HOUSE and BARN, a Cider-[illegible], [illegible] and other convenient Outbuildings, also a BEARING ORCHARD and [illegible] in a high state of cultivation. Also—Seven Acres of [illegible] on the Penns—[illegible] 10 or 12 acres of it TIMBER LAND, the balance all cleared and in a good state of cultivation.

ALSO the Quarter Part of a Lot of Land situate on the LIMESTONE RIDGE, containing 80 Perches adjoining Land of Geo Reed and others.

Sale to begin at 1 o'clock P M of said day, on the premises, when conditions of sale will be made known. A good Title will be made to the purchaser.

JOHN NEVINS, } Executors.
JOHN HUNTSMAN, }

Kelly Tp, Nov. 1, 1861

☞Persons wishing to purchase, can call on either Executor, previous to the sale.

Western Lots, for sale cheap.

LOTS 6, 8, 9, 11, 12, 16—13, 17, 2, 261, 8, 10—[illegible] 2, 10, 20, 23—in Tp 13, N R 21, 20, 23—in HARMONY CITY, in County seat and Land Office of Northern Venango Co.

ALSO, Lots in the town of SPENCER, the seat of Justice for Clay county, on the line of the Dunkirk Railroad.

Apply to JOHN B. LINN, Lewisburg,
Sept 17, 1861. Agent for Hiram H. Emmons

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Union county, will be sold at Public Sale or Outcry on MONDAY the 16th day of December, 1861, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the Buffalo House in the Borough of Lewisburg, Union Co., Pa., the following described Real Estate, viz:

A certain lot or piece of Ground containing One Perch of an Acre more or less, whereon is erected a Two Story Frame Dwelling House, with the appurtenances—[illegible] adjoining lands of Dr. J. Dick and others.

Also one other lot or piece of Ground containing One Perch of an Acre more or less, adjoining lands of Daniel Stanner and others.

All of which land is situated in the said borough of Lewisburg. Conditions to be made known on day of sale.

H. P. SHELLER, Administrator
Oct. 15, 1861. of Wm. Warriner, dec'd

Tavern Stand for Sale.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale that valuable HOUSE with stable, shed and two lots of Ground, situate on the Turnpike in the main street in the Borough of Hartleton, in full operation. Now occupied by Dan. Moyer. Terms easy. Enquire of or address

HENRY WHITMER.
Hartleton, March 5, 1861 tf

FOR SALE.

THE Store-Room now occupied by A. M. Lawall. Inquire of

J. M. LINN.

Lewisburg, May 27, 1861.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE property in Limestone township, formerly belonging to Union Co. Pa., about 6 miles west from New Berlin and 4 miles from Mifflinburg. It rents at $200 cash. The FARM is 120 Acres, 80 in good cultivation, 1 Apple Orchard of 100 bushels of Wheat—a two-story Dwelling House, [illegible] (near new) a STONE BARN recently [illegible]—The Orchard—a superior SAW-MILL, and a Circular Saw, will be driven by the large Water Power of Penns Creek, with about 100 Acres of Pine and Hemlock TIMBER LAND. The Creek is navigable in freshets to the Canal, Lumber to the River and Canal. The Saw-Mill is capable of sawing Two Thousand feet a week of Lumber yearly. The Farm, Saw-Mill and Timber Land will sell cheap. A Bank of IRON ORE to be procured on the premises—the continuous Montour Ridge crosses the Farm. Banking.

The Farm can be sold very low (for five payments) as the owner lives 17 miles from, and has no time to attend to it properly. For further information apply to JOHN STEES, (Tanner) Agent, near the property.

HUGH BELLAS
Selinsgrove, Pa., Oct. 22, 1861 tf

FOR SALE—OR RENT.

THAT valuable **Brick Yard** property situate in Buffalo township, adjoining lands of Jacob Derr and William Cameron, with everything complete for the manufacture of Brick, &c. Also BUILDING LOTS. Terms Easy. Apply to

JOHN D. MYERS, Lewisburg.
WM. CAMERON, Jr., Lewisburg

TIMES BRIGHTENING!!

NEW STORE IN A NEW PLACE!

AND A

NEW HAND AT THE YARD-STICK.

B. FRANK. HURSH, having opened a

DRY GOODS STORE,

in CRISWELL'S NEW BUILDING, Market street, (nearly opposite the old Hayes stand,) will be happy to attend to the wants of all his friends who may be pleased to favor him with their custom.

He has now on hand a well-selected stock of everything which may classed under the general head of **Dry Goods.**

Lewisburg, Sept. 10, '61. B. F. HURSH.

Estate of Peter Klapp.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters of Administration on the Estate of Peter Klapp, late of White Deer Tp. in Union county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having claims against it will present them properly authenticated for settlement to

JARED KLAPP, } Administrators.
R. H. KLAPP, }

Buck Haven, Oct. 15, 1861 pd

S. S. BARTON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Lewisburg, Pa.

Office opposite the Public Square, on the corner of Market and Front streets. Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. [illegible] 1861