UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

At $1.50 per Year, always in Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., FRIDAY, SEPT. 27, 1861.

"THE UNION," established in 1814---Whole No., 2,490.

"CHRONICLE," established in 1843---Whole No., 911.

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY—
Tuesday Morning & Friday Afternoon.

Republican-Union Ticket.

President Judge—SAMUEL S. WOODS, of Mifflin Co.
Senator—HENRY JOHNSON, of Lycoming county.
Assemblymen—JESSE BEAVER, of Union county.
HENRY K. RITTER, of Snyder county.

Union County Ticket.

Nominated by a Direct Vote of over 1300 Citizens, [illegible]

[illegible]

Associate Judge—JOHN W. SIMONTON, of Buffaloe.
Sheriff—LA FAYETTE ALBRIGHT, of White Deer.
Commissioner—JESSE M. WALTER, of Limestone.
Treasurer—JOHN A. MERTZ, of Lewisburg.
Auditor—BERTRAND THOMPSON, of Mifflinburg.
Coroner—ELISHA SHAUL, of Lewisburg.

[illegible]

☞See Dr. Carson M'Cormick's Medical Card among our New Advertisements to-day.

Also, a comfortable Dwelling for Rent.

BE ASSESSED!—Tomorrow (Saturday Sept. 28) is the last day open for assessment previous to the coming election, Tuesday, Oct. 8. See that every name is down—the State wants the money, and the Men want to vote!

☞Gen. Hale, Harrisburg, acknowledges the receipt of [illegible] for the Volunteers, from [illegible] Lewisburg and vicinity. We would suggest that the Farmers' week will add [illegible] further contributions from all parts of the county. Mrs Jonathan Wolfe has [illegible] those disposed to knit good strong socks for the soldiers. (Would it not be well [illegible] that all raised in [illegible] should be specially appropriated [illegible]?)

☞Judge Marshall, Aaron M Smith, Samuel Marshall, John Dreisbach, Samuel Bower, John Hertz, S B Hertz, J M Moyer, Samuel Stair, John Machamer, Jacob Reed, Samuel Spotts, Martin Mezzell, Mary Ann Mezzell, John Noll, Simon Renninger, and Henry Dieffenderfer—among the most reputable people of White Deer and Kelly—have addressed us on the subject of Wm. Moyer's advertising his wife, Catharine, daughter of John Schreck. They concur in the opinion that she is an innocent, worthy woman, of a very respectable, well-known family, and that her husband has badly and needlessly misused her in his publication.

West Branch Fair, 1861!

The Union County Annual Fair is called at Lewisburg, Thursday to Saturday—Oct. 3 [illegible]—1861.

☞Hon. WM. M. MEREDITH will attend the Union County Fair, and address the Society (if able) Friday afternoon.

The Turnpike Gates between Lewisburg and Mifflinburg will be free to persons attending the Fair.

☞Lieut. James Geddes Maxwell, U. S. N. (grandson of James Geddes the elder of Lewisburg,) commanded the forces which, on the 16 inst. landed at Ocracoke Inlet, N. C., and destroyed the abandoned fortifications there, breaking up such guns as they could not remove. It was a somewhat important service, and effected with no loss on our side.

☞Many of the "Slifer Guards" are sending home their money—one non-commissioned officer remitting $60 to his family, and others (also privates) smaller sums. This is an excellent indication—for they *need* not spend anything of consequence in camp; and, by these remittances, our money is kept circulating among us.

☞The Presidents of the Lewisburg and Northumberland Banks, are among those authorized to take loans in the People's National Fund for the support of Government. There is no surer way of investing money—shares $50 each, at 7 30 per cent. interest.

☞Within this month, we have recorded the death of *three* citizens of Lewisburg who were born before the War of American Independence was fairly begun—Mary Ambers, 92 years; Mary Shafer, 95 years, and James Strawbridge, 85 years.

☞Few of our Democratic exchanges seem to have heard the Election News from Maine, Vermont, and California. They *dare not let their readers know* how low the party has fallen with the People of those States.

☞Mr. Hess, Independent candidate for Sheriff in this county, has withdrawn. This leaves a fair field for LA FAYETTE ALBRIGHT—than whom we have no more worthy, industrious citizen.

☞Among Gen. Fremont's Staff, we notice Maj. Gustave Wagner (of one time at Lewisburg;) Congressmen Lovejoy, Gurley and Shenck; B. Rush Plumly, of Pa., &c.

☞A. C. Simpson Esq. (Douglas Dem.) of Selinsgrove, is nominated for District Attorney by our party in Snyder—thus well filling out the Union Ticket in that county.

☞We see the friends of Slenker are trying to injure the influence of Cha's H. Shriner by calling him a Breckinridger!!!

☞Fast Day (yesterday) was uncommonly well observed in this place, and the public exercises elicited much interest.

☞We observe that Milton Opp, Esq., has hung out his Law shingle at Muncy.

☞An attempt has been made to have an impression that the Slaveholders' War has reduced the price of Farmers' produce. War generally raises prices. There would have been, but for the Rebellion, a great revival of Mining and Manufacturing, all admit; but whether, with our good crops, prices generally would have been higher, is doubtful. As it is, we find by looking at our files of the CHRONICLE, *Produce is now higher, generally, than it was ten years ago.* Look at the figures!

	Sept. 1851.	Sept. 1861.
Wheat	70 to 75	$1,00
Rye	50	45
Corn	50	40
Oats	30	22
Flaxseed	1 00	1 12
Dried Apples	1 00	1 00
Butter	12½	10 to 12
Eggs	8	10
Tallow and Lard	10	10
Bacon and Ham	8 to 12½	8 to 12

NO GO!—The Democrats of Union Co. *nominated* Mr. Young, those of Juniata Mr. Shoemaker, and Snyder no one for the Assembly. Conferees met at Richfield on Saturday—couldn't agree. Met again at Middleburg on Tuesday—agreed not to nominate—*for patriotism!* Are now trying to coax out some rich Republican to run so as to furnish them money to pay their expenses—*no go!*

[illegible]

The Conferees appointed Young and Shoemaker, State Delegates...which they had no authority given them to do!

"O, dear!"—The *Argus* is n't going to "waste party spirit" any more—not a bit [illegible] "[illegible]" that way. It has been trying every means fair and foul for six months past to "split up the Democracy," to prejudice the people against and embarrass both National and State Administrations—to stimulate all the local prejudices it knew how to injure the Republicans and the Chronicle—but now, just when its rump of a Ticket is on its last legs, and the Elections of Vermont, Maine and California foreshadow the party's doom this year, it veers suddenly around and isn't "*devoted to Democracy*" any more—just now! Isn't it rich!!!!

At the opening of the campaign, the *Argus* was going to "dug" all the officers, from Senator down, and wipe out the Republicans—it would now give, its [illegible] eyes, sacrifice every other nominee, and "compromise"—on the best office of all!

☞Paid "puffs" of Slenker's Oration seem to be still plenty in certain quarters. The People can not be purchased, and we think will not be again misled with the same delusion played by Baum, Gutelius & Co. ten years ago. A few venal Printers may have made something by it, but it was awfully expensive to the Tax-Payers!

—In *not one County in the State* which the Democrats have a fair majority, have they advocated or allowed a "Union," but in *Republican counties* they are willing to "divide!" *Heads I win—Tails you lose!*

☞The *Argus* persists in the notorious, wilful falsehood of publishing Mr. Slenker as the "*Union* candidate for President Judge," and then affects a holy indignation because we ventilate his *previous Unionism* a little. People want to be sure that their Judge is no friend of the Slave Power which is waging a civil war. Mr. Woods fears no fair scrutiny. If you do not like this investigation of "Unionism," haul down your false flag, neighbors!

☞The State pays a President Judge five dollars a day, extra, for sitting out of his district. Mr. Woods has been measurably out of the County Courts for some years, while Mr. Slenker has cases of different descriptions that may take some time to conclude. These extra expenses would be doubtless much less in the event of Mr. Woods' election. Since the Slaveholder's War is upon us, we must count the dollars a little closer than before in civil expenses.

The 15 cents per mile for Argument Courts, would be the same for either. Would it not be the same number of miles for Mr. Slenker to come to Lewisburg and then go to Lewistown, as for Mr. Woods to come from Lewistown to Lewisburg?

[Correspondence of the Star & Chronicle.]

From Campbell's Penn'a Artillery.

FORT [illegible], CAMP ADVANCE, VA., Sept. 21, 1861.

Since the skirmish of Lewinsville, our army, advanced via the Chain Bridge, has been busily engaged, building fortifications and opening new roads. We have daily balloon reconnoisances, and large picket parties out constantly, to keep us posted on the movements of our enemies, and have had an occasion to expect an attack. On Thursday, the pickets brought in fifty head of cattle, and several horses. Yesterday, we lost one man of the 2d Vermont Reg., killed or taken prisoner by the Rebels. Have no fears of them crossing the Potomac at this point. Our mail facilities here are not as good as they might and should be, and the loss and delay of our home news is one of our greatest privations. "'Tis sweet to be remembered," and we can not believe our friends at home have neglected or forgotten this truth, or us, so we doubt not our friends but the mail. I have not seen the *Chronicle* for a month. T. G. O.

Gen. Fremont is preparing, it seems evident, to take the field in person. It is reported that Lane's and Siegel's forces have surrounded Price at Lexington.

☞The *Patriot & Union*, the Democratic State organ at Harrisburg, (and a persistent opposer of Gov. Curtin and his Administration) has the following respecting the rascalities of contractors which it was recently tried to torture into political capital!

"THE INVESTIGATING COMMISSION.—The Philadelphians appear to be exercised in relation to the report of the committee appointed to investigate the alleged frauds in furnishing Army Supplies. We can only say that the report is in type, and the accused parties have been in the hands of the committee for several weeks, but why they delay we are unable to say. If we are rightly informed, *the Governor himself has nothing to fear from the report*, and if his purpose is to suffer it, we presume *the Democrats on the Committee would take advantage of such a proposal*, and press its immediate publication. The Philadelphia folks should be the last, however, to hasten the publication, as some of the "aggrieved" [illegible] are likely to secure [illegible] been ... [illegible] that ... [illegible] the retired list of pensioners."

Coming from that source, we may safely say the State Administration is exculpated—by its worst enemies—from any guilt in the matter. Its errors in the choice of agents were not criminal. We happen to know that the Governor and Secretary of the Commonwealth have been hurrying the Committee to send out their report.

The prosecution of the Frowenfields, in Pittsburg, has been abandoned for the present, the principal witness for the Com'th being absent, some think by the aid of the Dolts, but Justice we hope will yet get hold of him and them. These early exposures of speculations at least make all parties more careful, and thus are beneficial to the public.

Muster Roll of the "Shriner Guards."

Captain—[illegible] H. HASSENPLUG.
1st Lieut.—JOHN A. MORRIS.
2d Lieut.—WM. F. FASTINE.

Sergeants—Martin L. Schoch, James E. Seebold, Thomas D. Reed, Charles Tinsley, George [illegible]

Corporals—Jacob Hauck, John C. Troutman, George W. Leste, Charles D. Wines Jr., Levi Keesberg, [illegible], M. B. Chambers, Wm. H. [illegible]

Musicians—Samuel Winegar, Thomas S. Smith.

Wagoner—David Ross.

PRIVATES.

Jeremiah Aiker	James T Kelly
Geo M Aurand	Charles Lydic
Geo E Barklow	John Lord
Lewis J Benner	Charles Mills
Geo P Book	E J Maize
Samuel Burris	Jacob Miller
Abraham Bender	Jack M'Fadden
Isaac Culley	Joseph A Mull
Jas F Cornelius	Thomas Nauck
Thos Clapham	Wm P Orwig
Ezra Chapell	Jeremiah Rader
George Dodd	Levi Renner
Thos Dewalty	Jonathan Reese
Isaac Dalby	John Rohbach
James Dunkle	Peter Saylor
Cor Edleman	Joseph Shreffler
Solomon Engle	Geo A Seebold
Henry H Fox	Henry Sprese
John Fetter	Em'l Sassaman
Francis R Fry	Noah Sassaman
Wilson Foster	John W Sheckle
Jacob Gordon	Sam'l Sheary
Daniel Hessel	Thomas F Search
Adam Hasselman	Henry Snyder
James A Haus	Jonathan Snyder
W B Hoffman	Sebastian Searles
E J Hoffman	John T Sutzer
Henry Hutchinson	Geo W Wirt
H B Harris	C W Woodward
Daniel Hoch	John W Weitman
Henry Hess	Wm Zimmerman
Robert H Irwin	John H Zorman

[Correspondence of the Star & Chronicle.]

HEAD QUARTERS 3d REG. WIS. VOLS. Near Frederick City, Maryland [illegible]

The announcement of the meeting of the Secession Legislature in this city on the 17th inst., created considerable excitement at Gen. Banks' Head-quarters. The 3d Regiment of Wisconsin Volunteers was immediately ordered to this city. We commenced our march on the 12th inst., and arrived here on the 13th. We pitched camp in a beautiful field on the south side which gives us a fair view of the city. Here we remained undisturbed from Friday, (which was the day appointed for the Secesh Legislature,) in the morning, pickets were sent out in every direction to get possession of the building which they occupied. Meanwhile, we were quietly ordered to load our guns in our tents, and be ready to march and sustain the pickets as soon as the signal was given. But, to our disappointment, they did not meet in a body, and, to their surprise, they were arrested in the streets, one by one, until night came. We had 15 of their Members arrested, and brought to camp. During the day, all suspicious buildings were ransacked, but nothing of any value was found except a wagon load of their treasonable reports and resolutions, ready for distribution, and 25 or 30 old flint-lock muskets. Some 12 or 15 of the prisoners were this morning taken to Fort McHenry, to await their trial. The city is now under martial law. Arresting is still going on. Six more were brought in since this morning. We have a Union Policeman accompanying our Regiment, who knows all their Members. He tells us who they are, and where to find them. Some are very bold, while others say nothing. They brought one in, at noon, who they think is their ring leader; he is a man about 40 years old and I should judge his weight was about 220 lbs. He has a very intelligent look, but feels himself entirely sold. They marched him to the guard tent and when the corporal put the shackles on his feet he cried like a child; he saw that Secession, with him, had "played out."

Yours respectfully,
C. F. DIEFFENDERFER,
formerly of White Deer Tp., Union Co.

Samuel S. Woods, Esq.

We have said little respecting the true Union candidate for President Judge, because we desired to have full information respecting him. While he seems to have had no opposition in the Union Convention in his own county of Mifflin, and had 200 majority of the popular vote in Snyder over Mr. Lawson, in our county he had very few acquaintances, and labored under that disadvantage. He having since spent several days here, and we having seen many who know him well, we are prepared to recommend him as a man in every respect worthy of the office for which he is recommended by the majority party in every county of his District.

People generally, requiring respecting a [illegible] and important a position may take [illegible] consideration, desire to know something of the personal history of a prospective [illegible]. In person, SAMUEL STANHOPE WOODS stands six feet two inches, well made [illegible] and at [illegible] he is a son of Rev. Dr. James S. Woods, known to many of our [illegible] for many years the Pastor of the Presbyterian church in Lewistown, and [illegible] of the [illegible] and unflinching [illegible] descendant of Rev. Dr. Witherspoon, that President of Princeton College whose name is attached to the Declaration of Independence—a brother of Lieut. James S. Woods, Jr., who has fallen on the field of battle fighting under the American flag—Mr. Woods' instincts and feelings are all patriotic, and treason would seek in vain for shelter beneath his bench. Having resided for some time, as a tutor, in a Slave State, he is no lover of that aristocratic element which now seeks to extend [illegible] by civil war.

With his bosom friend and confidant, James K. Kelly, Esq., (of Kelly township, Union county) Mr. Woods started his professional career in connection with the Democratic party, but, finding, from the bitter experience of 1854 and subsequent years, that that sacred name was used by unscrupulous demagogues to extend Free Trade and Human Bondage, he, like an honest man, abandoned them, and has for some time been in the opposing ranks, an earnest, liberal laborer.

For several years, Mr. W. was among the first in the legal practice of Mifflin county, and was engaged in the heaviest causes. Having obtained a competency by his own efforts, he is now measurably retired from the bar, and lives upon the income of a handsome landed estate along the Juniata. Yet he keeps fully up with his profession, and his name may be found in the Records of the Supreme Court, from 1841 onwards. Geo. F. Miller, Esq., of Lewisburg, has tried a cause with him—and for further evidence of his professional standing, we refer to Judge Curry, Geo. W. Harris, Esq., and Gov. Curtin, Harrisburg; Hon. James M. Sellers and Andrew Parker, Mifflintown; Judges Hale and Linn, of Bellefonte, and others might be named. Such men as Shem Zook, of the Omish persuasion, in Mifflin county, will also bear witness of his personal integrity and faithfulness with his clients. It is not pretended that a man of his stirring, earnest, decisive character, incurred no enmities: like most men of mark and of mind, he has as decided opponents as friends; but none, we believe, contest his honesty or his ability. We think he would preside with dignity, with impartiality, despatch, and correctness. His Court would be respected and obeyed, and an impetus would be given to legal business throughout the District, which would make Justice no longer a mockery by reason of its delay, and in that respect would be a happy change to all interested. He has a laudable ambition to win the esteem and the lasting good-will of every true, loyal, reasonable citizen: and he possesses the moral and mental power to be successful.

☞In view of the creeping feebleness of old age, the life-tenure of Law Judges is now generally abolished, and a Constitutional restriction of President Judges beyond three score years has been devised by very many as a wise precaution. Members of Supreme Courts, indeed, requiring less physical labor, may be longer risked, and there are those who are acceptable at a still greater age; but we have all seen too many instances of grasping senility—Judges, lamentably incapable, both physically and mentally, of a full performance of their duties—men who "won't die, and won't resign," but

"lag superfluous on the stage."

Mr. Slenker is now in his 60th or 61st year—would be in his 70th or 71st year if living at the close of the coming Term of ten years. Mr. Woods, born in 1820, is now about 41 years old, and therefore in the full vigor of body and mind.

Every voter will judge for himself whether the golden period between youth and old age is not far the safest from which to take a President Judge. At that era, men are most free from the extremes of youthful passion and stubborn, unyielding formality and indolence. The younger can better keep up with the progress of legal science, and of the times, and better adapt himself to circumstances—and he can easier and more surely bear the toils of the protracted sessions often necessary to administer justice with a proper economy of the time and the money of the people.

The fall of LEXINGTON, in Missouri, is confirmed. The Colonel, Mulligan, refused to give up his sword, and was kept a prisoner with the other officers, while the men, nearly 2,000, were released on parole. The Rebels suffered three times the most loss in killed and wounded.—Excepting this, the Unionists have been victorious in every recent encounter in Western Missouri, where more Union troops seem to be needed. Iowa, it is said, will draft men, as volunteers do not come forward fast enough.

Kentucky has called for 40,000 Volunteers to drive out the Rebel invaders.

Henry Johnson, Esq.

We know of no gentleman in his District who has a more fair reputation among those who know him best, than Mr. Johnson. With none of the demagogue's arts, he has the respect and confidence of all. As a citizen he is public spirited, and as a voter has been a conspicuous, unflinching, working Whig and Republican, in all the sunshine as well as the darkness of the last twenty years. No one better merits honor and preferment, yet the only office he has filled was that of Elector for Taylor and Fillmore. He was a candidate, three years ago, for Senate, but the Conference decided in favor of Col. Gregg. The *Luminary*, of Muncy, says:

"HENRY JOHNSON is, emphatically, a self-made man, having had none of the auxiliaries of wealth, or family connections to push him forward. When an infant, it was his misfortune to lose, by death, his father and only brother. He was reared by his now aged mother, with whom and his sisters he settled in the borough of Muncy, in 1841, and where he has continued until the present time. They, together with his wife and two little daughters, constitute his household, and the duty of guarding over them, has been the only obstacle that has hitherto prevented him from entering the ranks of the army; [the only other male member of his family, is a Captain of the U. S. Volunteers, enlisted for the War;] and we are assured, that if the exigencies of the war, shall require the sacrifice of these ties, he holds himself ready and willing. Seldom has a young lawyer hung out his shingle with less to encourage and cheer him. Without an acquaintance in the county of Lycoming, with a cash capital of only $10.84, and a *Library* consisting of M'Kinney's Pennsylvania Justice, and Purdon's Digest, but confident of his own powers, and self reliant, he determined to carve out a successful future for himself. With such a spirit, failure was impossible. In the practice of his arduous profession, though always zealous and persevering in the cause of his clients, he has probably given as little offence, as any other advocate who has had the management of as much business as has been during a period of twenty years, entrusted to him. His qualifications for the position of Senator are not disputed by any one, and he is in every respect up to the standard contained in the resolution adopted by the Lycoming Union Convention, which first nominated him, 'entirely unexceptionable, eminently patriotic, and worthy of universal support.' To adopt his own language at this meeting, he is 'for the Union, one and inseparable, now and for ever, and if necessary to sustain it, for the expenditure of the last dollar, and the sacrifice of the last man.' His selection, by the great Mass Convention, composed of the best men of both parties, and from all parts of Lycoming county, is the best endorsement of his private and public character that could be given, and further comment by us is unnecessary. His election, by an overwhelming majority, may be confidently predicted."

The Luminary also gives a most interesting sketch of Gen. Daniel Brodhead (a grandfather of Mr. Johnson) who bore an honorable and conspicuous part in the Revolution, and who about 1778 guarded Muncy (where are now three generations of his descendants) from the Savages. It is too long for us to copy, but is pleasant as showing the virtues of our sires emulated and reflected by the sons. Gen. Brodhead resided in Northampton county.

HENRY JOHNSON, Esq.—This gentleman received the nomination for Senator at the hands of the Republican Conference which met at Lock Haven last week for this Senatorial District. This nomination was justly due to Mr. Johnson, for he has been a long and faithful servant in the Opposition party, and is well qualified for the position.—*Williamsport Democrat*, (a former Breckinridge paper.)

FOR THE STAR & CHRONICLE.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 25, 1861.

Last evening, whilst the Ladies appointed to procure blankets, &c., for the brave volunteers, were making their visits, an incident occurred which we can not pass unnoticed. They entered the house of an elderly lady upon whose forehead many a wrinkle can be traced. Their business being told, she answered them in the following words:—"Blankets have I none, money or stockings have I none; but if need be, I would shoulder the musket and fight for our liberties." Reader! can you not perceive in the foregoing remarks the true of genuine patriotism? Do they not plainly show that that self denial for the cause of our common country, that heroic daring which characterized the women of the day of the American Revolution, have not as yet been smothered? Truly, "the spirit of '76 shall never die."

Yours &c.
COSMOS.

The Mozart wing of the Democracy in New York city decided, by a vote of 5 to 1, to support the Republican Union State Ticket! The "regular" Democratic Ticket will be smaller than ever, this year, in all the Free States.

Judges Mercur, Taylor, Pearson, Conyngham, Sharswood, M'Clure, and perhaps others, in this State, are candidates for re-election, without opposition. This is a proud proof of good Judges and of a magnanimous, intelligent, wise People.

KENTUCKY INVADED!—The Rebels have seized Kentucky at various points and there is prospect of bloody work there. Too late, the honest people of that gallant State find that they too have been fooled by the false cry of "neutrality." Gen. Robert Anderson is marshalling the Union forces, and has some help from Ohio.

There has been considerable skirmishing along the Potomac, the Unionists generally being victorious. Picket shooting it is said will be abandoned on both sides.

Rev. Joseph A. Ross is appointed Chaplain at the Carlisle Barracks.

(Correspondence of the Star & Chronicle.)

From Philadelphia.

PHILAD., Aug. 30

How dare we, a mongrel race, moulded from the worst elements of the old world, and unable to trace a genealogy beyond the deck of an emigrant ship, aspire to empire? presume to make either the books or the songs of a nation? or even to manufacture the cotton gins or the shoes, unless in the lonely workshops and under the patriarchial supervision of the lords of the soil, or claim any other place in the field than when at arms attendant on the chivalrous Knights errand of a bodly time? We are just waking from a long and pleasant dream, to find that the pleasant bed made for us by old fogey Pilgrim fathers and stubborn Revolutionary sires, was only a temporary shake-down, which, having enjoyed by courtesy, so long, we are beginning like the dog in the manger, to assert our rights to—foolish dogs!

Philadelphia, you know, is to be delivered up to special vengeance, having so long permitted within her borders, the drabcolored heresies of anti-slavery. Are there any small houses in Lewisburg where a fugitive might obtain cheap shelter? I'm in a splendid position to see the operation of sacking the Mint, and half dozen of Banks, but I do not think I'll stay to see the performance. Like the statute of Penn, in the Hospital grounds, which walks into the hall whenever it *feels* the rain, I shall step out as soon as I *hear* braying of the trumpet announcing the advent of chivalry."

There are very large numbers, however, who will undoubtedly be recognized by the incoming dynasty, as fit to have a name and a place among them. It is plain from their active sympathy with the cause, from a fixed determination to oppose every *unconstitutional* measure of our vulgar administration, and from a sincere admiration of a brave and noble race, manifested in step and mien whenever the success of the chivalry is announced, that though they are *with* us they are not *of* us.

But what a change a short year has made! Your friend, who a few months ago visited you every day, and talked of business, and politics, and familiar subjects, passes you now with a nod and an averted look, and visits your sanctum no more. He is a great admirer of Breckinridge, and while he *professes* to think that Mr. Breckinridge is a pure patriot and Mr. Buchanan was the best *President* the Republic ever seen, his hang-dog looks tell you he is lying to his own heart, and that he feels already the degradation of the slave—the willing slave—the condemnation of the damned—self-condemnation. But there is a sudden change come over him. A month ago he would indulge in strong *constitutional* arguments, and predict ruin; he has become chary in that respect, for, however much he might have coveted the aristocratic society of Pierce Butler in Philadelphia, he has no particular desire to meet him in Fort Lafayette.

The quiet indifference the folks down this way feel in regard to any threatened invasion of our right-angled village, is positively oppressive, and if it was not for the irruption now and then of a few transient thousands of barbarians, and the somewhat smart sprinkling of undress uniforms continually in your way, one could not suppose that there was such a thing as war in all our borders.

I was highly amused with a Southern friend whom I met yesterday—they still travel through here somehow—who did not like to say anything directly about the southern question; but who merely remarked that the crops his way were immense. They evidently feel a little dread of scarcity, and flatter themselves that they have a sufficiency of everything, and I dare say they have, except money and stores and—credit; little matters easily dispensed with no doubt; and to cheer them a little for their scarcity it has just come to light that there is *cotton* "in Egypt."

Hard times are said to have set in here, but I can't see it. People dress as well, eat as well, walk the streets as much, and seem altogether as lively as ever. Thousands of men are ruined, no doubt, but they seem to take it quite philosophically, and would risk as much more evidently in so good a cause.

There is one grand result already visible: we are relying on our own resources, not only for goods, but money; and instead of importing sufficient to balance European indebtedness, the gold is coming this way; we are making our own goods, and our national loan is not gone begging among those who class us among repudiators, but who are perfectly ready to buy at a fair consideration, and, best of all, we are neither driven to drafting nor impressing, nor to go beyond our own borders for recruits.

Since I began this letter, a young lady who has relatives in the British provinces told me that her mother, a wealthy lady, becoming frightened, talked of going there to live, but her daughter told her that they could never consent to go while a star or a stripe told them they had a country. "Bully for them." S H F

The Rebels have been driven out of Mechanicsville and Romney, in Western Virginia.

MARRIED.

By Rev. P. B. Marr, morning of 23d inst., JOHN A. GUIER, late U. S. N., of Lewisburg, and Miss ANNA E. [illegible], daughter of David Marr, near Milton, Pa.

By Rev. Wm. Hunt, 21st ult., ISAAC C. WYNN, Principal of the Academic Department of the University at Lewisburg, Pa., and Miss MARY A. daughter of the officiating [illegible] Greenwich, N.J.

By Rev. W. F. [illegible], 4th inst., Dr. J. W. RHOADS of [illegible] and Miss MARY J. only daughter of Spencer [illegible] of Springville, Susq. Co.

By Rev. Daniel [illegible], 28th ult., GEORGE BROUCHER of Hartley Tp. and Miss AMELIA SMITH of Lehigh Co.

By Rev. J. [illegible], 26th ult., GEORGE F. WEAVER and Miss CATHARINE A. MOATZ, both of Center Co.

By Rev. A. [illegible], 15th inst., JOHN HARMAN and Miss LEAH HAWS, both of White Deer Tp.

By [illegible], Esq., in [illegible], 10th inst., PETER [illegible] and Miss [illegible] MARTZ, both of Chillisquaque.

By Rev. [illegible], [illegible] inst., DAVID DAVIES and Miss MATILDA [illegible], all of New Berlin. On the [illegible] inst., DAVID WOLFE and Miss MARY L. DALE both of Hartley Tp.—also GEORGE REBER of Center Co. and Miss ELIZABETH [illegible] of Hartley Tp.

Died.

In Lewisburg, 20th inst., JAMES STRAWBRIDGE, aged 85 years. (We some time since gave in the Chronicle an interesting account of the removal of the sister [illegible] from Chester county to Chillisquaque [illegible].)

In [illegible] Tp., Union Co., 24th inst., SAMUEL [illegible] (father of Sheriff [illegible], Lewisburg,) aged 91 years. [illegible] emigrated from Ireland to America when about 22 years of age, and soon settled [illegible] where he died at a good old age. He was in the Army at Marcus Hook in the War of 1812.

In Milton, 19th inst., WILLIE J. son of Wm. C. Lawson, aged [illegible] months—16th inst., SARAH wife of [illegible] aged about [illegible] years—26th ult., PRICE, son of [illegible] and Elizabeth Spotts, aged 18 weeks.

On the 13th inst., in her 17th year, LOUISA, daughter of Wm. and Sarah Leiboch, of West Buffaloe Tp.

On the [illegible] inst., aged 20 months, JAMES A. son of [illegible], of New Columbia.

On the 20th inst., in her 19th year, CAROLINE dau. of George Smith and [illegible] Lewis Tp.

To the Voters of Union County:

The undersigned believing it inexpedient, under existing circumstances, to continue in the field as a candidate for Sheriff, hereby respectfully withdraws his name from the contest. CHAS. F. HESS.

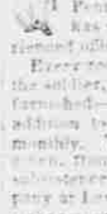
Lewisburg, Sept. 27, 1861.

FOR RENT.

A Good House on North Fourth Street, containing seven rooms—possession given immediately. Inquire of
Lewisburg, Sept 27. ADAM BEAVER

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. S. C. M'CORMICK, (a graduate of Jefferson College) tenders his Professional services to the people of Lewisburg and vicinity. ☞Office on North Front St., near Market, where he may be consulted at any time when not professionally engaged.—Families of Volunteers (such as may be in need) attended gratuitously.—Sept. 27, 1861



Attention, Volunteers!

Volunteers are wanted to fill up a Company, now forming, to be attached to Col. Welch's Regiment, now at Harrisburg. Col. Welch is one of the ablest, most experienced officers in the Pennsylvania service; and Capt. Linn has seen service, and is also an experienced officer.

Every requisite for comfort and health of the soldier, that experience suggests, will be furnished—good food, warm clothes, &c., in addition to the regular pay, which will be monthly. Thirty cents daily subsistence is given, from the first day of enlistment, or subsistence at the Headquarters of the Company at Lewisburg. Pensions, if disabled by sickness or otherwise, to the soldier or his family. Paymasters will remit any moneys wished sent to soldiers' families without risk.

We want good, reliable, active men, and wish them to report to our Headquarters at Lewisburg immediately. Pay of Sergeants, $19 to $22; Corporals, $16; Privates, 13, per month.

A Camp will be formed within half a mile of Lewisburg, on Monday, Sept. 30th, when all will be expected to report themselves.

J. MERRILL LINN, Capt.
GEO. SHORKLEY, 1st Lieut.
Lewisburg, Sept. 23, 1861

Auditor's Notice.

IN the Orphans' Court of Union county. In the matter of the Account of Joseph H. Ross, Administrator of *Lewis Palmer*, dec'd.

The undersigned, Auditor upon the exceptions filed to the above-stated account, will meet all parties interested, for the purpose of fulfilling the duties of his appointment, at the Buffaloe House in Lewisburg, on Friday the 1st day of Novemb. 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M. when and where all persons interested may attend if they see proper.

A. SWINEFORD, Auditor

Auditor's Notice.

IN the matter of the Sale by the Sheriff of Union county of the real estate of *Joseph Mclister*, upon Vend. Exp. &c.

The Auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of said county to report the facts and make distribution of the monies raised by the sales aforesaid, will meet the parties in interest for the purpose of attending to the duties of his appointment at the Office of Orwig & Hayes, in the borough of Lewisburg on Friday the 18th day of October, 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M. ALFRED HAYES, Sept. 21 Auditor

Fall and Winter Fashions—1861

The Best Work and Latest Styles

TAILORING.

JOHN B. MILLER—thankful for past favors—would state that he has received the Fall and Winter Fashions, and is prepared to CUT, MAKE, and REPAIR garments as usual. He will endeavor, as heretofore, to execute his work satisfactorily to all.—Lewisburg, Sept 1861

UNION FOR EVER!

WE are all cheered to see our Union boys with such good courage take hold of the rope to draw it tight around the necks of Jeff Davis and other potatoe rooters. We also expect the large Battle at Washington to take soon. There is quite an excitement in Lewisburg. Soldiers are going away, and merchants are getting New Goods. Latest, N. R. Zimmerman has returned from New York and Philadelphia, and has carefully selected the latest and best styles Over Coats and best Pants, Hats, Shirts, Handkerchiefs, [illegible], Cassinetts, Cassimeres, Cloths of all descriptions. M'Clellan styles Cassimere and Hats, and five and six hands making Clothing to order. Cloth and sold at Philad. wholesale prices. Call before you buy—you will not lose anything, but save fifty per cent. Thanks for all favors.

Sept. 18, 1861. N. R. ZIMMERMAN.

THE UNION,

Arch street, above Third, Philad'a.

UPTON S. NEWCOMER, Prop'r.

THIS Hotel is central, convenient to Passenger Cars to all parts of the city, and in every particular adapted to the comfort and wants of the business public.

☞Terms $1.50 per day. [Sept. 18, '61.]