UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

At $1.50 per Year, always in Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., TUESDAY, SEPT. 24, 1861.

"THE UNION," established in 1814---Whole No., 2,490.

"CHRONICLE," established in 1843---Whole No., 911.

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY—
Tuesday Morning & Friday Afternoon.

Republican-Union Ticket.

President Judge—SAMUEL S. WOODS, of Mifflin Co.
Senator—HENRY JOHNSON, of Lycoming county.
Assemblymen—JESSE BLAYLE, of Union county.
HENRY K. RITTER, of Snyder county.

Union County Ticket,

Nominated by a Direct Vote of over 1500 Citizens, under a Call addressed to

[illegible]

Associate Judge—JOHN W. SHMONTON, of Buffaloe.
Sheriff—LA FAYETTE ALBRIGHT, of White Deer.
Commissioner—JESSE M. WALTER, of Union.
Treasurer—JOHN A. MERTZ, of Lewisburg.
Auditor—BERTHIER THOMPSON, of Mifflinburg.
Coroner—ELISHA STEALE, of Lewisburg.

☞ Opposed to the above is a "Democratic Ticket" got up on privately agreed upon No Delegates from 11 out of 13 Districts, chosen by about 200 citizens.

☞ In every gloomy era of the Nation's history, our fathers have been wont to ask the forgiveness and the blessings of the Supreme Ruler of the universe. Next Thursday—the day recommended by the President of the Union—will probably be more extensively observed than any previously set apart for that reasonable and profitable service. Places of business we suppose will be closed generally, (of which our country friends will take notice,) and religious worship held. In Lewisburg, Dr. Loomis will preach in the Presbyterian house, at 10½ A.M. The Methodists and Baptists, each, meetings at 3, P. M. And at 7 in the evening, a Union service in the Lutheran house. [These are all of which we are informed.]

☞ In Union Co. Court, last week—Benj. Fetter vs. Samuel C. Wilt and others, camp meeting case—verdict for Defts.

Com'th vs. Ward Miller—Not Guilty.

Caroline J. Wirth obtained a divorce.

Patrick Collins, Peter Collins and John Cogan were naturalized.

—And thus ends nearly twenty years' of the Presidency of Judge Wilson. We think he has endeavored to discharge his duties to the best of his ability, and the good wishes of all our people go with him in his retirement.

☞ Last Friday morning, Capt. Thomas Church, of Hartley, passed through Lewisburg for Harrisburg with about 50 men, of whom 20 or 25 were from Union Furnace, Winfield, under 2d Lieut. Beech C. Ammon.

☞ Capt. Tate left Braly Tp. with some 50 or 60 volunteers from that region.

J. Merrill Linn, Esq., and Charles R. Evans, we understand are each commissioned to raise a Company. (Here are two chances for the safe, heroic, sarcastic carpers and defamers of the Infantry and the Greys—enlist, or be silent!)

Union county is well represented by Captains now or late in service, viz:

Capt J. Wesley Chamberlin, } Brothers.
Capt Thomas Chamberlin, }
Capt James Chamberlin
Capt Charles D. Roush
Capt George H. Hassenplugh
Capt Thomas Church
Capt M'Cordy Tate
Capt J. Merrill Linn
Capt Charles R. Evans

The Fall School Campaign.

Next Friday, the several Departments of the University at Lewisburg reopen.

☞ On Monday next, Mr. Randolph's Academy is resumed.

☞ The Public Schools of Lewisburg commence a five months' term, Tuesday next, 24 Oct. Teachers as follows:

[illegible]

California for Union!

Leland Stanford (Rep. Union) is elected Governor by 3,000 maj. over all, and the Legislature is also Republican for the first time. The Douglas Dem. vote is higher than the Breckinridge vote. So Secession is down, and *California joins Vermont and Maine in sustaining the Republican Administration square out!*

☞ A Telegraph Despatch from Philadelphia, yesterday, states that Col. Mulligan—who commanded the U. S. forces at Lexington, Mo.—after being besieged by Gen. Price, from Monday to Friday last, was compelled to surrender. He bravely fought a force four times his own. Our loss is 8 to 900—the Rebel loss 3 to 4000 (boasted by some.)

West Branch Fair, 1861!

The Union County Annual Fair is called at Lewisburg, Thursday to Saturday—Oct. 3 to 5—1861.

☞ Hon. WM. M. MEREDITH will attend the Union County Fair, and address the Society (if able) Friday afternoon.

The Turnpike Gates between Lewisburg and Mifflinburg will be free to persons attending the Fair.

☞ Republican Bradford county claims Fifteen Hundred men among the Volunteers—more, we believe, than Democratic Berks with twice the population. And so it is (despite the false boasts) every where—the Republicans bear the burden of resistance to the Slaveholders' War.

☞ The Union Committee for Juniata county have ratified the nominations of RITTER and BEAVER. All is right, now, through all our Districts.

Blankets, &c. for Volunteers.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Lewisburg, Sept. 14, 1861.

To His Excy. Andrew G. Curtin, Governor:

SIR—We have heard with much regret that there is a deficiency of blankets for our soldiers, and as winter is now approaching we take the liberty of calling your attention to the subject. We would be pleased to learn from you whether the women of Pennsylvania can render you any assistance in this respect, as they all desire the comfort of the soldiers, among whom are their husbands, sons and brothers who have gone into the service of their country, and should be equally cared for.

Very respectfully,

Ellen Cornelius,	A. C. Crossgrove,
E. M. Wolfe,	S. M. Dickson,
Elizabeth Ritter,	Jane M'Clure,
Henrietta G. Geddes,	C. C. Strawbridge,
Margaret Reber,	A. M. Randolph,
Jane M. Geddes,	Sarah J. Walls,
Jane C. Hayes,	Kate M. M'Laughlin,
Mary Pollock,	Catharine M. Slifer.

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,
Harrisburg, 16th Sept., 1861.

LADIES: Your very kind and patriotic letter comes to me when the most pressing demands are made on the State for large additions to our military force now in the service of the Federal government, and the Quartermaster General reports that blankets cannot be procured. The resources of the National Government, and of all the loyal States, have exhausted the market, and I am sure that the women of Pennsylvania can render assistance in this respect. Our people, accustomed as they are to comfort, and protection, at home, when absent and engaged in the sacred work of quelling treason and rebellion, and exposing themselves to preserve the liberties our fathers established, (among whom you truly say are your husbands, sons and brothers,) should have all the comforts it is possible to give them; and it is therefore, not unproper for the State to accept the generous gift of blankets which you have set the example of offering—an example which will, no doubt, be largely emulated.

I leave you to arrange the details with Gen. R. C. Hale, Quartermaster General, and trust that whatever contributions are made will be forwarded without delay, as ten thousand of our people are expected to leave the State for the seat of war this week.

Assuming that you truly represent the thoughtfulness, activity, and patriotism of the women of Pennsylvania, I thank you for your letter. Truly and respectfully,

A. G. CURTIN.

Stockings will be needed the coming winter—half hose, or socks, good sizes, a fourth pound each. Let every mother, wife and sister institute or more pairs. Let associations be formed in each County Seat, with whom the stockings can be deposited and forwarded to the military store at Harrisburg. The United States contract price, twenty-five cents per pair, *will be paid to each County Treasurer*, and thus a fund can be raised to supply the wants of Volunteer's Families, to which every patriotic woman in the State can contribute her share.

R. C. HALE,
Quartermaster-General, P. M.

Another very desirable matter is to secure for the coming winter, Dried Fruit of all kinds, than which nothing will be more wholesome or a greater luxury to the soldiers. Berries, apples &c. &c., will all come in play, and are infinitely better than pies, cakes, preserves, &c. &c.

Our men have plenty of bread and meat—no soldiers were ever better fed or paid. But special articles indicated above would be additional comforts, and fit them the better for the struggles that may be theirs in throttling the monster Rebellion the coming Winter.

☞ The following Ladies (with all others disposed) are particularly requested to canvass their neighborhoods and get *what they can* of blankets, woolen socks or money especially for the Companies from Union county who have left home to guard those interests which are no more dear to them than to us. All articles to be marked with the donors' names. Please send in to Judge Walls' or Jona. Wolfe's Store, (or the stockings to the County Treasurer) on or before *Saturday, 28th Sept.* inst., so that the goods may be forwarded at once to Harrisburg.

Buffaloe—Mrs. Sarah Walls, Mrs. Margaret Fullmer, Jane Geddes, Caroline Harnish.
Perry—Mrs. Abraham Linn, Miss Catharine Pontius, Mrs. Frederick, Mrs. Daniel Gilbert, Mrs. Reed, Mrs. of Martin, Mrs. Philip Dreisbach, Mrs. of William Crawford, Mrs. Peter Dreisbach, Mrs. of Peter.
East Buffaloe—Mrs. Sarah Rank, Mrs. of Basil, Mrs. Jane Fetter, Mrs. Miller, dec. of Daniel, Mrs. Frederick, Mrs. of Jacob, Mrs. Philip, Mrs. of Jacob.
West Buffaloe—Mrs. John Hayes, Mrs. Daniel Fisher, Mrs. Washington, Mrs. of William, Mrs. Sarah Kleckner.
Hartley—Sarah Smith, dec. of Jacob, Sarah Cook, Eliza Wagner, Mrs. D. R. Reed, Mrs. M. Hallpenny, Mrs. K. V. R. Linn.
Hartleton—Mrs. Helen C. Hayes, Miss M. Spigelmyer, Sarah Taylor.
Kelly—Mrs. Daniel Gutelius, Mrs. Phoebe, dec. of Enoch, Miss Angelina Gutelius, Mrs. Levi Gemble, Mrs. Lewis.
Lewis—Mrs. Isaac Hoover, Mrs. Sarah Dunn, Matilda, dec. of Joseph Moore.
Limestone, N. W.—Mrs. O. R. Acker, Miss A. E. Dale, Miss M. A. Wolfe.
Limestone, S. W.—Mrs. J. A. Kramer, Mary Ellen Wolfe, Harriet M. Marr.
Union—Miss Sallie Chambers, Miss Barber, dec. of Hoover, Miss Greenawalt, of Philip, Mrs. F. Bolender.
Mifflinburg—Mrs. Chas. Chambers, Mrs. J. Young, Mrs. Henry Gast, Mrs. James Chambers.
New Berlin—Mrs. Dr. Wilson, Mrs. I. Slenker, Adda, Margaret Kleckner.
Union—Mrs. J. M. Walter, Mrs. Jacob Kreamer, Mrs. Jesse M. Walter, Mrs. Christian Fetter, Miss Eliza, dec. of Isaac.
White Deer—Miss M. Wolfe, dec. of Jacob, Mrs. Wm. L. Fetter, Mrs. L. J. Albright, Mrs. D. B. Kaufman, Mrs. James Marshall, Mrs. Aaron Smith.

☞ How lucky that we elected LINCOLN AND HAMLIN last Fall! *Breckinridge and Lane* are traitors—DOUGLAS is dead, and *Johnson* is a traitor—*Bell* is also a traitor—and of all the opponents of Lincoln and Hamlin only EVERETT is to be found faithful to the Union.

☞ Widow Shafer, whose death is this week recorded, was a native of New York State, and returned by the Census at 95 years in July, 1860, which would make her about 96 years at death—the oldest person, we suppose, in Union county.

☞ 1st Assist. Eng. John A. Grier, U. S. N., of this town, has been detached from the U. S. Steamer Crusader, and is now on a visit home, having a few days' leave of absence.

☞ Yesterday, the Sheriff and L. D. Brewer started for Philad. with the two persons sentenced last week.

Hon. Lyman Tremain declines the nomination of the New York State Democratic Convention for the office of Attorney General. He does not like the platform adopted by the Convention, and is in favor of sustaining the Government.

Nothing important from the valley of the Potomac.

President Judge.

THE "UNION CANDIDATE" ATTEMPTED FRAUD.

There is no dispute that Mr. Woods is and has been from the outset a true friend to the Government, and is openly endorsed by the Union party in every county in the district.

Since Mr. Slenker's friends persist in the notorious pretence that he is the "Union candidate," when no party, or convention, or meeting whatever, in any county, has asked him to be a candidate—running, as he is, on *his own candidate* strictly, not called out by the people anywhere—the following queries are pertinent to the issue they have raised:

The paper loudest in support of Mr Slenker for President Judge of this district is the Selinsgrove *Times*, a rank *forty* paper which, so long as the *Day Book* was published, tried to make itself a second edition of that execrable sheet. The next on the list is the Lewisburg *Argus*, a sickly concern published semi-occasionally, semi-monthly, and semi-annually, just as wanted by political demagogues. And last we have the Lewistown *Democrat*, which is a sort of her son and a sort-o'-not. Taken at best, this a pretty kettle in which to boil out a *Union man*! Now, we have a few questions to ask, and would like to see fair answers given to them:

1st. Was not Mr. Slenker a delegate to the Harrisburg "Peace" Convention last winter?

2d. Was not a Union meeting held in Mifflinburg last spring, at which Mr. Slenker was called upon for a speech, and *declared*, on the ground that he was not prepared to speak *on the subject*?

3d. Did not Mr. Slenker express very different sentiments, since the commencement of this War, previous to his 4th of July address in Mifflinburg?

4th. Is not Mr. S. regarded at his own home as an ultra politician, who sided with the extreme wing of the southern sympathy *alias* Breckinridge party?

On all these points we have some information, and therefore ask an answer.—*Lewistown Gazette.*

To the above may be added a few more of the same sort:

5th. Is not Mr Slenker the choice of all the *Day Book* adherents in his district? of those who declared that "if any man goes to fight the South, he will have to walk over my dead body!" of all who argued that the North is wrong, and the South right? of all those who hoped our Volunteers would get their —— heads shot off?"

6th. Was not Mr Slenker appointed Delegate, in Feb. last, by the Dem. Convention in Lewisburg which adopted the following:

Resolved, 2, That we deprecate civil war, as we believe that this UNION can NEVER be maintained by force of arms, and that **as Democrats we are not willing to take up arms** to support a platform which a majority of the people repudiated and opposed at the polls.

3. That we *emphatically approve the policy of the National Administration*, [Buchanan's] *in its wise and conciliatory course* in the present perilous condition of the country."

(These resolves delight in Buchanan's imbecility or treachery, and say they will not sustain the incoming Administration.)

7th. Did not Mr Slenker leave Court, same week, and act as Vice President of the State Convention at Harrisburg "for the RE-CONSTRUCTION of the Union on Democratic principles," (thereby avowing that the Union was dissolved, and never had been on the right principle!) and then and there endorse the following among other Resolutions:*

Resolved, 5. That the people of the Southern States contributed their exertion and treasure in the acquisition of the Territories, equally with those of other States, and that the principle which recognizes the equal rights of all the States in the same, is founded on the clearest equality and supported by the decision of the highest Court of the country. *It ought therefore, to be sustained* by every law-abiding citizen until a satisfactory *divorcing law* can be settled by amendment of the Constitution.

8th. That we will, by all proper and legitimate means, **oppose, discountenance and prevent any attempt on the part of the Republicans in power** to make any armed aggression upon the Southern States, especially so long as laws contravening their rights shall remain unrepealed on the Statute books of Northern States, and so long as the just demands of the South shall continue to be unrecognized by the Republican majorities in these States, and unsecured by proper amendatory explanations of the Constitution.

[Save the record.] "The reading of the Resolutions called forth much applause, and when that declaring the **determined opposition of the Democracy of Pennsylvania to an armed aggression upon the seceding States** was reached the applause was uproarious, and with the exception of hats and handkerchiefs waving in enthusiasm, shook the very walls of the building that held them. *They were adopted by acclamation.*"]

(The first of these resolves applands the South for demanding—in defiance of the decision of the People at the late Election—the Extension of Slavery over all the Free Territories, as a "RIGHT." The other says in effect that the Democrats will OPPOSE THE GOVERNMENT if it attempts to preserve the Union by enforcing the laws!)

8th. Would not the election of Mr. Slenker be hailed by the Secession sympathizers as *their victory*, and every vote for him be counted as really in favor of surrendering precious rights and privileges to traitors in arms for the sake of a hollow peace?

—His subsequent, studied, 4th July Speech—got up in view of his running for office—we disregard. What he said and did *before*, and who his applauders and backers are, are the true tests.

☞ In 1844, we pointed to the facts that James K. Polk *had been* a Free Trader, and was *supported by* Free Traders, as proof that he was *still* of that faith. We were met by his "Kane letter," by Buchanan's "better Tariff man than Clay," and the flags "Polk and the Tariff of '42." The people were mostly Tariff (as they are Union)—but they were deceived. Polk was elected, and one of the first acts of Polk, Buchanan and Co., was to repeal that very Tariff! So now, in the face of the electioneering dodge of "Slenker the Union candidate," we point to the undenied fact that all the half or whole Secessionists in the district support him, and to his opinions on record previous to his offering himself for election.—Judge ye calmly and wisely!

*One of the Editors of the *Argus* was appointed a Delegate to the same Convention and said (28th Feb.): "We did not go to Harrisburg, *but the action of the Convention expresses our sentiments* so fully as to leave us nothing to desire." "They meet the hearty approval of every Democrat in Union county." They were the views of the party in this State—views which ENCOURAGED THE SLAVEHOLDERS TO PRECIPITATE THE WAR they now wage.

FOR THE STAR & CHRONICLE.

"We are verily Guilty concerning our Brother."

God has taught us that all human beings are brothers, and bound to do each other all the good they can. "Am I my brother's keeper?" was the excuse of a murderer. The Apostle James says, "From whence come wars and fightings among you? come they not hence, even of your lusts that war in your members?" "But ye have despised the poor." "Go to now, weep and howl, for your miseries that shall come upon you." "Behold, the hire of the laborers which have reaped down your fields, which is of you kept back by fraud, crieth: and the cries of them which have reaped are entered into the ear of the Lord of Sabaoth." Read, also, chap., LVIII of the prophet Isaiah.

These passages came into my mind while thinking of the National Fast Day, Thursday, Sept 27, 1861. We as a people have waxed proud, and forgotten that God our Maker is the Giver of all our blessings. We have forgotten that if we do good or evil to "one of the least of these my brethren, we do it unto" HIM! Profanity, intemperance, licentiousness, and Sabbath-breaking, are National sins. In particular, our treatment of the Indians and Africans has been most dishonest, hard, and God-defying. To extend the sin of Slavery, the slave owners have waged a horrid War, and they are hiring the Indians to aid in the slaughter of our people. No human arm can save us. The God of our fathers is our only help and salvation. "Let us draw nigh to Him, and He will draw nigh to us." Let us "cease to do evil, and learn to do well" to all our fellow men, and peace will again be ours.

WASHINGTON.

APPOINTMENT OF DAY OF FASTING AND PRAYER

By the President of the U. S. of America:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, a joint committee of both houses of Congress has waited on the President of the United States, and requested him to "recommend a day of public humiliation, prayer, and fasting, to be observed by the people of the United States with religious solemnities, and the offering of fervent supplications to Almighty God for the safety and welfare of these States, His blessing on their arms, and a speedy restoration of peace." And whereas, it is fit and becoming in all people, at all times, to acknowledge and revere the Supreme Government of God; to bow in humble submission to his chastisements; to confess and deplore their sins and transgressions, in the full conviction that the fear of the Lord is the beginning of wisdom, and to pray with all fervency and contrition for the pardon of their past offences, and for a blessing upon their present and prospective action. And whereas, when our own beloved country, once, by the blessing of God, united, prosperous, and happy, is now afflicted with faction and civil war, it is peculiarly fit for us to recognize the hand of God in this terrible visitation, and, in sorrowful remembrance of our own faults and crimes, as a nation and as individuals, to humble ourselves before Him, and to pray for His mercy—to pray that we may be spared further punishment, though most justly deserved; that our arms may be blessed and made effectual for the re-establishment of law, order and peace throughout the whole extent of our country; and that the inestimable boon of civil and religious liberty, earned, under His guidance and blessing, by the labors and sufferings of our fathers, may be restored in all its original excellence:

Therefore, I, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, do appoint the *last Thursday in September next* as a day of humiliation, prayer, and fasting, for all the people of the nation. And I do earnestly recommend that all the people, and especially all ministers and teachers of religion, of all denominations, and all heads of families, observe and keep that day, according to their several creeds and modes of worship, in all humility, and with all religious solemnity, to the end that the united prayer of the nation may ascend to the Throne of Grace, and bring down plentiful blessings upon our country.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed, this 15th day of August, A. D., 1861, and of the Independence of the United States of America the eighty-sixth.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President:
WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Sec. of State.

THE ATTACKS ON CAMERON.—The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. *Tribune*, a paper not at all friendly to Gen. Cameron, says in one of his recent despatches published in that print:

"It is high time that the baffled speculators, who have been driven out of the War Department, ceased their calumny about Secretary Cameron's use of the Harrisburg Railroad. Every soldier who has been transported over the route knows that Mr. Cameron has saved to the Government $500 on each regiment forwarded to Washington. That was the difference in the price charged by the Harrisburg line, and the Camden and Amboy. By this new route, all transhipments and changes of cars were avoided, exceedingly important items in the transportation of heavy guns, horses, stores and amunition of war, while saving to the Treasury enormous sums of money."

Most of the assaults upon Gen. Cameron originate with open or secret enemies of the Administration—his old personal foes—or soured, disappointed contractors.

THEIR POSITION.—The resolutions passed at the late New York Democratic State Convention at Syracuse may be epitomised thus: "We are in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the War, *provided* it can be done in such a manner as not to seriously inconvenience our Southern brethren, or interfere with the 'largest liberty' of traitors in our own midst. Let there be war, but it must be an eminently *civil* one."

THE SENTIMENT OF A PATRIOT AND SAGE.—"It is the duty of all," said the venerable Martin Van Buren, a few days since, "to rise above Party until the Rebellion has been put down."

"EXCEPT WHEN."

Our natural rights, guaranteed to us by Constitutions, of *lawful freedom* of speech and of the press, and of convening to consider of the public good, have been crushed wherever Slavery reigns, for twenty years past—and thousands at the North either applauded the outrages, or were indifferent to them. That was in a time of *peace*, so called. Now, however, when Slavery has made WAR—which is in its very nature a suspension of the usages ordained for times of peace—those who lately winked at illegal restraints upon liberties declaim against the legal exercise of a War power upon themselves and others who appear to be practically the enemies of Government.

Now, in all civilized countries, War necessarily *limits* and overrides natural and written rights. It is one of its evils and incidents. Nor is such interference inconsistent with the law of self-preservation—and the U. S. Constitution itself says:

"The privilege of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, **except when** in cases of REBELLION or invasion, *the public safety may require it.*"

"The public safety," of course and of necessity, under the Constitution itself, may override rights and privileges held sacred in time of peace. The President has done no violence to his oath in the summary arrest of notorious Rebels, who he has restrained from their evil designs against the country he is sworn to guard.

But there is another clause of the Constitution, which the denouncers of "Lincoln's usurpation" entirely ignore. It is that which says—

"TREASON against the U. S. shall consist only in levying War against them, *OR in adhering to their Enemies, giving them* **aid and comfort.**"

"The commandment is exceeding broad." It is not necessary to enlist with an enemy's armed men. "Adhering to" them in any manner, or giving them "aid and comfort" in any form, are violations (both in the spirit and in the letter) of the Law whose penalty is DEATH!

He who incurs the guilt of affording "aid and comfort" to the country's foes—by word or deed, by acts of omission or of commission—should beware of the punishment! It is a serious matter. Men may not *design* to "give and comfort" to our foes, and yet such may be the *effect* and the *legitimate construction* which their *acts* must bear. Speak for the Government, and strengthen it, if you are its friend.

THE NEW YORK DAY BOOK.—This traitorous sheet of the 20th July contains the following blasphemous sentence:

"God Almighty Himself can not abolish American Slavery."

$25! *EMPLOYMENT!* $75!
AGENTS WANTED.

We will pay from $25 to $75 per month—and all expenses—to active Agents, or give a Commission. Particulars sent free. Address "Erie Sewing Machine Company, R. JAMES, General Agent, Milan, Ohio." 909*

Died.

In Lewisburg, 11th inst., MARY widow of Matthew Slaton, aged 80 years.

In Milton, 12th inst., aged 5 months, KATE, daughter of G. A. and the late Ann Louisa Kaufman, of Lewisburg.

In Milton, 12th inst., MARGARET, daughter of Wm. C. and Mary Ann Benscoter, aged 1 year.

In New York, 20th, Harriet Tr., 19th inst., ANN wife of John Tyson, in her 50th year—buried in the Lewisburg cemetery.

NOAH WIRKES, aged 24 years, was buried in the Lewisburg cemetery, 20th inst. He was a member of the "Guards," and died the Friday previous, while in service of Our Union.

In Hartley, 14th inst., MARY ELIZABETH, daughter of Wm. H. H. and Susan H. Reber, aged about 1 year.

Taxes, Taxes, Taxes.

A great of the Tax payers promised that their taxes should be paid by Sept Court, as the Court has expired, and but few have fulfilled their promise, this notice I hope will be sufficient to urge them to pay immediately. The Treasurer has given due notice that there are interest demands against the County, but not for as Lewisburg is concerned there has been little attention paid to it. The families of volunteers should be paid every month, and some of them every week. And it is absolutely necessary that the taxes should be paid. A large majority have paid promptly. I shall call on every delinquent next week and hope they will be prepared. A word to the wise, &c. &c.

A. KENNEDY Col.

Estate of John Biddle, dec'd.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of John Biddle, deceased, late of Buffaloe Twp. having been granted to the subscriber by the Register of Union county in due form of law—all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and all having any just claims against the same may present them duly authenticated for settlement.

LEVI HAUCK, Adm'r

Buffaloe X Roads, Sept. 19, 1861

Auditor's Notice.

IN the matter of the Account of Wm. Jones and Robert H. Laird, Assignees of Nesbit, Hayes & Fickthorn. The Auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Union county to report distribution of the balance in the hands of the Accountants, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment on Wednesday the 16th day of October, A.D. 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M. at the Office of Orwig & Hayes in the borough of Lewisburg.

Aug 23 SAML H. ORWIG, Auditor

Lewisburg Market.

Corrected Weekly

Wheat	$100	Eggs	$ 10
Rye	45	Tallow	10
Corn new	40	Lard	10
Oats	22	Ham	12
Flaxseed	1,12	Shon & Side	8 & 9
Dried Apples	$100	Cloverseed	$4,00
Firkin Butter	10	Potatoes	30
Fresh Butter	12	Country Soap	4 & 6

Time-Table---Lewisburg R.R. Station.

MOVING NORTH.

Freight & Accom'n passes Lewisbg		8:00 A M
Mail Train	do	4:38 P M
Night Express	do	1:02 A M

MOVING SOUTH.

Mail train	passes Lewisburg	9:44 A.M
Freight & Accommodation	do	5:02 P M
Night Express	do	2:41 P M.

Church Consecration.—God willing, the New Beeshach Church will be consecrated on Sunday the 13th October. The service will commence on Saturday previous, at 10 o'clk, A.M. in the German language. Some ministers from a distance will be present on the occasion. Notwithstanding inclemency, and the christian community generally, are cordially invited to attend.

J. G. ANSPACH, } Pastors.
Sept. 6, 1861 C. H. LEINBACH, }

Hoofland's Balsamic Cordial has acquired a reputation that places it at the head of all pulmonary diseases. An advertisement will be found in another column.

UNION MARBLE WORKS,

AT RITTER'S OLD STAND, Market St., between 4th and 5th, **Lewisburg.**

Constantly on hand a general assortment of **Monuments, Tombs, Head and Foot Stones, Mantels, Bureau-Tops** and all other *MARBLE WORK*. We are prepared to do all kinds of Plain and Ornamental Work in the finest and latest styles. Persons in want of any article in our line, would do well by calling at our establishment before purchasing elsewhere. We are satisfied that we can give better work than can be done at any other establishment, and at better rates.

April 15, 1861 RITTER & LINDIG

University at Lewisburg.

FALL SESSION.

THE several Schools open on the morning of THURSDAY, Sept. 26th, and continue until the Holidays.

Tuition, in

CLASSICS—with all incidental charges		$10 00
THE ACADEMY— do		8 00 to 7 00
FEMALE INSTITUTE do		7,12 to 10 00

☞ For further information, inquiry may be made of any of the Teachers, or of

J. R. LOOMIS, President.

The Fall Session
OF THE
LEWISBURG ACADEMY

WILL commence on **Monday, 30th** Sept. 1861, to continue to the Holidays. The WINTER SESSION will commence January 2, 1862.

All the Classical, Mathematical and English Branches are taught.

YOUNG LADIES and GENTLEMEN desirous of qualifying themselves for Teaching, will find it to their advantage to enter this Institution.

The Bible is a Text Book.

TUITION—per session including contingent expenses.

PRIMARY—Reading, Writing, Spelling, Arithmetic, Geography and U. S. History	$5 00
ADVANCED ENGLISH—all of the above and	6 00
LANGUAGES	7 00

Tuition payable immediately upon the close of the session. ☞ *A deduction of 10 per ct will be made to those paying* IN ADVANCE. No other deductions except for protracted sickness.

J. RANDOLPH, Principal

Sept. 10, 1860

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

THE subscriber has received a stock of the new Postage Stamps, of various sizes, which he will EXCHANGE for the old Stamps, for six days from date—after which, the Law forbids my receiving them. Please inform your neighbors, and make a complete exchange. GEO. W. FORREST, P. M.

Lewisburg, Sept. 21, 1861.

TIMES BRIGHTENING!!

NEW STORE IN A NEW PLACE!

AND A

NEW HAND AT THE YARD-STICK!

D. FRANK. HURSH, having opened a DRY GOODS STORE, in CRISWELL'S NEW BUILDING, Market street, (nearly opposite the old Hayes stand,) will be happy to attend to the wants of all his friends who may be pleased to favor him with their custom.

He has now on hand a well-selected stock of everything which may classed under the general head of **Dry Goods.**

Lewisburg, Sept. 16, '61. D. F. HURSH.

Wanted!

20 JOURNEYMEN SHOEMAKERS immediately, for working on ARMY SHOES. Also

500 lbs heavy slaughter Sole Leather and

00 sides Upper, 5 to 7 lbs. to the side.

J. SCOTT & S. SLIFER

Lewisburg, July 12, 1861

To Teachers and Directors.

THE EXAMINATIONS of Teachers for Union county will be held at the following places, commencing at 9 o'clk each day.

East Buffaloe—Mt. Pleasant S H	Sept.	24
White Deer—New Columbia S H	do	25
Kelly—Reyer's S H	do	26
Buffaloe—Buffaloe X Roads S H	do	27
Hartley—Laurelton S H	do	30
Hartleton and Lewis—Hartleton S H	Oct.	1
West Buffaloe—Red Rank S H	do	2
Limestone—Swiger Run S H	do	3
New Berlin—New Berlin S H	do	5

Teachers will provide themselves with pens and paper. Directors will please attend, see and hear for themselves, save time and avoid trouble. D. HECKENDORN,

New Berlin, Aug 28. Co. Sup't

PENNSYLVANIA TROOP!

You are hereby ordered to meet at the house of Charles Crotzer, in the boro' of Mifflinburg, on SATURDAY, the 28th day of Sept. inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., for parade, &c. CHARLES RUHL, O. S.

Sept. 18, 1861.

NOTICE!

THE County Superintendent will be at the Rover School House, on the 28th Sept., for the purpose of examining Teachers and granting Certificates. The Directors will be present to engage **Five Male Teachers** for Kelly District, the ensuing Winter Term. Teachers to be paid according to grade of certificate. By order of the Board.

Sept. 18, '61. WM. P. DOUGAL, Sec.

CAUTION!

WHEREAS, my wife, CATHARINE MOYER, born Schrack, from Kelly township, Union county, has left me without any cause, therefore, I caution any person to lend her money or other articles on my name, as I am not willing to pay any debts she made.

WILLIAM MOYER.

Sept. 19, 1861. Hamburg, Berks Co., Pa.

FOR SALE.

THE Store-Room lately occupied by A. M. Lawshe. Inquire of

J. M. LINN.

Lewisburg, May 27, 1861.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD!

AS there are wicked boys or men who are injuring the property, and especially breaking the windows and shutters belonging to the Public School Building in the North Ward, Lewisburg, Five Dollars reward will be given to any person furnishing sufficient evidence to convict for said offence, as we are determined to prosecute, to the furthest extent of the law, any and all persons guilty of such conduct. By order of the Board.

WM. JONES, Sec'y.

FOR SALE!

A NEW **TOP BUGGEY**, latest style, cheap for Cash or upon time. Apply to

JOHN B. LINN, Lewisburg

General Election Proclamation.

WHEREAS, in and by an Act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An Act to regulate the general elections of the Commonwealth," enacted on the 2d day of July, 1839, it is enjoined on me to give public notice of such elections to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected, I, NINO. CROSSGROVE, High Sheriff of the county of Union, do therefore hereby make and give this public notice to the electors of the said county of Union, that a *GENERAL ELECTION* will be held on said county on the SECOND TUESDAY OF OCTOBER NEXT (being the 8th day of the said month,) at the several Districts composed of the following townships and boroughs, viz:

I district, at the late Commissioners' office in and for New Berlin borough.

II district, at the house of Thomas Pursel, in and for Union township.

III district, at the house of Theobald Sanders, in and for White Deer township.

IV district, at the house of James Lawson, in and for Kelly township.

V district, at the house of George Wolfe, in and for East Buffaloe township.

VI district, at the house of James M'Creight, in and for Buffaloe township.

VII district, at the house now occupied by Jacob Deckard, in Mifflinburg, for West Buffaloe township.

VIII district, at the public school house in and for North Ward in Lewisburg borough.

IX district, at the Buffaloe House, in and for South Ward in Lewisburg borough.

X district, at the house now occupied by Wm. Inboff, in and for Mifflinburg borough.

XI district, at the Laurelton School House, in and for Hartley township.

XII district, at the house of Peter Wehr, in and for Limestone township.

XIII district, at the election house near John Reech, in and for Lewis township.

XIV district, at the house of William Wolfe, in and for Hartleton borough.

XV district at the house of J. Hagenbuch, at Uniontown, in and for Brady township.

At which time and places there will be elected by ballot—

One Person as Senator for the 12th district composed of the counties of Union, Lycoming, Clinton and Center;

Two Persons as Representatives of Union, Snyder and Juniata counties in the General Assembly of this Commonwealth;

One Person for President Judge of the 20th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Union, Snyder and Mifflin;

One person for Associate Judge of Union county;

One Person as Sheriff of Union county;

One Person as County Commissioner;

One Person as County Treasurer;

One Person as County Coroner; and

One person as County Auditor.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

"That every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, or any state officer or agent, who is paid in whole or in part by the United States, or any city or incorporated district, or who shall be employed under the legislative, executive, or judiciary department of this State or of the United States, or of any incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge, or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the following Act of Assembly was passed by the general Assembly of this Commonwealth on the 20th of February, A. D. 1839, to wit:

"That by the 5th section of an act passed by the said General Assembly, on the 30th of April, 1839, entitled 'An Act relative to elections in Franklin county,' &c., it is provided 'That the Act passed the 11th of February, 1836, authorizing persons qualified to vote at elections in Adams and other counties, to vote by general ticket, be extended to Mifflin, Union, Crawford, Bedford, Monroe, Warren and Northumberland counties, in their relations to voting at the general elections.'

For the information of the electors of Union county, I publish the following, being the 4th section of the act of the General Assembly of the session of 1851, entitled "An Act to provide for the election of Judges of the several courts of this Commonwealth, and to regulate certain Judicial districts."

"SEC. 4. That the election for Judges shall be held and conducted in the several election districts, in the same manner and in all respects as elections for representatives now or shall be held and conducted, and by the same judges, inspectors and other officers; and the provisions of the act of the general assembly, entitled 'An Act relative to the elections of this Commonwealth,' approved the second day of July, 1839, and its several supplements and all other laws now or so far as the same shall be in force and applicable shall be deemed and taken to apply to the elections for Judges: Provided, That the officers of election shall vote for Judges of the Supreme Court on a separate piece of paper, and for all other Judges required to be learned in the law, on another separate piece of paper."

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid, than a white freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State, and removed theref