UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

At $1.50 per Year, always in Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1861.

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"CHRONICLE," established in 1843---Whole No., 903.

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY—
Tuesday Morning & Friday Afternoon.

☞ We issue our paper this (Monday) morning, in advance, to accommodate carriers and the public.

The Danville Telegraph Operator, upon inquiry at Philad. this morning, says there is no special War news.

RETURN OF THE "INFANTRY."—Saturday afternoon last, our town was again alive with a crowd anxious to welcome back the members of the Lewisburg Infantry. Of the 78 enrolled men, published in our paper of 17th May, not one has died—and only one (James Bell) is left behind under the best of care, but ill with fever at Washington. Four have been discharged on account of ill health. The dining was had at the Depot with speeches from the several bands, the ladies and Firemen, and then the right hand of the citizens to them, who, after a short rest, will be much superior actors in the cause whose success they have so much at heart.

There happened along, also, a tall, stout, intelligent, good-humored "contraband," whose master had run away from him. Those from a distance were provided with refreshments, while those at home were joyfully received—and their hands shaken almost to pieces—by their companions and families. "The boys" were apparently as well pleased with the re-union, as any one; they have formed new friendships, and mutual dangers and privations, which will endure for life—still, there is an enduring attraction in "HOME." The afternoon was exceedingly hot, and their escorts deserve a little of the "glory" as well as of the "dust."

In parting with Company G, Capt. Chamberlin gave notice that he should return to the service within a fortnight, when he should be glad to go with any or all of his late comrades. Numbers of the Company intend also to enlist FOR THE WAR. They now understand precisely the nature of their duties—how to select Officers—who has the true military spirit and turn—and hence, after a short rest, will be much superior actors in the cause whose success they have so much at heart.

☞ The troublous times will probably somewhat reduce the number of visitors at Lewisburg in (this) Commencement Week—but it will afford those in and near home a better chance to see and hear in comfort.

The Anniversary Sermons announced for yesterday were delivered according to appointment. Rev. A. K. Bell of Allegheny City, preached for the Methodist church and Rev. C. A. Fox of Abington, for the Baptist, in the morning.

This Monday afternoon, the Ladies' Class graduates. Lecture this evening, by Mr. Hewson.

Tomorrow afternoon, Rev. Dr. Shadrach and others will speak at the meeting of the Education Society.

The remaining exercises of Anniversary Week, we understand will proceed according to the Programme except that Mr. Henry will take the place of Mr. Clarkson at Alumni Post, while the Scientific Oration is likely to fail.

☞ Gen. Patterson states that the Rebel force at Winchester was double his own, of which a large part were three months' men about to return home. He fell back to Harper's Ferry, where Gen. Banks takes command. Our men from Cumberland are ordered to Harper's Ferry.

Fuller accounts from Manassas make but less less comparatively, while the Rebels only claim to have barely sustained the shock against them, and lost many more of best officers and men. Never was better fighting shown than by the assailing regiments from New England, New York, Wisconsin, and Michigan. Ohio, Pennsylvania and New Jersey were useful in checking the disorder of retreat, during which Lieut. Brisbin (Regular) of Bellefonte did good service, and was wounded.

Ten or twelve new additional regiments of infantry will be raised by Pennsylvania.

☞ Archibald Thomas declines the contest for Sheriff.....John M'Call is not a candidate for the Assembly.....Daniel Fullmer states that his age would prevent his attending to the duties of Auditor, if elected, and he therefore declines.

We are informed that hand bills are in circulation proposing Wm. C. Lawson Esq. of Milton as a candidate for President Judge of the Union district.

ALBANY, July 15.—Ex-President Van Buren was in town this morning. In conversation, he expressed the opinion that the War ought to be vigorously prosecuted until the full authority of the United States Government is re-established.

The Fourth Regiment.

The following order, handed to us by a reliable and gallant soldier, shows that the men were honorably discharged on Saturday, *the day preceding* the battle of Bull Run:

HEAD QUARTERS DIV'N N. E. VA.,
CENTREVILLE, July 20, 1861.

Special Orders No. 29.

1. The Fourth regiment Pennsylvania volunteers, having completed the period of its engagement, is hereby honorably discharged from the service of the United States.

The regiment will, under command of the Lieutenant Colonel, take up the march to-morrow for Alexandria, and on its arrival at that place, will report to Gen. Runyon, to be mustered out of the service.

II. Col. Hartranft, fourth regiment Pennsylvania volunteers, having offered his services, is assigned to duty on the staff of Col. Franklin, Commander of Brigade. By command of Gen. M'Dowell.

JAMES B. FRY, Ass't Adj't Gen.

Two of the Companies connected with this Regiment, have proposed to enlist for the war—and we understand that nearly all the Captains are preparing to enlist and organize companies for the same. And all these companies attached to the regiment are fully known, made up of men who can depend upon the men will be found to be a fact they *did not* run at the first fire of the enemy.—*Herald.*

☞ The other leading paper in Harrisburg—the *Patriot & Union*—also retracts the charge of cowardice against the 4th and 5th Volunteers, made by cowards or malicious writers for "secession" papers.

The Reprise of our Army.

The mortification of every true patriot in our country must have been swallowed by the reports of the reprise of our army, near Manassas, on Sunday, 21st inst. It was, indeed, very humiliating to the country, and demoralizing to the army. Notwithstanding the almost unparalleled bravery of our troops, our army was defeated. Why is this? may well be asked, by every friend of our institutions, and of our government.

From the position of the enemy, and the precipitancy of our army in the attack, nothing else than a defeat could have been expected. The advance of the army from the vicinity of Washington, no doubt, was reasonable and proper, but who, that has the least knowledge of the necessary reconnoitering for successful warfare, could have entertained the remotest idea that our army could so soon be prepared for making a successful attack on the enemy in their strong hold at Manassas, after so many reports of their numerous masked batteries, their strong position, and their numerical force? It is surprising that such a mistake should have been made.

But the main object of this communication, is to call attention to the fact that the attack was made on the *holy Sabbath*. I soberly and most devoutly believe in God as the Creator and Ruler of the Universe, in His providence, His justice, and the truth of His Word. We have been reminded that our cause is a *just* and *righteous* cause, and that we might trust in the God of battles for success. I concur with this opinion. I consider our cause not only a just and righteous one, but one earnestly connected with the purpose of God in the improvement and more permanent establishment of our union and government, for His own glory, and for the benefit of mankind in general. Nevertheless, I do most conscientiously believe that the institutions of our holy religion *must be respected* in time of war, and by our armies, as well as at any other time, and by all other persons. We are not heathens and *barbarians*—we are professed Christians and as such should at all times and under all circumstances adorn our profession. Have we not examples, in the history of battles and wars, that emperors and generals, together with their armies, fell upon their knees before battle, and most fervently implored for aid and success? And was it in vain? Let history answer. And was not the venerable Washington, the father of this once prosperous and happy country, seen on his knees in prayer to the Almighty for success in the great and glorious Revolutionary struggle?

Why, then, desecrate the Lord's day by attacking the enemy? A defence on the Sunday, if attacked, I would not decry, but an attack on that day, I consider very improper for a Christian country, should it even be successful, as has been the case of late. It may in some instances be considered going to the battle-field singing the enemy and taking advantage of him—but the old adage is, "Honesty is the best policy." At all events, honest respect for, and a faithful observance of, religion, is at all times the best policy. The observance and sanctification of the Christian Sabbath, is a duty devolving upon all Christians, at all times, and under all circumstances—labor of necessity, and works of charity, of course, always excepted. "*Remember the Sabbath day, to keep it holy,*" is an injunction of Him whose orders must be obeyed rather than man's.

May all the Christians of our beloved country continue praying for our nation, our government, and for our army, "that we may lead a quiet and peaceable life in all godliness and honesty," and may the God of peace speedily grant us that national peace, so ardently desired by all true Christians and lovers of peace and union!

W. W ORWIG.

New Berlin, July 24, 1861.

ARMY SUPPLIES.—Proposals will be received at Harrisburg up to the 2d prox. for a large supply of articles for the army, many of which could be furnished by the mechanics of our town. A list of the articles can be seen at this office.

☞ "*The Pennsylvania Reserve,*" referred to by T. C., is printed by the Towanda Company, of whom Capt. Trout, Sturrock, &c., we recognize as old Typos.

☞ The author of the following stirring poem is a daughter of Judge Ellis Lewis, and the wife of James H. Campbell, who is Representative in Congress from Northumberland and Schuylkill and serving as Major in the Schuylkill Volunteers:

From the Pennsylvania Fifth.

A SONG FOR THE TIME.

BY JESSIE R. C. CAMPBELL.

But yesterday, Mars' clarin alarms
Shook all the quiet of the land;
To-day, the citizen-men in arms
Upon a thousand mountains stand!
The sound of fifes is in our ears,
And rising from our very hearth,
In breathless rattle the alarum drums,
Spring questioned by the country's needs!

The sick cot turns him from the page
Whose promise of the brave are set,
And, to the spirit of the age,
Shakes his own shrunk grandsire yet.
The miner, with his sons, is up
Quick as the lamp and tool he drops;
From fold and vineyards of the West,
Come shepherd-soldiers, large and brown;
And artisans in workday rout
Move on through city to citizen.

The Swedes of the North to move
Join with their sires and with their sons;
Even from the mountain-chief
The Highland-blood coursing quickens not,
For loving, in the summer time
Behind we stay with reverend hands
The institutions of the free,
And marshal, in inspective bands,
To guard the nation's destiny.

[Correspondence of the Star & Chronicle.]

From Campbell's Flying Artillery.

CAMP CURTIN, July 25, 1861.

We are still in Harrisburg, under marching orders, not knowing what hour we may be off or where to—anticipating, however, to get to Washington soon. The news of the defeat of our army at Manassas, was received by the soldiers here, with deep feelings of regret. But the effect has been salutary. Instead of the ennui, impatience, and complaining of the many, and the frivolity and unconcern of others, occasioned by the seemingly useless waiting, we now see activity, anxiety, and eagerness, every one seeming to realize the importance of his position and the necessity of going to work in real earnest.

We have had stirring times during the week—the three months volunteers gathering here on their return, and the three years' men assembling to depart. It is impossible for one who had other duties to attend to, to record the movements of the various regiments. Among the last arrived here, of the Reserve, is Col. Mann's from Easton. It is now lying in a field adjoining Camp, and will undoubtedly leave to-day to join the great army now organizing on the banks of the Potomac. Most of the other Reserve regiments, have already gone.

The returning volunteers from Gen. Patterson's command, denounce him bitterly, calling him a traitor, and such like unenviable names. They say they were within two hours march of Gen. Johnston's camp, and could have taken him if permitted; and that every man was eager to march to the attack, Capt. Doubleday volunteering to lead and undertake the job on his own hook. Most of these men are re-enlisting for the war. The Pennsylvania Fifth, Col. M'Dowell, has been here for several days, waiting to be mustered out of service. The Fourth, is expected daily. Many very hastily have circulated their conduct. But no one should censure them without knowing their peculiar situation and difficulties. The nation was loud in its praise of these very men during the last three months, for their promptness and energy. They left home at a moment's notice, without inquiring how long they were to stay, what was to be their pay, or who was to lead them, fired alone by pure patriotism, untainted by self-interest, anxious to save the Capital threatened with immediate destruction. Leaving comfortable homes, anxious loved ones, business, and all without arrangement for a continued absence, they hurried away from Harrisburg the day succeeding the battle at Baltimore, expecting to fight their way through the very same day! Dare we call such men cowards? Mark the man who does it, and ten to one chances you will find him a mean, sneaking coward himself, who has not lifted a hand to aid our cause. Their presence in the battle could not possibly have turned its fortunes, and let us be charitable enough to withhold judgment until we hear and understand their case.

Ex-Sheriff Vandyke, who trained and delivered the fine war horse presented by Wm. Cameron, Esq., to his brother, Col. James Cameron, of the New York 79th, (Highlanders,) was here last evening. He reports that he parted with the Col. on the morning of the battle, and left him in high spirits, eager to lead his gallant men to conflict and to victory. Alas! he won his victory, and fell covered with glory, spared the mortification of the retreat of his comrades, and his name honored as a defender of his country. T. C. O.

FROM THE "SLIFER GUARDS."

(Correspondence of the Star & Chronicle.)

NEW CREEK, Va., July 19, 1861.

You will wonder why the 'Guards' have not reported themselves more regularly at your head-quarters; but, situated as we have been, marching from camp to camp with scarcely time enough to draw breath, it has been utterly impossible to attend to our correspondence. At Cumberland, we thought we were settled, and began to make ourselves comfortable, but the appearance of a lot of Secession troops up the river suddenly called us away, and by rail and otherwise we found ourselves at last on the "sacred soil" of Virginia, and at present hold forth at this place—a little village of about twenty houses, not including a shoe shop, several stables, and two weatherboard churches. The ride up the river from Cumberland, was an exciting one. For several weeks, ever since the burning of the bridge two miles below New Creek, no train had been run over the Baltimore & Ohio road above Cumberland; just hearing that the Union men in this section were being driven from their homes, their property taken, and their lives endangered, we soon had cars enough ready, and both Regiments, supported by a detachment of Campbell's artillery, with two twelve pounders, moved off one cloudy morning for New Creek. To ward off any attack that might be made, a number of the Home Guard of Cumberland with Sharpe's rifles, were stationed on the locomotive, our guns all loaded and loop holes made in the cars by knocking boards off the sides. Thus prepared, we moved cautiously towards the burnt bridge, and when we had arrived within two miles of it, two companies of scouts were sent out in advance to cut off the retreat of any parties that might be picked in the unpublished. Possibly enough, some of the "Bucktails," as also some of our own regiment, discharged their pieces from the cars at trees and other objects, thus giving the enemy timely warning. A party of us who were walking ahead of the trains, detected five or six of the enemy's scouts turning the point of a hill, on their way to a ford, their horses at full speed. Had it not been for the firing, these, together with some others, would have been cut off by our scouts. Arrived at the bridge, we could go no further, owing to the want of baggage wagons, and had to encamp on a bottom land to the right of the railroad.

Here we lay several days, when news reached us that the enemy were in large force at Romney, threatening Col. Kane and an Ohio regiment that had gone on to that place. We were immediately put in readiness for marching again, and, about 3 o'clock of the 16th, both regiments moved out, leaving two companies to protect the camp, the tents being allowed to stand. At the bridge, it took a long time to carry the camp utensils and stores across to the cars, and a queer enough sight it was. Laying down muskets and knapsacks, and rolling up sleeves and trowsers, the soldiers went to work, took boxes and barrels on their shoulders, and wading cheerfully through the stream, toiled up the opposite bank, and deposited them on the train. At last, the work was finished, and the train proceeded to New Creek, whence we made a forced march of ten or twelve miles over the hills towards Romney, halting but once on the way, and then but for a moment. Shortly after passing the village of Ridgeville, four shots were heard at the head of our column, fired by a picket-guard who immediately took to their heels. Thinking we had fallen in with a force of the enemy, our Colonels ordered us forward on the "double-quick," and, in the expectation of a fight our men seemed to forget their fatigue, and hurried forward as if fresh from their tents. It turned out that Col. Kane was quartered with a couple of companies immediately ahead, and the shots came from his men, thus spoiling our hopes of a brush. After lying one night along the road, and learning that we were not needed, we started on the return, and, arriving at New Creek, took quarters in a new shoe factory and in the cars, where we still remain, waiting for orders.

Scouting parties are out all the time, but, not being able to carry more than two days provisions, they cannot penetrate far enough to find any formidable body of Secessionists. Capt. Trout's company are now lying at Piedmont, a few miles west along the railroad, where they have had several little skirmishes with the enemy, losing three or four. A couple of printers in this company yesterday published a paper called the "*Pennsylvania Reserve.*"

About a week back, Col. Kane had a fight at this place, in which several secessionists were killed—among others a first lieutenant, who lies buried near by. None of Kane's men were injured, but the night before, one of his guides—a man by the name of Kelly, from Cumberland—was killed by a sabre stroke while sleeping on a railroad platform opposite the hotel where I am writing. This sword was taken, the next night, from the body of one of the killed, and is still stained from hilt to point with blood.

The Union men in this neighborhood are very much afraid that we are going to leave. From what I have seen of them, I doubt the honesty of their sentiments. Being in the majority in this section, had they shown any spirit at all, they could easily have saved the beautiful bridge two miles below, and put a stop to the ravages of the Secessionists.

But I must close, asking you to excuse this hasty scratch. When we will get into a fray, or when we will have a chance of re-visiting our homes, are questions that I can not answer. But, whenever we may be, and however protracted our absence, most of us will have old Lewisburg in pleasant recollection, and cherish fondly the memory of the thousand and one friends we have left behind us there.

Yours truly, T. C.

Died,

In Lewisburg, 29th inst., AUGUSTUS W. son of S. D. and Lydia Munson, in the 8th year.

PRIMARY ELECTIONS.

The Republicans of Union county, and all those who sustain the National Administration in its efforts to suppress treason and rebellion, and to maintain the Constitution and the Union as our fathers bequeathed them to us, are hereby invited to meet at their usual places of holding Elections, on SATURDAY the 3d day of August 1861, between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock, in the afternoon—and, after choosing a Judge, Inspectors and Clerk or Clerks if desired, proceed to vote, BY BALLOT, for

One candidate for President Judge,
One candidate for Senator,
One candidate for Assembly,
One candidate for Sheriff,
One candidate for Associate Judge,
One candidate for Treasurer,
One candidate for Commissioner,
One candidate for Auditor,
One candidate for Coroner, and
One person for Return Judge of the district in which the voter resides.

The ballots to be opened as soon as the hour for closing has arrived, read aloud, and the true returns, certified by the Judge and Clerks, to be given to the Judge so chosen. The Return Judges to meet in the Court House at Lewisburg, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of MONDAY, August 5th, 1861, then and there to correctly return, and up and publish the number of votes cast for each candidate for each office, and those having the highest number of votes for each office respectively to be declared the nominees of the party. The Judges also to provide for the choice of Conferees, and appoint a Standing Committee.

Resolved, That the members of the Committee, in their respective districts, attend to having the election opened and closed according to the call. Michael Brown, Chairman.

I. F. Allwright,	Scott Clingan,
James M'Creight,	Edward Smith,
Dr. Wm. Leiser,	John B. Linn,
John Hayes,	Jacob Spigelmyer,
Wm. Wilson,	R. V. B. Lincoln,
Daniel Reber,	Charles Cawley,
Daniel Follmer,	F. Smith,

Standing Committee.

State Teachers' Association, Lewisburg.

MESSRS. RANDOLPH, JONES, LEISER and WM. JONES are a Local Committee of Arrangements for the extended organization whose annual meeting is noted below.

They authorize us to say that the Female Teachers, Members of the Association, will be boarded gratuitously. Immediately on arriving they are requested to call at the session room of the Presbyterian church, where they will be conducted to places of entertainment.

Boarding for Male Teachers will be afforded at WEISENBARGER'S *American Hotel*, at COX'S *Mt. Vernon House*, at GUELICH'S *Buffalo House*, and at CROWER'S *Union House*, for 75 cents, and at HAUPEL'S *Revere House* for $1, per day.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

The next annual meeting of this Association will be held at Lewisburg, Union county, on the 6th, 7th and 8th of August, 1861—Tuesday to Thursday—in the University Hall.

Although a complete programme can not be published at present, it seems desirable that the subjects should be published as early as possible, so that the teachers throughout the State may prepare for them.

SUBJECTS FOR DISCUSSION.

1. What degree of scholarship should entitle a teacher to a professional certificate.
2. Should pupils who attend school six hours a day be required to study at home.
3. Best methods of conducting Teachers' Institutes.
4. Best methods of teaching Composition and Declamation.

Reports are not to exceed fifteen minutes in length, and will be in order for discussion immediately after they are read.

REPORTS.

1. Organ of the Association. J.W. Dickerson, chairman of committee.
2. Ought candidates for County Superintendent to be examined? by W. V. Davis.
3. True Order of Development, by Lucius Osgood.
4. Professional Reading of Teachers, by Jos. Wilson of Norristown.
5. Annual Report of Executive Committee.

A Poem will be read by Miss Lydia Carner, of Athens, Bradford county—and an Essay by Miss M. A. Walton, of Chester county.

Addresses will be delivered—by the President, Mr. Burtt of Allegheny, Prof. Curtis of Lewisburg, and Rev. F. S. Colt of Pottsville.

Arrangements will be made, with all the principal Railroads, to convey teachers at reduced rates. J. P. SHERMAN, Chairman
Pottsville, April 16. Exec. Com.

University at Lewisburg.

Commencement Week—1861.

July 28—Sunday *Afternoon*—Sermon before the Society for Inquiry, by Rev T. J. Fraser, Mansfield, O.
Evening—Sermon before the Pa. Rep. Ed. Soc. by Rev. Jas. Stevenson, Pittsburg.

July 29—Monday *Afternoon*—Anniversary Exercises of the Female Institute.
Evening—Lecture, by Rev P. S. Hewson, Philad.

July 30—Tuesday *Morning*—Board of Trustees and Board of Curators meet.
Meeting of the Education Society.
Evening—Anniversary of the Alumni of the University—Oration by Gen. Geo. A. Frank, New York
Poem by Tr. F. C. Clarke, Philad.

July 31—Wednesday *Morning*—Anniversary Exercises of the Theological Department.
Evening—Anniversary of Literary Societies—Oration by Wm. A. Stokes, Esq., Gettysburg.
Poem by Chas. Townsend, Esq., Brooklyn, N.Y.

Aug 1—Thursday—COMMENCEMENT.

Lewisburg Market.

Corrected Weekly

Wheat	$ 95 to 100	Eggs.....	$ 10
Rye.....	45	Tallow.....	10
Corn new.....	40	Lard.....	10
Oats.....	22	Ham.....	12
Flaxseed.....	1,12	Shoulder & Side...	8 & 9
Dried Apples.	1,50	Cloverseed	$4,00
Firkin Butter	10	Potatoes.....	75
Fresh Butter...	10	Country Soap	4 & 6

Time-Table---Lewisburg R.R. Station.

MOVING NORTH.

Freight & Accom'n passes Lewisburg		9:00 A M
Mail Train	do	4:15 P M
Night Express	do	11:30 P M

MOVING SOUTH.

Night Express passes Lewisburg		9:50 P M
Express (*mail*)	do	10:5 A M
Freight & Accommodation	do	4:00 P M

MRS. DeNORMANDIE tenders her compliments to those of her friends who have forgotten to return borrowed dishes, &c.

Nota Bena!

WE have just received from Philadelphia and New York, a very large and well selected stock of

SUMMER GOODS,

which we offer at very reduced prices. We have paid particular attention in the selection of this stock of Goods—a very large assortment of **DRY GOODS** of every description. Purchasers will find it their advantage to give us a call—as in prices we defy any of our neighboring towns for competition. We have also replenished our stock of **Groceries, Hardware, Queensware,** &c.

SALT, FISH, COAL, PLASTER, &c.

always kept on hand.

☞ *COUNTRY PRODUCE* taken in Exchange for Goods as usual.

N. B. Cash paid for all kinds of **Grain.**

JNO WALLS & CO.

Lewisburg, July 3, 1861.

Attention, Musicians!

A large assortment of Violins, Guitars, &c., of all kinds—also Violin, Guitar, and Banjo Strings, Bridges, Pegs, &c., and the best Violin Rosin—call at the Post Office and examine.

G W FORREST

WM. VANGEZER A. H. DILL

VANGEZER & DILL,
Attorneys at Law,
Lewisburg, Union Co. Pa.

Office in South Second St. formerly occupied by James B Hamlin Esq. deceased

Lewisburg, April 6, 1861

FOUND—A bunch of KEYS—left for the owner at the Chronicle Office, Lewisburg.

Primary Election, Sat. Aug. 3

President Judge.

MESSRS. EDITORS—As it is understood that GEORGE F. MILLER, Esq. has peremptorily declined being a candidate for the President Judgeship of this Judicial District, I would recommend JAMES F. LINN Esq. (the Senior Member of the Bar of this county) for that Office. Mr. Linn's long experience in the profession, his legal ability and his undoubted integrity, render him admirably qualified for that position. Mifflin county has had the Judge for nearly twenty years, and it is high time for Union county to have its turn when she presents a candidate not surpassed in professional knowledge by any gentleman in the District. The interests of the tax-payers of this county demand a resident Law Judge, and Snyder county presents no candidate.

July 22. A MEMBER OF THE BAR.

Associate Judge.

Fellow Citizens of Union county—I am a candidate for re-election to the office of Associate Judge—subject to the selection of the Union Convention of Aug 3d. If nominated and elected, I will endeavor to serve with impartiality and fidelity.

JOHN W. SIMONTON

To the Voters of the 3d of August—Gentlemen: The upper end of Union county claim to have one Associate Judge. We therefore propose and recommend ROBERT CANDOR Esq. a man of integrity, who would discharge the duties of said office to the extent of his abilities. Subject to the choice of primary election. UPPER END

Messrs. Editors—The time is approaching when we are to make choice of a person to fill the office of Associate Judge. I know of no one better qualified for that position than the Hon JAMES MARSHALL, of White Deer. He served us in that capacity one term to his credit and to the honor of the county. I would therefore cheerfully recommend him to the consideration of the voters.

June 11. A VOTER OF WEST BUFFALO.

Voters of Union county.—I offer myself as a candidate for the Office of Associate Judge at the coming Election in October—subject to the decision of a majority of the votes polled at the Republican conventions on 3d August next. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of said office to the extent of my abilities.

Kelly Tp, May 28, 1861 JAMES SHIELDS.

Senate.

Please recommend JOHNSON WALLS of Lewisburg as a gentleman fit and competent for the station of State Senator at the coming election—subject to the choice of the people on the 3d of Aug. WHITE DEER

☞ Allow us to recommend to the Voters of our District, the name of SAMUEL W. M'DANIEL, late member of the Lewisburg Infantry, and Chaplain of the 5th Pa. Reg., as a suitable person to fill the Office of SENATOR. He is well known as a speaker, a trainer, a patriot, and an honest man, and we ask all who wish such a man to serve us, to support him as he is amply competent for the post.

FRIENDS TO THE UNION.

For State Senator, it is admitted that Union county has as good a claim, if not the best, of any county in the District. Consulting with some of our neighbors on the subject, and in full view of the necessity of STERLING HONESTY AND GOOD SENSE in these troublous times, we have agreed that no man in our county is more truly trustworthy than ROBERT H. LAIRD, for that station. Having labored from his youth up as a farmer, and yet being a well-read business man, and having been entrusted with many duties which he has most honorably discharged, we know of no man to whom the masses of our people—all who know him—would more implicitly entrust. He is no office seeker, but that is no objection. We present his name before the Freemen of Union county. Propose him to your neighbors, and, if your opinion is the same as ours, give him your vote.

MANY FRIENDS.

Assembly.

☞ The disposition thus far seems to be to put upon our ticket this fall the strongest and best men. This is as it should always be. Beside the general reputation our Legislature should have for upright and intelligent men, it is often of advantage to the business interests of the Districts to be represented by able and vigilant members. We therefore recommend R. V. B. LINCOLN Esq. of Hartley Tp for Assembly. His character as a citizen, and qualifications as a man of business, are well known throughout the county, and no one doubts but that he is able to represent the District creditably. MANY REPUBLICANS.

To the Editors of Star & Chronicle.—Permit us through your paper to recommend Mr JOHN SMITH of Hartley township as a suitable person to represent this District in the Assembly. Mr. Smith is not an office-seeker, but being urged by many of his neighbors and friends consents to be a candidate, and if nominated and elected will make an efficient Member. Being a practical farmer, and a man of stern integrity, we cheerfully recommend him to the consideration of the voters as a proper selection for the 3d of August convention.

HARTLEY AND HARTLETON.

To the Voters of Union County. I am a candidate for the Assembly—subject to your choice at the Primary Election, 3d Aug. If nominated and elected, I will endeavor to discharge my duty with vigilance and fidelity to all concerned. JESSE BEAVER

Union Tp, July 11, 1861

GEO. W. CHAMBERS, of Limestone Tp. is respectfully recommend to the people of this District, as one Member of the Assembly at the next election—subject to the decision of the 3d Aug. EAST BUFFALO

Mr. Editor—Permit us through your paper to recommend JACOB M. MOYER, of Kelly Tp. (now among the Penn'a Volunteers at Washington) as a very suitable candidate for Representative. Mr. Moyer is a self-made man, and has always taken an active part in the Republican party. MANY VOTERS

Sheriff.

Fellow Citizens! At the request of many of my friends, I hereby offer myself as a candidate for the Office of Sheriff—subject to the decision of the Republican convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge my honor to discharge the duties of said office with credit to myself and the public in general.

New Berlin, May 27, 1861 CHA'S R. ANTES.

To the Electors of Union county—Friends and fellow citizens: I offer myself to your consideration for the office of Sheriff of Union county—subject to the decision of the preliminary election, 3d Aug. Should I be elected, I pledge myself to perform the duties of the office to the best of my abilities.

New Berlin, June 18. MICHAEL ECKENER

To the Voters of Union county. I am a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF of this county, subject to the selection of the Republican Union meetings. If nominated and elected, I will do my best to discharge the duties of the office with kindness, impartiality and fidelity. MAHLON BREYMAN

Mifflinburg, June 11, 1861

To the Voters of Union county—I respectfully offer myself as a candidate for Sheriff—subject to the decision of the Republican Convention of the 3d of August next.

D. D. GULDIN

MR. EDITOR: Permit us thro' the columns of your paper to recommend A. M. LAWSHE of Lewisburg as a suitable candidate for Sheriff. Mr Lawshe is one of the working men of the party, and if he should be fixed upon as our candidate he would undoubtedly be elected and would make a faithful Officer.

6m892 MANY REPUBLICANS.

☞ By request of many friends, THOMAS CHURCH, of Hartley township, will be a candidate for SHERIFF of Union county at the coming Election, subject to the decision of the Republican Union nominations. May 28

Elisha Straub, of Lewisburg, will be a candidate for SHERIFF at the coming election, subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Election.—May 15, 1861.

TO the Voters of Union County: Encouraged by the advice of many friends, I am a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF of the county, subject to the choice of the Nominating Election of the 3d of August next.

L. F. ALBRIGHT

White Deer Tp, May 22, 1861 pd

To the People of Union County. I am a candidate for the office of Sheriff of this county, subject to the decision of the Republican Union nominations on the 3d of August next.

Kelly Tp, May 28, 1861. J. W. KAUFMAN.

Fellow Citizens—I offer myself as a Union candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the Union County Convention. If I am nominated and elected I will discharge the duties of the office faithfully and with the best of my ability. Yours truly, G. J. ROHLAND.

May 27, 1861.

Fellow Citizens—I take this method to offer myself as a candidate for the office of *Sheriff*, at the next election—subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. If I am nominated and elected, I pledge myself to fulfil the duties of the office faithfully and to the best of my ability. WEIDLER ROLAND.

Buffalo Tp, June 8, 1861

Commissioner.

Fellow Citizens of Union County.—I am a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the selection of the people on the 3d of August—and if elected will perform the duties of the Office to the best of my ability, and with fidelity.

May 28, 1861. GEORGE SCHOCH.

Messrs. Editors—Permit me, without disparagement to any of the other worthy persons named, to bring before the public JOHN NESBIT, of Lewisburg, for the office of County Commissioner. His well-established business habits, and general character, is a sufficient guarantee for the faithful performance of the duties of the office.

June 3, 1861. MANY FRIENDS.

To the Voters of Union County—As it is a long time since our Township has had any important county officer, and as we think we have as good and deserving tax-payers as any other part, and as the important office of Commissioner belongs to our quarter this year, we recommend Mr MICHAEL BROWN as a fellow citizen, every way fit and worthy of that office, and we ask you to elect him if nominated on the 3d Aug. EAST BUFFALO.

Messrs. Editors—Permit us to recommend JESSE M WALTER of Dry Valley as a man eminently qualified for County Commissioner. Mr W. is a man of strict integrity, an excellent business man, and of the right "stripe." For the noble vote given by Union township last fall, let us give her the Commissioner in the person of her worthy son, J. M. Walter.

May 28, 1861 MANY VOTERS.

Voters and Fellow Citizens of Union County: I offer myself as a candidate for County Commissioner, for re-election, (subject to the Republican Convention.) If you nominate and elect me, I shall try to attend to the office with credit to myself and Constituents.

Kelly Tp, May 22, '61. JAMES PROSS.

Treasurer.

To the Voters of Union county, 3d Aug.—I respectfully submit my name for *Treasurer* of the county, and if successful will be thankful to you and faithful to the trust.

JOHN A. MERTZ.

The undersigned will be a candidate for COUNTY TREASURER at the coming Election, subject to the Republican Union Convention. May 21 PETER HURSH

☞ For the Office of Coroner, a Physician is the proper man—and we therefore propose Dr. WM. LEISER of Lewisburg as a suitable and worthy candidate. KELLY.

Independent Candidates.

SHERIFF.—To the Electors of Union county: At the request of many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff. Should I be fortunate enough to be elected, I pledge myself to perform the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity.

Lewisburg, June 26, 1861 C. D. COL.

To the Independent Voters of Union county: At the solicitation of a number of my friends, irrespective of party, I offer myself as an *Independent Candidate* for the office of Sheriff of Union county; promising, if elected, to discharge the duties of the office faithfully, and to the best of my ability.

Lewisburg, June 11, 1861. CHARLES F. REED.