UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

At $1.50 per Year, always in Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., TUESDAY, JULY 16 1861.

"THE UNION," established in 1814---Whole No., 2,480.

"CHRONICLE," established in 1843---Whole No., 901.

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY—
Tuesday Morning & Friday Afternoon.

☞ Some legal advertisements received at a late hour yesterday, have kept back our paper half a day.

☞ M'Clellan has telegraphed for the Penn'a Reserves at Cumberland to pass to West Maryland. The Guards received some if not all that was forwarded them.

☞ Later news from camp Hale represent the two men who were sick in the Lewisburg Infantry, as recovering. The "Capt Chamberlin's Company" in which a death occurred, was one in a New York state regiment.

Friday last, the 5th Penn'a Regiment was left in guard at Fort Ellsworth and its vicinity, whilst the 69th and other troops marched—a magnificent sight—past them and on, as it was supposed, to make the Rebels fight or run at Manassas Junction.

☞ The Harrisburg Telegraph states that a War Horse, unsurpassed in his fine appearance, has arrived in that place, on his way to Washington. It is a present from Wm. Cameron, Esq., of Lewisburg, to his brother, Col. James Cameron, of the Highland Regiment of New York State. The strong, gentle horse, was purchased from Mr. Blair, near Washingtonville, Pa.

☞ We are glad to learn that Thos. G. Owens of Union county, is elected a 2d Lieut. of Company B, (Capt Lewis,) in Campbell's artillery. No man in the region devoted more time and labor in raising Volunteers, than did Mr. Owens; he deserves the honor, and we trust will prove worthy of it. His correspondence no doubt will continue interesting.

The 5th Reg't, Penn'a Reserves.

Colonel—Seneca Simmons, late of U. S. Army
Lieut Col—Jos. M. Fisher, of Lancaster Co.
Major—George Hess, of Huntingdon Co.
Adjutant—A. Jocelyn Mason, of Bradford Co.
Sergeant Major—S. Miller Burns, of Milton

COMPANIES AND CAPTAINS.

A——H C Ullman, Jersey Shore.
B——James Taggart, Northumberland
C——[illegible], Clearfield
D——Thomas Chamberlin, Lewisburg
E——Irvin Gregg, Centre Co
F——A Jackson Trout, Towanda
G——A S Harrison, Huntingdon
H——John M'Cleery, Milton
I——F Zentmyer, Huntingdon
K——A D Collins, Columbia

☞ Four intervening named gentlemen are proposed for office by the supporters of the [illegible] in Snyder county:

[illegible]—Geo. F Miller, Sam'l S Woods
[illegible]—D Wintmer, H K Reiter, S Allemang
[illegible]—Jac P Bogar, Hy S Boyer.
Sheriff—Jno Sieber, Fet P Haas, Hy A Boltz, Jn S Hassinger, Thos Thomas, Jn Boemer, [illegible] Smith, Jn Hillish
Treasurer—Jno Hehn, Peter P Mertz, Jac [illegible]
Reg'g Wills—John Horn, And J Peters.
Commissioner—Geo. Becker, Jo Beaver, Fr Rathfon.
Surveyor—Aaron S Gill

Delegate Elections—Saturday, 6th Aug.

☞ The following gentlemen are before the [illegible] Union county for office at the Nominating Election on Saturday, 3d August:

President Judge—George P Miller
Legislature—John W Simonton, James [illegible], James Smith, Robert Gardner.
Associate Judges—John Wagner, Thomas Reid.
Treasurer—Daniel Weimer, Jacob M Meyer.
Prothonotary—Charles C Shamberg, George W Chamberlin, Jno A Linn, Jr.
Register & Recorder—John Smith.
Sheriff—J F A Orbig, Elisha Stroble, A M Wagner, Thomas Chamberlin, Geo J Richland, J W Eastman, Michael Boockhover, Archibald Hoag, Matthew Bowman, D D Gutelius, Chas Young, Wm Fuller Reitzel.
Commissioner—John Neubit, James Pence, George Schoch, Michael Brown, Jesse M Reed.
Auditor—John A Mertz, Peter Hursh
Coroner—Daniel Fullmer

Independent Candidate for Sheriff—Charles Young, C D Cox.

☞ Amos Zuppinger, of the Company of Capt M'Clure, of Danville, was shot in the eye, and fell dead, at the late fight near Martinsburg, Va. He was the first of the North Branch to fall from the fire of the Rebels.

At the same engagement, a large part of a Center county company, commanded by Capt. Hess, from "the Lodge," mistook a troop of Rebel cavalry for Unionists and were captured and taken away before they knew their error, by the enemy.

A young man named Mooney, from the Susquehanna Company, was shot on the Maryland line by a Virginia rebel—the first martyr of old Northumberland in the present War for Liberty and Union.

H C Strohecker, from White Deer Hole Valley, while in camp at Cumberland, was [illegible] Saturday, and [illegible] He [illegible] was taken to his bereaved parents, Sergeant Tate, Monday. This is the first [illegible] among the Pollock Guards.

☞ We see some of the Secession papers are publishing a pretended extract from an old speech of Abraham Lincoln, and claim that *the President is a Secessionist*. Whether the "extract" is or is not as false and as garbled as many others published against him, we know not. But if Lincoln is a Secessionist, why do the Secessionists all hate and denounce him as they do? We expect to see, next, that Lee and Beauregard are good, pure, patriot Unionists, fighting those rascally, traitorous, old Disunionists, Scott and Lincoln!

☞ The receipts of gold by Express from Washington indicate that "the Lewisburg Infantry Boys" have received their pay, and some of them at least have craved leave to send home.

☞ Alfred L. Hough, is appointed a Captain in 14th Infantry, regular army.

WELCOME BACK!—On Saturday, 20th inst., three months will have elapsed since the *Lewisburg Infantry* were mustered into service; and, unless urgently needed, (the Reserve Corps, probably, will supply all wants,) they will, doubtless, mostly come home. Our people will extend to them as cordial good wishes as when they left. Many of the three-months' men, we learn, propose to again enter the service. They started off, before, in much hurry—were unacquainted with their duties—and chose officers pretty much in the dark. Now, they can better arrange all their affairs—can know exactly what is required of them, and judge of their fitness—and can make better selections and preparations than before. They are willing, next, to enter for THE WAR.

Other Companies, partly or wholly organized, started before ours—but, as far as we know, the Lewisburg Infantry was the *first entirely new* Company to enlist, and the first of all from the West Branch to start for the scene of warfare. These facts are to their everlasting credit. And they started—in full view and expectation of the duty *to fight their way through Baltimore*"—on the very day (19th April) of the Massacre of Massachusetts men at Lexington and at Baltimore. They knew not whether any Companies would follow them. They took, emphatically, "their lives in their hands." Their Regiment became "path finders" for others. Incalculable sure and little valued labors, they rendered great service to succeeding Regiments, which started with superior advantages in every respect. The worst of the uniforms, and part of the hardest provisions, happened to come to our Regiment. But they have borne all—for the love of country—nobly, patriotically. In arduous work of all kinds, and in more leisure camp life, they have proved themselves true men. In the hour of danger, they have shown genuine pluck. We trust they have not soiled their individual reputations, nor tarnished the name of an American Volunteer. Very few have wasted with disease, and none been smitten by death, while the change of life and of muscular exertion has been even beneficial to the health of many.

Should their arrival be known in season, we think our people will give them a most joyous, unanimous welcome, in a throng of thousands.

RIGHT—RIGHT!—Chas. H. Van Wyck, a Member of Congress from New York State (who has been serving as a Private in a Volunteer Company from that State) has introduced a Reform Bill into Congress, for the Reduction of U. S. Salaries from 20 to 50 per cent.—raising the pay of Privates in the Army to $15 per month—requiring Chaplains to act as Postmasters for Regiments, and to have the power to frank letters from Soldiers and Officers.

These extensions of compensation to the privates, upon whom falls the bulk of the labors of war, and who share but few of the honors, are both just and expedient.

And the reducing of the Salaries of officers is also proper and equitable. Office-holders should be made to bear this just share of the burdens of war. Reducing salaries would also reduce competition, and also as we believe tend to stop corruption and to bring better men into public stations. High payments for official labors tend directly to appeal to the cupidity and avarice of aspirants, instead of their love of honor and the public good.

Courts for Union and Snyder Counties.—Formerly, our regular Courts were appointed for a certain Monday *after* some *other* Court—a mode which often confused in fixing and remembering the times. An Act of 21st March last fixes the times definitely and independently, as follows:

"That, hereafter, the regular terms of the courts of Union county shall commence on the *third Monday of February, May, September and December*, and the Snyder county courts shall commence the Monday following, except the December term, which shall be the week preceding the Union county court."

PENN'A SPEAKERS, H. R.—The *first* Speaker of the House at Washington, was the venerable FREDERICK A. MUHLENBURG, of Pennsylvania. Since that time, Pennsylvania has not filled the Speaker's chair, until, on the 4th July, 1861, GALUSHA A. GROW, of Susquehanna county, was elected—an honor well bestowed, as acknowledged on all hands.

☞ Three or four splendidly equipped Regiments from New York State passed down the West Branch last week, and were well fed at Williamsport, by its citizens, and in one case by those of Montoursville. The people in Williamsport are winning much and wide fame for these repeated proofs of genuine and timely hospitality.

☞ Col. Rickett's Regiment (with Capt. Roush's Company) left Harrisburg, Friday morning, for Chambersburg at present.

Sunday week, the new grain Depot at Dewart (opposite Uniontown) just erected by John M'Farland, was burned down—supposed to have been fired by some boys smoking in the building.

R. H. Duncan is appointed Post Master at Spring Mills, Center Co.

The Lewisburg Infantry—Views of the Soldiers.

EDITOR of the 5th Reg. Penn. V. I. in a private letter has a friend in Lewisburg written as follows:

ALEXANDRIA, Va., July 2.

Our Lewisburg Infantry, are, as a whole, quite healthy. They are the very best Company in the Regiment in point of behavior and appearance, and not behind any in drill, and there is in my mind no question that if called upon to face the death-dealing weapons of an enemy they would respond bravely.

We of course know nothing, or very little, of the plans of the Commander-in-Chief. Military movements are, and should be, secretly conducted. We may make a very shrewd guess and happen to hit the truth, but we get our orders to march without knowing just where our destination is to be. So I might write a lengthy letter, and say that this, that, or the other, is to be done, but after all it would be only conjecture. The Administration seems to be determined to be known only by its deeds. Our time, as a Regiment, will expire on Saturday, July 20: many of the men will re-enlist for the war, but they will all first go home.

It is a sight to be seen but once in a life time, to behold legions of Union soldiers constantly pouring into Washington. Men in uniform from Maine and Minnesota, New York and Delaware, Pennsylvania and Ohio, Wisconsin and Connecticut, Vermont and New Jersey, indeed from all the Loyal States, are representatives of the patriotic impulses that thrilled the great heart of the Union when our Flag was struck at Sumter!

And this movement will take nothing by way of satisfaction, short of a complete submission on the part of the Rebels to the constituted authorities of the U. S. Government. The men here in arms to support the Government, are not to be trifled with, and no Compromise yielding our rights will be submitted to by them. The day for Compromises has most certainly passed, and I hope it will never return. If our position is right, we ought not to compromise it away, but hold to it unflinchingly—if we are wrong, we should yield our ground and try to get right. But the idea of trying to blend what God has declared should never unite, is a blunder—a crime. It is Freedom or Oppression—Liberty or Slavery. We must choose which. They can not coexist. One or the other *must* and *will* go under in this struggle. I think it will be Slavery—and let it go!

State Teachers' Association, Lewisburg.

Messrs. RANDOLPH, JAMES, JOSEPH and WM. JONES are a Local Committee of Arrangements for the extended organization whose annual meeting is noted below.

They authorize us to say that the Female Teachers, Members of the Association, will be boarded gratuitously. Immediately on arriving they are requested to call at the session room of the Presbyterian church, where they will be directed to places of entertainment.

Boarding for Male Teachers will be afforded at WEISSMAN'S *American Hotel*, at COX'S *Mt. Vernon House*, at GEARY'S *Buffalo House*, and at CAMPBELL'S *Union House*, for 75 cents, and at HAYES'S *Revere House* for $1, per day.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

The next annual meeting of this Association will be held at Lewisburg, Union county, on the 6th, 7th and 8th of August, 1861—Tuesday to Thursday—in the University Hall.

While such a complete programme can not be published at present, it seems desirable that the subjects should be published as early as possible, so that the teachers throughout the State may prepare for them.

SUBJECTS FOR DISCUSSION.

1. What degree of scholarship should entitle a teacher to a professional certificate.
2. Should pupils who attend school six hours a day be required to study at home.
3. Best methods of conducting Teachers' Institutes.
4. Best methods of teaching Composition and Declamation.

Reports are not to exceed fifteen minutes in length, and will be in order for discussion immediately after they are read.

REPORTS.

1. Organ of the Association. J. W. Dorkey, chairman of committee.
2. Ought candidates for County Superintendent to be examined? by W. V. Davis.
3. True Order of Development, by Lucius Osgood.
4. Professional Reading of Teachers.
5. Annual Report of Executive Committee.

A Poem will be read by Miss Lydia Carver, of Athens, Bradford county.

Addresses will be delivered—by the President, Mr. Barr, of Allegheny, Prof. Cairns of Lewisburg, &c.

Arrangements will be made, with all the principal Railroads, to convey teachers at reduced rates. I. P. SHARMAN, Chairman

Pottsville, April 16, 1861. EXEC. COM.

A special dispatch to the Harrisburg *Telegraph* states that on Friday a suspicious looking character was seen by one of M'Mullen's Rangers to cross to the Maryland side. The Ranger arrested him, and finding important letters upon his person, addressed to a lawyer of Hagerstown, conducted him to a place of safe keeping. He was then divested of his clothing, and the garments being donned by his captor, the latter called upon the lawyer, representing himself as the genuine bearer of despatches. The lawyer fell into the trap, and divulged important matters to his supposed Virginia friend. After everything had been surely accomplished, he was arrested, and subsequently sent to Washington city.

The New York *Courier & Enquirer*, one of the oldest papers of New York, long edited by Col. Webb, has been united with *The World*, and the two will now be published together.—*Journal*.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Wandered away, at will to play,
Like drove of sheep without their Dower,
Forth from her loving father's house,
My fettered Carolina.

Willful and wild, even when a child,
She mocked at restrictions,
And now my darkening soul hath left,
Without good provocation.

A thought within drove the white,
That made me rich and free,
But in the midst of her wounds
She bore the stripes away.

She kept stalking in contempt of all,
Who has a lofty nature,
And if ready to betray the noble away,
She does, for money matter.

By Scripture Law and high-handed
I would know for if you meet her—
Follow the right on to her and her's,
Use every one of the keepers for.

Pity me not, but lift the shorn feet,
Of the meek, the lowly, the poor,
For every hill I've climbed for truth,
I'll have a star in my crown for.

U. S.

FROM OUR NAVY.

(Correspondence of the [illegible] Chronicle.)

U. S. Ship Wabash, June 30, 1861.

Amid all the shifting scenes of activity among the belligerents, our little vessel still remains a passive spectator. Contrary to my expectations, when I left Lewisburg, four months ago, I have not yet had the delightful privilege of being shot at. To say that it is an unpleasant reflection, is more than I would dare do with the hope of maintaining my reputation for veracity. Honorable as it may be, "to die for one's country," your humble correspondent congratulates himself that he does not yet occupy that "niche of fame." The Blockade of the port of Key West against any of the enemy's vessels, is our special work, the commander of the Crusader being specially fitted for this delicate and important duty. Trade goes on as usual, except to the rebellious ports. There has never been as much activity in this harbor, as during the past six weeks. Men of war, and transport steamers, are continually arriving and leaving. Large amounts of Army and Navy stores have been brought here, among which there have been about 5000 tons of Pennsylvania Anthracite coal. It is either stored or forwarded to the blockading steamers of the Gulf, as required. This is the only port we can use in the entire south except Tortugas, where Fort Jefferson is situated. Key West, as a "base of operation," will doubtless play a very important part in this war. Situated as it is on such a commanding position on the head of the Gulf Stream, I can not help congratulating our country on its almost Providential escape from the grasp of the rebels. You may remember we were here last January, and part of February, securing it from their bloody hands.

Affairs in the city go along very prosperously under the mild reign of the commanding officer of Fort Taylor, Major French of Baltimore. Once full of rebels, it is now in good order under the sway of the Stars and Stripes. This week, however, a Methodist preacher was arrested, and marched to the Fort, to appear for the crime of inciting rebellion from the pulpit. I suppose he will leave at some early day. Burning pine knots inserted in the flesh of the Union men of the South, is his suggestion as a mild way of converting them from their heresy!

The steam frigate Mississippi arrived here a short time ago for coal. On leaving port, by some bad management on the part of her pilot, she was run on a coral reef, about six miles from Key West. She was got off with but slight injury. The Crusader spent twenty four hours assisting her in her distress. Putting herself under our fostering care, we towed the famous old craft back to Key West. A few days fixed her up all right again, and she is now I suppose off the mouth of her namesake, looking out for any abuse of the waters of that noble stream by the pirates of Jeff. Davis.

We have lately had several trips over to Havana, bearing important despatches. The yellow fever is now raging there with particular virulence for this season of the year. Strange to say, the city, not the shipping, is the victim. There is none of the fever in Key West yet. There have been three cases of the small pox (one fatal) coming from the blockading fleet. Everybody is vaccinated, so we have no further fear of it.

Our latest news from Pensacola (23d inst.) reports all quiet. Our ends is ready for the row; but the other side think it wont pay. Somebody might get hurt.

Our prize yacht Wanderer left for an expedition up the coast, this morning. She is armed and commanded by one of our Lieutenants.

The steamer Suwance, seized by us some time ago, leaves for New York soon.

It gives me much pleasure to know that another band of patriots lately left Lewisburg to fight for our nationality. I hope there are many of our young men who can give a better reason than *one*, for their backwardness in this emergency. Our country needs her young men in the field. More energy must be exerted in our cause if we wish *to be assured of success*. In *treating* the South, we must adopt a barroom phrase as our undeviating motto—"Let us *liquor* (lick-her) regardless of expense."

G.

We learn from Maj. Campbell, that Col Christian M Straub died at Washington City, about two weeks ago, and was buried by a few friends at that city. None of his family or relatives were present. He left his home in Tamaqua in February last, and his family, we learn, knew nothing of his whereabouts until his death was telegraphed, and they replied, by requesting that he be buried decently.—*Pottsville Journal*.

OUR 4TH.—A friend of the CHRONICLE away out in Minnesota, has taken the pains to copy and send in to us, from a Correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune*, the following descriptive incident of the movements of the Regiment in which are the "Lewisburg Infantry:"

WASHINGTON, June 17.—This has been a day of a new movement of our troops in the city. All day there have been heard the martial strains. The Pennsylvania 4th, which has been in camp near by, were out, headed by a band of 18 drums and twelve pieces of a brass band, which played the "Red, White and Blue" admirably. The soldiers were covered with dust, and many of them had empty canteens; for no sooner did they halt than several slipped away to the pumps, and were luxuriating in a big drink, and filled their canteens. The word was then given to "rest arms," to "stack arms" which were thrown into self-supporting pyramids in a trice, and when ten minutes were given for a break, it was taken with a will, and the echo rang with the shout and stampede. In a half minute order was reduced to a beautiful confusion, worse confounded; and they swarmed everywhere, especially in the region of the pumps and to the beer saloons. They were at their posts again, as zealously as they had left them, and away they went with banners and music; some said "to the wars."

Clover in an Orchard, etc.

J. Cornelius, Union Co., Pa., inquires about the effect of clover on an orchard. We do not know that there is any foundation for the popular notion that "clover is *poisonous* to fruit trees." However, a thick mat of clover, growing near the trees, would draw heavily upon the soil, and also shade the roots too much; in this respect, a lighter grass would be preferable. No grass or other crop should grow upon the soil occupied by the roots of the trees; as fast as the roots extend out, diminish the amount of ground cultivated; and when the roots fill the ground, and the branches shade it, it is hardly worth while to attempt to get much of any other crop than fruit, if fruit be the main object. The surface should be kept free from weeds and foul stuff, and a frequent application of manure to the soil is repaid in larger, better fruit, and more of it. For a few years, a considerable portion of the soil between the [illegible] may well be devoted to hoed crops, with an occasional crop of peas, which leaves the ground clean. The more work you ask of a soil, the more you must *feed* it—with manure. A growth of clover turned under, is excellent food for a soil, in orchard, or anywhere else.—*Am. Ag.*

A CHALLENGE.—The Albany *Evening Journal* publishes the following: "The Scotchmen of Troy gave a supper to two of their countrymen about leaving for a trip 'hame,' on Tuesday. During the evening the following was read:

"I, Jock Liddell, a loyal citizen of these United States, do hereby challenge Jeff Davis, Beauregard or any other Rebel Devil, to meet me in personal combat mounted or on foot, truly believing that a Scottish Claymore—always the achiever of liberty since the world has had a history—will do that for traitors which the rope will eventually accomplish if this challenge is not accepted.'

"This 'Jock Liddell' is an old cavalry soldier, of immense muscle, and one of the most accomplished horsemen in the country."

☞ There being no one in the field for the important station of County Auditor, I would cheerfully propose DANIEL FOLEMER Esq. of Brady township—an honest and intelligent man, of good judgment. Having once served as a County Commissioner in Lycoming, his experience may be valuable in overseeing the way county affairs are managed amongst us. The office will not pay for traveling around or printing tickets at the primary elections, therefore I ask voters in every District who think favorably of him to write and put in votes for Dan'l Folmer. ONE WHO KNOWS HIM.

☞ The disposition thus far seems to be to put upon our ticket this fall the strongest and best men. This is as it should always be. Beside the general reputation our Legislature should have for upright and intelligent men, it is often of advantage to the business interests of the Districts to be represented by able and vigilant members. We therefore recommend R. V. B. LINCOLN Esq. of Hartley Tp for Assembly. His character as a citizen, and qualifications as a man of business, are well known throughout the county, and no one doubts but that he is able to represent the District creditably. MANY REPUBLICANS.

To the Editors of Star & Chronicle.—Please put us through your paper to recommend Mr. JOHN SMITH of Hartley township as a suitable person to represent this District in the Assembly. Mr. Smith is not an office-seeker, but being urged by many of his neighbors and friends to consent to be a candidate, and if nominated and elected will make an efficient Member. Being a practical farmer, and a man of stern integrity, we cheerfully recommend him to the consideration of the voters as a proper selection for the 3d of August convention.

HARTLEY AND HARTLEYITES.

To the Voters of Union county.—Having been prevailed on as a candidate for a seat in the next Legislature, I hereby announce to the people that my name is at their disposal. Should the voters of Union county see proper to grant me their suffrages, and the District elect and clothe me with their confidence, it shall be the highest point of ambition to represent their wishes faithfully and honorably in the council halls of the State, and to defend their interests with all the energy and ability I can command. I do not deem it necessary to present any rule for the government of my conduct upon any of the vital questions which may come before the next Legislature—except, that I shall be governed by the wishes and sentiments of my constituents and masters on measures touching their interests. The peculiar and alarming condition of the country at this time will doubtless demand a bold and decisive action on the part of our State. If chosen to take part in that action, I promise (so far as my humble judgment may enable me) to act for the best interests of our commonwealth as well as for the protection, welfare and happiness of our common country. J. M'MOYER

Camp Hoy, Alexandria Va., July 7, 1861.

Flour Sacks!

TO Millers and Flour Dealers.

The undersigned manufactures
FLOUR SACKS of all Sizes,
on reasonable terms. Orders respectfully solicited.

RICHART, BEVEA & THOMPSON,
Pittston, Luzerne county,
3m60 Penn'a

Grand Jurors, Sept. T. 1861.

Limestone—Jos Seebold
Lewisburg—Geo W Forrest, Peter H Beever, Lewis E Jones, Aaron U Weigel
Jackson—Jacob Hillegas, Ch Ruhl, Dan Knauss
Hartley—Wm Wilson
Kelly—John Shreck, Tho Beam, Emil Beely
West Buffalo—Geo E Sheesley, Chris Meiseck, John Hayes, Dan'l Fisher, Enoch Kaufman
Buffalo—Chas Fry, Jos Kleckner, Ad Young
East Buffalo—Oscar Penny,
Heating—Samel Roth,
Millmont—Enoch Miller
White Deer—Isaac Geyer

TRAVERSE JURORS

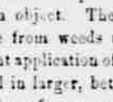
Brady—John Tate, Gersham Beddle, James Russell, Sam'l S Owens, Jacob Becker
Buffalo—Marion Dunsh, Jacob Zerbach, Jacob Dunkle
Hartley—Jos Gutelius, Chs Musselman, Hy Fasnacht, Berry Hill Bell, Geo Yerger
East Buffalo—Noah Baker, Jn F Boyer, Dav Mosser, Jn G Brown, Dav Rowe, J F Zeiber
White Deer—Sam Bickhouser, Rob M Curley, Sam Marshall
Kelly—Dav Hendley, Tho Comley
Limestone—Sam Barney, Cyrus Pellman, Jacob Derr, Jn Eppert, Wm Sners
New Berlin—Jos Winter, Jos Kleckner
West Buffalo—Jno Gable, Lew L Shoemaker, Philip Sayer
Hartley—Jn M'Call, Jn Lecher, W Halfpenny
Lewisburg—M Dreisbach, J S Marsh, Jn Zeller, Jos Baker, T M Neidig, Saml Maus
Lewis—Jacob Boucher, Jacob Rohl, Jesse Thompson
Union—John VanBuskirk, Chas Oldt

Sheriff Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Vend. Ex. and Fi. Facias out of the Court of Common Pleas of Union county and to me directed, I will expose to Public Sale or Outcry, at the times and places following—

At the public house of Michael Kleckner in the Borough of New Berlin, Union county, on SATURDAY the 10th day of August next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon,

A certain lot of ground situate in the boro' of New Berlin, Union county, numbered in the ancient plan of said boro' No 208, bounded north by Mill road, east by Common at the east line of Lot No. 218, south by Penns creek, and on the west by a common, containing one-fourth of an acre more or less, whereon are erected a Three-Storey Brick Grist MILL, a Two Storey Frame Dwelling House, &c., with the appurtenances



Also four contiguous lots of Ground—No. 216, bounded north by Water street, east by Cherry street, south by Mill road, and west by Lot No. 104, whereon are erected a Two-Storey Frame Dwelling House and Well with a Pump, other Outbuildings, &c.

Lot No. 104, bounded north by Water street, east by Lot No. 216, south by Mill road, and west by Lot No. 103, containing One Half Acre more or less, whereon are erected a Wagon House and Pig Pen.

Lot No. 103, bounded north by Water street, east by Lot No. 104, south by Mill road, and west by Lot No. 102, containing One Half Acre more or less.

Lot No. 102, bounded north by Water street, east by Lot No. 103, south by Mill road, and west by Lot No. 101, containing One-Fourth of an Acre, more or less, with the appurtenances.

Also FOUR contiguous Lots of ground—No. 214, No. 216, No. 212, and No. 138—bounded north by Cherry alley, east by Cherry street, south by Water street, and on the west by Lot No. 81, each Lot containing One-Fourth of an Acre more or less, with a Frame Barn on Lot No. 214, &c., with the appurtenances.

Sold as the property of *Joseph Anderson*.

ALSO on Monday, August 12, 1861, *at* the Public House of D D Gutelius, in the boro' of Lewisburg, Union county, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon—

A certain Half Lot of Ground situate in the borough of Lewisburg, Union county, numbered in the town plan No. 21, that is to say, the east half thereof, fronting on Market street, bounded north by Cherry alley, east by Lot No. 22, south by Market street, and west by other half of same lot, containing 33 feet in front and 165 feet in depth, whereon are erected a Three-Stories Brick Dwelling House and Store Room, a Frame Stable, a Well with a Pump, and other Out-Buildings, &c., with the appurtenances, as the property of *Jacob H. Brown*.

JOHN CROSSGROVE, *Sheriff*
Sheriff's Office, Lewisburg, July 15, 1861

Partition of Estate of John Reber, dec'd.

A WRIT of Partition of the Real Estate of JOHN REBER, late of the borough of Mifflinburg, Union county, dec'd, issued out of the Orphans' Court held at Lewisburg in and for the said county of Union the 23d day of May, A.D. 1861, and to me directed—

Setting forth that the aforesaid John Reber died intestate, leaving three children living, and the issue of one who died, namely, Daniel Reber, Catharine, wife of Benjamin Bolton, Mary Ann, wife of David Hoffman, and Louisa Ulsh and Jane Ulsh, who are the children of Sarah, who married Jacob Ulsh, and had died before said Reber, and Jacob Reber and Sarah Reber, children of Jacob Reber, late of the borough of Lewisburg, that all the above named parties reside in Union county, except Caroline Moll and her husband, who live in the state of Ohio, and John Ulsh who lives in the state of Indiana, that said intestate died seized in his demesne as of fee and in the [illegible] of real estate, to wit:

1st. A certain tract or piece of land situate in Lewisburg township and county of Union, adjoining lands of Mary Miller, John Swartz, Conrad Reber, Robert Shaw, and Andrew Reber, and others, containing [illegible] acres, more or less, with the appurtenances.

2d. Three lots each containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, situate in the borough of Mifflinburg, Union county, bounded as follows, to wit: No. 1 bounded on the north by Mulberry Alley, on the east by Lot No. 2, on the south by Water street, and on the west by Lot No. 3; No. 2 bounded on the north by Mulberry Alley, on the east by Lot No. 3, on the south by Water street, and on the west by Lot No. 1; and No. 3 bounded on the north by Mulberry Alley, on the east by Lot No. 1, on the south by Water street, and on the west by Lot No. 2, with the appurtenances.

3d. A certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Mifflinburg, Union county, bounded on the north by Lot No. 246 on the east by Lot No. 248, on the south by Water street, and on the west by Lot No. 244, containing [illegible] feet in front on Water street and [illegible] feet in depth, with the appurtenances.

4th. One other tract or piece of land situate in Centre township in the county of Snyder, Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of Henry Stock, Daniel Reber, David Stock, and others, containing [illegible] acres, more or less, with the appurtenances.

Notice is hereby given to the Heirs and Legal Representatives of the estate of the aforesaid John Reber, dec'd, that an Inquest to make Partition or Valuation of the above described Real Estate, will be held on Tuesday the 13th day of August, 1861, to meet on the premises first described, at the house of Daniel Seebold in Limestone township, Union county, at 10 o'clock A. M.

JOHN CROSSGROVE, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Lewisburg July 15, A.D. 1861.

Attention, Musicians!

A large assortment of Violins, Guitars, &c., of all kinds, also Violin, Guitar, and Banjo Strings, Bridges, Pegs, &c. at the Last Violin Room—call at the Post Office and examine. G W FORREST

Latest News

☞ Letters received last evening, state the 4th Penn'a Reg't also has been ordered forward, perhaps to share in the glory and the danger of the grand march upon Rebel Richmond. They are the 1st Reg., 1st Brig., 3d Div., under Gen. M'Dowell. The sick ones were recovering—except Mr. M'Daniel, who was in Philad., suffering from a chronic disease, and will return home.

HARRISBURG, July 15.—The Penn'a Regiments left Cumberland for Rowlesb'g by order of Gen M'Clellan, met a party of Rebels (on their way) at Piedmont, and routed them. E.S.

Triumph in Virginia!

ROANOKE RUN, Va., July 12.

A battle fought about two miles from here, yesterday, where 2000 Rebels were entrenched. A portion of the 8th, 10th and 13th Indiana and the 19th Ohio Regiments left here about 3 o'clock in the morning and succeeded in surprising the enemy. About 3, P. M., a desperate fight took place, when the enemy retreated, having lost 60 killed, a large number wounded, and leaving behind many prisoners, including some officers, and everything in their camp. Our loss is about 20 killed and 40 wounded. Gen. M'Clellan is now pushing on to Beverly.

Victory in Missouri!

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 12.

A battle took place, at Monroe, Mo., yesterday afternoon. The Rebels were 1200 strong, and had two pieces of artillery. The fight continued until dusk, when Gov. Wood (of Illinois) fell upon the enemy's rear, took 75 prisoners, 1 gun, and a large number of horses. The Rebels lost 20 or 30 killed. None killed on our side, although several were wounded.

Another Dash upon Virginia!

DANVILLE, Pa., July 15.

Gen. M'Clellan, Saturday morning last, attacked the enemy, 10,000 strong, and killed 100 of the enemy, took 300 prisoners, including 10 officers, and 6 guns, 200 tents and 60 wagons. Our loss is 11 killed and 35 wounded. [This brilliant action is presumed to be at or near Beverly, still pushing into the interior of Virginia from the North-West.]

BEVERLY, July 13.—Gen. M'Clellan reports to Gen. Scott that he has received from Col. Pegram propositions for surrendering, with his officers, and the remnant of his command, say 600 men. They are said to be very penitent, and determined never again to take up arms against the General Government. He will have nearly 900 or 1000 prisoners to take care of when Pegram comes. The latest accounts make the loss of the Rebels in killed and wounded, some 150. Gen. M'C. told Col. Pegram that he would treat him as a prisoner of war, but couldn't vouch as to how the general Government would treat them.

And Another!

CINCINNATI, July 15.—Gen. Garnett was killed by an Indiana soldier in Morris' Division in a battle yesterday in the Laurel Hill region about 8 miles from St. George. This is reliable; his body had arrived at Grafton. The Rebels were routed—all their camp equipments were captured with a great number of prisoners.

[This Garnett was one of the most rabid Secession Congressmen from Virginia—not long since married to a rich Philad. Conservative's daughter. As the Rebels are reported to be flying towards Central Virginia, this probably ends the Rebellion in Western Virginia.]

WASHINGTON, July 15.—J. W Forney was elected Secretary of the Senate, this morning.

Fairfax Court House is reported to be occupied by Federal troops.

There is no news of the advance of Patterson beyond Martinsburg.

Congress is busy *at work*—half a dozen Tory members doing all the *talking*.

Mason, Wigfall, and the other absentee Senators, have been declared expelled.

"To be conquered in open and manly fight by a nation of gentlemen, and subjected to their sway, might not drive us raving distracted with rage and shame; but," says a Southern writer, "for our social inferiors to lord it over us! the English language must be enlarged to express the extent and depth of our mortification and shame."!!

Part of the State officers in Missouri have re-taken the oath of allegiance to the Union. A convention will soon meet to fill the place of the rebel Governor and Lieutenant Governor.

The Penn'a 4th and Mass 5th Regt's now comprises one brigade under Col Franklin.

Jeff. Davis sent a letter to the President on Monday with a flag of truce, but the bearer went back without an answer.

Billy Wilson's regiment has gone to Ft. Pickens, the siege of which is virtually abandoned.

Lewisburg Market.

Corrected Weekly

Wheat	$100 to 105	Eggs	$ 10
Rye	45	Tallow	10
Corn new	40	Lard	10
Oats	22	Ham	12
Flaxseed	1,12	Shoulders	8 & 9
Dried Apples	1,50	Cloverseed	$4,00
Firkin Butter	10	Potatoes	75
Fresh Butter	10	Country Soap	4 & 6

Time-Table---Lewisburg R.R. Station.

MOVING NORTH.

Freight & Accom'n passes Lewisburg		8:00 A M
Mail Train	do	4.15 P M
Night Express	do	11.30 P M

MOVING SOUTH.

Night Express passes Lewisburg		9.50 P M
Express [illegible]	do	10.5 A M
Freight & Accommodation [illegible]	do	1.55 P M