UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

At $1.50 per Year, always in Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., TUESDAY, JULY 2, 1861.

"THE UNION," established in 1814---Whole No., 2,478,

"CHRONICLE," established in 1843---Whole No., 899.

☞Is not the 4th of July coming? and have we not carried Brady township? *No paper, therefore, next Friday.* Our next, probably, will have the President's Message, and the organization of Congress.

Godey's Lady's Book for July commences the *sixty-third* volume (or half year) of that standard periodical. In view of the times, Col. Godey offers the Book, this volume or half year, for One Dollar. (We state this on the authority of our exchanges, for "our folks" say the June and July No's of the Book have not come to hand.)

The Atlantic Monthly for July has interesting articles from the pens of Mrs H B Stowe, Nathaniel Hawthorne, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Henry W Longfellow, Ja's Russell Lowell, John G Whittier, Bayard Taylor, T Wentworth Higginson, and Oliver Wendell Holmes contributes the following mournful but truthful melody for the times:

OUR ORDERS.

Weave no more silks, ye Lyons looms,
To deck our girls for gay delights!
The crimson flower of noble blooms,
And solemn marches fill the nights.

Weave but the Flag while sire hurs to-day
Dropped hearty over our early dead,
And homely garments, coarse and gray,
For orphans that must earn their bread!

Keep back your tunes, ye viols sweet,
That pour delight from other lands!
Rouse there the dancer's restless feet—
The trumpet leads our warrior bands.

And ye that wage the war of words
With treacherous fame and subtle power,
Go, clamor in the idle herds,
Or learn the lesson of the hour!

Ye Stately Arts, in your stern hour
Be all your offices combined!
Sad Labor, while Courage draws the lot,
The destiny of humankind!

And if that destiny could fail,
The Sun should darken in the sky,
The eternal house of Nature pale,
And God, and Truth, and Freedom, die!

—The article, "Washington as a Camp," we are credited to the accomplished Major Theodore Winthrop, of Connecticut, who fell upon the enemy's line in the U. S. march upon Great Bethel. In this No., he notices a change from his favorite New York 7th Regiment to Gen. Butler's command, closing with a prophetic "Good-bye, everybody!"

Lewisburg Celebration of the 4th of July, 1861.

Programme.

Thirty Four Guns will be fired, and the Bells of the different churches rung at sunrise, A. M.

The Line of March will be as follows: The Marshal of the day, with his Aids, will form on Market street, in front of the Court House, and march to Second street, thence to Water to Market, up Market to Seventh, and to the Academy Grove.

ORDER OF EXERCISES.

—Music by the Brass Band. 2—Prayer. 3—Music, by the Juvenile Glee Club. 4—Reading of the Declaration of Independence, by Mr. John Hanna. 5—Music, by the Juvenile Glee Club. 6—Oration, by Hon. Simon Cameron. 7—Music, by the Brass Band. 8—Address by Mr. James Kelly. 9—Music, by the Brass Band. 10—Benediction.

Afternoon—Grand Military Parade.

A NATURAL RESULT.—While John J. Crittenden, instead of coming out fair and square for the Union in all its noble integrity, has been whining and go-betweening about "Union," Compromise," and "Neutrality," his son George B. has gone over to the Rebels. There are but two sides in this contest, and neutrality has proved, and will prove, only a Secession state.

☞The District Court in Williamsport, week before last, had only one trial—Keller, of Sullivan Co., for robbing the mail. After trying him for a while, just as they were ready to convict him, the Judge found the vigilant tip-staves had let him escape! Verdict was rendered against him. For all these valuable services, the Williamsporters ask Uncle Sam to give them $10,000 to help pay for their new Court House!!

☞We notice some of the Democrats call the Washington *National Intelligencer*, a "Republican paper." That journal was for Bell and Everett—opposes the War policy of the Administration—and although influential and respectable journal, is in any sense one of our party. The *National Republican*, at Washington city, is a Republican paper.

☞Last Saturday afternoon, 847 members of five of the six Sabbath schools of Lewisburg, marched, with banners, from Market street to the Commencement Hall on the Hill, which was well filled. Each school sang a hymn, and addresses were made by Rev. Messrs. Dale, Fink, Hodges, Dickson, and Mirick.

An intimate friend of Gen. Schenck writes from Washington that Gen. S. had no warning whatever of the masked battery by which he was assailed at Vienna, but, on the contrary, was assured by those who had passed over the ground the day before and saw nothing of the enemy. Gen. S. claims that he lost but nine men and killed six of the enemy.

On the 27th ult., Capt. Ward, of the U. S. ship Freeborn, was shot dead in the launch, while attempting to cover a landing on Mathias Point, below Washington. He was a good officer, aged 55 years.

On and after the first of July, lotteries and all such enterprises will be prohibited in California, under heavy penalties.

Sec. Jos. Lane shot himself in the chest accidentally and received a severe but probably not fatal wound.

Re-Annexed!—There was an unprecedented turn-out at the Brady Township election, Saturday last, and 193 votes put in the box—97 for Union county, 95 for Lycoming, and 1 blank—2 maj. for Union—a vote disappointing both sides, for ours expected a larger maj., and the others a maj. the other way. So it seems, of the 110 who three years running petitioned for re-annexation, 30 were after all induced to vote against it. Our side claim that 1 vote against us was illegal, that 1 legal vote on our side was rejected, 1 one of our men hired to go to Nippenose by the enemy, 3 in the army and 1 sick, besides 4 voters at home, neutral—altogether, over 200 voters, representing say 1200 people.

We have heretofore noticed the influences used to reduce the fair-expressed maj. of 100 to this small figure. The most effective were—the infamous, willful falsehood, that we are in debt $17,000 for our Court House, and that if annexed to Republican Union the Democrats could never be County Officers, Jurors, Road Viewers, &c. Williamsport was there in full force, aided by Nippenose, Clinton, the balance of Brady, Washington, &c., while there were Unionists in fewer numbers from White Deer, Kelly, Lewisburg, and New Berlin. It was a "three fight" all around, and in the best humor—the Military were not formidable—the Union meeting did not go off—and they all separated with as little excitement as could be expected.

In this long contest, the CHRONICLE has (all alone) advocated the cause of Re-Annexation: the two Democratic papers of Williamsport strenuously opposed it; all others, neutral—It is now, we trust, settled, and that all will be satisfied. The Act (of which the following is a certified copy) contains no provision for a contesting of the Election—the Certificate of which (now on file with the Prothonotary of Union county) is "conclusive evidence of the result of said election."

AN ACT RE-ANNEXING PART OF BRADY TOWNSHIP IN LYCOMING COUNTY TO UNION COUNTY.

WHEREAS, the township of Washington, embracing the territory compesing the township of Brady, in the county of Lycoming, was formerly part of the county of Union, but, owing to the seat of justice in the latter county having been located in the town of New Berlin, some twenty miles distant from said township, the inhabitants thereof procured the passage of an act of the Legislature, which was approved on the eleventh day of March, Anno Domini 1815, annexing said township of Washington (then composing the territory embracing the township of Brady) to the county of Lycoming; And whereas, by an act of Assembly approved the 2d day of March Anno Domini 1855 the seat of justice was removed from New Berlin to the borough of Lewisburg, a distance of only about ten miles from said township of Brady by a level road, and a very large majority of the inhabitants of that part of said township of Brady within the boundaries hereinafter described deeming it more convenient desire to be re-annexed to the county of Union, Therefore

Section 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That all that part of Brady township in Lycoming county, (being the south-eastern part of said township,) commencing at the corner of intersection of Union, Northumberland and Lycoming counties, at the West Branch of the Susquehanna river, thence up said river on the line between Lycoming and Northumberland counties to a point five rods north of Michael Fisher's dwelling house on the bank of said river, thence a westerly course to intersect the western line of said township of Brady at or near Jackson Foresman's tenant house now occupied by Franklin Woodley, thence a southern course on the line of Brady township and Washington township to intersect the Union county line, and thence along the Union county line to the place of beginning, be and is hereby re-annexed to the county of Union.

Section 2. That Abraham Straub and Joseph M. Nesbit, of Northumberland county, are hereby appointed Commissioners, who shall, before the first day of July next, properly ascertain and mark the division line between the counties of Union and Lycoming, as changed by annexing said territory to the county of Union, and also to make out two drafts of said division line, one copy of which they shall deposit in the recorder's office in Lycoming county, and the other in the recorder's office of Union county; and the said commissioners shall respectively receive the sum of five dollars for every day necessarily engaged in running said division line and making out the drafts of the same, and chain carriers and axemen to receive one dollar and fifty cents per day for the time necessarily employed; which compensation the Commissioners of Union county shall pay by orders on the county treasury: Provided, however, that in case said commissioners, or either of them, shall refuse or be unable to act, then and in that case the court of common pleas of Union county be authorized to fill such vacancies by appointment.

Sec. 3. That where any mortgages of any lands or tenements situate within the territory hereby annexed to the county of Union, shall have been recorded in the recorder's office of the county of Lycoming prior to the passage of this act, the lien of said mortgage shall remain the same as if this act had not been passed: Provided, that all process for the recovery of the same, after the passage of this act, shall issue from the county of Union, on a certified copy filed in the office of the Prothonotary, except where parts of the tract of land covered by such mortgage is in the county of Lycoming, and in such case it shall be proceeded on as if this act had not been passed.

Sec. 4. That the lien of all judgments, entered in the court of common pleas of Lycoming county prior to the passage of this act, that are liens on property embraced in the territory re-annexed to Union county, shall be and remain as if this act had not been passed: Provided, that, to continue the lien of any such judgments on any hands or tenements situate in the territory so annexed to Union county beyond the period of five years from the date of such entry, a transcript of the same shall be filed in the prothonotary's office of said county of Union, and scire facias to revive the same as in other cases issued out of the court of common pleas of Union county, and testatum executions may issue as is provided by the laws of this Commonwealth.

Sec. 5. That all proceedings, suits, cases and prosecutions which shall be pending in the several courts of Lycoming county at the passage of this act, shall be proceeded in to a final termination in the same manner and with the like effect as if this act had not been passed.

Sec. 6. That road, poor and school taxes assessed in said township of Brady, including as well such as are collected and on hand as those uncollected at the passage of this act, shall be divided by the township auditors as they may deem just between that part of said township of Brady annexed to the county of Union and the part remaining attached to the county of Lycoming.

Sect. 7. That the state, county and militia tax for that part of the township of Brady which is hereby annexed to the county of Union, though assessed, shall be collected and paid into the treasury of Union county: Provided, the duplicates have not been made out and delivered to the Collectors prior to the passage of this act.

Sec. 8. That within thirty days from the passage of this act the sheriff and at least two of the county commissioners of Union county shall select from the territory by this act re-annexed to said county of Union not exceeding twenty-five intelligent and judicious persons to serve as jurors, and place their names in the wheel, to have the like effect as if said territory had belonged to said county of Union at the regular time of selecting jurors and that hereafter the jurors shall be selected in the usual way provided by the laws of this Commonwealth.

Sec. 9. That the officers for conducting the township election of Brady township in the county of Lycoming shall on the last Saturday of June 1861, at the usual place for holding the township elections, hold a special election between the hours of 8 o'clock A. M. and 7 o'clock P. M., of said day, and shall receive from the qualified voters of that part of the said township of Brady proposed by this bill to be annexed to Union county tickets labeled "Brady township" and within either the words "For Union county" or "For Lycoming county," and the said officers of said election shall make return of the votes polled for Union county and of the votes polled for Lycoming county to the next Court of Quarter Sessions of the county of Lycoming, which return shall be filed among the papers of said court, and a record thereof made as of other township elections. If a majority of the votes polled shall be for Union county, then the said township of Brady, according to the boundaries prescribed in this act, shall be and hereby is re-annexed to Union county; and if the majority of the votes polled shall be for Lycoming county, then the said part of Brady township shall not be re-annexed to Union county, but shall be and remain a part of Lycoming county, and the several provisions of this bill shall be void and of no effect: Provided, that the Sheriff of Lycoming county shall give notice of such election, not less than four weeks before the time of holding the same, by publication for three successive weeks in two weekly papers in Lycoming county, and by posting not less than fifty handbills in the most public places of the township, and provided further, that in case a majority of the votes cast at such election shall be for Union county, a certified copy of such election return, as filed in Lycoming county, shall be forwarded by the Prothonotary to the Prothonotary of Union county, and shall therein be entered of record and shall be therein conclusive evidence of the result of said election.

ELISHA W. DAVIS, Speaker, H. of R.
JNO. B. PENNY, Speak. Senate, pro tem.

Approved the 17th day of April, Anno Domini 1861. A. G. CURTIN.

CAMERON AND PROTECTION.—Secretary Cameron stands nobly by the cause of Protection. A second application had been made to him to permit coal to be admitted free of duty for the use of the Academy, to which he promptly replied as follows:

"The Secretary of War can not countenance this importation of coal by approving of this recommendation. A better article of coal of all kinds can be secured in this country than can be brought from Europe, and it is deemed due the great industrial interests of the country that the Government should foster and encourage its own resources instead of those of foreign countries."

This is the true doctrine, and if fully carried out by the Government, she will never be in want of either men or means to uphold the Union.

A gentleman informs me that he heard a prayer by Rev. Mr. Spurgeon, in his church in London, on a recent Sunday evening, in favor of President Lincoln and the cause of the North, which he characterizes as the most beautiful and powerful prayer he ever heard in his life. The whole audience was moved to tears, and even sobbed aloud at the eloquent preacher's appeals to God and to civilized mankind in aid of so holy and so righteous a cause as that in which the North is engaged.—*London Cor. N. Y. Times.*

The *Chicago Tribune* says that several prominent Democrats of Illinois declined the offer of Senator Douglas' successorship.

[Correspondence of the Star & Chronicle.]

CAMP NEAR BEDFORD, June 26.

Presuming that my few hasty lines of last Sabbath reached you, I will resume, and briefly narrate our further advance movements. The Regiment of Col. Biddle and Col. Simmons marched all day on the Sabbath, through heat and dust, and arrived here at night. It was really a forced march, and a hard first days active service for the boys. Campbell's Artillery was all day engaged in preparations to move forward. By indomitable perseverance and industry, Capt. Campbell gathered, from the farmers of the vicinity, during the day, 36 horses, a force sufficient to carry the guns, cannons, and baggage waggon. His command consists of two companies, A and B, (the latter under command of A. E. LEWIS, Esq., of York,) two 12 pounders and four 6 pounders. We left Hopewell at dark and arrived at Bloody Run, a small village close by the battle ground of that hard fought, hand-to-hand conflict, about midnight. We halted upon an open lot and rested for the night. On Monday morning we moved on, passed through Bedford about 10 A. M., and by the famous Bedford Springs, southward, to our present camp about three miles from town. The camp ground is a delightful hill top, with plenty of spring water and shade. The mountain scenery surrounding is grand. The Mineral Springs are close by, and the premises free to the delights of the "bold soldier boys." The purity of the mountain air, good water, &c., makes this a most desirable location, and we shall leave very reluctantly the pleasures it affords. But chances of war allow us but a short indulgence of rest and pleasure, here. Our two Regiments, accompanied by our two 12 pounders, are already on the advance march, about five hours ahead, bearing towards Cumberland. The "Slifer Guards" were detailed, yesterday, to guard the Court House in Bedford, and were to-day left behind to guard the baggage train, which has not yet moved off. The boys are at considerable leisure to-day, and I notice a number of them trying the range of their muskets. The Artillery, remaining, is gathering more horses, and will march for Cumberland to-night.

We have not had any news from Lewisburg since we left Harrisburg, and are considerably hungry for home news. Our mails will undoubtedly follow us, and our friends need not delay sending news, hoping that we will soon be permanently encamped. Such a prospect appears doubtful at present. Send to Cumberland until further advised. T. G. O.

A Southerner's Ode.

"North a ragged Parasite is, a Sycophant sad,
Attending the lordly Sir Palamon dad,
And trying to fashion his mind to a load
By humouring the words of the following ode:
'Oh! for a wagon, and oh! for a whip!
Oh! for a coachman, and oh! for a nip!
Oh! for a shed at cold Hinsdale and Beecher,
Oh! for a stable at Nantucket and Crowther;
Oh! for a captain, and oh! for a whip;
Oh! for a corpse of niggers to work!'
And so he kept chiming for all he had not,
Still content and willing for all that he'd got.

LATEST FROM THE SOUTH.—From the New Orleans *Delta* we gain the following intelligence concerning the conduct of our officers in Alexandria:

"The Yankee officers at Alexandria parade the streets with negro women leaning on their arms, and seeing the smiles of the ebons promise to free them."

Secretary Chase is continually applied to for permission for coal oil, drugs, bacon, and commodities of one sort or another, to pass into the insurrectionary States. A uniform course is pursued in reference to all such applications. The Secretary, in a letter to citizens of Paducah, Ky., stated the unvarying policy of the Department toward those States. "Let commerce follow the flag," was his terse reply to citizens of that town who complained of restrictions upon their trade.

Cornelius Vanderbilt has authorized his agent in Washington to offer the steamship *Vanderbilt* to the Government at a valuation to be determined by three Commodores; or, if this offer is not accepted, to present the vessel. He also offers the Government the steamer *Ocean Queen*, *Ariel*, *Champion*, and *Daniel Webster*, at prices to be determined by the Board of

California is represented as very strong for the Union, especially among the mining districts. The Legislature failing to order a special election, the State will not be represented in the July session of Congress. There may be four parties next Fall—Republican, Douglas, Breckinridge and Union.

A Captain of the Second Connecticut Regiment has been added to the number of the ensnared. He was wiled away from his post by two women of the Scott family, troublesome Disunionists in Falls Church, and seized when unarmed. This is the third officer lost from the Second Connecticut.

John Ross, the Chief of the Cherokees, enjoins strict neutrality in the present troubles. Although slaveholders, they entertain some feelings of gratitude for their old friend Uncle Sam.

The Post Master in Philad., in making his appointments, has reduced the number of his employees. There are many Government stations having a superfluity of men.

The weather in England was quite hot. All the crops were making rapid progress, and breadstuffs were declining in all the markets.

Stephen Miller, formerly of Harrisburg, passed through that place recently in command of a Regiment from Minnesota.

☞We suppose that Arthur A. Denny, one of the Editors of the Florida Daily *Press*, we are indebted for the following lively description of a recent

Peep at Central Pennsylvania.

With a sensation very much like "large content" at being relieved for a few hours from the busy cares of a newspaper office, we took a seat in the early morning train on Saturday last, with a rather vague and undefined idea of seeing something of Pennsylvania. We pass with no effort at description over the scenery between Elmira and Williamsport. But the mountains, over dank, even under the searching sun, with their close netted covering of hardy evergreens, give way to the widening valley, and cultivated fields and substantial dwellings gladden the eye. Williamsport, and its thriving appearance, under the hands of a people noted alike for their constant industry and generous hospitality, is unnecessary to mention—so well known are they to Elmirans, from observation, or repeated description. Here we were joined by our old friend, P. C. Van Gelder, of the *Bulletin*, Rev. Joshua Kelly, Pastor of the First Baptist Church, and Rev. Geo. M'Nair, who were just starting on a pleasure excursion. We very cheerfully consented to be a member pro. tem. of so pleasant a party, and were soon speeding away—through decidedly the most attractive agricultural district we ever saw—so fast as the swift iron-horse on the smooth running Philadelphia & Erie Road could transport us. The morning was perfectly delightful, and in all respects calculated to clothe the valley, into which we were rapidly entering, in its most enchanting beauty.

It was our first visit to that portion of the State, and having previously formed our idea of Pennsylvania, from what little we had seen of a limited portion of Bradford county, and the route between Elmira and Williamsport, we were at once surprised and most agreeably disappointed. Even when merely seen from the cars, in their hurried leaping from rail to rail, giving to the green valley and distant towering hillsides the appearance of a vivid panorama, the Buffalo Valley, as it is called, will amply repay a visit. It looks, with its broad, rich fields, dotted thickly over with beautiful shade trees, single, and in little groups, and skirting the silver streams, with here and there a snug farm house peeping from the foliage, with its well kept yard, and well-ordered farm, like the very garden of paradise. It was in this lovely valley that our Secretary of War, Hon. Simon Cameron, lived in his younger days. A short distance below Milton, the residence of James Cameron, brother of the Secretary, and now a Colonel in the volunteer army, was shown us. It is the neatest kind of farm-house—in a New Yorker's eye slightly eccentric in its style of architecture—surrounded by waving fields of grain—indicating thrift and wealth, with more than ordinary taste. Farther on, in the immediate vicinity of Lewisburg, the residence of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, Col. Slifer, was pointed out to us. It is a perfect palace, a model of architectural beauty, and worthy of the charming location.

A short walk from the Depot brought us into the village of Lewisburg, and here the services of our friends Kelly and M'Nair—both of whom were, from a residence of years, thoroughly familiar with the history of the place and surrounding localities—were invaluable. Our space compels us to speak of the pleasantest part of our trip but briefly. Our peregrinations in Lewisburg extended only to a hurried visit to the University, Pres. Loomis; to the Female Seminary, Miss Taylor, Principal; to the sanctum of the editor of the *Chronicle*, who accompanied us on a visit to the Court House; closing with a visit to the residence of the venerable James Kelly, father of Rev. Joshua Kelly, to whose hospitable family we were indebted for many courtesies. From the roof of the Lewisburg University, we were favored with a complex view of one of the most lovely and picturesque valleys the side in the far distance by the blue hills, and consisting of a rich agricultural district, laid out in well-ordered farms, and the whole relieved with woodland, thereadded by winding streams, and divided by the broad Susquehanna. Lewisburg is one of the neatest villages in the State, and indeed reminds one of some of the New England villages.

Decidedly the most pleasant feature of our stay in this charming village, was a visit to the Seminary. We were courteously recieved by the able Preceptress, who escorted us through the various departments, and explained the workings of the institution. It is connected with the University, and is one of the most deservedly popular institutions of learning in the State. In the neatness of the rooms, elegance of the furniture, and beauty of the location, we know of no Seminary of the kind, in this State, that can surpass it.

CAIRO, June 21.—Mr. Russell, the London *Times* correspondent, was taken through the camp to-day. He freely expresses his opinion that the Northern soldiers are better disciplined, more powerful, muscular men, and have better arms than the Southerners.

Latest News

BALTIMORE, July 1.—Gen. Banks arrested all the Police Commissioners this morning, and are about searching Mayor's office and other places for arms.

CUMBERLAND, Md., June 27.—Col. Wallace, of the Indiana Volunteers, reports that he sent out Corporal Hayes with twelve men to Patterson's Creek, twelve miles east of Cumberland, where they fell upon forty of the enemy—an engagement ensued, in which 23 of the Rebels were killed, and one of our men. The latter retreated, and all but the one escaped back. It was a bold and gallant encounter.

The two Pennsylvania Reserve Regiments are encamped at the State Line, nine miles north of Cumberland, where they await further orders.

The reported Botts Letter to the Tribune, was a fabrication.

☞The Stores &c. in Lewisburg are to be closed the 4th of July.

☞Please state that Maj. C. H. SULLIVAN and A. H. DILL, Esq. will deliver Union Speeches at the Riviere House, Lewisburg, at 8 o'clock of Thursday evening, July 4th.

UNION MARBLE WORKS,

AT RITTER'S OLD STAND, Market St., between 4th and 5th, **Lewisburg.**

Constantly on hand a general assortment of Monuments, Tombs, Head and Foot Stones, Mantels, Enroll-Tops, and all kinds of MARBLE WORK, prepared in the finest and latest styles. Persons in want of any article in our line, would do well by calling at our establishment before purchasing elsewhere. We are confident that we can give better work than can be done at any other establishment, and at better rates.

April 15, 1861 RITTER & LINDIG

AGENTS WANTED [illegible] We will give a commission or pay wages at from $30 to $50 per month, and expenses paid. The Lightning Sewing Machine is now acknowledged to be the best and most simple in use. [illegible] awarded over all others by the Industrial Association of Pennsylvania, held at Philadelphia, Pa., at its Exhibition in 1857, over the Grover & Baker and the Singer machines. We respond to any machine in use. Address [illegible] Lightning Sewing Machine Co., Philadelphia, Pa. Or, Gen'l Agent for U. S., M. C., Shaler, Ohio.

MARRIED,

By Rev. Paul Elmer, [illegible] JOHN WIRTH, Center Co., and Miss ROXANNA SHOUP, Union Co.

By Rev. A. G. Seibert, on the 20th inst., JAMES MCGINNESS and Miss EMMA WOLFINGER, both of Union Co.

By the Rev. Wm. Hutchison, on the 20th inst., Mr. B. H. HUTCHISON and Miss HESTER RUCKMAN, all of Union Co.

A few of Longstreth's **Bee Hives** for sale very cheap by JOS. B. ROSS. Lewisburg July 1

Tax-Payers

PLEASE notice that I shall commence collecting the State and County TAXES in Lewisburg on MONDAY the 8th day of July, at which time I hope they will settle their respective taxes, as money is much needed to pay the families of some of the patriotic soldiers who have volunteered to chastise the Rebels. All that do not pay at that time are desired to call at the Commissioners' Office on Saturday the 13th, on which day I shall sit at the Office for the purpose of receiving it. It is necessary that the State Tax is paid to enable the Treasurer to pay the Interest on the 15th. All not settled on and after Court Week, 25 per cent will be charged.

A. KENNEDY, Coll.

KELLY TP, June 25, 1861

I had in use on my farm yesterday an Improved Hussey manufactured by J. S. Marsh & Co., and a BUCKEYE Reaper manufactured by *Sifer, Wells, Striker & Co.* After trying both Reapers alternately, I am convinced that the Buckeye runs the lightest, cuts the easiest, is the handiest machine to take about a farm and appears to be the strongest, most durable machine and less liability to get out of order.

JACOB STOLTZFUS.

I was not present when the *Buckeye* mowed and did not say that the Hussey with Marsh's improvement made better work than Buckeye.

CHRISTIAN STULTZFUS.

We the undersigned witnessed the trial above referred to, (using the same as published by Jas. S. Marsh & Co.) and certify that in our opinion the above is a fair representation of the real merits of the respective machines.

SAMUEL SWARTZLENDER,
JOHN ALEXANDER,
DAVID HENNING.

This is to certify that I tried the Ball and the Hussey with all Marsh's Improvements, and the Buckeye on my farm to-day, and like the BUCKEYE the best in grass. It cuts wider than the Ball in grass.

July 1, 1861. SIMEON STOLTZFUS.

SHERIFF.—To the Electors of Union county: At the request of many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff. Should I be fortunate enough to be elected, I pledge myself to perform the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity.

Lewisburg, June 26, 1861 C. D. COL.

Please recommend JOHNSON WALLS of Lewisburg as a gentleman fit and competent for the station of State Senator at the coming election—subject to the choice of the people on the 3d of Aug. WHITE DEER

GEO. W. CHAMBERS, of Limestone Tp. is respectfully recommend to the people of this District, as one Member of the Assembly at the next election—subject to the decision of the 3d Aug. EAST BUFFALO

Voters and Fellow Citizens of Union County: I offer myself as a candidate for County Commissioner, for re-election, (subject to the Republican Convention.) If you nominate KELLY TP. May 22, '61. JAMES PROSS.

Mr. Editor—Permit us through your paper to recommend JACOB M. MOYER, of Kelly Tp. (now among the Penn'a Volunteers at Washington) as a very suitable candidate for Representative. Mr. Moyer is a self-made man, and has always taken an active part in the Republican party. MANY VOTERS

Fellow Citizens—I offer myself as a Union candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the Union County Convention. If I am nominated and elected I will discharge the duties of the office faithfully and with the best of my ability. Yours truly. G. J. ROHLAND.

May 27, 1861.

Fellow Citizens—I take this method to offer myself as a candidate for the office of *Sheriff*, at the next election—subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. If I am nominated and elected, I pledge myself to fulfil the duties of the office faithfully and to the best of my ability. WEIDLER ROLAND.

Buffalo Tp, June 8, 1861

Fellow Citizens of Union county—I am a candidate for re-election to the office of Associate Judge—subject to the selection of the Union Convention of Aug. 3d. If nominated and elected, I will endeavor to serve with impartiality and fidelity.

JOHN W. SIMONTON

To the Independent Voters of Union county: At the solicitation of a number of my friends, irrespective of party, I offer myself as an *Independent Candidate* for the office of Sheriff of Union county; promising, if elected, to discharge the duties of the office faithfully, and to the best of my ability.

Lewisburg, June 11, 1861. CHARLES F. HESS.

Not having seen any one proposed as our next Senator, RICHARD V. LINCOLN Esq. of Hartley township is heartily recommended. As a Magistrate, and twice elected Commissioner of Union county, he has manifested a sterling integrity and business talents of the first order. With a Collegiate education, he is a practical, every-day, working farmer. In politics, he has always stood with his honored kinsman, President Abraham Lincoln—a relationship that "wont set him back any" just now. Let us join in a unanimous vote for his nomination. HARMONY

Messrs. Editors—The time is approaching when we are to make choice of a person to fill the office of Associate Judge. I know of no one better qualified for that position than the Hon. JAMES MARSHALL, of White Deer. He served us in that capacity one term to his credit and to the honor of the county. I would therefore cheerfully recommend him to the consideration of the voters.

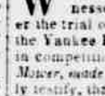
June 11. A VOTER OF WEST BUFFALO.

Fellow Citizens! At the request of many of my friends, I hereby offer myself as a candidate for the Office of Sheriff—subject to the decision of the Republican convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge my honor to discharge the duties of said office with credit to myself and the public in general.

New Berlin, May 27, 1861 CHAS. R. ANTES.

Messrs. Editors—Permit us to recommend JESSE M. WALTER of Dry Valley as a man eminently qualified for County Commissioner. Mr. W. is a man of strict integrity, an excellent business man, and of the right stripe. For the noble vote given by Union township last fall, let us give her the Commissioner in the person of her worthy son, J. M. Walter.

May 25, 1861 MANY VOTERS.



ATTENTION! ATTENTION!!

Farmers' and property-holders' attention is called to the following facts:

☞To close out the **Lewisburg Nursery**, the ENTIRE STOCK will be sold—delivered next Fall and Spring—at 25 and 75 per cent. below regular prices.

GREAT BARGAINS!

seldom ever met with, to get the best Grafted Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Shrubbery. These Trees are all acclimated to the climate and therefore to be preferred to York State trees which seldom grow. It is your interest therefore to call and get good trees at

Half Prices and Less!

Apples, Pears, Peaches, Cherries, Almonds, Apricots, Plums, Grapes, Strawberries, Shade and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Vines and Creepers, Hardy Roses &c a good assortment.

For Trees or information apply (near the Nursery) to GRIGGS MARSH.

WM VANGEZER A. H. DILL

VANGEZER & DILL, Attorneys at Law,

Lewisburg, Union Co. Pa.

Office in South Second St. formerly occupied by James B Hamlin Esq. deceased

Lewisburg, April 4, 1861

Pay up in Season!

PERSONS desiring to SAVE FIVE PER CENT on their *STATE TAXES*, can do so by paying the same by Monday the 15th of July, 1861. After that, they can not have the benefit of that reduction—and INTEREST will be charged on sums due from that date.

ROBERT H. LAIRD, Treas.

BRADY TP., LYCOMING CO., PA., June 22, 1861.

WE, the undersigned, having to-day witnessed on the farm of Thompson Bower the trial of the Buckeye Mowing Machine, the Yankee Kirby Mower, and the Whitenack, in competition with the *Automatic Reaper & Mower, made by Jas. S. Marsh & Co.*, cheerfully testify, that the Hussey with J. S. Marsh's Patent self-rake attached, worked fully as well and done in every respect as good mowing as any machine in the field.

JOSEPH MOORE.
G. W. PORTER,
GEO. ELSE,
J. P. HAUGENBUCH,
CHAS. HULL,
LEM PORTER,
J. COMLEY,
THOS. C. FORESMAN,
THOMPSON BOWER,
URIAH REED,
(and many others.)

KELLY TP, BUFFALO VALLEY, Union Co. Pa. June 24, 1861.

WE the undersigned having tried or seen tried the Ball Ohio Mower, and also the Buckeye, cheerfully testify that the *Combined Automatic Reaper & Mower* made by JA'S S. MARSH & CO. has to-day, on the farm of Jacob Stoltzfus, done better work, cut wider, and a little closer than those Machines gotten up more exclusively for Mowing.

CHRISTIAN STULSFUS,
CHRISTIAN KING,
JACOB STOLTZFUS,
SAM'L SWARTZLENDER.

DRY VALLEY, UNION CO. June 25, 1861.

MESSRS. Ja's S. Marsh & Co.—I tried your *Combined Reaping & Mowing Machine* today in my grass, and am willing to give the use of my experience and opinions of the same to any one. I think it as good a Mowing Machine as I have seen, and do not think by your *Self-Raking Attachment* it is made running on the mown grass is a very important one, and I wouldn't like to use one with the wheel running on the hay. It will not choke, it doesn't get out of order, and I give you the following names of some of my neighbors who will cheerfully allow me to inform you they can for these and other good mowing merits recommend your Machine as a superior one. (signed) SAMUEL MOYER.

☞We the undersigned fully endorse the above:

ISAAC EYER, Sr.
JOHN YOUNGMAN,
ISAAC EYER, Jr.
ALFRED KNEASS,
JNO. VAN BUSKIRK,
DAVID BETTLEIAN

Time-Table---Lewisburg R.R. Station.

MOVING NORTH.		
Freight & Accom'n passes	Lewisbg	8:00 A M
Mail Train	do	4:15 P M
Night Express	do	11:30 P M
MOVING SOUTH.		
Night Express passes	Lewisburg	9:50 P M
Express (*mail*)	do	10:5 A M
Freight & Accommodation	do	4:55 P M

Lewisburg Market.

Corrected Weekly

Wheat	$110 to 115	Eggs.....	$ 10
Rye.....	50	Tallow	10
Corn new.....	40	Lard.....	10
Oats.....	22	Ham.....	12
Flaxseed.....	1,12	Shoa & Side...	8 & 9
Dried Apples.	1,50	Cloverseed	$4,00
Firkin Butter	10	Potatoes.....	75
Fresh Butter...	10	Country Soap	4 & 6