

UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.
At \$1.50 per Year, always in Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., FRIDAY, MAY 17, 1861.

"THE UNION," established in 1814—Whole No. 2,471.

"CHRONICLE," established in 1843—Whole No. 592.

FIELD MEMBERS— Tuesday Morning & Friday Afternoon.

Henry S. ... is proposed for Sheriff by a certain ...

General Military Work, heretofore ...

The Legislature we understand ...

The Wheat crop in Union county ...

We notice that the Female Seminary ...

On Saturday of next week (25th ...)

Regular Court in Lewisburg, next ...

The Milton Company has been reorganized ...

The Argus again mounts its favorite ...

George A. McCall, a graduate of West ...

The O. S. Presbyterian General Assembly ...

Robert Tyler has resigned his office as ...

During the first thunderstorm of the ...

The same evening, the wife of James ...

The Cattle-Fish, when pursued, has ...

The Faculty of emitting a coloring matter ...

The Argus talks about our "moralists" ...

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A Military Encampment is ordered at Freeport, Illinois. We notice Capt. ...

Goldard of Iowa, Capt. Navis of Rockford, and Capt. Atkins of Freeport, Ill., No. 1, of which latter company the following are natives of Pennsylvania:

- John M. F. Newcomer, from Lancaster Co. Pa.
- Wm. H. ...
- ...

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MUSTER ROLL "LEWISBURG INFANTRY."

Regimental Officers,
Captains—W. H. ...

- John Lawrence
- James K. Mackey
- William A. Harlett
- ...

From the "Lewisburg Infantry."

The sky is overcast with dark and murky clouds, and "old ocean" is pouring down his liquid elements in torrents.

Notwithstanding the tramp of the soldiery and the clattering of vehicles through the streets, everything wears a desolate appearance.

We have at last, after a protracted journey of three weeks, reached the seat of Government.

We left Annapolis at 12 o'clock on Wednesday, and reached this place at 6 P. M.

We were marched up Pennsylvania Avenue as far as Fifth St., and temporarily quartered in the First Congressional Church.

How sad the thought, that in this "land of the free," this noble theatre in which Christianity and human freedom have wrought out their richest fruits, an armed soldiery must fill the house of God to protect its authority, and crush out treason and rebellion which have risen to horrid forms to the detriment of all the great interests of the country!

It is encouraging, however, to all good and loyal citizens of the Government, that the nations of the earth observe the record, and truthful and impartial history will transmit to future generations the fact, that the disorder and disturbance now filling the land have burst from the sea of Southern fanaticism, and that the Government is on the defensive, and not on the offensive.

It is gratifying, moreover, to know that the prayers of millions of our fellow men arise from the valleys and highlands of all civilized nations, for the protection of our Government.

It is still more pleasing to know that we have Equity, Justice and God on our side.

I was in conversation with a highly respectable gentleman from the Western part of Virginia, this morning, who told me that that section of the "Old Dominion" would, if aided by the Government, send fifty thousand men in defence of the Union.

It is not to be wondered at, that the number of our men is increasing daily, and that the Government is on the defensive, and not on the offensive.

There are now about 20,000 soldiers stationed in and around this capital. All the public buildings, and a large number of private dwellings, are filled with troops.

Our Company are in fine spirits, having plenty to eat and drink, and are anxious to meet the enemy at any quarter.

We are improving in drill and military discipline. Our efficient Captain is respected by the whole Company for his activity and kindness to his men.

While I am writing, Lieut. Lincoln is passing the side of the church, drilling them in a full step and right-about-face, marching at a rapid pace as though the enemy was about giving them a rough tussle with the bayonet.

Our Officers are determined to perfect their Company as rapidly as possible. But much dissatisfaction prevails in regard to the inferiority of our uniforms, contrasted with those of other States.

We have a blouse in lieu of a coat, made of very rough Kentucky jean, of a kind of iron cloth, containing three yellow buttons in front, and its (in common phraseology) "like a shirt on a bean pole." Our breeches are of a gray canvas, rotten as old clover, and large enough to cover two men.

As Pennsylvania is next to the richest State in the Union, this furnishing of her Volunteers with the most miserable and defective equipments is a reproach to her fair name, and a disgrace to her soldiers. Those in Philadelphia who have contracted to furnish the Commonwealth with uniforms for her soldiery, are playing a wicked piece of imposition upon the State by shuffling on her such miserable stuff as we have received.

I hope the Governor and Legislature will see that they are paid no more than the material is worth.

Our fellows have been seeing the "sights," and all appear to be delighted with the city, and swear they will fight till they die in defence of the Capital of their country.

Allow me to mention, before I close, that Dr. Christ, our assistant Surgeon, is highly worthy of the position he has been called to fill.

Persons absent from home and sick, with no parent, brother, or sister to administer kindness, expect sympathy from those who are called to attend them, and this mission our Surgeon well performs.

Just as I am writing, rumor says Jeff Davis and his swarm of Vandals are on their way to attack this place in less than eight days. We will give him a warm reception if he comes to Washington.

J. M. M.

[We notice in the Philadelphia Press, that Eld. M. Daniel one day recently took a walk over the Long Bridge at the Potomac, and straying rather too far into Virginia was accosted by some Secessionists, who talked of "appropriating" him as they do various good things they can lay hands on. He reminded them that he belonged to the church militant, and that there

Washington, D. C., May 14.

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Let the People Watch!

"Dish and Chopin" is always the aim of a minority. Had there been no Texas, after the treason of Gen. Twiggs, and who are released on their word of honor that they would not bear arms against the Southern Confederacy.

Concerning this, I am able to state that Government regards a parole given under such circumstances as they would a promise given to a house-breaker or forger, and that those gentlemen will all be required to renew their full obligations to Government, and a refusal to take the oath will be met by instant dismissal from the service.

Corcoran not Kinn.—By latest Southern advices it appears that King Cotton has been dethroned, and that King Corn has been elevated in his place. The Nashville Banner says that in some portions of Middle Tennessee the young cotton plant has been plowed up and corn planted in its place; while the Georgia Telegraph and other papers are frantically crying out "plow up the cotton! Yes! plow it up if need be. Look out for corn first, last and all the time!"

The Secretary of the Interior, Caleb B. Smith, has refused payment to all persons in the second States who claim compensation for taking the census. He has also determined to withhold from all persons in the second States the benefit of the Pension and Patent laws. These States have further deprived themselves of all advantages resulting from the Coast Survey and Postal system.

The regiment of cavalry which Carl Schurz is to raise will, if all expectations are realized, be one of the most effective in the service. The object is to enlist and organize a body of men who have seen service, and do not need drilling. It is well known there are hundreds of men in the West who have seen service in Europe, and who, if engaged, would be of great use, and to such men Government will undoubtedly furnish uniforms, equipments, and horses.

The news imports that an understanding has been had between President Lincoln and the Governors of the loyal States, that there shall be no let up in the war for the Union until the National Flag shall once more float unchallenged over all the Forts, Armories, Custom-Houses, and Sub-Treasuries that have been wrested by the traitors from their rightful possessor. This news will thrill every true American heart.

A party of twelve or fifteen seceders, (runaway slaves) from Maryland or Virginia, were encamped in the woods near the Muncy Railroad Depot, one night last week. They reported one hundred and fifty more on the road from their neighborhood. They left early in the morning for the north.

A patriotic Ohio girl, assistant teacher in one of the public schools of New Orleans, expressed her sympathy to the traitors, the other day, and was consequently dismissed from her position. With her relatives, she is now on her way to her free native State.

A pole over one hundred feet in length, and a handsome American Flag, were raised near Lewisville, Pa., Tuesday last. Addresses were delivered by Rev. Joshua Kelly, Rev. Andrew F. Shanefelt, Gen. R. Fleming, Henry Johnson, and Milton Upp, Esq.

Jeff Davis was hung in effigy in this Borough, on Saturday night last. We would much rather hear of the original Jeff being rebuked to death with a hemp noose, than see his effigy hung up—Merry Luminary.

Monday evening, a schooner arrived at Reed street wharf, Philad., from Petersburg, Virginia, bearing some fifty persons who were loyal to the Union, and were compelled to leave their homes and property and seek protection in the North.

Ex-President Buchanan has been very much indisposed for a week past, having contracted a severe cold. He is now convalescent, however, and hopes to be about again in a day or two.

Major-General Wool has been ordered to proceed to Fortress Monroe and take command of that post.

Kansas, considering the smallness of her population, is thus far the banner State in raising troops. The President has accepted three regiments of volunteers from that youngest of the States.

Twigs, after sacrificing his honor and his conscience, has been contemptuously thrown aside with a commission of Brigadier-General which Davis knew he could not accept. He has sunk too low for scorn.

India, after her rebellion against England, is suffering the pangs of famine. Our Secessionists have not full stomachs to fight on, while the loyal States were never better fed than now.

It is decided that Pennsylvania is entitled to two additional Regiments for three years—and the number is already more than made up, and thousands more are offering.

There were twelve hands who left the N. Y. Tribune office for the war—and a whole Company of Printers volunteered.

Gov. Hicks has called a special election for Congressmen from Maryland, and for Regiments of Volunteers, to serve under the President in the State and for the protection of the National Capital.

The State Education Convention, called at Harrisburg for the 21st, by Hon. Thomas H. Burrows, has been postponed on account of the War excitement.

The successful Dr. Jones, of N. Y.—who treats so skillfully all diseases of the Eye and Ear, Noise in the Head, Deafness, sore Eyes, strabismus, Cross Eyes, operates for Cataract, inserts Artificial Eyes and Bandages—will practice at the Broadway House, Milton, from the 21st until the 25th of May. See his City cards.

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