

Star & Chronicle

O. H. WORDEN & J. R. CORNELIUS

The Business Office--The LEWISBURG CHRONICLE, published on the 2nd system, has the largest and best circulation of any Newspaper in Union County.

Free Press, national; Slavery, sectional!

ADAPTED PROTECTION TO AMERICAN INDUSTRY, AND

Not another Inch of Slave Territory by Extension, Purchase, or Conquest.

The above are, and will be the two leading Principles before the country, until they are victorious; and we shall stand on our march, there to stand until they are in triumph above the National Capitol at Washington--T. J. Moore, Editor.

For the Opposition State Convention, to nominate a Federal Slave Ticket, to be appointed to assemble at Harrisburg on WEDNESDAY the 23rd FEBRUARY, 1860.

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stood by me in this contest, especially to those with whom I am not connected by party ties, but by the higher ties of mutual sympathy, respect and affection. Sir, if I had one more favor to ask of them, it would be that in my unbroken column, with an unflinching front, every man of them wheel into the line and cast his vote in favor of any gentleman belonging to our organization who can command the majority, or who can be elected Speaker, of this House. [Applause]

THIRTY-NINTH BALLOT. Whole No. of Votes 234 Necessary to a choice 117 Mr. Pennington, N. J. Rep. 115 Mr. Smith, N. C., Coalition 113 Scattering 6

The 40th and 41st ballot indicated no change, except that there was one less scattering vote; which left Pennington only two votes to gain to secure election.

TUESDAY, the Know-Nothing, Irish-loving, Tariff, Free-Trade, Slavery-Extension, Douglas-Democrat, Whig, Union, Nullification, Smash the-Republican candidate, SMITH of North Carolina, gracefully withdrew from his "bad eminence." The Democracy acknowledged their game about "played out." Some of the South Americans poked fun at them, and said they would not vote for any Loco-foco, although they had all come down on their marrow-bones to them. Mr. Sherman and the Republicans called for another vote. The Democrats made long speeches to allow time for their absentees to straggle in.

Mallory (Am.) of Ky, said "the choice of candidates is as a choice between the typhus fever and the small pox." Reagan (Texas) finally nominated McClelland of Ill., a slippery Douglas Democrat. Another South American said he would as soon vote for a Republican as a Sycamore Sovereignty man. Dolofully, with sad forebodings, they reached the

THIRTY-SECOND BALLOT. Whole No. of Votes 233 Necessary to a choice 117 Mr. Pennington 116 Mr. McClelland 91 Mr. Gilmer 6 Mr. M'Queen 6 Mr. Milson 6 Scattering (among nine gentlemen) 9

II. Winter Davis, of Baltimore, raised Mr. Pennington's vote one, amid applause and hisses. The Democracy insisted upon one more day to "fix things," and the House adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, (we learn by Telegraph) the final result was reached by the accession of Mr. Briggs of New York, to the Republican side, and the following vote:

THIRTY-THIRD BALLOT. Whole No. of Votes 233 Necessary to a choice 117 Mr. Pennington, N. J. Rep. 117 Mr. McClelland, Ill. Dem. 85 Mr. Gilmer, N. C., South Am. Scattering 13

This result was received with manifestations of applause. The Clerk announced that Mr. PENNINGTON was elected Speaker of the House, and named Messrs. Buecock and Sherman to conduct the Speaker to the Chair, which they promptly did. Mr. Pennington thanked the House for their kindness in electing him to that honorable position, and congratulated them on their success in accomplishing an organization.

After a short debate, the House adjourned until Friday next. This will give ample time for the Speaker to arrange the Committees, and for the nomination of Clerk and other Officers. Surely, after such arduous labors, the over-worked Members need a little recreation! In the mean time, "the Union" survives the shock of the success of the candidate of the Blackest Republicans, and Helper's book is spreading itself everywhere!

Speaker--1856 and 1860. There are some points of resemblance between these long-contested results. In 1856, the first vote of the Republicans was cast for Mr. Campbell of Ohio, and afterwards for Bushy in 1859, they first voted for Mr. Sherman of Ohio and next for Mr. Pennington. In 1860, the contest lasted from Dec. 12 to Feb. 28--58 days--The parties stood, nominally, in 1856--117 Opposition, 79 Administration, and 37 North and South Americans; in 1860, there were 120 elected as Opposition, of whom 8 were Anti-Loco-foco Democrats, 87 Administration, and 29 South American non-descript. The final vote in 1856, under the plurality rule, was--Banks, Rep., 163; Aikin, Dem. and So. Am., 109; Scattering, 11; Absent, or not voting, 10--total, 234. In 1860, the final vote was--Pennington, Rep., 117; McClelland, Dem., 85; Gilmer, So. Am., 16; Scattering, 13; absentees, 4--total, 237--In 1856, as in 1860, a few impracticable men of the majority prevented a due organization for weeks, and the last vote came out just about as the first should have done. To this squad of half a dozen, much blame and responsibility belongs, as the masses on both the Anti and Pro-Slavery side often were ready to come to the real issue, in spite of the fire-eating Disunionists.

We have not the details, but suppose it will be found that, on the final vote, Messrs. Haslin and Reynolds of N. Y., Adrain and Riggs of N. J., and Hickman and Schwartz of Pa., voted with those who elected them, as was tacitly understood at the time they were elected. (To this may be added Mr. Davis of Md., in place of Riggs, the only man of "sectional" South who voted for the Northern Speaker.) Those who finally voted against the wishes and views of those who elected them, Clark of N. Y. and Davis of Ind.

The new Speaker, Mr. Pennington, was formerly Governor of New Jersey, and is a gentleman past middle age, of long experience, great dignity, and high moral character. He was always a Whig, Tariff man, and opposed to the extension of Slavery. We do not know why he is not as acceptable to the Republicans as Mr. Sherman, except that the abuse heaped upon the latter had rather endeared him to the friends of Freedom. The true cause of hostility to Mr. Sherman, was his increasing vigilance in probing to the bottom the corruptions of the Administration, as he did when on the Kansas Investigating Committee, and last year; they feared him as Speaker, but they are not sure that he may not be as useful on the floor, and doing the work of a Committee, as if confined to the chair. He will not be overlooked by our friends in the future.

Pennsylvania Legislature. SMALL NOTES.--A bill has been introduced into the Senate, the object of which is to prohibit the circulation of bank notes of a less denomination than \$5 in the State. It requires that all persons, such as merchants, hotel-keepers, brokers, and, in fact, every one engaged in a business where there is necessarily much receiving and paying out of money, shall appear before the County Treasurer and make oath that he or they will not pay out or circulate bank notes of a less denomination than \$5; whereupon, the said Treasurer grants him or them a license to carry on their business, whatsoever it may be. It is now the law of Virginia, and it is said has worked well.

CONTESTED ELECTION.--The House Committee investigating the contested election case of Allen vs. Donnelly, met again on Friday afternoon, when the attorney for the contestant abandoned the case, and asked the Committee to report that Mr. Donnelly was entitled to his seat for the want of sufficient evidence to the contrary.

The House refused to lay aside for a second reading, the bill to vacate certain streets and alleys in Churchville.

Mr. Smith of Philadelphia, introduced into the Senate a Free Banking Law, which is in the main similar to those introduced and defeated at previous sessions.

The West Branch Bank asks to enlarge its capital to \$200,000.

An insurance Company is proposed to be located at Bellefonte.

We learn by the Williamsport Gazette that the people of Brady township are again asking for re-annexation to Union county. It opposes the "right of the people to regulate their own domestic institutions," and so proposes to annex Union county to Williamsport!

A new Exemption Law, saving homesteads to the value of \$1,000, is before the Legislature--also a bill to incorporate the Schuylkill and Philadelphia Railroad Company, (which we would like to see.)

THE LEGISLATIVE PRAYER MEETING, inaugurated on Wednesday morning last, is now a "fixed institution," having succeeded beyond the most sanguine expectations of its originators. The meeting this morning was the largest yet held, and the exercises, conducted by Mr. Austin, of the House, were exceedingly interesting and impressive. The throne of grace was fervently addressed by several Members of the Legislature, and appropriate hymns sung in full chorus by the assembly of worshippers. Of the clergymen of our town Messrs. Hay, (Lutheran), Miles, (Baptist), and DeWitt, (Presbyterian), were present and participated in the services. There can be no doubt that much good will result from this movement, originated, as we learn, by a gentleman connected with the editorial corps of the House of Representatives, who is to be commended for his active and zealous efforts in a good cause.--Harrisburg Telegraph.

Popular Sovereignty. The Territorial Legislature of Nebraska recently passed a bill to exclude slavery from that Territory. It was a short bill, whose phrases were borrowed from the Jeffersonian ordinance of 1789, as follows:

"Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Council and House of Representatives of the Territory of Nebraska, That slavery or involuntary servitude, except for the punishment of crime, be and the same is forever prohibited in this Territory.

"Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after the first day of July, A. D., 1860."

The bill was sent to Gov. Black, one of Mr. Buchanan's office-holders, who presides over that Territory, who returned it with his veto. The demoralizing influence of Democratic politics on the character of those who associate themselves with that party is illustrated in the action of the Governor to humiliate extent. Gov. Black but a few years since was opposed to Slavery. In this he was obeying the instincts of his nature as well as the dictates of his conscience. But, identifying himself with the corrupt party in power, he has floated down the stream with it, until he finds himself the mere agent of the slavery propagandists. It is painful to believe, when the privilege of deciding between freedom, with all its attendant blessings, and slavery, with all its accompanying horrors, was given to a native of Pennsylvania--a person who was raised among free institutions, and partook freely of their advantages--that he should have decided in favor of the latter. Yet such is the fact. His record will adhere to him however, like the faded shirt of Nessus, and will be a source of regret when the charms of office shall have passed away. While this action of Gov. Black indicates the sympathy of Pres. Buchanan with those who desire to extend slavery into our free territories, it does not detract from the odium with which his territorial representative has surrounded himself.--Reading Journal.

FROM MEXICO.--General Miramon, it seems, following up his former important victories, had made other remarkably successful campaign, forcing his adversaries, five thousand strong, and under the command of two of the ablest Constitutional leaders, from the formidable positions they had well selected and entrenched at the deep barranca de Atencque, the mountain of La Figuera, the Peak of Perico, and the river and hills of Tarrasista, on the 18th and 21st of December. He took possession of the town of Coima on the 22d, and instantly leaving it, overtook the retiring Constitutionalists on the 23d at the formidable barranca (ravine) of El Muerto, and completely defeated them on the 24th.

John Strait, one hundred and one years of age, died this month in Ohio. He was a Rhode Islander, a Whig soldier in the Revolution, and a Baptist preacher for seventy five years.

Queen Victoria's second son, Prince Alaric, recently received a sound thrashing from a brother Niddy, while lying at Beirut, and when it was over he had the malignancy to confess that he was in fault.

TO REMOVE CLINKERS IN STOVES.--Persons troubled with clinkers adhering to the lining of their stoves or furnaces may be interested in knowing that by placing a few oyster shells into the grate, while the fire is ignited, the clinkers will become loosened so as to be readily removed without the danger of breaking the lining.

A Georgia paper declares that if Douglas is elected President, or anybody else but a Southern Disunionist, the Union will be dissolved if it should be necessary to slay fifteen millions of Yankees!

For the "Star & Chronicle." Messrs. Editors: At the time is fast approaching when it will be the duty of the voters of the XXth Judicial District to look around and choose a man qualified to fill the position of Judge of said district. The position is a high and responsible one, and one in which all the people are deeply interested, and it is particularly so to the voters of this county, who are entitled to a high-toned gentleman, possessing a large share of morality and moral courage, combined with an extensive knowledge of law and many courages and independence sufficient to enable him to administer justice to all, without fear or favor to any one. Allow me, through your paper, to recommend GEORGE F. MILLER, of Lewisburg, who is in every respect qualified to meet every exigency and fill so important a position with honor to himself, and satisfaction to all concerned. Ours of the PEOPLE.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN STEREOSCOPIC EMPORIUM. E. ANTHONY, 309, Broadway, New York--After May 1st, 1860, at 107 Broadway, two doors from the St. Nicholas Hotel.

THE Stereoscopic is the most instructive, interesting, entertaining, amusing and exciting of modern inventions. None are so good or so beautiful, none so intelligible and so instructive, none so easily and so cheaply enjoyed. No home is complete without it, and with penicillio-erectives.

Let us invite you to view every part of the world, in all the cities, valleys, mountains, and deeps of the globe, as if you were actually present. The process is a discovery of the most marvellous kind. It is a discovery of the most marvellous kind. It is a discovery of the most marvellous kind.

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