UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

At $1.50 per Year, always in Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., FRIDAY, SEPT. 2, 1859.

THE UNION—Established, 1814—Whole No., 2,375.

CHRONICLE—Established, 1843—Whole No., 803.

Union County Court Affairs.

Union County Court Proclamation

WHEREAS, the Hon. ABM S. WILSON, President Judge for the 20th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of the counties of Union, Mifflin and Snyder, and PHILIP EGE and ISAW SHARON ESQS., Associate Judges in Union county, have issued their precept, bearing date the 23rd day of May, 1859, and to me directed, for the holding of an Orphans' Court, Court of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer, and General Quarter Sessions at LEWISBURG, for the county of UNION, on the second MONDAY of SEPT. (being the 12th day) 1859, and to continue one week,

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables in and for the county of Union, to appear in their own proper persons with their records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances to do those things which of their offices and in their behalf appertain to be done; and all Witnesses and other persons prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any person or persons, are required to be then and there attending, and those upon bail or recognizance are to appear and prosecute their recognizances, and not depart without leave at their peril. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance at the appointed time agreeable to notice.

Given under my hand and seal at the Sheriff's Office in Lewisburg, the 11th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and the eighty-second year of the Independence of the United States of America.—God save the Commonwealth! JOHN CROSSGROVE, Sheriff.

Grand Jurors—Sept. Term, 1859.

East Buffaloe—John F. Brown, Saml Zellers, Abraham Frederick, Jacob Sailer
White Deer—Jonas Fisher, David Steninger, Samuel B Pawling
Buffaloe—James Blair
New Berlin—John M Reifer, Robt Swineford
Limestone—John Leiby, John M Taylor
Kelly—Peter Guyer, Isaac Howard
Mifflinburg—Joseph Gutelius, Wm Smith, Jno A Barber
West Buffaloe—George E Sheary, Jacob Kline, John T. Beaver
Lewisburg—T H Purdy, John Houghton
Hartley—Alvah Marston
Union—John Youngman

Traverse Jurors.

Lewisburg—John Wallis, Michael Fichthorn, Aaron E Weiand, Jos. W. Sartner, Yancey M'Laughlin, Lewis J Reyman Jona H Beale, Alexander Nestlo
East Buffaloe—John Rohl Jr, Samuel Dunkel
Mifflinburg—Charles Monninger, George Gutelius, John Reber, Robert T Barber, James Chambers
West Buffaloe—Daniel Beisinger, Conrad Sheckler, Aaron H Luce, Edward Smith, Daniel Fisher
Buffaloe—Wm B Steiner, Weidler Rohland, Edward Fleck, John Maurer, James Irvin, J F Fenton
Hartley—David Hunsecker, Samuel Strayhorn, Solomon Dreisbach
Lewis—Ira Kauffman
Limestone—David W Pollman, William Foster
Union—Thomas Parson, John Mazer
New Berlin—Wm Beaver, Fred's Smith, Benjamin Winter
White Deer—Daniel B Reber, Robert Candor, John Orr, L. F. Albright, Andrew M'Lenahan, Samuel Gemberling
Buffaloe—David Kline, David Moyer
Kelly—James Shields, Jacob Hummel, Thomas Comly

Issue List for Sept. Term. 1859.

Reuben Steninger vs Alfred Kneass
John Roland vs State Mutual Ins. Co
P O Campbell et al vs Teel & Marr
David Steninger vs Wm H Marr
I. F Albright vs Adam Schreck &c
Francis Krick vs Alexander Ammons
Daniel Raugler vs John Lapp
S & D Weidensaul vs Stark vs Church & Forrey
Levi K Snoch, dec'd's adm'rs vs J Yearger
Martin G Reed, a minor, &c vs C Dreisbach
James Russell vs Jacob Double
Christian Barich vs Daniel Renner
same same
John Kessler vs Geddes, Marsh & Co
Philip Seebold vs Peter Beaver et al
Abram and John Auraud vs Chas F Schaffle
Martin G Reed &c vs John Roland
George Meixel vs Leib & Leib
John Moyer & wife same
Isaac K Dunkle vs Henry Rahle
Daniel Raugler Jr vs Chamberlin & Stout
Abram Wolfe vs Beaver God M & Co
Reber & Musser vs Corporation University
H M Whitmer vs Jacob Kline
Samuel H Orwig vs Henry W Crotzer
S L Beck vs Deitrick & Sheckler
Reish & Reish vs Peter Reish's Adm'rs
Chas S Cretz vs Wm H Shriner
Saml L Beck vs Charles Stees
John Marty vs John Barty
same vs 4 others
Thos G Orwig for S Orwig vs J M C Ranck
Scots Presby'n Church vs John M'Call
Israel Geyer vs Aaron Smith
Wm Kaufman vs Peter Kaufman Admr
Jacob Swartz vs Conrad Blind and wife
M'Carty Tate vs E S Brelst
Thos Raser's Adm'rs vs Ammons & Rawn
Wm Frick & Co vs Wm Wolfe
Cyrus Eaton vs S F & W S Bogenreif
David Glick vs Saml S Barber
Daniel Gosh vs Ludwig & Ranck and J R
Philip Rahl vs Francis Wilson
Samuel B Pawling vs Samuel Showers et al
Middleswarth Kerns & Co vs Chs H Shriner
Frederick Worman vs Jacob Smith
John Wertz vs Peter Nevins et al
Samuel W Snodgrass vs Wm Young Jr
Ulsh for Gutelius' Adm'rs vs Geo Dreisbach
Abraham Black vs Andrew Spitler
George Barkdoll vs H W Crotzer
T Church & Co vs Wm H Kleckner
Samuel Long and wife vs Joseph Kleckner
Robt D Cummings vs Saml Henderson etal,
J & J Young vs Thos G Orwig
Charles Stees vs Saml L Beck
Scribner & Perkins vs Albert Wynn
Wm Price Jr vs Robt M Musser
North, Chase & North vs Joel Hursh
John Sankey vs Andrew Gutelius
Joseph Christine vs Beaver, Geddes M & Co
Dr Wm F Seebold vs Saml C Wilt
Lawson Burrows vs Chas D Mowrer
Abraham Wolfe vs Joseph Joll
Hightor Deitler vs A Messinger with notice
Steninger & Ranch vs Black & Fisher

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned, that the following-named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's Office at Lewisburg, Union county, and that the said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance at the Orphans' Court, to be held at LEWISBURG, for the county of Union, on the third Friday of SEPTEMBER next being the 16th day of said month, viz:

1. The Account of Agnes Wilson, Executrix of John F. Wilson, who was one of the Administrators of *John Wilt*, late of the Borough of Hartleton, dec'd.
2. The Account of John B. Linn, Administrator of *Frederick Welker*, late of the Borough of Mifflinburg, dec'd.
3. The Account of Thomas Hayes, Guardian of *George P.* and *Nancy Wilson*, minor children of Samuel Wilson, dec'd.
4. The Account of Maria Zimmerman, Administratrix of *John Zimmerman*, late of Limestone Tp., dec'd.
5. The Account of Israel Beaver, Administrator of *Jacob Houck*, late of Lewis Tp., dec'd.
6. The Account of Hugh P. Shelley, Administrator of *William Wilson, Jr.*, late of Kelly Tp., dec'd.

GEORGE MERRILL, Register.
Register's Office, Lewisburg, Aug. 16, 1859

Prothonotary's Notice.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that JONATHAN WOLFE, Assignee of *John Houghton*, of Lewisburg, Union county, has filed in the Prothonotary's Office, in and for the county of Union, at Lewisburg, his account as Assignee of the said John Houghton, and that the same will be presented to the Court of Common Pleas of said county, for confirmation and allowance, on FRIDAY the 16th day of September next, at the Court House at Lewisburg in the county aforesaid. SAMUEL ROUSH, Proth'y.
August 16, 1859 pd

Prothonotary's Notice.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that JOHN DUNKLE, one of the Committee of the person and estates of *John Baker* and *Hester Baker*, of Buffalo township, Union county, has filed in the Prothonotary's Office in and for the county of Union, at Lewisburg, his account as Committee of the said John Baker and Hester Baker, and that the same will be presented to the Court of Common Pleas of said county for confirmation and allowance on FRIDAY, the 16th day of September next, at the Court House at Lewisburg in the county aforesaid. SAMUEL ROUSH, Proth'y
August 16, 1859 pd

Notice to Heirs of Engel Schrader.

L.S. Union County, ss: The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania—to Hannah Schrader intermarried with Jacob Schawver; Catharine Schrader intermarried with Peter Bingman, which Catharine since died, leaving eight children, viz. Elizabeth married to John Gearhart, Julian married to Thomas Swartz Frederick, John, Hannah married to Jacob Dries, Catharine married to Aaron Kline, Maria married to Jacob Reish, and Lavina married to Joseph Brunner, (the said Frederick and John Bingman, two of the children of said Catharine, are dead, and left issue, but is not known to the Court how many; that Jacob Schrader, son of Engel Schrader, deceased, died in the life time of his said father, and left issue, two children, to wit; Jacob and Hannah, which Hannah is intermarried with Jacob Stock; that all the above named heirs reside in the county of Snyder, (except Jacob Reish and Catharine his wife, who reside somewhere in the State of Michigan, and heirs of Frederick Bingman, deceased, who reside in or near Bellvue, in the State of Ohio,) heirs and legal representatives of Engel Schrader, late of Hartley Township, in the said county of Union, deceased. Greeting:

Whereas, by an Inquest held for that purpose duly awarded by the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, the Real Estate of the said Engel Schrader, deceased, situate in Hartley township, Union county, adjoining lands of Jacob Bingman on the East, Pennsverk on the south and North, and lands of Henry Rothrock on the west, containing four acres more or less with the appurtenances, which said real estate was valued and appraised at and for the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars ($150.00);

And whereas, none of the heirs of the said deceased appeared in Court on the return of the said inquisition, to take the premises therein mentioned at the appraisement. You and every of you are hereby cited to be and appear at the next general Orphan's Court to be held at Lewisburg, for the county of Union, on the 12th day of September next, to accept the real estate described in the writ and Inquisition, at the valuation thereof, or show cause why the Court shall not decree the same to be sold. By the Court. Witness my hand, and seal of said Court, at Lewisburg the 16th day of June, A. D. 1859.

SAMUEL ROUSH, Clerk.

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary on the last will and testament of WILLIAM KEINERD, late of Hartley township, Union county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Union county, in due form of law, therefore, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

GEORGE BOOP, Executor.
Hartley, July 22, 1859

Hickok's Patent Portable KEYSTONE CIDER & WINE MILL.

PLEASE take particular notice that this is an entirely *new* Mill. No expense has been spared in its manufacture; the materials are the very best, and are used unsparingly. The cylinders are almost twice the length of the former, and all (including the top cylinder) made of iron. The screw is two inches in diameter, with a heavy 1/4 V thread cut on it. The beam of the press is cast iron instead of wood—is made very heavy, and the thread of the nut cut for four inches through it. The power of the press is very much increased, and can not be broken by any fair means. The arrangement of the Tub and other parts of the press, is very perfect. The boxes and hoppers are all dovetailed together; the journals run in long bearings; and, lastly, by the workmanship shall not be excelled by any machine of the kind whatever—perfection being the aim, both in the arrangement and mechanical department.

Improvements for 1859.—The following are some of the improvements added this year: The frames are put together with joint bolts. A fly wheel 22 inches in diameter, instead of 16 inches, has been added. The form of the teeth has been changed, so as to make them grind easier and freer. Entirely new gearing has been constructed, and the upper cylinder has been geared down, so that in connection with the teeth of cylinder it shall grind much easier. With all these improvements, it is believed that there is no mill in the market that will grind as fast or with as little power, nor is there any one that is made in a better or more perfect manner.

All persons who have been obliged to use the old-fashioned not mill, are aware how inconvenient it is, and especially those who have not large quantities of apples. By having this mill on your plantation or farm, you can, at any time, in a few minutes, make a few gallons of sweet cider for present use; or you can very expeditiously make up a few barrels. The Machine, well worked, is capable of making 8 to 12 barrels of cider a day, with ease. It is made to run by horse, steam or hand-power, and when the apples are ground, a boy of fourteen years of age can press the pomace with all ease.

The following may be adduced as the decided advantages of this Mill:

First.—It will make more cider than any other press, with a given quantity of apples in a given time, and with much less labor and expense.

Second.—It will make cleaner and sweeter cider than any old style mill.

Third.—You can make the cider as you want it, and when you want it; and in quantities from one gallon to barrels.

Fourth.—With it you can press your Currants, Cherries, Berries, Cheese, Butter, Lard, and Tallow.

Fifth.—With its use you can at all times have fresh and sweet cider.

With all the advantages resulting from the possession and use of such a Machine—at a price so low that it is within the reach of all—can it be that any intelligent Farmer would do without it?

The annexed *RECOMMENDATION* is a specimen of the many scores received:

During the past winter, I had several boat loads of apples to make into cider, and procured one of "Hickok's Portable Cider Mills," and found that, with two hands, I could make eight and nine barrels of cider a day—the men only working by daylight in the short days of winter. The mill not only performed in the most perfect and satisfactory manner, but worked with remarkable ease and with a small amount of power. I tried other portable mills, but none that worked with half the ease or speed of "*Hickok's Keystone Cider Mill*;" and I can safely recommend it in preference to all others.

Harrisburg, June 16, 1859. CHARLES TUNIS.

Mr. Chaffe, of Broome county, New York, writes that he, with one hand, went from farm to farm with one of these Mills, and made over one *thousand barrels* of cider in the fall of 1858.

☞ More than ONE HUNDRED Silver Medals and Diplomas have been given to this Mill within the last four years.

The pioneer in the line, we claim that this Machine is the BEST one in the Market on the following points:

1st. It will grind the easiest, fastest and in the most perfect manner.

2d. The Press is the simplest and most powerful, and quickest handled. It is not hampered up with a number of screws and cog-wheels, which create enough friction to destroy its utility. It is well made and sold at a fair price.

☞ The Mill occupies about two-and-a-half by three feet, four feet high, weighs 370 lbs., every way portable and convenient. **Price $40.** Address W. O. HICKOK, Agt.
799m2 Eagle Works, Harrisburg, Pa

PERSONS wanting change of climate for health, see advertisement of Hemmenway Locks, another column.

Union County Star & Lewisburg Chronicle

AN INDEPENDENT FAMILY NEWSPAPER,

Issued Fridays, at Lewisburg, Union Co. Pa.

TERMS—$1.50 per year, to be PAID IN ADVANCE—and at the same rate for a longer or shorter period. Thus, 90 cts will pay for four months, 75 cts for six months, 1 dol. for eight months, 2 dol. for sixteen months, 3 dol. for two years, $5 for four years one year, $10 for ten copies one year, &c. Single No's, 5 cts. Payments by mail (paid) received in gold, postage stamps, or bank notes at their value here. Most kinds Produce received at the Office.

☞ When the time expires, for which a paper is paid, (unless we have a running account) it is STOPPED.

ADVERTISEMENTS handsomely published, at 50 cts per square one week, 25 cts each after insertion, 1 dol. for six months, 3 dol. per year. Half a square—25 cts, 15 cts, 2 dol, 3 dol. Two squares—1.50, 4.00, 8.00. Merchants, &c. not over one fourth of a column, 10 dol. per year. Other sizes &c. as may be agreed upon. A square is 12 lines or smallest type, or 10 of next larger. Advertisements out of democratic tendency, and large cuts, not admitted.

Communications desired on topics of general interest and accompanied by the writer's real name and address.

The MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH is located in the Office of the Star & Chronicle, by which we often insert important News in advance of the Philad. Mails.

Connected with the Office are ample materials for most kinds of JOB PRINTING, which will be executed with neatness and despatch and on reasonable terms.

☞ Casual Advertisements to be paid for when handed in, and Job Work when delivered.

ALL BILLS MUST BE ON PRESENTATION.

☞ OFFICE on Market Square, north side, second storey

Worden & Cornelius.

The Star and Chronicle.

MONDAY, AUG. 29, 1859.

E PLURIBUS UNUM

Union County Convention.

Pursuant to notice, Delegates from the several Election Districts of Union county, opposed to the National Administration, met at the Buffalo House in Lewisburg, 11, A. M., of Monday, Aug. 29, 1859, when

GEO. F. MILLER, Esq., of Lewisburg, was chosen President, and R.V. GLOVER of Hartleton and EDWARD SMITH of New Berlin, Secretaries.

On calling the roll, all the Districts were found fully represented, without any contested seat, as follows:

Buffaloe—Peter Miller, Andrew Hauck.
East Buff.—Michael Brown, David Schrack.
West Buff.—T.V. Harbison, John Oberdorf.
Hartley—John Diehl, R.V.B. Lincoln.
Hartleton—R.V Glover, Wm.F. Wilson.
Kelly—Flavel Clingan, Peter Guyer.
Limestone—G.W. Chambers, Wm. Stees.
Lewis—Samuel Swengle, John Snyder.
Lewisburg N.W.—R.M. Musser, Wm. Frick.
do S.W.—C.C Shorkley, G.F. Miller.
Mifflinburg—Th. Gutelius, Fr. Smith.
New Berlin—Ed. Smith, S. S. Aurand.
White Deer—James Marshall, Aaron Smith.
Union—Charles Cawley, J.M. Walter.

On motion of Judge Marshall, the following gentlemen were appointed a Committee on Resolutions:

G.F. Miller, R.V.B. Lincoln, F. Smith, G.W. Chambers, F. Clingan.

Adjourned to meet in the Court Room at 11 o'clock, P.M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Mr. Miller, from the Committee on Resolutions, reported. On a motion to adopt them in mass, after amendment, Mr. Shorkley objected. While coinciding entirely with most of them, he thought they covered too much ground (alluding as we supposed to a Presidential reference) for a mere nominating convention. They were, however, adopted, collectively, by a respectable majority.

RESOLUTIONS.

It is with thankful hearts that we assemble in County Convention under so favorable auspices, notwithstanding the money crisis that has pervaded our country, prostrating all kinds of business, reducing many of our most active business men to penury and want, checking the developement of the great mineral resources of our State, closing up manufacturing establishments, and depriving a large portion of our industrious laboring class of the means of a livelihood. We have not been cursed with the devastation of war, or afflicted with any contagious disease. Health has prevaded our land, and our farmers have been blessed by a beneficent Providence with an abundant harvest, which we hail as a harbinger of better times. But we cannot expect prosperous times until there is a change in the policy of our National Administration, of which we have but little hope under the present dynasty.

Therefore, *Resolved*, 1st. That the enormous national debt created under the administration of Mr. Buchanan, shows him unfit to manage the financial affairs of our government.

2nd. That we are in favor of a Protective Tariff for the fostering of our manufacturing interests, encouraging the developement of our mineral resources, and sustaining American industry. And we are decidedly in favor of specific duties on iron and other productions which are the growth and manufacture of the United States.

3d. That we while we have looked in vain to the present national administration for a protective policy, the enormous amount of specie that is constantly being exported from our country convinces us, that, unless some check is afforded, a more alarming crisis awaits us. We rejoice, however, that the administration of Mr. Buchanan is drawing to a close, with a lively hope that the White House will be occupied with a more efficient officer.

4th. That the attempt to re-open the African slave trade is revolting to every friend of humanity, and the very idea of such an infamous traffic, ought to be spurned with indignation by every American citizen. We rejoice to find that there are many patriots even in the Southern States who are raising their voices and wielding their pens against the accursed project, in defiance of the "fire eaters."

5th. That Gen. Simon Cameron has ably represented his constituents in the councils of the nation; that he has always stood up firm and unwavering to the interests of Pennsylvania; in him we recognize a man in every way well qualified to hold the helm of our national government; he is moderate in his views, but firm to the interest of the whole country.

6th. That Gen. Cameron is our first choice for the Presidency of these United States, believing that he would manage the affairs of the nation with economy, restore prosperity throughout the country, and dispel the dark cloud which has been hovering over us.

7th. That if Gen. Cameron should be placed in nomination for the Presidency by our party, we firmly believe that he would carry the Keystone State, in 1860, by an overwhelming majority.

8th. That all praise is due to John W. Forney of the Philadelphia *Press*, for his independent course in opposing the profligacy of the National Administration, and resisting with firmness all attempts made by Mr. Buchanan and his office holders to whip him into their ranks.

9th. That whilst we regret the enormous national debt inflicted on our country through the administration of President Buchanan, we rejoice that the finances of our own beloved Commonwealth are in a prosperous condition; under the management of our able and efficient State Treasurer, Hon. Eli Slifer, the State Debt is very rapidly reduced—may higher honors await him.

10th. That we have full confidence in the triumphant election on the second Tuesday in October, of Thomas E. Cochran Esq. of York to the office of Auditor General, and Gen. William H. Keim, of Berks, as Surveyor General, and also in carrying a handsome majority in both branches of the Legislature.

11th. That we hereby pledge ourselves to use all fair and honorable means to secure the election of the persons this day placed in nomination.

12th. That Robert V. Glover of Hartleton be recommended for Representative, and O. N. Worden of Lewisburg for Senatorial Delegate, on the part of Union county, to the next State Convention, with power to elect Conferees and to appoint substitutes.

Voted, That in choosing candidates we pursue the usual course of marking against the names of candidates as each delegate may select, and that a majority of the whole vote given be necessary to a choice.

Proceeded to vote for Assembly—THOMAS HAYES, of Lewisburg, being the only one named, he was declared nominated by acclamation on the part of Union county, with power to select his own Conferees.

Nominations for *Prothonotary* were made as follows:

JOHN A. MERTZ of Lewisburg.
D. D. GULDIN do
WM. ROSHONG of New Berlin.
JA'S W. SANDS of Mifflinburg.
JOHN BILGER do

Proceeded to vote, as follows:

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.
Mertz	7	7	9	11	8
Guldin	2	2			
Roshong	4	4	4	2	1
Sands	2	2	2	2	2
Bilger	13	13	13	13	17

JOHN BILGER of Mifflinburg was thereupon declared duly nominated.

Nominations for *County Commissioner* were made as follows:

SAM'L MARSHALL, White Deer.
SAM'L BOOP, New Berlin.
GEO. GUTELIUS, Mifflinburg.
BEN. W. THOMPSON do
FRED. BOLENDER, Limestone.
JAMES BLAIR, Lewisburg.
JOHN GABLE, West Buffaloe.
WM. RULE, Buffaloe.
ARCH. THOMAS, Union.

The name of Mr. Thompson, who appeared in Convention with five Delegates, was withdrawn—he having promised so to do if the Prothonotary was awarded to Mifflinburg.

Proceeded to vote, as follows:

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.
Marshall	6	8	5	12	17
Boop	1	1	1	1	
Gutelius	2	2			1
Bolender	6	6	12	12	10
Blair	6	6	4		
Gable	2	2	2	2	
Rule	3	1	1		
Thomas	2	2	3	1	

SAMUEL MARSHALL of White Deer was declared the nominee.

Nominations for *County Treasurer* were made as follows:

ROBERT H. LAIRD, Lewisburg.
WILLIAM JONES do
JOSIAH BAKER do

Mr. Baker's name was withdrawn, and proceeded to vote, as follows:

	1st.	2d.
Laird	14	15
Jones	14	13

ROBERT H. LAIRD of Lewisburg was declared the nominee.

Nominations for *District Attorney* were made as follows:

JOHN B. LINN, Lewisburg.
SAMUEL H. ORWIG do
ALBERT B. VORSE do

Proceeded to vote, as follows:

	1st.	2d.	3d.
Linn	9	12	15
Orwig	10	12	13
Vorse	9	4	

JOHN B. LINN, Esq. of Lewisburg was declared duly nominated.

For *County Surveyor*, CONRAD SHECKLER, Esq. of West Buffaloe, being the only name presented, he was nominated by acclamation.

For *County Auditor*, the following gentlemen were nominated:

SAMUEL C. WILT, Hartleton.
DAVID HERBST, Buffaloe.
JOHN S. HEIMBACH, New Berlin.

Proceeded to vote, as follows:

	1st.	2d.
Wilt	13	11
Herbst	8	10
Heimbach	5	3

SAMUEL C. WILT Esq. of Hartleton was declared the nominee.

Resolved, That the President appoint a Standing County Committee for the ensuing year.

The President requested Delegates to name a Committee-man for their respective Districts, and the following were returned:

R. M. Musser, Lewisburg North W.
Wm. Jones do South W.
David Herbst, Buffaloe.
Michael Brown, East Buffaloe.
Conrad Sheckler, West Buffaloe.
Mark Halfpenny, Hartley.
Shem Spigelmyer, Hartleton.
Peter Geyer, Kelly.
John Hower, Lewis.
Geo. W. Chambers, Limestone.
Thomas Gutelius, Mifflinburg.
James Harrison, New Berlin.
Aaron Smith, White Deer.
Charles Cawley, Union.

—Having transacted all the business before it, the Convention adjourned.

Assembly Conference.

The Conferees representing the Opposition in this Assembly District, met at Boyer's, in Fremont, Snyder Co., Tuesday, 30th Aug. 1859, viz.:

Juniata—S L. Kurtz, W. H. Paterson, J. M. Sellers.
Snyder—I D. Boyer, Is. Gutelius, Ja. Minium.
Union—Wm. Frick, G.F. Miller, Ch. Cawley.

Hon. JAMES M. SELLERS was chosen President of the Conference, and GEO. F. MILLER, Esq., Secretary.

The following nominations for Assembly were then made on the part of each county:

ROBERT C. GALLAHER of Juniata.
WM. F. WAGENSELLER of Snyder.
THOMAS HAYES of Union.

Five votes were taken, with the following result:

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.
Gallaher	3	3	3	3	3
Hayes	3	3	3		6
Wagenseller	3	3	3	6	

Whereupon, THOMAS HAYES and WILLIAM F. WAGENSELLER were *unanimously* nominated for the Assembly from this District.

Proceeded to elect Delegates to the next State Convention—when H. H. Wilson of Juniata and I. Gutelius of Snyder were chosen, (Union voting for R.V. Glover.)

Messrs. Sellers, Gutelius and Miller were deputed to report Resolutions—and the Conference adjourned.

[Selected for the Star & Chronicle.]

MARRIAGE.

"That man must lead a happy life,
Who is directed by a wife:
Who's freed from matrimonial chains
Is sure to suffer for his pains.

Adam could find no solid peace
Till he beheld a woman's face;
When Eve was given for a mate,
Adam was in a happy state.

In all the female race appear
Truth, darling of a heart sincere:
Hypocricy, deceit, and pride
In woman never did reside.

What tongue is able to unfold
The worths in woman we behold?
The failings that in woman dwell
Are almost imperceptible.

Confusion take the men, I say,
Who no regard to women pay;
Who make the women their delight
Keep always reason in their sight."

[By a slight transposition of the above, we have a very different story, viz.]

THE OLD BACHELOR'S VERSION.

That man must lead a happy life
Who's freed from matrimonial chains;
Who is directed by a wife,
Is sure to suffer for his pains.

Adam could find no solid peace
When Eve was given for a mate;
Till he beheld a woman's face,
Adam was in a happy state.

In all the female race appear
Hypocrisy, deceit and pride;
Truth, darling of a heart sincere,
In woman never did reside.

What tongue is able to unfold
The failings that in woman dwell?
The worths in woman we behold
Are almost imperceptible.

Confusion take the men, I say,
Who make the women their delight;
Who no regard to women pay
Keep always reason in their sight.

At a recent election, in St. Louis city, on the question of Sunday liquor selling, there were 5,292 votes in favor, and 7,413 against—2,121 maj. against. The test was demanded by the liquor party.

A Cure for Discontent.

"Oh, mother!" said little Clara, "I get so tired eating just bread and butter and potatoes for my supper, and drinking only cold water out of this tin cup! You do not know how beautiful Mr. Carrington's table looked to-night when I went home with the work. They were just taking dinner, and asked me into the dining room to get my money. Every thing was so bright and sparkling. The tea things were silver and the plates china; and little Ellen, who is no bigger than I am, had a cup of coffee and a little silver cup for water too. There were such nice things on the table—fresh fish and chicken, and every thing so good! Don't you wish we were rich people, too, mother?"

"My little girl must be careful to keep 'Giant Discontent' out of her heart if she would be happy. We must be contented to live in the sphere in which God has placed us, for he knows a great deal better than we do what is best for us. If you had been with me this morning, Clara, and had seen what I did, you would feel more thankful for your good, wholesome supper of fresh bread and butter, and mashed potatoes."

"Where did you go, mother? Down to see poor Margaret again?"

"Yes, my dear, and found her worse than ever. She cannot go out washing any more, and her two little children were almost starving. All they had to eat yesterday were some turnip parings Johnny gathered from the street."

"Oh, mother, how dreadful!" said little Clara, her eyes filling with tears. "I wish I could take my supper to them."

"They are well provided for now. A kind gentleman, for whom I have been sewing, has sent them provisions enough to last several weeks. You should have seen how the poor woman's eye lighted up with joy at the gift, and how eagerly she supped the bowl of warm gruel I made for her.

"When we are tempted to fret, Clara, and envy those who are better off than we, it will be a great help to remember how many are in a great deal worse condition. You have read the sweet little story about the 'Shepherd of Salisbury Plain.' You know his little daughter felt 'so sorry for those poor people who had no *salt* to eat on their potatoes,' while they had 'a dish quite full of it.'

"Cultivate the same spirit, my little girl, and it will make even a dry crust taste sweeter than many a rich man's dainties."—*S. S. Banner.*

The Clay Family.

[An old letter writer in 1848, by the late Rev. Porter Clay, then preaching at Alton, Ill., gives the following facts in regard to the origin of the Clay family:]

Your wishes to know something about the history of our family could not be gratified within the limits of a letter. The following concise accounts must suffice. In the reign of Queen Elizabeth, Sir Walter Raleigh brought over to the Virginia plantations, among others three brothers, sons of Sir John Clay, of Wales, England. He gave them £10,000 each, which was a very large fortune at that time. Their names were Charles, Thomas and Henry. They settled on James river, near Jamestown. Two of them, Charles and Thomas had large families. Henry had no children. The name Henry has been handed down in both branches of the family with great tenacity ever since. Cassius M. Clay is a descendant of Chas. Clay; Henry and myself from Thomas Clay. Thus the two brothers alluded to are the progenitors of all the Clays in the U. S.

My father, as you have heard, was a clergyman of the Baptist denomination. He died in early life, leaving seven children—four sons and three daughters; all of whom died without children, with the exception of Henry and myself. My mother was married the second time, and raised a family of six children, two of them are still living—Nathaniel W. Watkins and Frank Watkins, residing in Missouri. My brother Henry has had eleven children—six daughters and five sons. The daughters are all dead, and one son, H. Clay, Jr., who was killed at the battle of Buena Vista—his wife having previously died, leaving three children who are with their mother's connection in Louisville. Three of my brother's sons are settled near him, in the neighborhood of Lexington. Two of these, Thomas and James B. Clay are married and doing well—one a lawer, the other a farmer. John, the youngest, whom you saw at Washington, is with his father at Ashland. Theodore, his eldest son, is in the Lunatic Asylum in Lexington, a confirmed lunatic.

The reign of Folly at the watering-places is a prosperous one, this season. Extravagance in jewels, laces, meat and drink, and the other materials, was never so startling. One lady at Saratoga has been entertaining twenty of her friends at dinner, at an expense of $400. A New York banker went a little ahead of that, and for the feeding of twenty-eight, paid $750. An ambitious Southerner, however, capped the brandial climax by disbursing the sum of fourteen hundred dollars for one meal.

Seeking Information.

"Can you direct me to the—— Hotel?" inquired a gentleman with a carpet-bag, of a burly Hibernian, standing on the steps of a railroad station.

"Faith," was the reply, "it's jist I that can do that same. You see you jist go up that strate till you come to Thaddy O'-Mulligan's, then—"

"But I don't know where Thaddy O'-Mulligan's shop, as you call it, is."

"O, faith, why didn't I think of that. Well then, your honor must keep on till you git to the apple woman's stand on the corner of the brick church it is, and kape that on the right, and go till ye get to the sign of the big watch, and mind you don't fall down there away; then you kape on a little farther till ye come to a big tree, and after that you turn to the right or left, but by the bones of Saint Patrick, I don't know which."

The traveler turned in despair to a long, lank Jonathan, who was standing whittling close by, and made the same inquiry.

"Maybe you're going to put up there?" queried Jonathan.

"Yes, I intend to."

"Did you come from far off?"

"Yes, from Philadelphia," was the impatient reply; "but can you tell me where the—"

"Got any more baggage?" said the imperturabl eYankee.

"No, this is all," said the traveler, convinced that the only way to get the direction was to submit to the questioning.

"Going to stay long?"

"Could'nt say," was the reply in rather a crusty manner. "But I'm in a hurry and would like to be directed—"

"Wait a minute. I reckon you're a married man, ain't you?"

"No I am not; and now I won't answer any thing more till you have answered."

"Well, squire," said the Yankee coolly, "I'd like to oblige you, but the truth is, I have never been in the town before myself."

In less than a minute, a carpet-bag with a man attached, was seen hurrying away from that vicinity. He didn't find asking directions of any particular advantage.

A Beautiful Anecdote.

A happier illustration of the wonderful character of the Bible, and the facility with which even a child may answer the greatest of questions, and solve the sublimest of mysteries, was perhaps never given, than at an examination of a deaf and dumb institution, some years ago, in London.

A little boy was asked, in writing, who made the world. He took the chalk, and wrote underneath the words,

"In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth."

The clergyman then inquired in a similar manner, "Why did Jesus Christ come into the world?"

A smile of gratitude rested on the countenance of the little fellow, as he wrote,

"This is a true saying, worthy of all acceptation, that Jesus Christ came into the world to save sinners."

A third was then proposed, evidently adapted to call the most powerful feelings into exercise.

"Why were you born deaf and dumb, when I can hear and speak?"

"Never," says an eye-witness, "shall I forget the look of resignation which sat upon his countenance, as he again took the chalk and wrote, 'Even so, Father, for it seemed good in thy sight.'"

THE OLDEST SHIP.—The barque Maria arrived at this port last evening, from a three years' cruise in the Indian Ocean. She was built at the town of Pembroke, now called Hanson, for a Privateer, during the Revolutionary war. She was bought by William Rotch, a merchant of Nantucket, afterwards of this city, in the year 1783, and in the same year she made a voyage to London with a cargo of oil. Her register is dated A. D. 1782, and she is consequently in her 77th year. She is claimed to be the first ship that displayed the United States flag in a British port after the revolutionary war, which flag is now in existence, though in shreds. Her model is of old French construction, tumbling home, or rounding very much in her top sides, and she is consequently very narrow on deck, in proportion to her size, 302 tons. It is said that there stands to her credit over $200,000, and from the earliest history of this ship she has never been any expense by loss to underwriters except once, and that to a very small amount.—*New Bedford Standard.*

Some years ago, it is said, a party was traveling in a stage through the pines, and saw in the distance what they supposed was the frame of a log house. On approaching, they found it was the skeleton of a mosquito which had starved to death, the flesh having fallen from the bones. Rather tall! (That is, a "tall" musquito and not a "tall" story, by no manner of means!