HARRISBURG TELEGRAPH ALNEWSPAPER FOR THE HOME Founded 1831

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WEDNESDAY DECEMBER 3 .1919

anguages, the first page in English and the other five each a duplicate of the first, except in a different and ought to have the early consideration of the legislative bodies.

Mr. Wilson speaks also in the language of Senator Penrose, as chairman of the finance committee of the Senate, when he pleads for the revision and simplification of the introduction of the legislative bodies are sumed land in the Senate, when he pleads for the revision and simplification of the introduction of the legislative bodies are sumed land in the Senate, when he pleads for the revision and simplification of the introduction of the legislation of the legislation of the legislation of the introduction of the legislation of the introduction of the legislation of the legislation

they are people and friendliness and utilities in they are people and friendliness and inselfishness. Middletown has lost in the death of a good woman an important factor in its community life. Arthur King in her long years of usefulness contributed much more than can now be realized by her seighbors and friends to the com-nunity we fare. For years she was settly in good works. Never narrow or selfish or lacking in vision she continues as well as it has begun hose activities which make for the ontentment and happiness and well-seing of all the people. She wan possibilities as an Americanization

her attitude to those with whom she came in contact and her passing is mourned as a community loss. She has left her own best memorial in the good works which will keep her memory fragrant in the community which she served.

WEDNESDAY EVENING,

GOOD BUSINESS

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Member American Newspaper Publishers' Association, the Audit Bureau of Circulation and Pennsylvania Associated Dennisylvania Associated Dennisylvania Associated Dennisylvania Associated Dailies.

Eastern of fice Eastern of fice Story, Brooks & Finley, Fifth Ayenne Building, office is proof positive that county of in prisoners will be no attempts to inject political discussions.

Attorney General Willam I. Schaffer's hope is that the sessions of the Commission will be marked by expeditious but dignified handlins of the important subjects which will be considered. The opening next Tuesday will be attended by a short ceremony and Mr. Schaffer will be no attempts to inject political discussions.

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offices are in good hands, for there is nothing more tempting for the man in public place than the continuation of conditions as he finds them, especially when to do not be subjected. Entered at the Post Office in Harris-burg, Pa., as second class matter.

patriotic. Its objects are summed ap in its own editorial introduction. The founders of the New American Citizen recognizing the ineffectual labors of well meaning, although illy-equipped, persons who are trying to solve industrial problems, have stepped into the breach fully equipped by education and long experience in dealing with workingmen and foreigners determined to secure for the workingmen, both American and foreign, their rights, while at the same time recognizing and safeguarding the rights of the employing interests.

Only by intelligent co-operation between employe and employer, can America's most important industrial problems be solved.

Foreign-born workingmen who can not read English are to be furnished with news and given the true facts regarding Government legislation and activities of labor. The foreign-born can use his own mind as well as any American if he but knows what is going on and it is the purpose of the New American Citizen to keep the focking informed and to impress him with the importance of learning the English language and having his children properly educated, as well as remaining steadily at work.

The publishers set themselves to the task with conscience and vigor, feeling confident that sustainial benefits will be derived by both the employer and the semployer.

If "The New American Citizen founting as well as it has begun

The New American Citizen continues as well as it has begun

Politics in Pennsylvania

By the Ex-Committeeman

T HE Dauphin County Prison
Board's decision not to fill the
place of a resigned storekeeper, whose duties it was found
could be performed by another employe, indicates that its members are
interestical prora in the hustings are
without number as to the alternation ploye, indicates that its members are interested more in the business management of prison affairs than they are in giving salaried places to possible to possible the prison of these, however, is likely to assume a partisan form and Also, the falling off in prisoners the general expectation is that there

is nothing more tempting for the man in public place than the continuation of conditions as he finds them, especially when to do so permits him to favor a friend who has favored him politically. It is a good sign when officials find it in their hearts to reduce working forces.

Chester and many other cities are giving serious attention to the housing problem, which confronts most cities and towns, and Harrisburg is also being given careful study by an able Chamber of Commerce committee. Composed of careful and competent business men, this committee is investigating every angle of the matter with a view to making some recommendations and taking such action as seems justified under the circumstances.

PROFIT-SHARING

—Pitsourgi is just now discussing a municipal organ and free recitals on Sunday. Experience of other cities is being sought.

—A. Lincoln Acker, the new purchasing agent of the city of Philadelphia, is an out-and-out Penrose man and a former sheriff. He was talked of for mayor for a time.

Fuel Plentiful There

[From the Washington Star.]
"Anyhow," remarked Shadrach as
stepped into the flery furnace,
here is ue coal shortage in these

AIN'T IT A GRAND AND GLORIOUS FEELIN'?

WHEN ON THANKSGIVING

YOU HAVE TO WAIT UNTIL THE GROWN-UPS HAVE

FINISHED BEFORE YOU CAN

AND YOUR PAL ARE JUST

ABOUT TO DIE OF HUNGER

AND YOU FEEL EMACIATED

AND LIKE THE PICTURES

YOU VE SEEN OF STARVING

THE LAND OF PLENTY

GET A BITE

AND YOU WISH YOU DIDN'T

AND THEN JUST AS ALL

HOPE SEEMED TO HAVE

GONE YOU HEAR THE SHUFFLING OF CHAIRS IN

THE DINING ROOM LIKE

FOLKS THROUGH DINNER

HAVE COMP'NY OR NOTHIN'

YOU'RE SO DAWGONE

STARVED

-:-

-:-

-:-

TO DEATH

By BRIGGS

- AND YOU WAIT UNTIL TWO OCLUCK AND STILL NO SIGN OF FOOD AND YOU REALIZE YOU AND YOUR PAL ARE SLOWLY STARVING



AND YOU GO IN AND FIND DRUM-BOY !!! THING OH HH BOY !!! AND GLOR . R. RIOUS



ARMENIANS

dence, R. I., orders that the Volstead act be not enforced "in view
of the probability that the act in
question will ultimately be held unconstitutional."

Judge Welter Evans, Louisville,
Ky., holds that the Volstead act is
unconstitutional and that the sale
of tax bald whisky is legal.

Judge Learned Hand, of New
York, decides that the wartime prohibition act is constitutional.

Judge John C. Knox, of New York,
agrees with Judge Hand.

Judge George A. Carpenter, of
Chicago, upholds the wartime proshibition act and the Volstead amendment.

Judge Louis Fitzhenry, of Peoria,
III., concurs with Judge Carpenter.

Reassuring

[From Blighty, Londoh]

The tramp disappeared during
to enact an "anti-Red" law during
tis next session.

Evidence has long been before it
that the great strikes while have
disturbed industry and menaced the
prosperity and welfare of the Nation
were largely due to the machinations of alien, conspirators and their
American allies, who aimed through
such means ultimately to overthrow
the Governmen' of the United States army, returned
from the great war, were publicly
assassinated as the result of a conspiracy promoted by alien revolutionists seeking to provoke a revolution
here. Twice within the year, plots
have been discovered for precipitating a reign of terror by widespread
and simultaneous bomb outrages
and murders.

And Congress, we are told, is
hand congress, we are told, is
that the great strikes while have
the tramp disappeared during
from the sale of the Nation
mack. Harsh erflies will no doubt
into the coffin of our new ideals of
reconstruction. But the tramp is
not wholly the result of short-comings in our industrial organization;
offen he is the outcome of an inreadicable trait in human nature.

The tramp disappeared during
from the mark herifics will no doubt
into the coffin of our new ideals of
the tramp disappeared during
the war, but statistics will no the war, but statistics will no the war, but statistics
the trapped war, but statistics
that the great strik

-Dr. Albert E. McKinley, the director of the State War History commission, is making a series of ddresses in eastern counties on the

addresses in eastern countries on the State records.

—Judge Thomas J. Baldridge, of Blair, is one of the men keenly interested in Central Pennsylvania history.

—Col. George Nox McCain is to write the story of the Pennsylvania newspapers in the World War for State records

State records

—Francis Newton Thorpe, one of
the members of the Constitutional
Revision Commission, is one of the
most extensive writers on constitutional history.

—A. E. Sisson, former Auditor
General, is arranging for State memorials in Northwestern Pennsylvania.

DO YOU KNOW

—That Harrisburg's record of en in the war is said to be as mplete as any in the State?

HISTORIC HARRISBURG —First Indian raids of consequence were made in this county before 1740.

Disputes arising between authorities of East and West Hanover townships over the dividing line of those districts and reference of the matter to the courts of Dauphin county a few days ago, call to mind the fact that these two townships, known colloquially as the Hanovers, have had an interesting history from the earliest settlement of what is now the capital county. Although rival entirely, the Hanover district, as it was long called, was settled before John Harris got his ferry grant from the Penns and Conrad Weiser and the Pishers planned to make Middletown the metropolis of the lower reaches of the Susquelanna. Named in honor of the reigning house of England, which bore a distinctly German name, the Hanover section was settled almost entirely by Scotch Irish and the early days of its civilized life were marked by constant Indian raids and some reprisals from sturdy pioneers which made the redskins dread the very name of Hanovermen. The legends of those early settlements have come down through a number of families which have figured in the history of Dauphin county, the Simontons, the Snodgrasses, the Wilsons, the Wallaces and others who made their homes in that section and fought Indians or emissaries of those they deemed oppressers when necessity arose. The Scotch-Irish took religion and culture into the wilderness of this county just as they did into Northampton, Washington and other Pennsylvania counties, as Hanover church and McClure's Academy attest in the annals of this community. It is unfortunate that so much of great historic interest as the story of the settlement of the Hanovers of Dauphin and Lebanon counties was cirinally a scenarior country. those districts and reference of the matter to the courts of Dannhin

Evening Chat

MATCHING MATCHING AND PART AND ALL AND

when Hanover is mentioned the loyal Dauphin countian should recall June 4, 1774, two years before the Declaration of Independence, as the date when the inhabitants of Hanover township, our county, formally and in writing, declared the acts of Great Britain "iniquitous and oppressive." Although the shot that was heard around the world had not been fired in New England, these Pennsylvanians resolved "That in the event of Great Britain attempting to force unjust laws upon us by the strength of arms, our cause we leave to Heaven and our rifles." The men who signed that resolution showed the way to their neighbors of Middletown and Hummelstown, who acted within a week, and some of them died in Washington's army, others serving until the end of the struggle at Yorktown. The committee which drew up the papers of the Hanover Associators and placed themselves in danger of their necks were Col. Timothy Green, James Caruthers, Josiah Espy, Robert Dixon, Thomas Copenheffer, William Clark, James Stewart, Joseph Barnett and John Rogers. They were men who feared no king and who helped make Pennsylvania history.