SPECIMEN BALLOT

Marked to Show How to Vote Republican Ticket and For the Municipal Loans

TO VOTE A STRAIGHT PARTY TICKET, MARK A CROSS (X) IN THE SQUARE, IN THE FIRST COLUMN, OPPOSITE THE NAME OF THE PARTY OF YOUR CHOICE.

A CROSS MARK IN THE SQUARE OPPOSITE THE NAME OF ANY CANDIDATE INDICATES A VOTE FOR THAT CANDIDATE.

TO VOTE FOR A PERSON WHOSE NAME IS NOT ON THE BALLOT, WRITE OR PASTE HIS NAME IN THE BLANK SPACE PROVIDED FOR THAT PURPOSE.

TO VOTE FOR AN INDIVIDUAL CANDIDATE OF ANOTHER PARTY AFTER MAKING A MARK IN THE PARTY SQUARE, MARK A CROSS (X) OPPOSITE HIS NAME.

FOR AN OFFICE WHERE MORE THAN ONE CANDIDATE IS TO BE ELECTED, THE VOTER, AFTER MARKING IN THE PARTY SQUARE, MAY DIVIDE HIS VOTE BY MARKING A CROSS (X) TO THE RIGHT OF EACH CANDIDATE FOR WHOM HE DESIRES TO VOTE.

FOR SUCH OFFICE VOTES SHALL NOT BE COUNTED FOR CANDIDATES NOT INDIVIDUALLY MARKED, IF THE VOTER HAS SPLIT HIS TICKET.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Douglas M. Royal ... Democr

COUNTY TREASURER

(Vote for Two)

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR

COUNTY SURVEYOR

... De nocra

Shall the bonded indebtedness, of the City of Harrisburg be increased Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000) for the paving

Proposed Increase of the Bonded Indebteliness of the City of Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania A cross (X) marked in the square at the right of the word "Yes" indicates a vote FOR the increase of indebtedness for the purpose stated.

A cross (X) marked in the square at the right of the word "No" indicates a vote AGAINST the increase of indebtedness for the purpose stated.

Charles A. Wilhelm.

Phil Crawley

Warren Daniels.

intersections of highways and in front of non-assessable properties?

Republica

Prohibitio

A CROSS (X) IN THE PARTY SQUARE IN THE FIRST COLUMN DOES NOT CARRY A VOTE FOR ANY JUDGE TO VOTE FOR JUDGE, MARK A CROSS (X) OPPOSITE THE NAME OF THE CANDIDATE DESIRED.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER

oward O Holstein ... Democr

David Gordon V..... Pr Mibit

ECORDER OF DEEDS and CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT
(Vote for One)

Harry H. Clark......Labo

REGISTER OF WILLS

ohn R. Copenhaver Labo

SHERIFF

(Vote for One)

am Young

Grover C. Wolf

Republica

....Labe

....I.abo

arry C. Wells

Gilbert F. Feight.

larry G. Page ...

Non-Partisan

Column

JUDICIAL TICKET

Non-Partisan

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR

(Vote for One)

William H. Keller.

ward M. Bingaman ... Republica

larence B. Roberts.... De nocra

arren R. VanDyke De.ne

David Challenger Re abli

ASSESSOR

JUDGE OF ELECTION

INSPECTOR OF ELECTION

Edward C. Smith Kepublic.

YES

NO

den M. Rowers Republi

Republica

.. Democra

MAYOR

CITY COUNCILMAN

Edward Z. Gross ..

muel F. Hassler.

Hugh L. McLaughlin

CITY CONTROLLEP

CITY TREASURER

.. Demecra

G. D. Toome

DeWitt A. Fry ..

William H. Lynch..... Republica

Socialist

, 1,700 HOMES SHORT OF CITY'S DEMAND

Commerce Chamber's Housing Bureau Finds Many Places For Families but Is Handicapped Because of Lack of Dwellings; Finds Many Rooms For Girls

The director of the Harrisburg bureau of housing of the Chamber of Compace, Mrs. Bessie S. Boone, said this morning to a representative of the Telegraph that she is well satisfied with the manner in which the bureau has been received by both home-seekers and sellerg in this city. Mrs. Boone is of the opinion that Harrisburg needs immediately at least 500 homes of the new, small type, and probably 1,200 of the larger kind. The demand is still greatly pleased with the possibility of Harrisburg, as evidenced in the face that not a day goes by without adozen or more applications for homes and rooms from persons who desire to live here.

"It is really pathetic." said Mrs. Boone, "to see the efforts of girls and young women particularly, who come to man at tempt to get some place to live, and their gratitude is son to live, and their gratitude is son to live, and their gratitude is only the form of the pay as much for their rooms, with the result that I am alays able to find room for men, but have'd difficulty in securing places for girls.

"Then, the matter of apartments are really no place for children, and in every case where it has been possible, I have sent families with children to places other than apartments.

"There seems to be a sudden demand for rooms with private bath and I don't think that, it is because we have an unusual frenzy of clean liness, but that there are so many did houses being remodeled with insufficient bathing facilities.

Fewer Boarding houses is another very difficult one. Due to

VISIT CITY'S PUBLIC SCHOOLS

the entire city.

The little soloist, Mile. Magdeleine Brard, the very distinguished child planiste of France, will prive in this city this evening accompanied by her mother.

To-morrow, however, will be a long remembered day in this little lady's life, as she will make her first didy's life, as she will make her first wist to a large American school. With a party of friends Mile. Brard with a party of friends Mile. Brard ind her mother will visit the High schools of Harrisburg where she will speak before the students of each building.

The patrons of the New York

Espy, Ehrman Mitchell, Mrs. Martin Cumbler, Mrs. William Keller, Bernard Mausert, Rabbi Louis Haas, Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Martin, Miss Mr. and Mrs. Go. M. Steinmetz, Miss Martha Snavelv, Mrs. Boyd Hamiliton, Mrs. Arthur Hull, Mrs. M. Pfuhl Frederick Downes, 1 lee Decevee, H. S. Dunmire, Mrs. Thamist Cox, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mctarrell, Newell Albright, Paul E. Carrell, Newell Albright, Paul E. Geck, Mr. and Mrs. Warren R. Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. Warren R. Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Claster.

GOVERNMENT ACTS

[Continued from First Page.]

the strike order, was given serious consideration by the cabinet. The general understanding is that the ordinary police forces, State and local, will be used first, but troops will cal, will be used first, but troops will be ordered to the mines if necessary. Government officials early to-day endeavored to obtain further reports from coal operators regarding announcement last night by Thomas T. Brewster, head of the coal operators scale committee, that no attempt would be made to open the mines Saturday in face of the strike order. Confidential advices from government agents in the coal territory had indicated that a large number of miners would not strike, and it had been thought here the mines would be open to receive the old hands who wanted to stay on the job.

Enough to Meet Needs

Enough to Meet Needs
Officials familiar with the situation explained that Brewster probably spoke only for the central competitive field, embracing Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Western Pennsylvania, all union strongholds. The annual output in that territory is approximately 180,000,000 tons. An equal amount is turned out by nonunion men, and the total soft coal output is about 500,000,000 tons, which gives some idea of decreased production in event of closing of all mines in the central field.

The current supply of coal from

LITTLE FRENCH PIANIST WILL

Keen Interest in Saturday Afternoon Concert of New York Symphony Orchestra With Walter Damrosch Leading

SWIFTLY IN CRISIS

ing coal in transit. The practice thus resorted to is a practice which railroads have always employed in emergencies, whether under private or public control, and has been recognized as indispensable to the maintenance of an essential public service.

Order of Priority

PROHIBITION

First Column

To Vote a Straight Party Ticket,

Mark a Cross #X) in this Colum

REPUBLICAN

DEMOCRATIC

SOCIALIST

LABOR

conference was to recommend to
the President the re-establishment
of maximum prices on coal which
prevailed when the fuel administration went out of existence.

These prices are considerably
lower than the prices now prevailing. It is considered certain that the
President will comply with the recommendation, which means that a
substantial reduction in soft coal
prices, including those specified in
large contracts made since February 1, will become effective almost'
immediately.

The government will act in the
strike under the provisions of the
Lever food control act, enacted as
a war measure, but still in force.

The government contends that the
miners are working to-day under
the wartime agreement made by Dr.
Garfield, stipulated to run until the
end of the war, or until April 1,
1920. This date was put into the
agreement so that a new scale might
be agreed upon in event the war
was not over by that date. The fuel
administration, holding the agreement still valid, would be authoried, it was said, to take charge of
the mines and keep them in operation.

Railroads Stocked Up

Dr. Garfield was called to Washington by the cabinet at suggestion of Director General Hines. The railmaintenance of an essential public service.

Order of Priority

"In holding such coal, exemptions will be made as far as possible of coal destined to certain classes of consignees in the following order of priority, which is the basis of priority adopted during the war by the Fuel Administration:

"I—Steam railroads, inland and coastwise vessels.

"2—Domestic, including hotels, hospitals and anylums.

"3—Navy and Army.

"4—Problic utilities, including plants and such portions of plants as supply light, heat and water for public use.

"5—Producers and manufacturers

"6—Producers and manufacturers

"6—Producers and manufacturers

"8—Producers and manufacturers

"8—Producers and manufacturers

"9 And the cabinet at suggestion of Director General Hines. The railroad priority definition by the cabinet at suggestion of Director General Hines. The railroad priority definition by the cabinet at suggestion of Director General Hines. The railroad priority deprived by biggest coal buyer, and its stock, according to reports given out last week by union officials, is relatively wash, which is relatively wash, which is relatively wash, the railroads, biggest coal buyer, and its stock, according to reports given out last week by union officials, is relatively wash, which is relatively wash, the railroads, according to reports given out last week by union officials, is relatively wash, which is relatively wash, which means that rail-way stocks have been largely increased within the past forty-eight hours. Director Hines. The railroads priority administration: or Director General Hines. The railroads priority administration: or Director General Hines. The railroads priority administration is the railroad administration is the nation's biggest coal buyer, and its stock, according to reports given out last week by union officials, is relatively wash, biggest coal buyer, and its stock, according to reports given out last week by union officials, is relatively wash, business of priority and ministration: and ministration: and minis

as supply light, heat and water for public use.

"5—Producers and manufacturers of food, including refrigeration.
"6—National, State, county and municipal government emergency requirements.
"7—Bunkers and other marine emergency requirements not specified above.
"8—Producers of newsprint paper and plants necessary to the printing and publication of daily newspapers.
"Coal held n transit is not to be unloaded in storage nor used until actually needed, so that if its use is later found unnecessary it can be forwarded to destination wherever practicable.
"Instructions issued provide that strike developments desired to assure rull service by all the roads until the emergency all the roads until the roads until the emergency all the roads until t

shane, Olive and Workers, Passage Sample and the principle and specific principles are also shall all street in the Secretary Sample and Sa

the statement from Youngstown that the national steel strike committee had indorsed the sand of the Amalga-mated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers that all contracts with mills made before the strike must be carried out.

"It is fair, necessary and desirable that every one of these contracts be carried out to the letter," said the statement. Governor Is Urging Organizations of Public Spirited Citizens

By Associated Press By Associated Press

Charleston, W. Va., Oct. 30, —
Sheriffs and mayors of all cities and
municipalities in West Virginia had
under consideration to-day a recommendaton from Governor John J.
Cornwell that they organze committees of "spirited citizens" to aid public officials during the coal strike,
scheduled to open at midnight tomorrow.

lic officials during the coal strike, scheduled to open at midnight tomorrow.

In his communication to city and county executives, the Governor called attention to the "dangers to which the state and organized society may be sudenly subjected," and added that he had "information as to the accumulation of arms and ammuniton in this state, of which the public does not know."

The Governor, in referring to the munitions, said there was no state law to deal with the matter, but indicated that his knowledge of the temper and purposes of some within the state and the possibility of an economic and industrial crisis." led him to suggest the formation of the citizens' committee.

Duties of such committees would be to alleviate suffering incident to the strike and to help in preserving order and in protecting lives and property, said the Governor.

Governor Issues Call For Conference to Take Up High Cost of Food

Two hundred and seventy-eight mayors, burgesses and district attorneys of Pennsylvania and such men as may be chosen at next Tuesday's election for such places have been invited by Governor William C. Sproul to come here next Thursday, November 6, for a discussion of ways to cut out the high cost of living in Pennsylvania. The conference will be similar to that held in Massachusetts and proposed for other states.

Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer has telegraphed that he will be here to speak before the officials and to consult with them regarding steps in which the Federal Government can assist. Governor Sproul, Attorney General William I. Schaffer and other State officials will also attend.

The conference will be held at 2

tend.

The conference will be held at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and full time will be taken for discussion of State laws on the subject and general conditions. The various officials now in office whose tenure might be affected by the election have been asked to bring the officials elected.

Public Information Committee of Creel Cost U. S. \$6,600,000

By Associated Press

By Associated Press

Washington, Oct. 30.—The committee on public information headed by George Creel cost the government about \$6,600,000 on the face of its chaotic records, according to official reports now before Congress, which say the committee's affairs cannot be wound up for six months because of the confusion.

Chairman Creel and other officials of the committee are charged with gross negligence in handling the government's funds in a report by E. K. Ellsworth, of the Council of National Defense, appointed to liquidate the committee's affair.

"It appears that immediately after the signing of the armistice," said Mr. Ellsworth, "practically all of the officials of the committee threw up their jobs and returned to private life, leaving but a few minor officials in charge.

The committee issued hundreds of checks for individual expenses far in excess of the \$1,000 maximum limit fixed by Congress, the report says. They ranged, it adds, from \$100 to \$500,000, and were issued to between 400 and 500 persons, who advanced parts to other persons, making final accounting to the government extremely difficult.

Mr. Ellsworth said lie was refusing to pay some accounts approved by Chalrman Creel.

Orders Favorable Report on Bill Barring All Anarchists From U. S.

ing to pay some accounts apply Chairman Creel.

By Associated Press Washington, Oct. 30. washington, Oct. 30.—At the request of Attorney General Palmer the Senate Immigration Committee to-day ordered a favorable report on the House bill providing for deportation and permanent exclusion from the United States of alien anarchists.

anarchists.

The House measure provides for deportation of aliens interned during the war in addition to anarchists and also those convicted of violating the espionage, draft, explosives and other laws. Aliens making threats against the President also would be subject to the bill's provisions, which would make final any deportation decision of the Secretary of Labor.

American Charged With Theft of Royal Jewels

By Associated Press
Geneva, Wednesday, Oct. 29.—
The Budapest police have arrested Leander Battik, reported to be an American citizen and a friend of Bela Kun, former dictator of Hungary, in connection with the theft of the Hungarian royal jewels, valued at millions of marks, decording to a Prague dispatch. Battik is said to have told the police that he had been commissioned by Bela Kun to sell the jewels in the United States and to accept nothing but gold in pay-

the jeweis in the United States and to accept nothing but gold in payment for them. Most of the jewels, which included a priceless crown, have been recovered.

It is learned here that the Austrians are closely guarding Bela Kun, whose extradition and trial are considered assured.

Charges Padding of Government Payrolls

Columbus, O., Oct. 30.—Charges that Government payrolls were padded, and that Army officers in the quartermaster's construction corps were furnished with liquor and valuable presents by contractors. were made to-day by E. E. Heald, former payroll auditor and bookkeeper for D. W. McGrath and Son, Columbus contractors, in testifying before the congressional sub-committee investigating graft charges in connection with the construction of Camp Sherman at Chillicothe.