

Plans to Provision Nedy Steel Strikers

Pittsburgh, Oct. 27.—Plans for provisioning needy steel strikers and their families will be put into operation early this week.

They provide that commissaries will be established at strike headquarters in every community where the men are out, ration cards being issued to families of six or more persons, after investigation by the local committee.

Under the plan two distributions of food will be made each week as follows: First Half of Week—Potatoes, ten pounds; bread, five pounds; tomatoes, one can; corn, one can; peas, one can; navy beans, five pounds; oatmeal, two boxes; bacon, one pound; coffee, one pound; milk, one can.

Second Half of Week—Same as first half with the following exceptions: Dry salt meat instead of bacon; red beans instead of navy beans; syrup, one can; no coffee. Strike headquarters made no statement regarding the strike situation and the steel companies were equally reticent.

FATHER WEBER TRANSFERRED

Father Weber, of St. Francis Catholic Church in this city, has been sent to St. Joseph's Church in Shamokin. His successor is Father O'Hanrahan, who was formerly at St. Joseph's.

Nasty Colds

Get instant relief with "Pape's Cold Compound"

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffing! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a cold and ends all gripe misery.

The very first dose opens your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages of your head; stops nose running; relieves the headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing, soreness, stiffness.

"Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance. Tastes nice. Contains no quinine. Insist on Pape's!

STOP ITCHING ECZEMA

Penetrating, Antiseptic Zemo Will Help You

Never mind how often you have tried and failed, you can stop burning, itching eczema quickly by applying Zemo furnished by any druggist for 35c. Extra large bottle, \$1.00. Healing begins the moment Zemo is applied. In a short time usually every trace of eczema, tetter, pimples, rash, blackheads and similar skin diseases will be removed.

For clearing the skin and making it vigorously healthy, always use Zemo, the penetrating, antiseptic liquid. It is not greasy and it does not stain. When others fail it is the one dependable treatment for skin troubles of all kinds.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

WE SAW THE PRIZE AND GRABBED IT

M. M. Tablets to the Front

This well-known iron tonic will increase your vitality, enrich your blood and tone your nerves.

The tremendous strain the war has put on so many people compels men who are weakened not to lose their grip on health.

It is through iron in the blood that you can overcome any threatened weakness.

Make-Man Tablets will change your food into living tissue, muscle and nerve power.

Contains no injurious drugs and can be safely taken by every sufferer. The first box will give you confidence to continue and in a few weeks your strength will become more than normal and you will quickly find that your blood is richer and purer in every way.

Make-Man Tablets are sold at all reliable drug stores. Price 50 cents a box. Only genuine if our monogram—M-M-T—appears on each box. Guaranteed by Ashland Supply House, 325 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.—Adv.

Painful Sensations

in the muscles, "neuralgia", soreness, aching back, pimples, boils, rashes and other eruptions, usually result from self-poisoning by products of imperfectly digested or non-eliminated food.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

help to restore activity of liver, bowels, kidneys, and skin, and so counteract cause and relieve symptoms.

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

Cabinet to Call New Industrial Conference With No Distinct Groups

Washington, Oct. 27.—Another conference to consider the industrial situation is to be called by President Wilson in accordance with the recommendations contained in the report submitted to the President by the public group of the Industrial Conference which ended Friday.

The second conference was made certain by the action of the President's Cabinet in unanimously recommending to the President that the call be issued.

The following statement was authorized: "Responsive to the recommendation made by the public group of the Industrial Conference, the Cabinet considered the question of the continuation of efforts taken by the Conference, and it was unanimously agreed that a new conference should be called representing the body of the public and not distinct groups.

This body will consist of approximately 15 of the most prominent Americans. Names not being considered by the Cabinet will be submitted to the President.

The decision to confine the membership of the new conference to as few as 15 is a distinct step in the direction of harmony and progress. In the original conference there were three groups, one each representing industry, labor and the public. Each group voted as a unit, the decision as to how its vote should be cast being determined by a majority of each group.

In the new conference there will be no direct distinction between the various interests represented, and it is hoped that this will induce the members of the new conference to act as individuals, with each free to express views to the full conference without restraint imposed by the system of unit voting.

Probable Revolution in Peru Forecasted

Santiago, Chile, Oct. 27.—The Chilean cruiser Esmeralda sailed northward yesterday and other units of the Chilean fleet are being prepared for sea duty. It is rumored they will follow the Esmeralda.

This step by Chile follows insistent reports of a probable revolution in Peru and information that the Peruvian government is making military preparations in the southern part of that country for the alleged purpose of diverting popular attention from the revolt which is said to be impending.

Priests Who Married Are Excommunicated

Geneva, Oct. 27.—Dispatches from Innsbruck say that Papal Archbishop Kordic, who arrived at Prague from Rome a month ago, has excommunicated a number of Catholic Czech priests, who married in spite of the prohibition. Fifty-one priests had taken wives while continuing to exercise the duties of priesthood. They are supported by the population generally, who in 1400 villages and communities around Prague have prepared a petition to the Pope to abolish the law prescribing celibacy for priests, so far as it concerns Czechoslovakia.

MINERS MUST MAKE NEXT STRIKE MOVE

[Continued from First Page.] Indianapolis Wednesday, if that body does not act first of its own accord.

Consider Measures. Measures to meet the situation would result from the threatened strike were considered to-day by administration officials.

No reply from officers of the United Mine Workers of America to the demand of President Wilson that the strike be called off, is expected until after the miners' executive committee meets at Indianapolis Wednesday, but meantime officials took cognizance of the statement of union leaders that it would be physically impossible to withdraw the strike order by November 1.

The administration's program for dealing with the strike naturally will not be disclosed until the strike has developed.

"To announce now what the government will do in the event of a strike," said one official, "would be to play into the hands of the Bolshevik element. If you are going to start a great offensive you do not tell the other fellow what you are going to do."

Oppose Their Means. While it is the purpose of keeping a "strong hand" on the radicals, officials made it plain that caution could be exercised not to antagonize the more conservative element. In this connection they said that many of the miners' demands might be just.

"It is the means they use to obtain their demands to which we object," said one high official.

Senate Discussions. The coal strike was discussed briefly to-day in the Senate. Senator Thomas, Democrat, Colorado, asked unanimous consent for immediate adoption of his resolution proposing a declaration of full support of Congress to the administration in its efforts to meet the situation and to preserve law and order but on objection of Senator Borah the measure went over.

Senator Borah said he was not willing to commit himself in advance to an unannounced program of the administration in dealing with the threatened strike.

President Wilson's statement on the strike situation was commended by both Senators Borah and Thomas, but the Idaho senator said the administration had announced no definite program, adding that if it was the purpose to use the militia to "decimate people" he would oppose it.

Opposes Attitude of Gary. Senator Borah told the Senate he was thoroughly opposed to the attitude of Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel Corporation and his associates in refusing to deal with labor. Senator Thomas also said he disagreed with Gary's stand, but added that Congress should act at once to assure the administration of full support in dealing with the coal strike.

Senator Edge, Republican, New Jersey, proposed repeal of the antitrust law exempting labor organizations from prosecution.

"It is strange," said Edge, "that at the very time when labor was squaring off in some cases, I fear, taking the law in its own hands—the Senate should pass legislation exempting it from punishment if it violates the antitrust law."

Senator Edge said labor was not really employed by capital but by the public which must pay the exorbitant wage demands now being made.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 27.—Full co-operation of the State of Illinois with President Wilson in the President's announced stand against the strike of soft coal miners, scheduled

for November 1, was pledged by Governor Frank O. Lowden, "to the end that the people shall not suffer."

Charleston, W. Va., Oct. 27.—Members of the United Mine Workers of America in West Virginia, called upon by Governor John J. Cornwell, in a letter sent to Frank Keeney, president of District No. 17, of that organization to exercise their influence to avert the miners' strike, called for November 1. The Governor urges the West Virginia miners to act independently, regardless of what may be the attitude of United Mine Workers members in other states.

Strike Leaders See Further Hampering of Work by Coal Trouble

Chicago, Oct. 27.—Leaders of the striking steel workers discussed today the probable effect of the threatened coal miners' strike upon 15 of the most prominent Americans. Names not being considered by the Cabinet will be submitted to the President.

Official announcement that the rail mill at the Gary plant of the United States Steel Corporation was to open to-day marked the beginning of the sixth week of the strike. This mill is one of the largest rail mills in the country and is regarded as the most important unit in the Gary plant. Another blast furnace was also ready to resume operation

Attempt Is Made to Burn Police Station

Youngstown, O., Oct. 27.—An attempt, believed to have been by strike sympathizers, was made late last night to burn down the police substation in Hazleton, this city. An upper room in the building was discovered burning with oil-soaked waste scattered about. A neighbor told the police he had heard men in the yard talking about waste and saying it was time to hurry.

Two additional blast furnaces were operating this morning, one at the Ohio works and one at the sheet and tube plant.

More open hearths were put in commission to-day and several additional strikers are said to have returned to work. At a political meeting in Erie Hill last night, the strikers demanded that Mayor Craver remove the police from that section and let them keep order. Elsewhere threats have been made against members of the American Legion who are policing the city and the ex-soldiers are asking the right to carry firearms.

Longshoremen Vote For General Strike in New York Port

New York, Oct. 27.—Longshoremen, said to be members of twenty-four locals of the International Longshoremen's Union, voted in favor of a general strike in the port of New York, to become effective immediately. They declared that 22,000 dock workers employed on the piers in Manhattan, Brooklyn, Hoboken, Jersey City and Staten Island would obey the new strike order. They said that heretofore they had been on a "vacation."

On the other hand, T. V. O'Connor, president of the International Union, declared that the unauthorized strike of dock workers, which has been in progress for several weeks was "breaking up." He said the situation looked better than ever for an end to the harbor tie-up, which has resulted in millions of dollars of losses to shippers.

Urge Housewives Not to Purchase Eggs and Butter

New York, Oct. 27.—Copies of resolutions urging housewives of America to refrain from the purchase or use of eggs, butter, coffee, except for consumption by children or invalids, were sent to Attorney General Palmer by the National Housewives' League, which recently adopted them. The league sets forth that the action taken is purely an economic one, "a lowering of prices by decreased consumption."

Financial Situation of Germany Grave, Its Council Admits

By Associated Press

Berlin, Saturday, Oct. 25.—The gravity of the financial condition of the nation was frankly admitted by the government to-night in a public session of the National Council. Government representatives stated that the national debt is already 12,000,000,000 marks and that it will rise to 204,000,000,000 marks by April 1, 1920, after all credits under the budget have been realized upon. Germany's pre-war debt amounted to 5,000,000,000 marks.

A government representative declared that it would cost Germany as much to wind up the war as it did to conduct the four years' hostilities.

Coal Shortage in Munich Forces the Power Plants Down

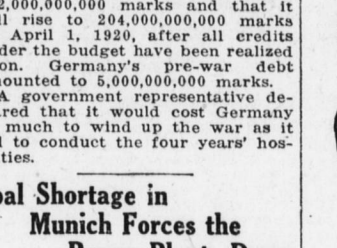
By Associated Press

Berlin, Saturday, Oct. 25.—The coal shortage in Munich has forced the power plants of the Bavarian capital to close down. The city is left without light or street car service. The police are unable to combat the increasing epidemic of highway robberies and burglaries, which flourish during the era of darkness.

"BAYER CROSS" ON GENUINE ASPIRIN

Each package of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Pain.

To break up a cold in the head, neck, back, or any part of body be sure you take only "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" with the safety "Bayer Cross" on them. This is the genuine Aspirin, proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetate-acidester of Salicylicacid.



Then you can take them without fear, to relieve your Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Earache, Toothache, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuritis, and Pains generally. Handy tin boxes containing 12 tablets cost only a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetate-acidester of Salicylicacid.

Advertisement for the Franklin car, featuring a large illustration of the car and several men. Text includes: 'Economy runs, once so popular among automobile manufacturers, have almost passed out of existence due to the foregone conclusion that the Franklin would win. Here is the result of the one remaining event of importance.' 'New Record For Fuel Economy In Annual Yosemite Run 49.9 Ton Miles to the Gallon of Gasoline Scored by the Franklin Car' 'THE FRANKLIN WON' 'FIRST PRIZE' 'summed up in the conservative statement of Franklin performance: 20 miles to the gallon of gasoline 12,500 miles to the set of tires 50% slower yearly depreciation' 'Dirt Road Record For Distance Made by Franklin Car' 'In 21 hours 37 minutes Continuous Driving, J. T. Peacha Covers 729.5 Miles' 'On July 22, J. T. Peacha, of Duluth, Minn., undertook to prove to Minnesota motorists not only that the Franklin is the easiest, least fatiguing car to drive, but also that few roads are bad enough to hinder motoring if your car is built on the right principles. He succeeded! His average of 33.7 miles an hour for over twenty-one and a half hours is better than the average car owner expects even under favorable conditions. It demonstrates clearly that the important thing in covering distance is a car's ability to go steadily over all kinds of roads.' 'Few but Franklin owners have ever driven up to four hundred miles in a day for pleasure on the best of roads. Mr. Peacha drove through a portion of Minnesota avoided as much as possible by native motorists because of its unimproved roads. The judges were: A. W. Tracy, Auto Editor, Duluth Herald and Stewart DeMars, Duluth Agent of the Goodyear Tire Company. Car and passengers weighed 3,385 pounds.'