

TEST OF STRENGTH IN TREATY FIGHT

[Continued from First Page.]

The question of reservations will not be taken up until the Treaty is considered article by article, the reservation controversy will not soon be brought to a head.

Urges Rejection of Proposed Amendments and Modified Reservations

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 15.—Rejection of all proposed amendments to the German Peace Treaty and modification of the recommended "strong" reservations was urged in an individual minority report filed with the Senate to-day by Senator McCumber, Republican of North Dakota, next in rank on the Foreign Relations Committee to Chairman Lodge.

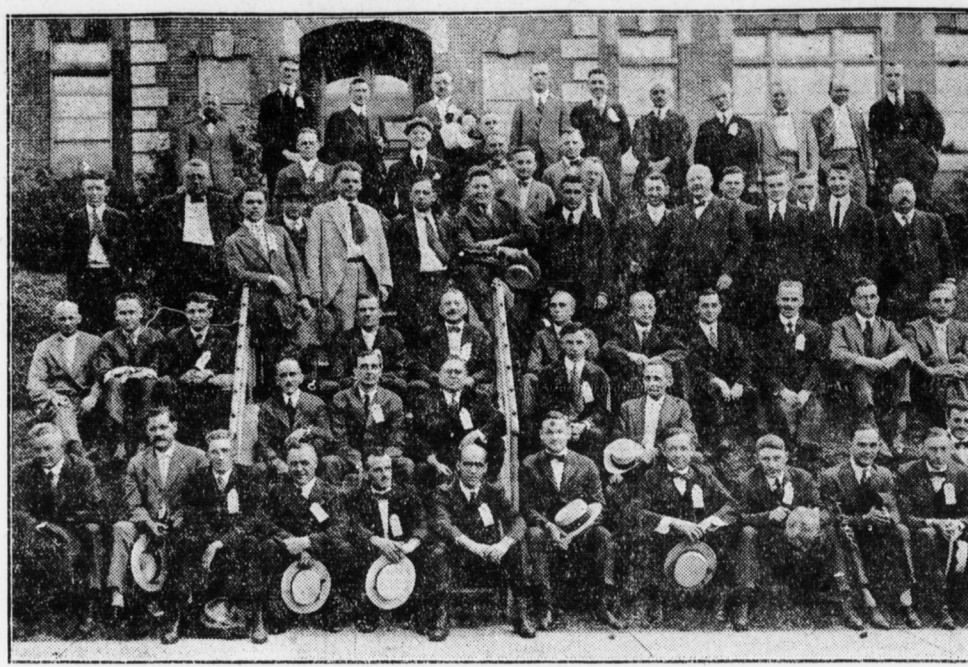
Senator McCumber did not join in the recent Republican majority report and voted with the Democrats on amendments and several reservations. Attacking the majority report of Chairman Lodge, Senator McCumber denounced most of the majority amendments as "selfish, immoral and dishonorable," and charged that they seek to "isolate the United States from the rest of the world and abandon our allies."

England and the British colonies was "unnecessary." The plan of giving each member nation one vote without regard to size or importance was the only possible plan, the Senator argued, adding that to all intents and purposes the British colonies are independent. Senator McCumber said his only objections to the League reservation on withdrawal from the League was of form. As to the League reservation to Article Ten, Senator McCumber said he had many objections. "First, it is an amendment pure and simple," he said, "of the most important article in the League. Its purpose is to take the United States as a power for the peace of the world out of the League entirely. "Second, it places this country in a false and wrong position—an attitude of encouraging powerful countries to inflict or impose any wrong upon weaker nations, by our declared policy of non-intervention. With his report Senator McCumber submitted the six reservations he champions as substitutes for the committee reservations. These recently were made public.

Presidential Party Takes Auto Trip Over Columbia Highway

Portland, Ore., Sept. 15.—President Wilson with Mrs. Wilson, Rear Admiral Grayson, Secretary Tumulty and party, arrived here early to-day. The party was to leave for the special train later in the day for an automobile trip over the Columbia Highway to Crown Point or beyond, the amendment to give the United States equal votes in the League with

Intra-State Motor Dealers' Association Organized at Reading



The above group of men comprised the delegates from Harrisburg, Reading, Allentown, Easton, Bethlehem and Lancaster that organized the Intra-State Motor Dealers' Association at Reading last Friday. George G. McFarland, of Harrisburg, was elected president of the new association, and E. H. Satchell, of Allentown, was elected vice-president. The photograph was taken in front of the Iris Club of Wyomissing, where the meeting was held. There were sixteen delegates from Harrisburg.

would officially open a county fair with a brief address. During the afternoon the President retired to rest, preparatory to making his only formal address in Oregon at the municipal auditorium at 8 o'clock to-night. After this address the Presidential party will leave for San Francisco.

Borah Is Cheered as He Assails League in Fort Dodge Speech

Fort Dodge, Ia., Sept. 15.—Senator William E. Borah, speaking before more than 2,000 persons who jammed the armory here Saturday night, denounced the League of Nations and declared that it will not Americanize Europe, but rather would Europeanize America. It was the most spirited meeting held in Fort Dodge, the home town of Senator Kenyon, in years. The speaker was constantly interrupted with cheering.

Senator Borah declared that while he was speaking in favor of the adoption of the reservations recommended by the committee on Foreign Relations he himself was opposed to the League of Nations. "You can't have a League of Nations without destroying Washington's policies. "In order to adopt the League of Nations, the United States would have to throw off the policy of

George Washington. You can't preserve the Monroe doctrine unless you at the same time preserve the "Washington policy of avoiding entangling alliances."

Denounces Senators Who Are Opposing Treaty Ratification

Washington, Sept. 15.—Denouncing Senators whose "insidious declamations poison the public mind," against the German Peace Treaty and the League of Nations, Senator Jones, Democrat, New Mexico, speaking in the Senate to-day, said if the reservations recommended by the Foreign Relations Committee majority were adopted the Treaty as well as the League Covenant would "fall."

"If we ever have a separate treaty with Germany," he declared, "it will be a negotiated and not a victorious treaty. The United States will not participate in restoring and preserving peace and bringing order of the world chaos. "The selfish, the ideal, the altruistic motives which have inspired the League are sufficient inducements for all the sacrifices and efforts which we will be called upon to make in carrying out its provisions." Senator Jones said that in his opinion reservations as proposed by

the committee were unnecessary, as ample protection was afforded by the terms of the Treaty.

Article Ten, he continued, is a declaration to the world that war for conquest shall end and that this declaration will be supported by the combined power of all the other members of the League.

Wilson at Seattle Still Professes to See Victory For Treaty

Seattle, Sept. 15.—President Wilson Saturday night explained the Peace Treaty in detail in a speech here, and predicted it would be accepted by America when the people realize what it contained.

He repeated many of the arguments in favor of ratification which he has made in other speeches. The greatest demonstration of the evening came when he predicted victory for the Treaty. During his speech there was a continual uproar from the street. The crowd pounded on the doors demanding entrance and cheering, "We want Wilson." At a public dinner which President Wilson attended, before going to the arena for his night address, he said he had been impressed by the uniformity of opinion among the people from ocean to ocean. Detailing the purposes for which the United States entered the war as they were set forth and accepted by Congress in his war message, President Wilson said that the issue squarely facing the country in the Treaty debate was whether that program should be carried through or abandoned. He called to mind also the cost in money and in human life, by which the war had been won, and asserted that those opposing the Treaty proposed the sacrifice be of no avail.

Pittsburgh Leaders Have No Knowledge of Strike Postponement

Pittsburgh, Pa., Sept. 15.—Union leaders here in the movement to organize iron and steel workers said to-day they had no information that the proposed strike in the steel industry would be deferred until after the industrial conference in Washington October 6. William Z. Foster, secretary-treasurer of the national committee for organizing iron and steel workers, repeated his statement of last night that he knew nothing of a postponement. The announcement calling the men out next Monday, September 22, was issued in Washington last Wednesday. The national committee will meet here Wednesday to consider plans for the proposed strike. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, is a member of the committee, but it was not known at union headquarters here whether he will attend. It is understood here that the action of the committee in Washington last week requesting men not working under agreements not to go to work next Monday was taken before the arrival of the message from President Wilson asking that the strike be deferred until after the industrial conference and it was suggested here that the information from New York might have been anticipatory of an effort at Wednesday's meeting of the national committee to postpone the strike. Mr. Foster said the committee has supreme power in the matter, but he knew of no movement to defer the strike. An effort to defer the strike, however, is looked for by those closely watching the situation.

DAYLIGHT SAVING BOON TO WORKMEN

[Continued from First Page.]

fit of the home garden do not end with the gardeners. Even the smallest garden plays not an unimportant part in the reduction of prices of food. It helps to increase the supply, and the greater the supply, the lower, of course, is the price. "On the whole, I believe the scheme to be an excellent one, and I heartily endorse the move to have it retained. Of course, it would be awkward to have Steelton alone adopt it. I would not favor Steelton's adopting it unless Harrisburg and the surrounding territory also accepted it. I wish the State as a whole would adopt it. It should be a national affair. It is to be regretted that Congress ever passed the bill repealing it." More of the daylight petitions printed by the Telegraph for the committee, urging the movement for next summer are to be had. It is strongly urged that every man who favors the idea come in and get one and place it in a cigar store, grocery store or any other place where people congregate.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT

Dr. G. W. Hartman, the Democratic candidate for Mayor, represents Democratic principles. Support him.—Adv.

Political Advertisement Political Advertisement Political Advertisement

Wipe Out the Slate

Next Tuesday you will be asked to vote for two different sets of Republican candidates for our county offices. One set is the "regular slate," hand-picked by the bosses and in which the rank and file Republicans had no choice whatever. The bosses did the selecting and, regardless of their fitness for office, expect you to give them your O. K. The other group of Republican candidates represent that element in our county affairs who stand for justice and equality—the SQUARE DEAL ALWAYS—REPUBLICANS who are opposed to autocratic bossism—bosses who are certain to defeat the Republican party. The bosses are fighting for their political lives, not so much because they are Republicans, but because they want to continue to tell the Dauphin County Republican voter how he must vote. Knowing that their power is at stake, they have collected an enormous campaign fund—Capitol Hill, city and county employes had to come across, and they've got to get out and work for the slate or lose their positions. And, contrary to the primary election law, they are compelling the county committee to distribute the campaign money in the interest of their hand-picked "yes men" candidates. If you are interested in keeping the Republican party the friend of Liberty and Independence and of giving every Republican a square deal, vote for these REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES.

For District Attorney

Edward F. Doehne of Harrisburg

For Recorder of Deeds and Clerk of the Orphans Court

Lockwood B. Worden of Harrisburg

For Sheriff

Henry D. Koons of Linglestown

For Register of Wills

Carl B. Shelley of Steelton

For County Treasurer

Joshua E. Rutherford of Paxtang

For County Commissioners

Frank M. Shadel of Williamstown

David Gordon of Hershey

For Poor Directors

T. G. George (Full Term) of Harrisburg

Lane Rubendall (Full Term) of Williams Township

Samuel Smeltzer (2 Years) of Penbrook

Allison Hill Demands A Square Deal R. L. Dare Candidate For City Council



At the urgent request of a large number of representative Citizens and Taxpayers of Allison Hill, who believe that the Eastern Section of the City should, by reason of its population and because of the great proportion of the taxes it pays, have a more equitable representation in the management of the affairs of the City, I have decided to become a Candidate for the Office of City Council.

I submit my name to the Republican Voters for their consideration at the Primaries to be held September 16th, 1919. Of the total assessed valuation of the City of sixty-two Million Dollars, the Taxpayers, Rentpayers and Homeowners of the four wards of the Hill section are required to pay Taxes on over Nineteen Million and a Quarter Dollars, nearly one-third of the whole assessed valuation. This is due largely to our being without proper representation in Council. This is your fight. Be sure to vote at the Primaries and support the Allison Hill candidate.

Allison Hill, Paying Taxes on Nearly One-Third the Assessed Valuation of All City Property, Demands Adequate Representation in City Council

To the Voters of the City:

You will find herein some very interesting and important information for the Rent and Tax Payers of Harrisburg. These figures show the increased assessment of the various wards of Harrisburg for the year of 1919 in comparison with the year of 1918. The increase has been in one year from fifty-four (54) million dollars in 1918, to sixty-two (62) million dollars in 1919, an increase of eight (8) million dollars.

This, in the opinion of the writer, is the largest increase of any tax period in the history of the city. The above figures are correct and beyond dispute, being an exact copy of the City Assessor's records. A brief comparison of these increases in the various wards will show the unfairness of the assessment. Particularly is this so in the Allison Hill section and in wards where people own their own homes or are paying for them.

The Ninth Ward has always been unfortunate at the hands of the Assessors, both past and present. Notwithstanding the great number of people in the Ninth Ward who are paying on their homes, they have had their burden increased this year by an increase in their ward assessment of \$1,388,211.00. The 2nd Ward which also consists largely of home owners has had an increased assessment of \$500,000.00. The 8th Ward is in a similar position, having a large number of home owners and their assessment having been increased by \$565,000.00.

The wards mentioned above are selected to show only the manifest unfairness of the city's assessment. Desiring to place the responsibility and to know the real reasons for this large increase in the assessed valuation of the different wards, we naturally turn to the members of the City Council. They, as candidates for re-election, were unwilling or lacked courage to increase the millage rate. They therefore resorted to the old political deception of obtaining revenue required, by increasing the valuation of private properties, when an increase in the mill rate would apply equitably on all the people in every section of the city. These conditions show clearly that the people of Allison Hill and other wards have been "asleep at the switch" and the necessity of their getting together to secure proper representation for their present as well as their future interests.

The following figures show the increased Ward Assessment of the various Wards of Harrisburg for the year of 1919. A careful study of these figures will show how the Allison Hill Wards and the other "Home-Owner" Wards have been heavily burdened by a large increase in property assessment. The Allison Hill Wards are designated by the letter "H."

Table with 4 columns: Ward, 1918, 1919, Increase. Lists wards from First to Fourteenth and Total, with corresponding assessed values and increases.

Very respectfully yours, R. L. DARE