

NEWS OF LEGISLATURE

RAMSEY BILL OUT IN SENATE

Passed For First Time at the Night Session of Senate; Snyder Makes Effort

Liquor legislation occupied the attention of the Senate last night while the "near beer" bill was up in the House.

The Ramsey bill establishing two and three-quarters per cent. of alcohol as making an intoxicating drink which passed the House Monday night was expected to get out and passed the first time. During the night the Senate passed the bill transferring duties of the State fire marshal to the Department of State Police.

Senator P. W. Snyder, of Blair, made an unsuccessful effort to have the law and order committee discharged from further consideration of his prohibition enforcement bill.

The law and order committee had reported the Ramsey two and three-quarter per cent. beer bill, but postponed action on the Snyder bill. When Senator Snyder learned this he moved that the committee be discharged from further consideration of his bill.

Outdoor Religious Services at Gettysburg in Summer

Gettysburg, Pa., June 18.—The Ministerial Association has formulated its plans for the usual outdoor services during the months of July and August and what will prove to be a pleasing innovation will be introduced.

3 MONTHS OLD BABY HAD RASH

On Face. Very Sore and Inflamed. Burned Very Much. Cross and Fretful. Cuticura Heals.

"When three months old my little brother started with an awful rash on his face. His face was very sore and inflamed, and it burned very much, causing him to scratch. He was cross and fretful during the day. I was advised by a friend to use Cuticura, and after using one cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment his face was healed."

The Cuticura Toilet Trio, consisting of Soap, Ointment and Talcum, promotes and maintains skin purity, comfort and health. They will make those gentle, fragrant, super-creamy emollients from every bottle of Cuticura. Sold Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura, Dept. H, Boston." Sold everywhere, 25c each.

WEAK, SICKLY, RUN DOWN WOMEN

Must Look to Their Blood if They Wish to Regain Their Health and Happiness

Many symptoms peculiar to women, such as dizziness, fainting spells, headache, nervousness, kidney and bladder troubles, languor and nervousness are in a large part due to impurities in the blood or worse still, anaemia, which means that the blood is thin, watery and lacking in nourishment.

"NEAR BEER" IS GIVEN A DEFEAT

House Gets It Tangled Up With the Brooks High License Law

"Near beer" legislation gave the House some enjoyment at the night session before it was voted down by a vote of 91 to 76. Messrs. Wallace, Lawrence, and Boland, Crawford, discussed the beverage and its relation to the Brooks high license law, with Mr. Powell, Luzerne, the sponsor. Mr. Davis, Cambria, declared a better concoction was the old time rye and fall tonic "mother used to make."

The bill would have legalized sale of beverages containing less than one-half of one per cent. of alcohol.

Resolutions were adopted at the opening of the night session of the House for three sessions on Thursday, to be held at 10, 4 and 8.30.

The Senate bill amending the prison labor law was negatively reported.

The higher physical education bill fell in the House at the evening session, receiving fourteen short of the majority required.

The Senate bill regulating suits and claims against the State was amended in minor details and laid over.

Second reading bills were then passed and the House took up third reading bills, over fifty being on the calendar.

Scott Stirs House

Unusual points of order raised by John R. K. Scott, Philadelphia, enlivened the night session of the House because of objections to a bill proposed by Mr. Hess, Lancaster, forbidding persons not admitted to practice law from soliciting or inducing any person to prosecute a suit for damages as a duplicate of one negatively reported by the judiciary committee. The bill objected to was on the calendar and was killed.

The situation was that the first Hess bill was ordered negatively by the committee, but held over for a hearing and then again ordered negatively reported, but the member having it failed to report. Mr. Hess meanwhile presented a similar bill and had it sent to the committee of which he is chairman, which reported it out. Mr. Scott held that the judiciary committee's action stood, but was overruled. He then tried to report out the first bill with a negative recommendation, but Mr. Hess objected. Mr. Scott next held that the second bill was improperly on the calendar, but was again overruled. The bill was then defended by Mr. Hess as an "anti-ambulance chaser," but the House voted it down.

The House defeated the Daix bill exempting principals from the teachers' retirement act and recommitted the industrial farm bill and that forbidding fees or allowances to inmates of prisons or reformatories.

Rinn Wins Again

The House passed the Rinn bill abolishing grade crossings at the rate of one a year for each forty miles of track, over the measure. This bill has been up at three sessions. It had just one more vote than needed.

Other bills passed were: Forbidding changes of names of persons without court proceedings. Making an appropriation to the Cornplanter Indians. Exempting from taxation public property, churches and burial places. Senate bill providing for condemnation of lands for forest reserves.

Fixing pay of attendance officers in first class school districts at not less than \$1,200. Regulating publication of game, fish and forestry laws. Authorizing boroughs to make separate grades for cartways and sidewalks.

During the evening the heat became so intense that electric fans were brought into the hall and attached to lighting fixtures near the clerks.

The House defeated the bill for clerks of courts to issue hunters' licenses and passed that regulating buildings along streets between two boroughs.

Just before adjournment the House voted down the Sowers bill providing for annulment of marriages of minors who wed without parents' consent and who never lived together.

Spangler Fights McCall's Ferry Dam

After a heated hearing before the Senate Game and Fish Committee to-night, Speaker Spangler's bill requiring the fish commissioner within one year to certify whether the Pennsylvania Water and Power Company at McCall's Ferry is maintaining an adequate fishway in the Susquehanna river and providing that unless such certificate is filed within thirteen months the Attorney General is directed to institute legal proceedings, was favorably reported to the Senate.

Bernard J. Myers, deputy attorney general, appeared at the hearing and told the committee that the bill is unconstitutional because it is special legislation and had not been advertised and because the Legislature cannot dictate the duties of the Attorney General.

Speaker Spangler, in urging his bill before the committee, said that he was amazed that the Attorney General should send one of his deputies to a committee where legislation is pending and try to dictate to it what it should do. Turning to Mr. Myers, Speaker Spangler declared that the "Attorney General is the servant of the people and not the master of the Commonwealth."

Mr. Spangler also declared that the State Fish Commissioner in the present case is half hearted in seeing whether the law is being violated. The fish commissioner, he said, has failed to do his duty to the people of the Commonwealth and has allowed the matter to lapse.

Mr. Spangler charged that the two fishways at McCall's Ferry dam are not adequate, that they are flimsy and mere pretenses and that the failure of the company to maintain adequate fishways was in effect the taking of the property of the people without due process of law because the Susquehanna river belonged to the people of the State.

John E. Malone, of Lancaster, counsel for the Pennsylvania Water and Power Company, told the committee that the fishways now there had been approved by the proper authorities and that they are the best that can be had at the present time. The company, he said, was willing to do anything that would result in better fishways if such were possible.

WIVES' COMMUNAL FIRES

Liverpool — Fuel for domestic use has become so scarce in Carnarvonshire that the housewives have formed community organizations to cook over the fire.

ANTI-SEDITION HAS HOT FIGHT

Measure Lacks Three Votes Needed to Pass the House

The administration anti-sedition bill was defeated in the House of Representatives to-day by a vote of 101 to 84 late yesterday. It required 104 votes to pass.

The bill was presented by Mr. Flynn, Elk, and has been a storm center in the House. It was the subject of one of the biggest hearings held this session and has been opposed by organized labor and groups' organizations. The vote was marked by several challenges.

Mr. Flynn opened the debate by saying the bill was designed to meet the unusual activities of an element that has invaded Pennsylvania and which has become a menace. He declared that objectionable features had been eliminated and that the bill was "an honest effort to regulate a very serious condition."

Mr. Fowler, Lackawanna, saying this was the anniversary of the Battle of Bunker Hill, called on his hearers to make a new drive for liberty. He styled the bill "a strike at labor organizations in this State," and said that authorities should use intelligence instead of such weapons as the bill. Labor organizations are awake to the dangers of Bolshevism and will meet it. The way to help them, he said, is to pass compensation, child labor and pension laws.

After reading opinions on the bill he said men who favor it are voting against the labor movement, which will go on and on in spite of such legislation. He predicted a bigger labor legislative delegation next session and presented a resolution from Pittsburgh city council against the bill.

Mr. Lanus, York, said he was not sure the bill was needed to catch the

terrorists because the State has laws against murderers and the Black Hand act. Mr. Lanus said the Democratic members desired to show they were not back of the bill.

Mr. Flynn replied that the bill was not intended to curb free speech, but as a means to catch men who incite to violence against the government. A simple reading will show that it is not against organized labor, said Mr. Flynn.

Mr. Phillips, Clearfield, asked if a cartoon aimed at the President or Governor would be sedition.

"No, it would not. It would have to be against the government," said Mr. Flynn, who went on to say that the bill was drawn to reach those who would destroy the government.

Mr. Phillips said the bill would open the way for much trouble.

Messrs. Fowler, McIntyre, Fayette, and Millar, Dauphin, took part in challenges when the roll was verified. Mr. Sowers, Philadelphia, declared he had not been recorded and Mr. Aron, Philadelphia, changed from "no" to "aye." Mr. Lewis, Philadelphia, also demanded to be recorded "aye." Mr. Baldi, Philadelphia, got in an affirmative vote without objection, but was later challenged by Mr. Fowler without success. Speaker Pro Tem Ramsey ruled that if a member was within

Careless Shampooing Spoils the Hair

Soap should be used very carefully, if you want to keep your hair looking its best. Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and ruins it.

The best thing for steady use is Mulsified coconut oil shampoo (which is pure and greaseless), and is better than anything else you can use.

One or two tablespoons will cleanse the hair and scalp thoroughly. Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in. It makes an abundance of rich creamy lather, which rinses and easily removing every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves the scalp soft, and the hair fine and silky, bright, lustrous, frizzy and easy to manage.

You can get Mulsified coconut oil shampoo at any pharmacy, its very cheap, and a few ounces will supply every member of the family for months.

the bar of the House he could vote. "If this bill is passed and is applied as loosely as you have had this roll called, God help the wage-earner," shouted Mr. Fowler.

The vote was then announced. All Dauphin men except Mr. Uish, who was absent, voted against the bill. Messrs. Bowman, Beckley and Rower voted for the bill, as did Messrs. Cook and Brooks, York.

French Blinded by War Do Not Exceed 1,500

Paris, June 18.—When a deputy speaking in the chamber last night

said that France's war casualties included 30,000 men who had lost their sight, the Under Secretary of the Army Medical Department at once challenged the figure. Later in the same sitting he announced that the number of blinded men does not exceed 1,500.

Has Plan to Get the Danube Bridged Quickly

New York, June 18.—Reginald Ford an Englishman, 29 years old, one of the largest steel manufacturers in France, who is said to have controlled 80 per cent. of the Spanish

steel output during the war, arrived at the Ritz-Carlton yesterday to place orders for \$50,000,000 worth of steel, most of it for Rumanian Government. One of the first requirements of Rumania, said Mr. Ford, is a bridge across the Danube to facilitate the shipment of the wheat crop, counted upon to restore Rumanian credit. The bridge must be completed by February.

The old bridge was blown up early in the war, and is now in Germany, reconstructed and offered to the Rumanians for a high price. Mr. Ford said the Rumanians declined to treat with the Germans, and that he had gone to England, where he found the delay in construction would be too

great, and then here. "For I think American engineers," he said, "can have plans ready in a month."

The new bridge he said, would be an enormous one, using 12,000 tons of steel in its construction.

SORENESS in joints or muscles, give a brisk massage with—

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"Harrisburg's Dependable Store" There's a Reason Why the good dressers of Harrisburg prefer Wm. Strouse Underwear and Shirts 310 Market St. Wm. Strouse Harrisburg, Pa.

Low Cost of Packard Reserve Power

Here is a scientific principle many a motorist overlooks. No matter how fast or how slow you want to go, you cannot go right unless your car has reserve power—rightly applied. Until a man has driven the Packard Twin Six he will never know exactly what that means.

WITH everybody reading about motors, talking about motors, swapping motor experiences, you might suppose that the basic facts of motor engineering would be generally known by this time.

In the Packard—the power is there—in reserve. It costs you nothing unless you use it. You call on it when you want it—and not unless you do want it.

Yet even such a fundamental principle as the economic value of reserve power is not understood by one motorist in ten.

The Packard Twin Six engine is a motor of live moving parts. Power is used only in moving the car—not in excess merely to keep the engine turning over.

Some car owners take years to wake up to what it is costing them to compromise in the matter of power.

The basic design of the Packard Twin Six motor has been wonderfully justified during the past few years of both peace and war work, so that any changes that may be made from time to time will be merely in the nature of refinements.

Why should a man have to wear out one compromise car after another before he learns that it costs more to operate such a car than a car of high reserve power?

The Packard people are transportation experts. They have more to tell you on this subject than any other organization in the world. You can ask them to discuss your car problem without obligation. It is to your interest and profit to do so.

The man who has been through it all knows that the very reason why the Packard is good for 75 miles an hour is the reason why 25 miles an hour day after day costs less from the Packard than from the car of lower power.

"Ask the Man Who Owns One" PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO. of Philadelphia

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