



DARING THIEVES BLOW OPEN SAFE AND STEAL \$300

N. Freidberg, H. A. Gable and William Plack Stores Victims of Robbery

VICTIMS SCORE POLICE Allege Robberies Are Result of Lack of Protection Furnished by Department

FINGER PRINTS ARE MADE Merchants Circulate Petition Demanding Better Service From Police

A series of robberies that culminated last night in the blowing open of the safe of the N. Freidberg Wholesale establishment at 126 South Second street, has roused business men of the neighborhood to make an emphatic protest against what they call the lack of police protection afforded by the Harrisburg police department.

The hardware store of H. A. Gable, 113 South Second street, and the jewelry store of William Plack, 23 South Second street, are other victims of the thieves. Gable's have been entered twice within a week and Freidberg's three times within a short period.

Break Windows Entrance to Plack's and Freidberg's was gained last night by means of breaking in the plate glass doors with bricks. At Freidberg's where the safe was blown open, \$300 in jewelry was stolen, but at Plack's the appearance of a workman from the railroad freight station frightened the alleged burglars away before they gained entrance through the hole they smashed in the window.

Gable's store was entered the night before by means of a back way, after the thieves had climbed a fence. Some small change from the cash register was stolen, and the cash register smashed. Some padlocks and screw drivers also were stolen. A few days before, entrance was gained by means of a key apparently stolen from the store during the day time.

Merchants Indignant The South Second street merchants are indignant that the police apparently pay no attention to them, and afford them no protection. "I haven't seen a policeman since I've been here," declared Harry Freidberg, one of the proprietors. "They're supposed to pass every hour, but I never see them."

It was hinted that the merchants would circulate a petition demanding better service. A night watchman employed by the tenants of the neighborhood did not see the thieves.

Take Finger Prints The watches stolen at Freidberg's were kept in the safe over night. They are premiums offered by the wholesale confectioners, and altogether were valued at \$300, Mr. Freidberg said. The heavy door of the safe was standing open, and the thin inner door was locked. Straws from the floor near the safe were ten half burned matches, while powder marks were apparent along the steel door. The lock was not unfastened, but had torn out of fastening by the explosion. The safe is in the office on the second floor, fronting wide open windows, but apparently the burglars were not disturbed. Mr. Freidberg declared the money is banked every night, or the loss would have been greater. A short while ago thieves gained entrance by way of a transom in the rear, and as a consequence all windows except the front ones have been barred.

City detectives put on the case took finger prints and are endeavoring to locate the stolen articles.

Architects Would Have Men of Craft Licensed Twenty-one members of the Southern Pennsylvania Chapter of the American Institute of Architects were in attendance at a meeting held at the Penn-Harris Hotel yesterday afternoon. William F. Bannister, secretary of the New York State Board of Examiners, talked on a proposed bill to be introduced in the Legislature urging examination and registration of architects in the same way as lawyers and doctors. The bill was approved by the meeting.

The visitors were entertained at dinner following the meeting by Miller I. Kast, president of the chapter.

THE WEATHER For Harrisburg and vicinity: Fair and warmer to-night, with low temperature about 25 degrees; Wednesday unsettled and warmer, probably local rains or snow; moderate winds, becoming southerly.

For Eastern Pennsylvania: Fair and warmer to-night; Wednesday unsettled and warmer, probably local rains or snow; moderate winds, becoming southerly.

The Susquehanna river and all its branches will fall slowly or remain nearly stationary without much change in ice conditions. A stage of about 4.1 feet is indicated for Harrisburg Wednesday morning.

Which, of Course, Makes Everything All Right Again



OPINIONS DIFFER AS TO VALUE OF PENNSYLVANIA'S BLUE LAWS

Father Carey Would Permit Concerts if Harmless Amusements Did Not Interfere With Church Services

MAYOR SUPPORTS PRIEST'S POSITION

Theater Men and Band Leaders Do Not Agree With Stand Taken by Harrisburg Ministerial Association

Sentiment in Harrisburg to-day is much divided on the question of "open" or "closed" Sundays raised by the introduction into the Legislature by Representative William F. Rorke, of Philadelphia, of House Bill No. 94 as an amendment to the old "Blue Laws" of 1794.

A stand entirely opposite from that taken by the Harrisburg Ministerium in a series of resolutions passed yesterday, condemning Representative Rorke's amendment, have been taken by many city people. The amendment would permit Sunday orchestral concerts, lectures, movie shows and other entertainments of an educational character. All these would be legalized by the measure, which also contains the prohibition that there shall be "no raising or lowering of the curtain, no appearance of any person in costume and no moving or changing of scenery or furniture upon such stage or platform."

Blue Laws Antiquated A revision of these laws, which they term "antiquated," meets with the general approval of those who have taken this side of the question. Greater liberality in the observance of the Sabbath is generally favored by the advocates of a revision, although they are unanimous that any entertainments permitted should not interfere with regular church services.

The measure, however, has met with not the least approval among the clergymen who are affiliated with the Harrisburg Ministerium. Their stand as announced in their scathing resolutions of yesterday, protesting against the particular revision provided in Representative Rorke's measure, is finding special commendation among a considerable percentage of the members of their church. Severely arraigning the promoters of the measure, the clergymen's resolutions characterize their product as "unpatriotic" and "un-Christian," while declaring that "Sunday is necessary to the preservation of the home."

"Such laws,"

What the Blue Laws of 1794 Prohibit on Sunday

The sale of ice cream, soda water, soft drinks, etc., except in the case of licensed hotels and eating houses, and then not indiscriminately. The offering for sale of milk by the glass. The vending of Sunday newspapers. A baker to keep open his place of business for the sale of his wares. The sale of liquor and other vinous drinks, together with cigars and tobacco of all kinds. A barber to keep open his shop to shave and to dress the hair of customers. In general, for a person to work for hire except in the case of necessity and charity. There may be no hunting or fishing. That railroad and canal companies shall not be required to operate their trains or boats. Judicial interpretation has since classified such operation as a necessity.

FATHER GIVEN WEeping CHILD BY COURT ORDER

Little Girl Cries to Mother—"Don't Leave Me, Mamma" Nicholas DeSantis, who started habeas corpus proceedings yesterday against his wife to compel her to give up their five-year-old daughter Teresa, was given the custody of the child by court order to-day. Sobbing and calling "don't leave me mamma," the child was taken from the courtroom together with her parents who do not live together.

A deputy sheriff escorted the two and other friends to the Court street entrance. Outside the courthouse when the child was taken by her father her sobbing attracted a number of persons who were passing. Finally the child was quieted and walked away with her father, the mother and grandmother following them. DeSantis alleged that his wife, Sindy DeSantis, did not properly caring for the child and had deserted him. The court after hearing witnesses for both the father and the mother, directed that the father should have the care of the little girl.

BELFAST STRIKERS AGREE Belfast, Feb. 11.—The strikers of Belfast have agreed to take a ballot on the question of a settlement of the strike. Pending the balloting the city resumed its normal activities to-day. The street car service was resumed and the electric power current started up again. It is anticipated that the ballot will show a big majority for a settlement on the lines proposed.

POLICE SUBDUE VIOLENT ENEMY ALIEN OUTBREAK

Use Clubs Freely on Deck of Immigration Boat at Hoboken Today

WOMAN IN GAY COLORS Men Disheveled and Defiant; One Strikes Officer; Incites Disorder

SOLDIERS CALLED UPON "To Hell With America," the Cry as Vessel Leaves For Ellis Island

New York, Feb. 11.—Fifty-four radicals—alien-born anarchists, Industrial Workers of the World and others—arrived at Hoboken to-day on a train from the West en route to the Ellis Island immigration station, where they are to be detained until arrangements can be completed for their deportation. As the second group of men was led from the train to the boat on which transference was made to Ellis Island, three cheers for the Bolsheviks were given and three more for the I. W. W.

When all of the fifty-three men and one woman had reached the decks of the immigration boat, the police ordered the I. W. W. members to separate themselves from the others and move to one end of the vessel. One I. W. W. member objected and struck a policeman. Others of the I. W. W. closed in, the police came to the rescue of the man attacked, and not until clubs had been used freely and effectively were the I. W. W. members subdued.

Another version of this disturbance was that one of the fifty-three men had throughout the journey from the West been a marked man among his fellows, "suspected of being not a radical, but a Government agent in disguise." A strange scene was presented as the arrivals stepped from the train shortly after dawn at the close of their long railroad journey. Many of them wore flaming red ties. The woman had on a fur coat and a black sailor hat. The men had been playing cards most of the night and showed the want of sleep and were unshaven. Canvas carpetbags of the kind immigrants carry were included in an odd assortment of baggage, with here and there a shiny, new suit case. Some of the men wore no hats, one had set a panama rakishly, but from his forehead. The temperature was not mild, and many of the radicals shivered for lack of overcoats.

Before the boat left Hoboken for Ellis Island the immigration authorities called on the United States army for aid. A lieutenant and twenty soldiers boarded the vessel. The army officers warned the radicals that he and his men had come aboard to preserve order and that they were prepared to use their weapons if necessary. The boat then swung out into the Hudson, carrying more guards, inspectors and soldiers than there were radicals. The soldiers carried small arms and were instructed by the immigration agents to "shoot to kill if necessary."

As the boat left the pier the radicals became noisy. Three cheers for the Bolsheviks were given. The guards and the I. W. W. also were cheered. Then the prisoners chanted in unison: "To hell with America."

MORE ALIENS TO BE DEPORTED AS PRECAUTION STEP

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Chicago, Feb. 11.—A clean-up to rid the country of aliens with criminal records or who are regarded as a menace to the nation is under way by Federal officials, government officers declare. Within a few days another carload of undesirable will leave Chicago for an Atlantic port to be shipped back to the countries whence they came. Immigration officials in this city known last night as the 54 aliens hurried through Chicago Sunday enroute to Europe under heavy guard were nearing New York.

Another Carload Will Soon Leave Chicago, Federal Officers Declare

JAPAN THREATENS TO WAGE WAR ON CHINA IF ISLANDS ARE WITHHELD

London, Feb. 11.—King George in his speech from the throne to the Houses of Parliament to-day urged the legislative bodies to act resolutely in stamping out poverty, diminishing unemployment and improving the health of the nation. In concluding, the King said: "We shall not achieve this end by undue tenderness toward acknowledged abuses and it must necessarily be retarded by violence, even disturbance. We shall succeed only by patient and unflinching resolution in carrying through the legislation and administrative action which is required. It is that resolute action that I ask you to support."

WILSON IS TO LEAVE FRENCH CITY FRIDAY

President Means to Return to Peace Table by March 15; Comes Only to Act on Laws Passed by Congress; Plans Disclose Brief Stay at Capital

Paris, Feb. 11.—President Wilson is expected to leave Paris for Brest on Friday and to sail for America some time on Saturday on the transport Martha Washington. With him will go units of the American Army of Occupation, which have been ordered home for demobilization. Paris, Feb. 11.—Evidence of President Wilson's intention not to abandon the Peace Conference upon the ratification of the Society of Nations plan is found in the disclosure to-day that he plans to return from Washington by March 15. This involves so brief a stay at Washington as to permit only the signing of bills during the closing hours of Congress. It is understood that Mr. Wilson intends to give personal attention in Paris to the work of the Supreme Economic Council, which promises to be the most important feature of the Peace Conference after the disposal of the Society of Nations. Interesting developments in the work of the conference are expected to-day. The draft of the plan for a Society of Nations will be before the commission on a society for its second reading, and it probably will be prepared for action by a plenary session late in the week. Committee to Settle Claims The Supreme War Council, although hearing the claims of Belgium delegates in support of the Supreme Economic Council, which is expected to refer this matter to an economic committee. The Supreme Economic Council, which is expected to consider French and Belgian proposals that Essen and other German industrial towns should be occupied to prevent the manufacture of munitions and arms. This question bears on the ability of Germany to pay heavy indemnities through products of industry, and the American view is that the suppression of Germany's munition production can be as well assured by a system of authorized inspection by the member agents. This would permit German industries to continue with safety to the allies. The French and Belgian plea that they should be permitted to recoup their enormous losses by the destruction of their industrial plants through the stoppage of German industries until France and Belgium have been rehabilitated is met by the American view, which is shared by the British, that such losses should be reimbursed by cash indemnities from Germany within a reasonable time. The Supreme Economic Council can regulate the distribution of raw materials between countries so as to insure France and Belgium of a proper advantage over Germany longer than is necessary for military purposes, or to insure the carrying out of the [Continued on Page 12.]

STEAMER CALLS FOR HELP

Halifax, N. S.—Calls for help from the American tank steamer Communipaw were picked up here. The American coast guard steamer Tallapoosa was dispatched to her assistance. The Communipaw sailed from New York, February 2 for Genoa.

STRIKE TURMOIL AT JEROME, ARIZONA

Jerome, Ariz.—Jerome passed a night of apprehension following a day of turmoil precipitated by a 75 cent cut in wages of the four thousand copper miners and smeltermen of the Jerome district yesterday. Early to-day mine officials said the strike called yesterday at a mass meeting held on the outskirts of the town had not materialized, while the labor council was standing by its decision of yesterday to keep the members of the International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers at their places under protest pending the arrival of federal mediator Hywell Davies, reported on his way from Washington.

KING LAUDS AMERICAN REPUBLIC

London—In his address to Parliament to-day King George said: "It has given men great pleasure to receive in this country the President of the United States of America. The enthusiastic reception accorded him is proof of the good will which all sections of my people feel toward the great republic of the west and an earnest of the increasing understanding with which, I trust, they will act together in the future."

NAVAL PROGRAM SEEN IN BILL

Washington—Legislation for a new three-year building program was voted in order as a part of the annual naval appropriation bill to-day by the House, which adopted 205 to 148 a special rule to restore provisions stricken out yesterday on points of order by Republican leader Mann.

GERMANS ADOPT CONSTITUTION

Weimar—The German National Assembly has adopted the provisional constitution with little amendment. The national president will be elected Tuesday.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Robert Jones and Goldie M. Swails, Harrisburg; Floyd J. Hill and Vernetta E. Hawkins, Enola; Harvey C. Shank and Dorothy M. Wilders, Steelton.

FORESTALLING IN LOCAL MARKETS AGAIN ATTACKED

Council Urged to Stop Pernicious Practice by Proper Ordinances Urging Council to pass an ordinance which will stop forestalling in the city markets, George E. Nebinger, City Inspector of Weights and Measures, in his annual report for 1918, submitted to-day, asks for prompt action on the part of the Commissioners. He calls attention to the ordinances in effect in Lancaster and York which are enforced satisfactorily, and in speaking of forestalling says: "It makes it almost impossible for the consumers to get the benefits [Continued on Page 12.]

HERE'S A GOOD JOB FOR ANY MAN WHO CAN QUALIFY FOR IT

Anyone Assured a Comfortable Stipend Who Can Make Good With This York County Farmer Who Advertises To each and every Harrisburg man who possesses the necessary qualification an excellent position to-day was offered by a well-known York county man. The stipend was not made public but from the nature of the work it is understood that the remuneration certainly will be commensurate with the time and effort. Payment, however, will not be made to persons merely seeking easy jobs as the qualifications demanded by the employer while simple are direct and to the point and above all else must be fulfilled. In order to get quick results the Harrisburg Telegraph to-day was asked to publish the following advertisement which is self-explanatory: Wanted—Man who understands how to locate and lift buried money. Address: Lock Box No. 272, Red Lion, Pa.

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