Official Peace Report

TWO official communications on yesterday's peace proceedings were issued. The first says:

"The President of the United States, the premiers and foreign ministers of the allied and associated governments and the Japanese representatives held two meetings on January 29. The morning sitting was devoted to hearing reports of delegates, who made general statements on the Polish situation and Polish claims. In the afternoon the Czecho-Slovak delegates gave their views on the question of the industrial basin in Silesia, situated between Bohemia and Poland."

The other communique says:

"Since Monday last Mr. Barnes (British minister without portfolio) has been conferring with prominent British trade unionists and representatives of India and the dominions on the draft of a scheme for the international regulation of conditions of employment. The scheme has been closely examined, and the experience of all present at the conference has been freely placed at Mr. Barnes' disposal. Many valuable suggestions have been made and it is felt that full light has been given to the views of organized British trade unionists.

"The conference concluded at noon January 29, and the draft scheme agreed upon will be submitted to the International Commission on Labor Regulation, which was appointed on Saturday last at the Peace Conference."

FATE OF GERMAN COLONIES DISCUSSED

[Continued from First Page.]

acter of this administration, with a view to protecting the interests of the nation and the population.

Later in the day Premier Hughes, of Australia, who is the exponent of the extreme view for outright annexation of the colonies, conferred with Colonel House in a further effort to secure a middle round. In the meantime the various British dominion delegates held a meeting and conferred with Premier Lloyd George for the purpose of determining their course.

The result of this meeting was not made known, but the sentiment in conference circles is strongly hopeful that an agreement will be reached which will preserve the American plan of a mandate, without hampering the power in administering a colony.

The council of the great powers gave the entire day to Poland, hearing the Polish delegates, Dmowski and Pilsz, and the Czecho-Slovak delegates, Kramarz and Benes.

While this bore on the instructions to the commission about to start for Poland, yet the main desire of the council was to hear the Poles and Czecho-Slavs concerning the warfare now going on between them along the Silesian frontier. This clash between the military forces of the two countries is regarded as contrary to the recent warning given by the council against the occupation of territory by force.

The hearings yesterday and the departure of the commission for Poland are expected to put an end to this internal conflict between two powers which are represented at the conference.

Await Word From Russia

As yet the peace conference has received no formal reply from the Russian Soviet government regarding the invitation sent to all the Russian governments to meet conference representatives at the Princes Islands, but the Russian committee in Paris will probably make a formal response in a few days on behalf of the various other Russian governments.

May Not Sit With Reds

This committee now is considering the proposals but the prospects seem to be that it will decline to sit in conference with any representatives of the Bolsheviki. The expected declination, however, will be couched in courteous language and will embody a lengthy explanation of the committee's reasons for declining.

Tschaikovsky on the Way

Members of the Russian committee their unqualified support. President Tschaikovsky, of the government of North Russia, who sailed for Archangel January 1, is expected to reach Paris within a few days to confer with the committee.

British Labor Pleased

The British labor delegates in Paris, who to-day completed a plan for an international labor bureau to be laid before the peace conference and forwarded it to London for consideration by the employers are greatly pleased at the speed with which they were able to complete the draft. The consultation between the laborites concerning the plan lasted only two and one-half days, at the end of which they had reached a complete agreement.

Throuhout the discussions the employers in England were kept advised of the proceedings. Arrangements had been made to continue the consultations betwee nthe laborites and the employers after the plan is presented to the conference.

The Matter of Indemnities

The peace conference has settled one important point with regard to the indemnity question, the Paris correspondent of the London Evening Standard says he has reasons for reporting. The conference, he declares, has eliminated any intention of calling on Germany and her associates to pay the Allied countries the cost of the war, or to impose heavy indemnities on the enemy nations.

Treaties in Danger

In a late edition, the London Daily Mail prints a report from its correspondent in Paris to the effect that Great Britain's decision regarding the treaties with Japan relative to the islands in the Northern Pacific and with the Arabs regarding Syria and the understanding with France as to the future status of the Kamerun involves the admission that they must be arbitrarily modified, if not torn up.

"The Japanese delegates are angry and alarmed and declare their unalterable determination to claim the islands, as promised," the correspondent says, and adds: "These islands are really the crux of the whole situation."

"The Australians," the correspondent continues, "believe President Wilson's firm stand in this matter is due to his fear that Japanese occupation of the islands would impair his prestige in the United States and that he fears to meet a hostile congress in March if he agrees to the absolute retention of the islands by Japan.

"Italian delegates frankly avow their claims to Fiume and insist that the promise of part of the Dalmatian coast stipulated in the pact of London must be made good. They declare that President Wilson's attitude regarding Fiume derectly contradicts his declaration of the rights of peoples outlined in his 'fourteen points.'"

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

Letters testamentary on the Estate of Charles A. Kunkel, late of Harrisburg city, Dauphin Couty, Pennsylvania, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned executors, all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement, to

BEVERLY W. KUNKEL,
JOHN E. FOX,
MECHANICS TRUST COMPANY,
Or to Executors.
FOX & GEYER,
Attorneys.
Harrisburg, Pa.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, Pa.: Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, ex rel. Francis Shunk Brown, Attorney General, vs. Pittsburgh Life & Trust Company, Number 684, July Term, 1917.

NOTICE is hereby given that CHARLES A. AMBLER, Insurance Commissioner, Statutory Liquidator, has filed his first and final account in the above matter, providing distribution of 72½ per cent. to general creditors, including policyholders who did not assent to reinsurance with the Metropolitan Life, said distribution being in conformity with the order of Court made and entered July 26, 1917. Copies of the account as filed may now be seen at the office of the Insurance Department, Harrisburg, Pa., and at the office of Thomas B. Donaldson, Special Deputy Insurance Commissioner, No. 1 Madison Avenue (Room 9025), New York City.

Said account will be presented for confirmation at 10 o'clock A. M., February 21, 1919, except to such matters wherein exceptions may have been filed.

WILLIAM B. KIRKER,
Prothonotary.

Proclamation in Divorce

In the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, Pa. — No. 291, June Term, 1918. — Verna Attressa Snyder vs. Charles Eston Snyder.

To Charles Eston Snyder, Respondent:

YOU are hereby notified that a hearing will be had in the above-stated case at the Court House, in the City of Harrisburg, Pa., on the 3d day of February, A. D 1919, at 10 o'clock A. M., at which time and place you can appear and be heard if you think proper.

JAMES G. HATZ,
Attorney for Libellant.
January 23, 1919.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that application has been made to The Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, under the provisions of the Public Service Company Law, by the City of Harrisburg and the Dauphin Consolidated Water Supply Company for a certificate of public convenience evidencing the Commission's requisite approval of the sale by the said Water Company to and the acquisition by the said City of that part of its plant, rights and franchises situate in the Fourteenth Ward of the City of Harrisburg and to permit the operation of the said plant to furnish water to the public by the said City of Harrisburg.

A public hearing upon this application will be held in the rooms of the Commission at Harrisburg on the 13th day of February, 1919, at 9:30 o'clock A. M., when and where all persons in interest may appear and be heard, if they so desire.

JOHN E. FOX,
City Solicitor, Harrisburg, Pa.
C. H. BERGNER,
Solicitor Dauphin Consolidated Water Supply Company, Harrisburg, Pa.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County — Commonwealth Docket, 1909 — No. 840.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, ex rel. M. Hampton Todd, Attorney General, vs. AMERICAN TRUST COMPANY.

THE Auditor appointed by the above Court to audit, settle and adjust the third account of Frank H. Caven, Receiver of said American Trust Company, and to report to the said Court distribution of the balance in the hands of said Receiver, will meet those interested for the purposes of his appointment on Saturday, the 15th day of February, 1919, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., at the office of Fell & Spalding, Attorneys for said Receiver, No. 618 North American Building, Philadelphia, when and where all parties interested are required to make and prove their claims, or be debarred from coming in upon said fund.

EDWARD E. BEIDLEMAN,
Auditor.

OFFICE OF COUNTY CONTROLLER.

Harrisburg, Pa., January 27, 1919.

SEALED BIDS will be received by the undersigned at Room 13, Court House, Harrisburg, Pa., until 10 o'clock A. M., Friday, February 7, 1919, for the books, blanks, bill heads, letter heads, envelopes, orders of court, and sundry receipt forms required by the Recorder of Deeds, Register of Wills, Prothonotary, Sheriff, Inspector of Weights and Measures, Superintendent of Schools, County Controller and County Commissioners for the ensuing year. Detailed list of requirements and blanks for bidding can be had from the County Commissioners. Samples and quality of books, forms, etc., can be seen at the offices of the above named officials.

All bids must be accompanied by certified checks, or cash, in a sum equal to at least 10 per cent. of the bid price, and will be opened in the County Commissioners' Office at 11 o'clock A. M. of the same day and date.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

HENRY W. GOUGH,
City Controller.

LEGAL NOTICES

CHARTER NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania, February 24, 1919, under the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation, to be called the National Supply & Machine Co., the character and object of which is the buying, selling trading and dealing in all kinds of metal and wood and their products including machinery and equipment and for these purposes to have possess and enjoy all the rights benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and the supplements thereto.

FOX & GEYER,
Solicitors.

CHARTER NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania, February 24, 1919, under the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation, to be called the Solotone Manufacturing Company, the character and object of which is the manufacture of phonographs and accessories, musical instruments and furniture, from metal or wood or both or any other substances, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits, and privileges of said Act of Assembly and the supplements thereto.

FOX & GEYER,
Solicitors.

At Ninety, Tells President Wilson He Was His Grandfather's Sunday School Pupil

This photograph shows President Wilson shaking hands with Thomas Watson, a native of Carlisle, England, now ninety years old. When the President visited Carlisle, the childhood home of his mother, he met Mr. Watson, who told him that he attended the Sunday school class conducted by the President's grandfather.

JOHNSON SCORES POLICY OF U. S. TOWARDS RUSSIA

Makes Another Demand For Withdrawal of Troops in Eastern Country

By Associated Press

Washington, Jan. 30. — Another demand for immediate withdrawal of American troops from Russia was made in the Senate to-day by Senator Johnson, of California, in an address vigorously criticising the Russian course of the United States and allies.

Military activities in Russia were denounced by Senator Johnson as "wicked and useless" and a "criminal policy of intervention" which had helped hold the Bolsheviki in power, while starving the Russian people.

Declaring again that America has no policy in Russia, Senator Johnson added:

"We have engaged in a miserable misadventure, stultifying our professions (of friendship for the Russians) and setting at naught our promises * * * suffer the odium and infamy of undeclared warfare."

Senator Johnson spoke in behalf of his resolution proposing that the Senate declare itself in favor of recalling the American expeditionary force in Russia. He also criticised delay in the peace negotiations and declared anew for an American policy to bring home all American troops from foreign soil at the earliest possible moment, warmly opposing their use to maintain stability of or peace in European countries.

Differs With Lodge

Senator Johnson said he would not subscribe to the sentiment recently expressed by Senator Lodge in favor of the use of American troops to aid in setting up and maintaining independent countries in Europe.

"I would not shed the blood of American boys in the internal disturbances of Esthonia, Livonia, etc.," he said. "I will not concede that it is the duty of the republic to maintain order in a Jugo-Slav or Czecho-Slav state."

Discussing the league of nations, Senator Johnson said:

"If the President can return * * * with a league of nations which does not relinquish our sovereignty and which in realty will be a preventive of future wars, I shall welcome most gladly and enthusiastically this great accomplishment."

Wilson's Altruism

The Senator suggested that the European nations, some by secret treaties which would be enforced were likely to thwart the altruistic purposes expressed by President Wilson in his fourteen principles.

The first point, for open diplomacy he declared, had been largely ignored, while the second point, regarding freedom of the seas, "has been lost for a considerable period now in historical mystery and rests in oblivion with the unrealized dreams of the Akound of Swat."

The third, fourth and fifth points of the President on removal of economic barriers, reduction of armaments and impartial adjustment of colonial claims, he said, "apparently have been submerged in weightier questions and no longer agitate the overburdened minds of statesmen."

Secret Treaties in the Way

Regarding territorial adjustments Senator Johnson said: "The difficulty of the President in interpreting his peace points * * * is that long ago England, France and Italy reached their conclusions and the President is up against the contracts, signed, sealed and delivered, and in the pockets of the allies."

If the President could cause these secret treaties to be disregarded and "compel the altruistic peace of which he has so often spoken," said Senator Johnson, "it would be the greatest achievement of any statesman of any time."

Turning to Russia again, Senator Johnson said the principle of self-determination had "fallen by the wayside." He recalled questions presented to the association nations last March by the Soviet government and refusal of the American government or the Allies to give an answer. The United States government, he asserted, induced New York Socialists and anarchists to send messages to Lenine and Trotzky.

After citing President Wilson's addresses and other documents regarding Russia, he added:

Calls Policy Vacillating

"Weak and vacillating and stupid has been our policy with Russia. We solemnly promised we would not intervene and then, prating of our love for the Russian people, we did intervene. Prating about guarding stores at Archangel, we advanced 103 miles from that port, burned little Russian towns and upset little Soviet governments. In the name of protecting military supplies * * * we shot down Russian peasants and our boys are shot down by them * * *

"If it had not been for this criminal policy of intervention Lenine and Trotzky would have fallen long ago, and the Bolsheviki would have been at an end. There is a heavy reckoning some day for those responsible for this wicked and useless course in Russia.

The State Department's statement that Americans are in Russia to protect military stores, the senator said, "was to fool the people into believing American bayonets were necessary to protect Archangel stores from the Germans" and that the suggestion is "the veriest kind of pretense."

Disclaiming sympathy with Bolshevism or belief that it is likely to find root in America, Senator Johnson said he expected "the servile part of the press" would apply the term bolshevik to him.

"During the war," he said, "it became fashionable to call all the disagreed with any governmental policy pro-German. Now x x x any man who will not accept the wrongful edict of entrenched power is by that token a Bolshevik."

Before Senator Johnson delivered his address, the Senate Foreign Relations Committee met but took no action on his resolution calling for official announcement to American purposes in Russia, nor on that of Senator Knox, of Pennsylvania, Republican, proposing postponement at the paece conference of the questions of a league of nations and freedom of the seas.

Krylenko Is Held Captive in Russia

ENSIGN KRYLENKO.

Ensign Krylenko, former commander of the Bolshevik army, has been captured by General Krasnoff, commander of the anti-Bolshevik forces, according to a dispatch from Copenhagen. Reports say that Krylenko was captured while trying to get inside Krasnoff's camp on a spying mission.

MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA PRODUCE

By Associated Press

Philadelphia, Jan. 30. — Wheat — No. 1, soft, red, $2.29; No. 2, red, $2.24; No. 3, soft red, $2.24.

Corn — The market is firm; No. 2, yellow, as to grade and location, $1.38@1.45.

Oats — The market is lower; No. 2, white, 67½@68c; No. 3, white, 67@67½c.

Bran — The market is steady; soft winter, per ton, $40.50@47.00; spring, per ton, $44.00@45.00.

Butter — Thee market is steady; western, creamery, extras, firsts, 4[illegible]c; nearby prints, fancy, 15@53c.

Refined Sugars — Market steady; powdered, 8.40c; extra fine granulated 7.25c.

Cheese — The market is lower; New York and Wisconsin, full milk, 35@37c; do., No. 2, 33@34½c.

Eggs — Market lower; Pennsylvania and other nearby firsts, free cases, $17.90 per case; do., current receipts, free cases, $17.40 per case, western, extra firsts, free cases, $17.40@17.70 per case; do., firsts, free cases, $17.10 per case; fancy, selected, packed, 60@68c per dozen.

Live Poultry — Market firmer; fowls, 32@34c; spring chickens, 30@32c; fowls, not leghorns, 32@36c; white leghorns, 34@37c; young, selected roosters, 32@33c; old roosters, 21@22c; staggy, young roosters, 26@28c; spring chickens, not leghorns, 30@32c; white leghorns, 29@30c; broiling chickens, fancy, 36@38c; roasting chickens, 30@36c, ducks, Pekins, spring, 38@40c; do., old, 30@35c; Indian Runners, 36@37c; spring ducks, Long Island, 34@36c; turkeys, 34@36c; geese, nearby, 32@36c; western, 32@36c.

Dressed Poultry — Firm; turkeys, spring, choice to fancy, 44@46c; do., western, choice to fancy, 43@44c; turkeys, fresh killed, fair to good, 38@42c; turkeys, common, 30@35c; old, turkeys, 38@48c; fowls, fresh killed fowls, chaice, 34@34½c; do., smaller sizes, 28@30c; old roosters, 27c; broiling chickens, western, 42@44c; roasting chickens, 35@36c; ducks, 40@42c; western ducks, 38@40c; geese, 26@30c; dressed Pekin ducks, 38@40c; old ducks, 30@32c; Indian Runners, 36@37c; spring ducks, Long Island, 30@40c.

Potatoes — The market is lower; New Jersey, No. 1, 80@90c per basket; do., No. 2, 50@60c per basket; do., 100-lb. bags, No. 1, $2.50@3.00 extra quality; do., No. 2, $1.50@2.25; Pennsylvania, No. 1 100 lbs., $1.80@2.20; do., per 100 lbs., fancy, $2.95@3.10; New Jersey, No. 1, 100 lbs., $2.15@2.50; do., No. 2, 100 lbs., $1.25@1.75; western, per 100 lbs., $2.00@2.10; New York state, per 100 lbs., $1.75@1.90; Maine, per 100 lbs., $1.50@1.90; Delaware and Maryland, per 100 bag, 90c@$1.10; Michigan, per 100 lbs., $1.55@1.10; Florida, per barrel, $2.50@2.90; Florida, per bushel, hamper, 75@85c; Florida, per 150-lb. bags, $1.50@3.00; North Carolina, per barrel, $1.50@4.00; South Carolina, per barrel, $1.50@4.00; Norfolk, per barrel, $3.25; Eastern Shore, per barrel, $2.00@2.75; fancy, Macungie, No. 1, per barrel, $2.90@3.10; do., No. 2 per barrel, $1.25@1.50.

Flour — The market is weak; winter, straight, western, $10.25@10.50 per barrel; do., nearby, $9.50@10.00 per barrel; Kansas straight, $10.75@10.65 per barrel; do., short, patent, $10.60@10.90 per barrel; spring, short, patents, $10.15@10.65 per barrel; spring patent, $10.45@10.65 per barrel; firsts, clear, $9.20@9.75 per barrel.

Hay — The market is firm, timothy, No. 1, large and small bales, $31.00@32.00 per ton; No. 2, small bales, $29.00@30.00 per ton; No. 3, $25.00@26.00 per ton; sample, $12.50@13.00 per ton; no grade, $7.50@11.50 per ton.

Clover — Light mixed, $29.00@30.00; No. 1, $27.00@28.00; No. 2, $25.00@26.00.

Tallow — The market is weak; prime, city, in tierces, 9@10c; prime special, loose, 10c; prime country, 8½c; dark, 7@7½c; edible in tierces, 12½@13c.

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE

By Associated Press

Chicago, Jan. 30.—Board of Trade closing:

Corn—May, 1.20¼; July, 1.17.
Oats—May, 57⅞; July, 55½.
Pork—January, 44.00; May, 38.55.
Lard—January, 22.97; May, 23.30.
Ribs—January, 22.22; May, 21.55.

Statue by Rodin, Stolen by Hun Invaders, Found by French Soldiers Seeking Mines

Germany will not have to pay for one stolen work of art. It is a statue by Rodin which French soldiers are seen here removing from a hole they dug while trying to locate mines planted by the Huns under the roadways as they retreated. The statue was unearthed near Douai. This, the French consider, is convincing evidence of the systematic despoiling and looting of art treasures by German officers.

DROP PREDICTED IN FOOD PRICES

Federal Administration Went Out of Existence Today

Philadelphia, Jan. 30.—Price tendencies continue toward lower levels in all food products. While there was no phenomenal drop in the retail price of butter and eggs yesterday, nevertheless the shading which has marked the market for the past ten days continued.

Dealers late yesterday afternoon intimated that an effort will be made to hold the market, but admitted that it would probably prove futile as the conditions all indicate a falling tendency. Vegetables yesterday began to show the effect of the decline in the butter, egg and poultry lines. Although there were no sharp breaks, many of the retail stores were offering special inducements to housewives.

Poultry shipments are reported to be falling off. This is due to the farmers holding up hens and pullets for the spring lay. Prime fowl was in the market selling at fair prices.

Increasing shipments of fruit were reported. Much of the supply came from the west. California fruits, it is said, are increasing in quantity, while southern shipments are heavier. Tropical fruits are arriving and with them comes the assurance that within the immediate future they will be materially increased. Dealers report a growing demand with prices averaging fair.

Market factors agree that the conditions are favoring the consumers and are disposed to accept the situation as the best to be expected following the ending of the war with tendencies toward lower prices rapidly developing.

To-day the Federal Food Administration practically goes out of existence so far as Pennsylvania is concerned. There has been little for it to do since the signing of the armistice except withdraw the restrictions put into effect as food conservation measures. They have all been withdrawn and as one of the officials said last night it now remains for the Food Administration to sing its swan song. This is being composed as rapidly as possible, and will be given to the public within a few days.

CHICAGO CATTLE

By Associated Press

Chicago, Jan. 30. — (U. S. Bureau of Markets). — Hogs — Receipts, 50,000; market steady; better grades with weight favored. Bulk of sales, $17.35@17.65; butchers, $17.50@17.75; light, $16.50@17.50; packing, $16.50@17.40; throwouts, $15.75@16.50; pigs, good to choice, $12.50@15.50.

Cattle — Receipts, 9,000; quiet and steady on all classes. Beef cattle, good, choice and prime, $15.85@20.00; common and medium, $9.50@15.85; butcher stock, cows and heifers, $6.65@14.00; canners and cutters, $5.60@6.65; sockers and feeders, good, choice and fancy, $10.50@14.25; inferior, common and medium, $7.75@10.50. Veal calves, good and choice, $14.25@14.75.

Sheep — Receipts, 18,000; market steady to 25c lower. Fat lambs weakening most. Lambs, choice and prime, $16.50@16.75; medium and good, $15.25@16.50; culls, $12.00@14.25; ewes, choice and prime, $10.75@11.00; medium and good, $9.50@10.75; culls, $5.00@8.00.

Marble and Granite Men Open State Convention

The eleventh annual convention of the Retail Marble and Granite Dealers' Association of Pennsylvania was opened this morning in the Penn-Harris Hotel with an executive session. Reports of various officers and committees were included in the work of the morning session. William M. Hargest, Deputy Attorney General, delivered an address of welcome. The response was made by Edward A. Carroll, of Philadelphia.

This afternoon's session was opened with a discussion on "What Is the Cost of Selling Work To-day?" by George Eisembrown, of Reading. "The Retailer as the Manufacturer Sees Him—Where He Failed in His Duty to Himself," was discussed by H. P. Hinman, of Barre, Vermont. S. Hollister Jackson, Barre, Vermont, spoke on "Are the Present High Costs of Granite and Marble Justifiable?" and Edward Marnock, Quincy, Mass., talked on "The Opportunity the Retailer Has to Put His Business on a Par With Other Successful Merchants."

This evening a dinner will be held at the Penn-Harris. Stanley Sullivan, of Philadelphia, will be toastmaster. Four-minute talks will be given on the monument industry. The session will continue to-morrow.

Officers are:

George W. Colwell, president, Pittsburgh; J. M. Gessler, vice-president, Philadelphia; H. A. Mason, secretary, Erie; George E. Detweiler, treasurer, Phoenixville; executive committee, H. Koontz, Greensburg; A. H. Luckenbill, Middletown, and P. F. Gallagher, Philadelphia; convention committee, Stanley Sullivan, chairman, Philadelphia; A. H. Luckenbill, Middletown, and George Eisenbrown, Reading; sergeant-at-arms, O. Wilkinson, Edensburg; entertainment committee, A. H. Luckenbill, Stanley Sullivan and John Eisenbrown.

AMBASSADOR FLETCHER PASSES THROUGH CITY

Henry P. Fletcher, United States Ambassador to Mexico, passed through Harrisburg this morning on his way to Washington. He is a brother of former Sheriff J. Rich Flecther, of this city.

I want men

to introduce from house to house a high grade line of perfumes, cosmetics, flavoring extracts, spices, toilet soap, etc. Steady work. Big profits. No experience necessary. Cake of soap and full particulars mailed free to any address. Lacassian Co., Dept. 22, St. Louis, Mo.

Desirable Property For Sale or Rent

Two large modern buildings. Both two-story, 100x85 and 100x50. The largest building contains 17,000 sq. ft. of space while the smaller building covers 10,000 sq. ft. This is an exceptional opportunity for an ideal factory location. You have plenty of space, excellent lighting and prompt shipping facilities. Located only one block from railroad center. Or will rent all or part of building. Call or Write

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100 Head of U. S. Mules 10[illegible]

D. B. Kieffer & Co.'s.

Public Sale

of

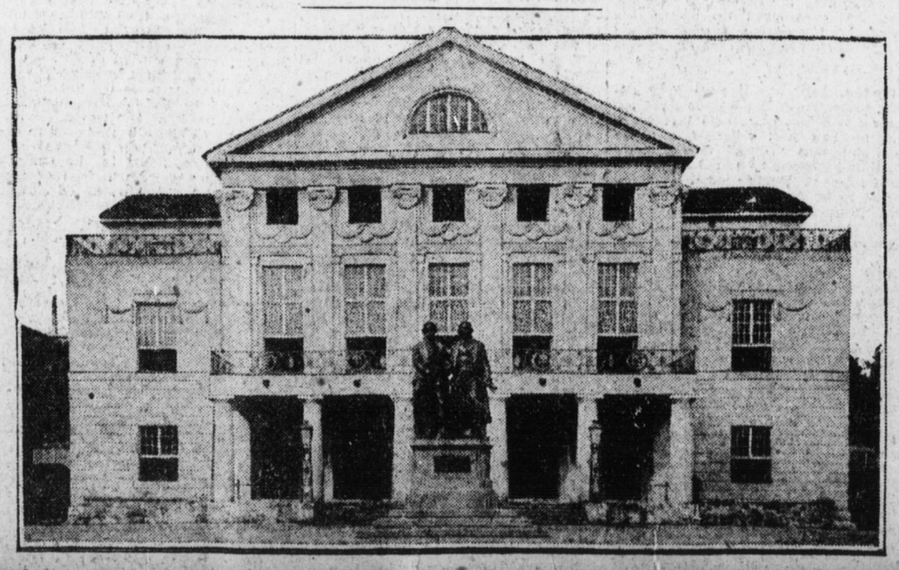
50 Head of Acclimated Horses
100 Head of U. S. Army Mules
on Tuesday, Feb. 4, 1919, at 11 o'clock, a[illegible]
Middletown, Pa.

We will sell 100 head of U. S. Army Mules consigned to [illegible] to sell for the high dollar. These mules being sold on a[illegible] count of the war being over, and have no further use f[illegible] them. They are a lot of extra good big mules ranging [illegible] age from 4 to 8 years old and weighting from 18 to 22 hu[illegible] dred pounds to the pair. Mostly all closely mated team[illegible] and quite a few good single mules with the size shape a[illegible] bone all over, and all good colored ones. This is strictly [illegible] first class lot of mules being examined by government exper[illegible] as for soundness and diseases and have been found to b[illegible] strictly all right, and are the real kind of shaped mules [illegible] stand the wear and tear. These mules will be sold under o[illegible] guarantee to be strictly straight, sound and right. Also [illegible] good sucking mules, 6 months old. 50 head of acclimate[illegible] horses of all kind consisting of the good big finished drafter[illegible] Farm Chunks, Single Line Leaders, All Purpose, Carria[illegible] and Driving Horses. Also a lot of high dollar horses of a[illegible] kinds. These horses range in age from 4 to 10 years old.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock A. M., when condition w[illegible] be made known by

D. B. Kieffer & Co.

Royal Theater at Weimar Seat of New German Government to Be Formed Following Election of Members of National Assembly



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Nos. 538, 540 and 543 South Seventeenth Street—eight rooms and bath.

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Nos. 527, 529, 531, 535, 537 and 539 South Sixteenth Street—two-story bricks; six rooms and bath.

Nos. 539, 541, 543 South Fifteenth Street—two-story bricks; six rooms and bath.

These homes have porches and all modern improvements, paved streets, near car line, and will be sold in payments that will meet your income.

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