

LEBAUDY'S DEATH JUSTIFIED, PRIEST TELLS THE JURY

Both Life and Honor at Stake, Clergyman Says to Probers

By Associated Press
Mincola, N. Y., Jan. 15.—The Rev. William F. McGinnis, pastor of St. Bridgid's Roman Catholic Church at Westbury, who is said to have known more intimately than any other outsider the relations of Jacques Lebaudy, self-styled "Emperor of Sahara," to his family, testified yesterday before the Nassau county grand jury which is investigating the slaying of the eccentric millionaire of Westbury last Saturday by his wife.

After he left the grand jury room, Father McGinnis expressed the conviction that Madame Lebaudy's act was justifiable.

"Homicide is justifiable," he said, "only when life or honor is at stake. In this case I think both life and honor were at stake. I believe Madame Lebaudy reasonably came to the conclusion that the lives of both herself and her daughter were threatened and believe she was justified in taking the life of her husband."

Harry H. Moore, counsel for Madame Lebaudy, announced yesterday that he had discovered a witness who heard Lebaudy say in a New York hotel a few hours before the shooting on Saturday, that he was going to Phoenix Lodge, the Lebaudy home at Westbury, to "finish" his wife.

District Attorney Charles Weeks, who is conducting the grand jury investigation, announced after the hearing that the case would be postponed until Thursday in order that additional witnesses might be sought.

Don't trifle with a cold—it's dangerous. You can't afford to risk influenza. Keep always at hand a box of HILL'S CASCARA QUININE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no colic—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a red top with Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores.

MARTIAL LAW FOR ARGENTINA BEING PLANNED

Senate Today Will Get Measure Passed Yesterday by the Lower House

By Associated Press
Buenos Aires, Jan. 15.—Martial law may become effective throughout the country to-day if the Senate acts favorably on a bill to that effect passed by the Chamber of Deputies yesterday. The bill provides that the military authorities control the country for a period of thirty days.

Five provinces have asked for troops, and at every army post there was great activity to-day. Government officials admit that reports from outside the city are disquieting and say troops are necessary to control the situation.

At Rosario and neighboring cities the situation is grave. At Canada de Gomez, near Rosario, strikers have captured the police station and, according to latest reports, were holding out against troops sent to oust them. A large number of civilians at Rosario have enrolled themselves for special service.

This city no attempt is being made to run streets after dark, with the exception of one line. Patrolmen are armed with rifles and bayonets and have received a campaign supply of cartridges.

Reports from the interior indicate that the disorders there are not due to Bolsheviks, but to strikers, the majority of whom are railroad workers. The situation on the railroads is said to be rapidly approaching total paralysis.

Hunger Riots Take Place in Petrograd

By Associated Press
Stockholm, Jan. 15.—Hunger riots took place in Petrograd on Saturday and Sunday, according to advices received here. Ten thousand people paraded through the streets, shouting for bread, and were fired upon by Bolshevik troops, who are said to have been Letts. Desperate from hunger, the crowds are reported to have asked the soldiers to fire upon them.

Dispatches state that not a single piece of bread is to be found now in Petrograd and that unground oats are being given to the people. Propagandists, disguised as refugees, are said to have been sent into Finland by the Bolsheviks. The police there have recently discovered several organizations which are alleged to be plotting a new insurrection.

SPROUL TO TALK TO FARMERS HERE IN FIRST ADDRESS

Will Discuss Agricultural Possibilities of the State Next Wednesday Night

"The Agricultural Possibilities of Pennsylvania" will be the subject of the first address of Governor-elect William C. Sproul to be delivered at his inaugural, and he will speak on it at the joint meeting of the ten organizations interested in farming and its allied branches to be held here next Wednesday night. Senator Thomas P. Gore, of Oklahoma, will speak on the same occasion on "Agriculture and the War." The following night the organizations will have another joint meeting, at which the new plans for dehydrating of food products will be explained by L. D. Sweet, of the United States Food Administration at Washington, and Dr. George M. Rommel, chief of the United States Bureau of Animal Husbandry, will discuss live stock and the war, with impressions of agricultural conditions in Europe.

The organizations meeting will be here for their annual sessions and each will have a separate convention, uniting at night for general sessions. During the week the state will have its third annual fair products show, with numerous tractors and other exhibits and boys' and girls' and clubs' corn exhibits and judging. Prizes will be given for corn, potatoes and other products grown in Pennsylvania, especially those of boys and girls. The organizations are the State Board of Agriculture, Pennsylvania Breeders' and Dairymen's Association; State Horticultural Society of Pennsylvania; State Poultry Association, Pennsylvania Potato Growers' Association, Pennsylvania Beekeepers' Association; State Veterinary Medical Association; Pennsylvania Sheep Breeders' and Wool Growers' Association, Pennsylvania Holstein-Frisian Association and More Sheep—More Wool Association together with the organizations of the State Department of Public Instruction in charge of agricultural education and similar rural activities and directors of the State Chamber of Commerce. The latter will present the prizes to the winners of the boys' corn-judging contests.

The various meetings will give special attention to problems attending cutlerising, including beef cattle, sheep and hogs.

Lights Out in House as Denison Makes Speech

Washington, D. C., Jan. 15.—By the flickering light of matches, two candles and a lantern, the House adjourned to-night half an hour earlier than had been planned. Due to a crossed wire outside the building, the House chamber was plunged into darkness while Representative Denison, of Illinois, was in the middle of a speech on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, which was under consideration.

Mr. Denison stopped in the middle of a sentence and for a moment there was not a sound. Then a general hubbub arose as members called upon each other for matches. When they grouped their way into the basement, looking for candles and lanterns, but found none, "I move we adjourn," someone called from the darkness. Others repeated the motion, which was carried, but not before floor leaders had secured an agreement for the House to meet an hour earlier this morning so as to make up for the lost time.

Make Your Stomach Your Best Friend

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets Digest the Food, Prevent Sourness and Make You Feel Fine All Over

If you feel any distress after eating take a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet. You will then have a good, steady friend in your stomach. For no matter what you eat there will be no gas, no sour risings, no lump in your throat, no biliousness, no dark brown taste in the morning. And should you now be troubled, eat these tablets every meal and relief will come promptly. These tablets correct at once the faults of a weak or overworked stomach. They do the work while the stomach rests and recovers itself. Particularly effective are they for heartburns and those whose environment brings them in contact with the rich food most apt to cause stomach derangement. Relief in these cases always brings the glad smile. Get a box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, 50 cents, in any drug store. Be good to your stomach.

HOW SCIENCE CAN HELP THE SOLDIER

BY GARRETT P. SERVICE.
The greatest educational lesson of this war is its demonstration of the need of more instruction in scientific knowledge for all boys and girls. Schools are still conducted on a too literary basis. The elements of science should be taught several years earlier in the courses than they are at present. It is literature that ought to wait, and not science.

The laws of motion and of electricity are more important to be known by everybody than the refinements or caprices of style, or the flurries of metrical composition. There is more mental value in Newton than in Homer; the one represents the day's work, the other the evening's entertainment.

In our existing system of education we are like an architect beginning his plan with the ornaments. The right system would be arranged somewhat as follows: First speaking, then reading, then writing with simple composition, and along with these or immediately succeeding them, arithmetic elementary mathematics together with the ordinary laws and facts of physics and mechanics. Knowledge of plants and animals, anatomy and physiology, the weather, the seasons, elementary astronomy, geography, history; and, after all these, languages, literature and such advanced scientific and other studies as might be preferred.

Through and over all, of course, should go instruction and guidance in morals. A nation whose youth were brought up along some such line as that would not only be unconquerable, but it would stand at the world's head, not by virtue of force, but by virtue of intelligence.

The vice of the literary type of education is that it leads to a kind of mental cigarette smoking, and tends to destroy the initiative of the stronger faculties, which, under scientific training, deal effectively with the actualities of life and nature. Everybody should, as far as possible, read the great masterpieces of the world's literature, and feed himself upon them; but without any qualification, everybody should first be a fully developed human and that cannot be if he values expression above performance.

When our age has become a chapter of ancient history it will be seen that the crowning achievement of the Anglo-Saxon intellect was not the writing of "Hamlet," or "Macbeth," but the production of the "Mathematical Principles of Natural Philosophy."

Every day you must be educated men and women who are not ashamed to confess that they could no more extract the square root of a number, or tell how far a body would fall in ten seconds, or account for the phases of the moon, or calculate the approximate length of day or night at different times of the year, or explain the workings of a steam engine, or an auto motor, or a dynamo, or a submarine, or an aeroplane, or solve a problem in algebra, or tell the difference in principle between a thermometer and a barometer, or detect the fallacy in the popular belief that the Lusitania is still floating deep beneath the surface somewhere in the Atlantic because the great pressure prevents her from reaching the bottom, or distinguish a planet from a star, or understand the strange conduct of gyroscope, or say how a molecule differs from an atom, or show the reason why a baseball pitcher can put a curve in the ball, or explain why wheels appear to turn backward pictures than they could jump over the moon.

Confronted with great practical problems, outside the narrow range of their everyday occupation and experience, men and women are helpless infants. They know nothing about nature, her reasons and her laws, her capacities and her limitations. They do not know how to measure or how to calculate. Left alone, unaided, unfamiliar surroundings, they are less capable of taking care of themselves than the lower animals would be.

As I have often said: The highest type of education (including moral considerations) is the engineer—and he may be as moral as the best. He is the man that is ready to deal with things because he understands things. I would have every young person an engineer in embryo.

Think of what the soldier going to battle in this war must gain by an education like that outlined above. Half the terrors that strike the newcomer on the battlefield have already been robbed of their paralyzing force by the neutralizing effect of the foreknowledge in his brain. Chemistry can arm him against the demons of the gas war, knowledge of ballistics makes the swooping shells less fearful, acquaintance with the principles of air-flight steadies his nerves in contests with aerial foes.

Familiarity breeds contempt. If you know the sources and limitations of the powers engaged against you they lose the advantage of inspiring vague and superstitious fear. Already the American soldiers in France have shown the enormous value of the turn toward scientific education which our educational institutions have begun to lead the world in taking.

Labor Congress Completes Plan For Mooney Fight

By Associated Press
Chicago, Jan. 15.—The National Labor Congress started its second day's session to-day by completion of its organization in electing permanent officers and appointing committees. The delegates had gathered through call of the International Workers' Defense League to decide on plans to procure new trials for Thomas J. Mooney and Warren G. Harding, serving life terms for murder in connection with the preparedness day bomb explosion at San Francisco in July, 1916.

Efforts similar to those of yesterday to secure control of the congress by the radical element were predicted by the conservatives, and plans were formulated to confine action to three possible courses of action. These were stated to be first, an appeal to the United States Department of Justice to invoke writs of habeas corpus on the ground that the process of law was not exercised in the case; second, to appeal to Congress along with publicity; and, third, as a last resort, the use by labor of its economic power either through the boycott or the strike weapon.

Temporary Chairman E. D. Nolan stood firm in his ruling that only Amalgamated Clothing Workers and railroad brotherhood delegates should sit with the American Federation of Labor delegates and also that there should be but one delegate for each union on the convention floor.

REDFIELD WARNS NATION AGAINST HASTE AND REDS

Possible Problems of Force Not Yet Solved, Says the Commerce Secretary

New York, Jan. 15.—While asserting that the United States should free its commerce as quickly as possible of all restrictions and build up its domestic and foreign trade, William C. Redfield, secretary of commerce, declared in an address here last night that "apostles of hurry" must beware of Bolshevism and many other post war obstacles which can best be removed with haste. Speaking at a meeting held under the auspices of the Council of Foreign Relations, Mr. Redfield asserted that, with the support of Congress, his department is prepared to sustain commerce and industry in both the domestic and foreign fields, "providing both a scientific and a commercial service at home co-operating with the great commercial service abroad."

He warned his audience, however, that while in a military sense, the war is over, "in the sense of war problems, war limitations, war difficulties and war responsibilities, it is not yet over."

Continuing he said: "We must remember also that the possible problems of force are not wholly gone. Germany seems in chaos, Russia we know is so. Who will say to-day what is the future of Bolshevism? Dare we permit a flood of anarchy to sweep over Central as well as Eastern Europe to threaten the peoples who have fought by our side, and if this is done, then certainly later to threaten us? Who can answer the question whether it would be wise or even safe now to reduce ourselves to comparative military weakness until we know more of the nature and purpose of the forces which have overwhelmed one empire and threatened the successor of another?"

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KING'S COLONIES EACH TO CAST A VOTE FOR PEACE

Not to Vote Through Mother Country, Is America's Idea in Plan

By Associated Press
Paris, Jan. 15.—The representation of the various countries in the inter-allied conference still is the subject of revision, but as outlined by the council the allotment gives two delegates each to Canada, Australia, South Africa and India and one each to New Zealand and Newfoundland, in addition to the allotment, as previously announced, to the other countries taking part in the war.

This is not considered as giving preponderance to Great Britain or her colonies, but rather as giving colonies separate representation according to their activities in the war. Also, it is the American view that it is preferable to give the colonies a direct voice, instead through the mother country. The interests of Canada and Newfoundland are felt to be much the same as the United States, whose five members, with Brazil's three, gives American countries an aggregate of eleven members.

America also will be represented by technical delegates whose technical matters are considered, their status will be that of exchangeable delegates, whereas the regular members of the conference will have a status as plenipotentiaries. The decision requiring a vote of unanimity is said to give suite protection to the delegations without reference to their size. The proposal respecting unanimity met with some opposition as permitting discussion and possibly leading to negative results, but it finally prevailed as a proper safeguard against small countries and the most likely means of uniting all interests.

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Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart A Notable Sale of Women's and Misses' Coats

Finest of Winter Styles Reduced

One hundred fine quality wool velour coats, representing the last of our reserve stocks go into the January Clearance Sale to-morrow at price concessions that will make interesting reading to women whose coat needs have not yet been filled.

The styles are of a kind that will appeal to nine out of every ten women and the workmanship is of a quality that will make an instant appeal.

Regular \$42.50 and \$55.00 Coats Specially Reduced \$37.50 and \$42.50

Some are finished with Hudson seal collars, while others are trimmed with large enveloping self collars.

Navy Brown Plum Green Bergundy Black Choose beginning tomorrow in sizes 16 to 46.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Third Floor.



There's a Welcome in Every Home For a Whittall Rug

Pay Less For These Famous Rugs During This Annual Sale of Discontinued Patterns

Whittall Floor Coverings occupy the highest pinnacle of textile artistry and quality. When Whittall patterns are discontinued, not because of inferior designing, but because of the ever forward march of progress in the evolution of beautiful patterns, we are permitted to reduce the rugs affected. Hence the importance of this news.

9x12 feet, regularly \$125.00. Special	\$102.00
8.3x10.6 feet, regularly \$112.50. Special	\$92.00
6x9 feet, regularly \$79.75. Special	\$63.50
36x63 inches, regularly \$20.00. Special	\$17.25
27x54 inches, regularly \$12.75. Special	\$10.50
Whittall's Royal Worcester Wilton Rugs—	
9x12 feet, regularly \$95.00. Special	\$79.00
8.3x10.6 feet, regularly \$65.00. Special	\$72.50
6x9 feet, regularly \$59.00. Special	\$49.50
36x63 inches, regularly \$15.75. Special	\$13.75
27x54 inches, regularly \$10.00. Special	\$8.90

Whittall's Peprac Wilton Rugs—	
9x12 feet, regularly \$112.50. Special	\$89.00
8.3x10.6 feet, regularly \$83.00. Special	\$72.00
6x9 feet, regularly \$73.50. Special	\$59.00
36x63 inches, regularly \$27.50. Special	\$24.00
27x54 inches, regularly \$15.00. Special	\$13.50
Whittall's Peerless Body Brussels Rugs—	
11.8x15 feet, regularly \$105.00. Special	\$89.00
11.8x12 feet, regularly \$84.00. Special	\$69.75
9x12 feet, regularly \$60.00. Special	\$47.50
9x12 feet, regularly \$73.50. Special	\$45.00
9x12 feet, regularly \$50.00. Special	\$39.75
8.3x10.6 feet, regularly \$55.00. Special	\$44.75
9x9 feet, regularly \$50.00. Special	\$39.75
6.8x12 feet, regularly \$50.00. Special	\$39.75
6x9 feet, regularly \$37.50. Special	\$29.75
6x9 feet, regularly \$35.00. Special	\$27.50

APicture of Pink Loveliness



Dainty pink Lingerie has a grace all its own, and these creations of softest batiste and voile possess rare beauty and exquisite styling at surprisingly moderate prices. For instance—

Pink batiste envelope chemise, tailored band, tucked shoulder strap	\$1.25
Pink striped voile envelope chemise, hemstitched hem trims top	\$1.50
Pink batiste chemise wash satin top, satin ribbon shoulder strap	\$1.95
White batiste and nainsook envelope chemise, dainty trimming of lace insertion and medallions with lace or embroidery edge,	\$1.25, \$1.50 to \$3.95
Long White Skirts—	
Long white skirts with flounce trimmed with lace insertion and lace edge	\$1.50
Long white skirts, cambric top, embroidery flounce	\$1.95
Gowns—	
High and V-necks, yoke trimmed with pin tucks or combination tucks and embroidery insertion, embroidery edge trims neck and sleeves	\$1.95 to \$7.75
Low neck gowns, slip over styles, lace or embroidery trimmed	\$1.25 to \$10.00

Extra Size Underwear—	High neck gowns	\$2.50 to \$3.95
Corset covers	Low neck gowns	\$1.95 to \$3.95
Camisoles	Chemise	\$1.50 to \$1.95
Drawers	Envelope chemise	\$1.95
Short skirts	Combinations	\$1.95 to \$3.50
Long skirts		

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Second Floor.

The Clearance of Winter Hats

Brings Extraordinary Values Three Groups That May Be Classified as Bargains

\$5.00 \$6.50 \$8.50

These are Winter Hats fashioned of finest silk velvet, panne velvet, hatter's plush, velour and beaver.

It is the policy of this store to have millinery clearances at regular periods of the year to discourage the idea that a hat that comes in today may be had at a reduced price a week later.

The opening of the January Clearance Sale found the Millinery Section offering all remaining Winter Hats at reduced prices. When these are gone no other reductions will be made.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Second Floor.

Heart of City Coal Yard

OUR large coal elevator at Forster and Cowden Streets is located in the center of the city.

Coal consumers living within a mile of Forster and Cowden Streets may know that their order will reach them promptly. There will be no waiting indoors several days by our customers because of uncertainty as to when the coal will arrive.

All our coal orders are usually delivered same day as received. When you are nearly out of coal this is quite important.

United Ice and Coal Co.
Main Office, Forster & Cowden Sts.
Also Steelton, Pa.

Harrisburg National Bank

Over One Hundred Years at Our Present Location 16 South Market Square

Condensed statement from call of Comptroller of the Currency, Dec. 31, 1918

Cash and Reserve,.....	\$888,661.77	Capital and Surplus,....	\$800,000.00
Due from Banks,.....	12,010.72	Interest Earned,	36,991.09
Loans and Discounts,..	1,042,573.71	Circulating Notes,	201,200.00
Stocks, Bonds & Securities,	524,108.18	Due to Banks,.....	83,458.33
U. S. Bonds,.....	531,070.90	Deposits,	1,876,775.86
	\$2,998,425.28		\$2,998,425.28

We solicit every kind of legitimate banking business.