

AMERICAN PRESS WRITERS GUESTS OF NORTHLIFFE

Eminent British Newspaper Man Says Hostility Is Absent in England

London, Dec. 28.—Forty American newspaper correspondents who are visiting London with President Wilson's party were entertained at luncheon yesterday by Lord Northcliffe at the Times office and at dinner last night by the Newspaper Proprietors' Association.

The principal speeches delivered at the luncheon were by Baron Burnham, Richard V. Oulahan, of the New York Times, David Lawrence, of the New York Evening Post, Herbert Swopes, of the New York World, Admiral Sims, commander of the American naval forces, and Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, of New York.

PERSHING PUTS BAN ON BARRED ZONE

[Continued from First Page.]

draw chief of staff, "by command of General Pershing. In drafting this an effort was made to avoid the inclusion of any rules which would merely humiliate the population, or which savored of retaliation or revenge. They are intended simply to maintain good order.

Under the terms of the regulations, the whereabouts of every individual card and give notice of change of habitation. Household members must keep posted on their doors a list of the residents of their buildings, their ages, nationalities and occupations. All weapons and ammunitions must be surrendered. The gathering of crowds is forbidden and no meetings except courts, schools, courts and religious will be allowed without permission.

The people are informed that a military court will punish those who attack or impede American soldiers or officers, that property belonging to or used by the army, or "who commit any act whatever injurious to the American army."

The custom of soldiers trading or selling chocolate or soap to the Germans is forbidden by the rules. The text of the proclamation follows: "Every person above the age of twelve must carry at all times an identification card bearing his signature and address. Such card will, when issued, be stamped by the appropriate civil official. No alteration of the name or address must be made without the approval of the appropriate civil official and endorsed by him on the identification card. The head of each household must keep posted on the outer door of the building a list showing the name, nationality, sex, age and occupation of every person of the household.

Burgomaster's Authority "Circulation will be controlled by the American authorities. The burgomaster, under the direction of the American authorities, will regulate travel within the district occupied by American and he will be held responsible for strict compliance with all regulations. Authority to leave the American zone will be granted only by a division or higher commander.

No Messages by Pigeons "The use of carrier pigeons is forbidden. Owners of carrier pigeons will make immediate report of their pigeon cotes to the military commander, with a list of the marks borne by their pigeons. Pigeon houses must be kept open day and night.

FRENCH DEPUTY DEMANDS PUBLIC PEACE SESSIONS

Clemenceau Expected to Urge Lifting of Rigid Political Censorship

Paris, Dec. 28.—The Socialist Deputy Marcel Cachin interpellated the government in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday afternoon, asking Premier Clemenceau to state whether secret diplomacy would be abandoned in the peace conference and the discussions given all publicity. The Premier is expected to reply to-day.

More than 300 deputies were present in the chamber and the public galleries were crowded, but the session which had been expected did not break, the government apparently having the situation well in hand.

Deputy Cachin's reference to the secret treaties of 1916 and 1917 brought him a rebuke from Aristide Briand, who was Premier when the arrangements with Great Britain and Italy were made.

M. Briand expressed himself as being fully in accord with the idea that the peace conference should be public.

According to the Temps Premier Clemenceau intends shortly to recommend to the cabinet the suppression of the political censorship in France and the returning of control only over military news.

This step, the newspaper adds, probably will be taken before the peace preliminaries begin.

doors, except by permission from the local military authorities, is forbidden.

"Special rules: Whosoever attacks, disturbs or impedes any American troops or officer or soldier thereof, or destroys, damages or disturbs any railway, telegraph or telephone installation any lighting or water power system or any part thereof or who destroys, damages, steals or secretes any property of or in possession of the American army; or purchases, receives in pawn or has in his possession articles of clothing, equipment or rations furnished to American soldiers or belonging to American armies; or destroys, damages, pollutes or secretes any fodder, water or other things useful to the American army; or acts as a spy or commits acts of war or treason against the American army; or commits any act whatever injurious to the American army, or in obstruction of the military government, or in violation of these regulations or any other regulations or orders hereafter made by the American military authorities, or refuses to comply with a requisition; or attempts to do any of the foregoing things, or advises or assists anyone else to do or attempt to do any of them, will be punished as a military court may direct.

Every person above the age of twelve must carry at all times an identification card bearing his signature and address. Such card will, when issued, be stamped by the appropriate civil official. No alteration of the name or address must be made without the approval of the appropriate civil official and endorsed by him on the identification card. The head of each household must keep posted on the outer door of the building a list showing the name, nationality, sex, age and occupation of every person of the household.

THE CITY'S WAR RECORD

Table with 4 columns: Item, Amount, Total, and Remarks. Includes Liberty Loan, Red Cross War Fund, and War Savings Stamps.

Oversubscribed its quota in every war campaign. Purchased \$18,369,950 in bonds in four Liberty Loan campaigns—an average of \$244 for every man, woman and child in the city.

GREAT SERVICE DONE BY COMMERCE BODY

[Continued from First Page.]

membership met last evening and selected five new directors for next year.

Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock the directors will meet in the chamber offices in the Dauphin building and elect officers for 1919. Most prominently mentioned as the probable president is George S. Reinhold, who has made an enviable record during the year as one of the vice-presidents of the organization.

Soon after the election of officers the president will select and announce the permanent committees.

John S. Musser, Al K. Thomas, William Jennings, E. J. Stackpole, and Frank A. Robbins, Jr., are the new directors.

The new officials of the chamber will have a year of strenuous activities ahead of them if they hope to equal the record made during the past year. An idea of the scope of the civic and war endeavors engaged in by the organization was gained for the first time through the detailed report contained in an official bulletin submitted to the members.

The bulletin shows that the businessmen's organization lent valuable assistance in all problems which confronted the city. It came forward with timely aid in such crises as the fuel shortage last winter, acted as headquarters for numerous war activities, backed every effort of the government to win the war, aided in the agricultural development of the county, conducted war gardens, through prompt action succeeded in securing the erection of the big government ordnance depot at Middletown.

10. Saved thousands of dollars to the businessmen of Harrisburg through censorship of questionable and promiscuous soliciting projects.

11.—Continued activity in connection with the construction of the Penn-Harris Hotel, which project was initiated by the chamber in 1916.

MONACO BLAMES KAISER FOR WAR

Prince Albert Makes Public Remarkable Letter Written to Wilhelm

Paris, Dec. 28.—Prince Albert of Monaco has given to The Associated Press a remarkable letter he has addressed to William Hohenzollern, prince of Prussia, the emperor-elect.

The letter gives textually many conversations with the Kaiser on his war projects and also several letters addressed to the Prince as "My Dear Cousin" and signed "Your highness' devoted friend, cousin and admirer, William, I. R."

Close Intimacy Shown The conversations cover years of close intimacy, during which Prince Albert was a frequent guest of the emperor in Berlin and in Kiel, and at the emperor's summer palace on the island of Corfu.

Recalling to the ex-emperor their conversations, the Prince says: "I was deeply impressed with the talk I had with you when we inaugurated the Observatory of Ledeburg. When I condense the militarizing of a people as stunting individual development you described to me the advantages of such a form of national education outside its purely military objects because, as you said, it relieved men from the heaviness of their bearing. This was your conception of the practical end of a system the application of which is terrifying the world. To-day in the path of your armies are strewn the marks of this education, which betray your true end or your profound error."

"Although you said to me one day that it was not your right to take a certain action which would have conserved world peace, yet you told me on the yacht Meteor on June 28, 1914, in learning of the assassination of Archduke Ferdinand, 'Now I must do everything over again.'"

"History will recognize in these two manifestations of your conscience the truth of your responsibility for a deliberate war."

Respectfully submitted, ROBERT MCCORMACK, Treasurer.

Honor Roll The report also included the honor roll of the chamber which is as follows: Robert A. Boll, deceased, H. Fred Astich, Wendell Y. Blanning, Jackson Herr Boyd, C. Frank Class, Moe Cooper, Dr. John F. Culp, Carl B. Ely, F. G. Fahnestock, Jr., J. Clarence Funk, Fred B. Harry, John C. Herman, Ross A. Hickok, John Price Jackson, Ira C. Kinder, Philip T. Meredith, Dr. George R. Moffitt, S. G. Nauman, Nicholas Notarys, E. H. Schell, E. J. Stackpole, Jr., Dr. H. M. Stine and Josef Strouse.

MONACO BLAMES KAISER FOR WAR

Prince Albert Makes Public Remarkable Letter Written to Wilhelm

Paris, Dec. 28.—Prince Albert of Monaco has given to The Associated Press a remarkable letter he has addressed to William Hohenzollern, prince of Prussia, the emperor-elect.

Recalling to the ex-emperor their conversations, the Prince says: "I was deeply impressed with the talk I had with you when we inaugurated the Observatory of Ledeburg. When I condense the militarizing of a people as stunting individual development you described to me the advantages of such a form of national education outside its purely military objects because, as you said, it relieved men from the heaviness of their bearing. This was your conception of the practical end of a system the application of which is terrifying the world. To-day in the path of your armies are strewn the marks of this education, which betray your true end or your profound error."

"Although you said to me one day that it was not your right to take a certain action which would have conserved world peace, yet you told me on the yacht Meteor on June 28, 1914, in learning of the assassination of Archduke Ferdinand, 'Now I must do everything over again.'"

"History will recognize in these two manifestations of your conscience the truth of your responsibility for a deliberate war."

Respectfully submitted, ROBERT MCCORMACK, Treasurer.

Honor Roll The report also included the honor roll of the chamber which is as follows: Robert A. Boll, deceased, H. Fred Astich, Wendell Y. Blanning, Jackson Herr Boyd, C. Frank Class, Moe Cooper, Dr. John F. Culp, Carl B. Ely, F. G. Fahnestock, Jr., J. Clarence Funk, Fred B. Harry, John C. Herman, Ross A. Hickok, John Price Jackson, Ira C. Kinder, Philip T. Meredith, Dr. George R. Moffitt, S. G. Nauman, Nicholas Notarys, E. H. Schell, E. J. Stackpole, Jr., Dr. H. M. Stine and Josef Strouse.

TWO HARRISBURG BOYS MENTIONED IN CASUALTY LIST

Private Rodes Missing in Action; Sergeant Matchett Severely Wounded

But two Harrisburgers are reported in the casualty lists given out to-day by the War Department. Private John C. Rodes is reported missing in action since November 27. December 23, however, a personal letter arrived from Private Rodes, dated November 29, saying that he had been separated in battle from his regiment, but was all right.

In his letter, Private Rodes states that he is being sent to Paris and that he expects to go from there to London, after which he may sail for the United States. He has been on the front lines a number of times and has seen some hard fighting. Private Rodes is a member of the Twenty-eighth Infantry, First Division.

Sergeant Russell, Leroy Matchett was wounded several weeks before the signing of the armistice, and is reported to-day as "wounded severely." An account of his being wounded appeared in the Telegraph recently. He is a member of Company D, One Hundred and Twelfth Infantry, and is the son of Mrs. Lettie Matchett, 1418 Liberty street.

Private Isadore Wiener, of Newville, was reported to-day as severely wounded. In this morning's list Corporal Frank Lee Hart, R. F. D., 9, Carlisle, is reported wounded slightly.

FEBRUARY VOTE IS ANTICIPATED

Belief That the Legislature Will Then Discuss Prohibition Amendment

The consensus of opinion is that the next Legislature will vote in February or March on the prohibition amendment. There is much speculation in newspapers as to what will happen and some editors look for ratification.

The Pittsburgh Gazette-Times, which has been reviewing the situation, says: "So far the 'dry' program has not been definitely agreed upon. Mr. Sprull has given the 'dry' leaders to understand that he is ready to go along with any plan they suggest. If they desire to have the matter called up in the Legislature before he retires from the Senate, or if they decide to delay the vote until January 21, when he becomes Governor, the decision will be satisfactory to him. In case the amendment is not considered until after the inauguration of the Governor, and this course is possible, there is strong likelihood that no action will be taken until the special elections are held to fill the senatorial vacancies caused by the premature death of Mr. Sprull to the executive chair and Senator E. E. Beldeman of Dauphin to the Lieutenant Governorship. Their successors would likely take their seats some time in February."

"The postponement of the vote on the amendment until February quite likely will mean that Pennsylvania will not be one of the first thirty-six states to ratify. The Legislatures of thirty-three states convene next month on dates ranging from the first to the 20th of January. As fifteen states have ratified, the affirmative action of twenty-one additional Legislatures is necessary to make the amendment a part of the Federal constitution."

"The Legislatures of ten states will convene before the Pennsylvania lawmakers come together. These are Colorado, Idaho, Maine, Michigan, Missouri, Nebraska, New York, Ohio, Tennessee and Washington. The meeting date in Pennsylvania is January 7, and on the same day these Legislatures organize: California, Minnesota, North Carolina, Oklahoma and Rhode Island. Prompt action is expected in most of these sixteen states. William J. Bryan has made the prediction that the amendment will be ratified by January 20. Affirmative action in twenty-five of the thirty-three states before the end of January would not be the least surprising."

"A majority of the senators and representatives from Western Pennsylvania will go to Harrisburg to present the western senators' stand eleven 'dry' and eight unpledged. Of the latter class Allegheny county furnishes five. In the House in this same territory the 'drys' have fifty members, and the unpledged forces total thirty. Allegheny county is responsible for twenty of the unpledged votes and four more come from Fayette."

RIBS FRACTURED IN FALL Union Deposit, Pa., Dec. 28.—Abner Kellar met with an accident on Monday morning, falling down the hay hole and fracturing three ribs.

Advertisement for WINTER OVERCOATS. Features a large 'NOW' graphic and text: 'Semi-Annual Reduction Sale of Men's and Young Men's WINTER OVERCOATS. An extensive gathering of broken lines occasioned by our tremendous holiday business and greatly reduced for quick disposal at prices representing substantial savings. A great variety of styles and models for Men and Young Men in regular and extra sizes are to be found in one lot or another. America's Best Known Overcoat Makers Contribute Their Finest Models to Our Stock. A splendid lot of fine Overcoats, including mixtures in box style and English models in warm cheviot cloth; reduced to \$20.00. Another excellent group of handsome Overcoats is made up of black Oxfords and blue beaver cloth; reduced to \$21.50. Two important groupings of Overcoats include heavy Ulsters, fancy backs, Meltons, beavers, frieze, in black, mixtures, etc., reduced to \$25 and \$27.00. NOW DIVES, POMEROY & STEWART NOW