

### MURDERER ASKS COURT TO GIVE HIM 2ND TRIAL

Hardy Dickerson Certain He Would Fare Better if He Had Another Chance

Convicted two weeks ago of murder in the first degree, Hardy Dickerson, colored, was sentenced to be electrocuted early this afternoon by President Judge George Kunkel. Dickerson was charged with shooting William Lettzer, also colored, on the night of May 13, 1918.

When brought before the court and asked if he had anything to say before the sentence was imposed, Dickerson began, "Well, Judge, I have lots to say, but—" and then stopped.

Judge Kunkel reminded him he had been convicted of murder, but he replied, "I am not guilty of it." The court again called his attention to the verdict, and Dickerson answered, "Not guilty of any crime at all." The convicted man then waited a second and said, "I'd like to have a new trial. I believe I'd get more out of it."

His counsel was in court and was asked a motion for a new trial. He told the court that no such motion had been made in his behalf, nothing which would furnish sufficient grounds for a second trial. Dickerson made two more remarks before he was sentenced, saying, "I don't think the jurymen understood the law. I know I don't" and "I saw whole lots of errors made by witnesses."

Before Dickerson was called for sentencing, William H. Earnest and Thomas C. McCarrell, who had been appointed counsel for William Evans, colored, twice convicted of murder in the first degree, argued a motion for a third trial before Judge A. W. Johnson, specially presiding, and Judges Kunkel and S. J. M. McCarrell. An opinion will be given later. Evans is charged with stabbing another man.

Charles Wise, paroled from the Eastern Penitentiary, where he was serving a sentence for forgery, was given ten months in jail for carrying concealed deadly weapons. After serving this sentence he will be taken to the penitentiary again, where he has a term of fifteen months to complete. Wise, it is charged, entered the office of Howard O. Holstein and threatened to shoot him. Mr. Holstein persuaded him to go along for a drink, and while in a Market street hotel called for the police who arrested Wise.

Other sentences imposed late yesterday afternoon and this morning follow: Charles F. Dickey, larceny, two months, revoked to-day; Russell Jones, larceny, three months from November 13; Joseph Carter, assault and battery, three months; John Turlock, larceny, four months from September 26; Sylvester Wilson, felonious entry and larceny, nine months; Vernon R. Dooley, larceny, one month; William Murphy, larceny, three charges, Huntington Reformatory.

### PLANS MATURING FOR SURVEY CONFERENCE

(Continued from First Page.)

from Wilmington, Del. Major Gray says: "At the meeting of businessmen in the office of the Clerk of the Senate the afternoon of November 19th at which the canalizing of the Susquehanna river to make it navigable was discussed the question was asked how much money will be necessary to pay for a comprehensive complete survey. My suggestion without study was \$2,000,000.00. Since returning here a careful estimate has been made. We are of the opinion that in order to make the survey and report to the next session of the State Legislature about two years work will



For Colds, Grip and Influenza. Owns up the head and allows free breathing. Call for George A. Gorgas Drug Store, Harrisburg, Pa.

### Darting, Piercing Sciatic Pains

Give way before the penetrating effects of Sloan's Liniment. So do those rheumatic twinges and the pain-aches of lumbago, the nerve-inflammation of neuritis, the wry neck, the joint wrench, the ligament sprain, the muscular strain and the throbbing bruise.

### Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain

How's This? We offer \$100.00 for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System.

### BERLIN CONGRESS CASTS OUT FIERY SPARTACUSIAN

By Vote of Five to One Soldiers' and Workmen's Council Repels Liebknecht

Berlin, Dec. 17.—The central congress of delegates from Soldiers' and Workmen's Councils from many parts of Germany opened yesterday in the building formerly used by the Prussian diet. There were three women among the 450 delegates.

During the organization of the congress it became evident that the Independent Socialists and the Spartacus group were greatly outnumbered. A significant development was that none of the important posts in the congress were given to delegates from Berlin.

The Spartacus group made a futile attempt to intimidate the congress. Early in the session a resolution was submitted that Dr. Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg, leaders of the Spartacus group, be invited to attend the congress as guests with advisory powers.

Presentation of the resolution caused a great tumult throughout the hall. The followers of Dr. Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg, who joined in the uproar, which lasted twenty minutes and threatened to result in various fist fights. The resolution then was defeated, five to one.

Later while Herr Mueller, chairman of the workmen's section of the executive committee was speaking, the chairman of the congress interrupted to say: "There is a comrade present who wishes to submit a communication." The new comrade announced that he represented 250,000 workmen who were in the city of Luxembourg, Belgium. He read a list of demands identical with the Spartacus program, including retention of all power by the Soldiers' and Workmen's Councils, no national assembly and the formation of a Red Guard.

This aroused a storm of protest and in the general uproar the intruder left the chamber. The 250,000 workmen who he said were outside the building proved to be about seven thousand from five factories, whom the Liebknecht agents had induced to go on strike temporarily. In the meantime Dr. Liebknecht entered the hall, and the building and made a speech to the crowd from a window.

require approximately \$600,000 per year or \$1,200,000.00. From Mouth to Binghamton. This survey would extend from the Chesapeake bay to Binghamton, N. Y., include the West coast and the Juniata, the Conestoga to Lancaster. It would locate dams and locks, make investigation to determine the foundations for locks and dams, the location of safety harbors, the turning basins and the location of the channel, kind of materials encountered. The location of power plants, all various engineering problems would be reported on fully with the solution suggested.

"Plans for all necessary structures, such as dams, bridges, channels, power houses, wharves, retaining walls, locks and harbors will be submitted. An estimated estimate of cost of construction, suggested method of construction. Policy of construction, policy of operation, carefully gathered statistics of prospective freight business will be submitted.

"The survey and report should cover every question and be so complete that the legislature will have complete reliable data upon which to base their action. An appropriation for the above purpose should be made at this session of the Legislature and a Susquehanna river and branches commission appointed so more time should be wasted in making available the great transportation opportunities offered at our very doors by the Susquehanna river. The provision could be written in the bill that should Congress pass the bill introduced by Congressman W. W. Grist, of Lancaster city, asking for a Federal appropriation and survey of the Susquehanna river for the same purpose that the Pennsylvania state survey would cease and their data be available for the United States survey. Pennsylvania must not wait for the beneficence of Federal aid. It comes slowly and Congressional action is very deliberate. Congressman Grist can be depended upon to do all in his power in Congress. In the meantime let Pennsylvania act. Nothing will so help Congress as definite action by the State Legislature of Pennsylvania.

Of Great Benefit. "The great benefits that would accrue to the whole state and particularly to the central section traversed by the Susquehanna river can hardly be computed as they will be continuous and grow from year to year. You have through the columns of the Telegraph brought before the public a great question for public utility. You are doing a great work. If successful, the greatest work you have done. Keep it before the people. Can any one doubt the results of a reserve fund made of navigable water way to the state of Pennsylvania crossing its central section from North to South through its richest mining and farming sections with great manufacturing industries and large population of its banks? It will bring Pennsylvania products that much nearer the markets of the states and the whole world. It will affect and benefit the entire nation."

### Pershing Names More Units to Be Sent Home

Washington, Dec. 17.—General Pershing notified the War Department to-day that he had designated for early convey home a number of additional units, including the 27th engineers and 346th field artillery; in all about 4,500 officers and men.

Other units named are 153rd, 482nd, 491st, 97th, 1102nd aero squadrons; Second trench mortar battalion; Sixteenth company of the Fourth motor mechanics regiment, and British reinforcement draft number one, air service.

The assignment by General Pershing of the 92nd division, (National Army, negroes) for early convey home, has been cancelled. In making this announcement to-day the War Department gave no explanation, but the assumption here is that the division has been selected as a reserve unit held to reinforce the American army of occupation in Germany.

### BRIEFS FROM THE BIG NEWS EVENTS

By Associated Press

New York.—Representative Meyer London, Socialist, who was defeated for re-election, was given permission to-day by Justice Donnelly to examine the ballots cast in the race.

New York.—The British steamships Princess Juliana and Caronia, bringing small contingents of American military, naval and civilian contingents from England and France, came into port to-day.

Syracuse.—Three men were burned to death in a lodging house fire early to-day. Seven others were injured, most of them by jumping from windows.

Washington.—Among War Department construction projects ordered abandoned to-day are the barracks at Camp Crane, Pa.

Geneva.—The frontier of the French Savoy bordering on Switzerland was illuminated with great bonfires Sunday night in honor of the arrival in France of President Wilson.

Camp Dix, N. Y.—One of President Wilson's official acts before sailing for France was to commute to twenty years' imprisonment the death sentence imposed on Private Solomon Losofsky.

### TWO HARRISBURGERS GO INTO LUXEMBURG

(Continued from First Page.)

quarters overlooking the Moselle on the borders of Germany. First Officers Over. The part of Lieutenant Dowdell's letter which dealt with the army of occupation follows:

Dear Dad: I am sitting in Remich in the Duchy of Luxembourg looking over the Moselle river into Germany. The Boche have been retreating ahead of us all week, but now their lines and ours are in touch once more. Every one is satisfied that the war is over and we have had a sort of triumphal dress parade through Lorraine and Luxembourg. Now we are sitting down for a needed rest after our sixty-mile hike since Sunday morning. Our battalion was given the honor of being first to cross our old line and again when we entered Luxembourg we were the first to cross it. I was well up towards the front and believe Captain Murray and I were the first infantry officers to cross the line.

Lorraine and Luxembourg are both seemingly in better condition for food than was northern France and especially that part of France held by the Germans where the people were robbed of everything they had. The Boche knew about it. Apparently the Germans are demobilizing for everywhere we go there are returning German soldiers, some still in full uniform while others are camouflaged rarely in civilian clothing. There is a German soldier in full uniform riding along our column on a bicycle carrying all the American flag and shouting "Hip, Hip, Hoorah!"

When we came to this town the Germans had just left (about two hours before) and their traces were still all over the town. The bridge, but the town was gay with red, white and blue and they met us with a brass band, a huge bouquet for the major, a march oratory and the school kids drilled to shout, hip, hip, hooray! They paraded us through the town and we lined up in close column on the river bank with the school looking on from the other side! These Luxembourgers certainly lay claim to disliking the Boche. They have a lot of tin soldiers in their civil war regalia running around like true chocolate soldiers and looking important as hell. But just the same they have always danced to the tune of the Prussian fiddler played.

There is no indication that famine has stalked among the people. They are well fed and well clothed. The valley farms among the richest and well-kept I have ever seen, their vineyards in wonderfully profuse condition, plenty of food employed in the shops—prices have gone up a little, or rather, the value of the mark has gone so low that they pass around what used to be small fortunes for the ordinary things of life. The Major paid out 16 marks for a dozen eggs the other day. A beefsteak costs 4 marks, and a mark equals a quarter-dollar in value. Ordinary hard candy costs about \$5 per pound while I paid \$5 for a cake of real Peter's milk chocolate (40 size) the other day. We are so far ahead of our line that a train wreck 60 miles behind us Thursday has made us go hungry all day and the soldiers have just literally bought the town out of its stocks of food. And the worst part of it for us is that we have so far had to exchange real money for the depreciated marks at the current face value of before the war. Our division quartermaster is arranging to get us the marks at their present depreciated value, but in the meantime our high prices represent real money.

After a few days things will be straightened out and we will all be fed and happy. Sunday, 24th Nov. Mess call interrupted my letter. We had damn little to eat and perhaps that is why mess call seemed more important than usual. The colonel came in this morning in the shape of a letter. He is here until December 1. Relations have commenced coming again and we will have a big time on Thanksgiving. The "Stars and Stripes," which the censorship is off and out, doubtless read just where we are in each day's papers.

So far our reception along the route has been cordial, but a major who went over to the Boche lines to obtain their program of withdrawal, says the civilians across the river are in a quite hostile attitude towards Americans. The mail will close soon so I guess I'd better call this off for the present.

Love to you all, MARC.

### COBB HOPES TO QUIT

New York, Dec. 17.—"Cobb, Detroit's great batter and outfielder, hopes to quit baseball. He so stated yesterday on his return from France where he has served as a captain in the army. He had no intention at present, he said, of signing up again, although he admitted that baseball still had for him "a terrible fascination."

VON MACKENSEN INTERNEED. Copenhagen, Dec. 17.—Field Marshal Von Mackensen, commander of the German forces in Russia, has been interned by the Hungarian government.

### RAILROAD CITY CONDUCTOR HURT AT TYRONE

Left Foot Removed as Result of Accident When Passenger Starts

Charles Fisher, 46 years old, 1711 State street, a Middle division passenger conductor, had his left foot so badly crushed at Tyrone while crossing at the station of the yards of that city, that his ankle had to be amputated at the Altoona Hospital.

The train of which Fisher was conductor on Sunday evening stopped in the Tyrone yards to add another coach and while he was making the coupling for some unknown reason the train started. He was unable to get away in time and his left foot was so badly cut that it had to be amputated at the ankle in the Altoona Hospital, where he was taken after being treated by a railroad physician.

Latest reports are to the effect that the condition of Mr. Fisher is favorable. He is well known among railroaders, being a brother of J. Barclay Fisher, former Pennsylvania trainmaster of the Middle division and now superintendent of freight transportation at Philadelphia.

### Penny Officials Visit Sunbury For Inspection

Sunbury, Pa., Dec. 17.—Prominent officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company were in Sunbury Friday on a four-hour inspection of the various properties. Among the officials were Trainmaster L. M. Mengle, of Sunbury, G. H. Everard, of Wilkes-Barre, S. E. May, of Lewisburg Junction, and General Foreman of car inspectors, E. G. Krouse, of Sunbury. The officials inspected the Shamokin roundhouse and other buildings and will formulate a report and recommendations to be sent into the headquarters of the company.

### FIVE HURT IN ALTOONA

Altoona, Pa., Dec. 17.—Five Penny employees were given attention at the Altoona Hospital Sunday as the result of injuries suffered in slight accidents, and all were able to return home.

John W. Brightbill, aged 50, of Altoona, was struck on the head by a lump of coal at the East Altoona roundhouse; Eden Brawley, was hit on the right thumb by a hammer and suffered a contusion; Fred Larson suffered on injury to his right forearm when a sledge hammer glanced and hit him; Wilbur Polack suffered a contused right foot at the Twelfth street shop when a grate bar struck him; Charles Hughes, a brakeman, was caught and squeezed between two cars at New Portage Junction early yesterday.

The Reading Coal and Iron Company is now storing some sizes of anthracite at Abrams for which there is no particular demand. The coal is mostly large and not included in the domestic sizes.

### Sale of Mints Grows Until Company Is Compelled to Treble Its Facilities

Because business has increased from a small amount to an enormous one, the Wintermints Company announced to-day that the floorspace and machinery will be more than trebled. The present output of the plant runs up to about \$100,000 a year. The output of the plant when the proposed improvements will be made, will amount to approximately \$500,000 annually.

Twenty-eight carpenters are now on the job beginning the work of remodeling and enlarging the factory. No estimate could be given as to when the work will be finished. The Wintermints Company is a Harrisburg organization manufacturing Triangle mints in several flavors. H. D. Delmonte is president and A. H. Armstrong is secretary and treasurer. The plant was incorporated in 1916 and business has been increasing steadily. Officials stated yesterday that there are enough orders on hand to keep the plant running for six months at the increased output. The plant is located at Twelfth and Herr streets.

### PLACES TO BE FOUND FOR YANKS

(Continued from First Page.)

many employes left his business for service in the Army or Navy. At the same time the businessman will be asked to notify the committee how many of these men will find their old jobs open when they return.

Manufacturers and other employers of labor will be asked to give their soldier employes positions at least as good as the ones they left, if they are unable to hold open their old positions.

In this manner, it will be learned how many of the city's 3,000 or more men now in the service, will be re-employed upon their return. Those who were not employed by their old employers will be placed at profitable positions through the efforts of the Manufacturers' Council, co-operating with Mr. Lightner.

"We must thoroughly study the situation in order to know the problem we are up against," said Mr. Jackson, discussing the activity this morning. "We must learn the exact number of soldiers who will be taken care of when the armies are demobilized."

### ALIENS SHOULD LEARN ENGLISH, SAYS GOVERNOR

Should Insist Upon Foreigners Knowing U. S. Tongue or Deport Them

Annapolis, Dec. 17.—Schools in the future must do more to educate both the foreign and native-born population and to train men and women in trades, said Governor Martin G. Brumbaugh, of Pennsylvania, to-day in an address on state educational policies, before the conference of Governors here.

"The school must widen its sphere of service," said Governor Brumbaugh, "and we give them home and haven. But we should insist that every immigrant within five years must master the English language or leave the country. We should also everywhere enforce by compulsion the education of all native born people. We shall be wise if we at once establish continuation schools, and enforce attendance therein of all youths above the age of 14, who are employed legally in industry."

"Each citizen, man or woman should be in position to train in these branches. We are a wasteful and extravagant people. The schools must teach thrift and train our people to save and conserve. The school must set a new policy of national loyalty and must be not only passively but aggressively moral."

Governor Brumbaugh denounced the past practice of sending youths to Germany for the completion of their university education. He urged governors to use their influence to raise the standards of higher educational institutions in this country.

Synthetic milk is being produced from peanuts by European chemists.

A turtle weighing 800 pounds was taken in the fish nets at Point Judith, R. I. recently.

### JEWISH FREEDOM IN RUMANIA IS WOLFSON'S TEXT

Pleads For Equality of People; Wants Schools Open to Children

Philadelphia, Dec. 17.—Jews in Rumania are conscripted into the army, but they are not permitted to become officers. Neither can they hold public office in that country nor can their children attend schools except when there is room and then only on the payment of a sum of money.

The restrictive as well as other oppressive conditions under which the Jews are compelled to live in Rumania, were recounted by Leo Wolfson, of New York, in to-day's session of the American Jewish Congress assembled here for the purpose of attaining full and equal rights for the Jews throughout the world.

"Emancipation for the Jews in Rumania must come," said Mr. Wolfson, "but it never be done by Rumania itself. It must be accomplished by outside powers. There are about 250,000 souls affected and agitation and efforts to relieve the situation have been futile. Promises have been made but never kept. Conditions continually grow worse. The Jews have no status at all; they are oppressed and helpless. There are discriminating laws against them at every turn."

"They cannot become citizens, nor are they permitted the least liberty. The most diabolical law of all, though, is that termed 'public safety' which permits Rumanian officials to expel Jews from the country without excuse or reason within twenty-four hours. The atrocities practised and the conditions that exist to-day in that nation are one of the shames of civilization."

Reports that delegates representing the Jewish Nationalist-Socialist were dissatisfied with the proceedings of the congress and would withdraw were holly without foundation, B. Zukerman, New York.

BELL 1901-2356 UNITED HARRISBURG, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1918. FOUNDED 1871



### Happy Hours for Those You Love — Surely a Worth-While Gift

HAVE you thought of the phonograph as a Christmas possibility this year, when Music means so much more than ever before? We invite you to come and hear and see the world's most beautiful phonograph —

### THE AEOLIAN VOCALION

IT is a wonderful phonograph — far surpassing any hitherto known. Its beauty of appearance, its rich depth of tone, its ability to play all standard makes of records and the captivating device that lets you play it, place the Vocalion above all other phonographs.

Vocalions may be obtained in a wide variety of beautiful models from small, inexpensive no-cabinet styles, to beautiful instruments in distinctive "Period" designs. But whatever style you buy will give greater continuing enjoyment than practically any other Christmas Gift that you could purchase.

Vocalions are priced from \$50 Models with Gradola from \$115 Period styles from \$240

Small down payment will deliver a Vocalion to your home, balance on convenient monthly terms. Select it now. Delivery will be made at any time you desire before Christmas.

### Foes of Ukraine Hetman Burn Prison at Odessa; 800 Prisoners Released

Odessa, Dec. 17.—Serious rioting occurred here on Thursday night when elements opposed to the Hetman of the Ukraine burned the city prison.

Five persons were killed. Eight hundred prisoners, most of them adherents of the Hetman's regime, were released.

### TRY MAGNESIA FOR STOMACH TROUBLE

It Neutralizes Stomach Acidity, Prevents Food Fermentation, Sour, Gassy Stomach and Acid Indigestion

Doubtless if you are a sufferer from indigestion, you have already tried peppin, bismuth, mineral, drugs and various digestive aids and you know these things will not cure your trouble. In some cases do not even give relief. But before giving up hope and deciding you are a chronic dyspeptic just try the effect of a little bisulphated magnesia—not the ordinary commercial carbonate, citrate, oxide or milk, but the pure bisulphated magnesia which you can obtain from practically any druggist in either powder or tablet form.

Take a teaspoonful of the powder or two compressed tablets with a little water after your next meal, and see what a difference this makes. It will instantly neutralize the dangerous, harmful acid in the stomach which now causes your food to ferment and sour making gas, wind, flatulence, heartburn and the bloated or heavy, lumpy feeling that seems to follow most everything you eat. You will find that provided you take a little bisulphated magnesia immediately after a meal, you can eat almost anything and enjoy it without any danger of pain or discomfort. Follow and moreover, the continued use of the bisulphated magnesia cannot injure the stomach in any way whatsoever as there are any symptoms of acid indigestion G. A. Gorgas.

Advertisement for Bowman's phonographs, featuring the Aeolian Vocalion and promotional text.