

ACCIDENT LIST MUST BE PRUNED

McNichols Calls Conference to Reduce the Number of Mishaps in Industries

According to data on industrial accidents assembled at the State Department of Labor and Industry, 2,893 persons were killed and 155,735 injured in such mishaps in the first ten months of 1918, resulting in compensation awards approximately \$8,400,000.

"Judging from these figures," said Commissioner McNichols to-day, "the number of industrial workers who sustained injuries at work in Pennsylvania during the last ten months exceeds the estimates of the total casualties of the entire army of the United States in the present war."

However, the injuries received by the boys at the front were undoubtedly more serious in degree than the injuries to the majority of industrial workers in Pennsylvania and fatalities are, of course, much higher in numbers among the casualties of the army than in industry.

"However, in the month of October alone, among the industrial casualties in Pennsylvania were 51 eyes destroyed during the last ten months, at a cost of \$61,130.23; 21 hands lost at a cost of \$35,526.75; 13 legs amputated at a cost of \$24,788.42; 11 feet amputated at a cost of \$16,137.37 and three arms amputated at a cost of \$6,131.15 in workmen's compensation."

All principal officials and inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry will be in Harrisburg Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, November 25, 26 and 27, when, virtually two days will be given over to discussions of methods of promoting safety, by education of the workers, by installation of safeguards and by elimination of dangerous gases and fumes.

Other topics that will be discussed at the conference will be the rehabilitation and finding of jobs for disabled soldiers as well as methods of meeting general employment conditions that may arise during the days of reconstruction.

The representative in question, together with the name of his employers, cannot be made public at this time. It is sufficient to state that he has spent the last three years in European and Asiatic Russia and plans to return to Vladivostok in the immediate future.

His experiences during the time the notorious Red Guards of the city were in complete control of the city furnish conclusive evidence that the Imperial German government bent every effort to place the so-called Russian patriots in power, and who has enjoyed the confidence of the various Russian governments as they succeeded one another.

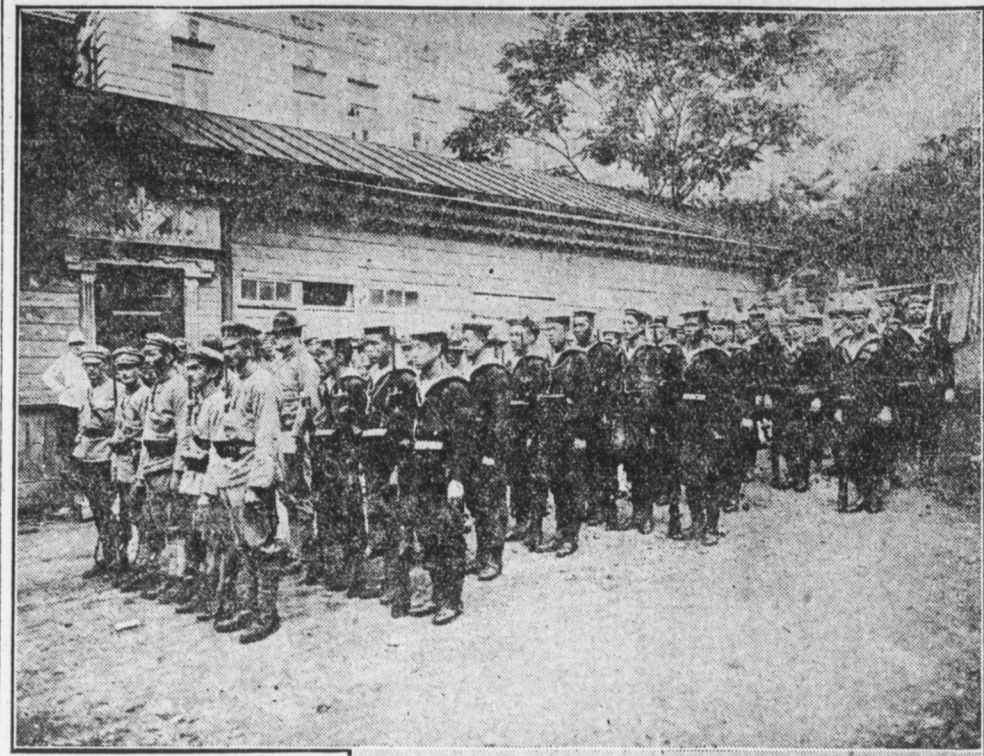
For obvious reasons, the identity of the representative in question, together with the name of his employers, cannot be made public at this time. It is sufficient to state that he has spent the last three years in European and Asiatic Russia and plans to return to Vladivostok in the immediate future.

His experiences during the time the notorious Red Guards of the city were in complete control of the city furnish conclusive evidence that the Imperial German government bent every effort to place the so-called Russian patriots in power, and who has enjoyed the confidence of the various Russian governments as they succeeded one another.

For obvious reasons, the identity of the representative in question, together with the name of his employers, cannot be made public at this time. It is sufficient to state that he has spent the last three years in European and Asiatic Russia and plans to return to Vladivostok in the immediate future.

His experiences during the time the notorious Red Guards of the city were in complete control of the city furnish conclusive evidence that the Imperial German government bent every effort to place the so-called Russian patriots in power, and who has enjoyed the confidence of the various Russian governments as they succeeded one another.

AMERICANS MAKE WAR ON BOLSHIEVIKI TO FREE SIBERIA AND SAVE RUSSIAN PEOPLE



HOW the strategically important port of Vladivostok on the Japan sea was saved to the Allies last July by the timely presence of 14,000 Czech-Slovaks on their way to the western front via that hotbed of pro-Germanism has been graphically described to the writer by the American representative who visited Harrisburg the past week and who has enjoyed the confidence of the various Russian governments as they succeeded one another.

For obvious reasons, the identity of the representative in question, together with the name of his employers, cannot be made public at this time. It is sufficient to state that he has spent the last three years in European and Asiatic Russia and plans to return to Vladivostok in the immediate future.

His experiences during the time the notorious Red Guards of the city were in complete control of the city furnish conclusive evidence that the Imperial German government bent every effort to place the so-called Russian patriots in power, and who has enjoyed the confidence of the various Russian governments as they succeeded one another.

For obvious reasons, the identity of the representative in question, together with the name of his employers, cannot be made public at this time. It is sufficient to state that he has spent the last three years in European and Asiatic Russia and plans to return to Vladivostok in the immediate future.

His experiences during the time the notorious Red Guards of the city were in complete control of the city furnish conclusive evidence that the Imperial German government bent every effort to place the so-called Russian patriots in power, and who has enjoyed the confidence of the various Russian governments as they succeeded one another.

For obvious reasons, the identity of the representative in question, together with the name of his employers, cannot be made public at this time. It is sufficient to state that he has spent the last three years in European and Asiatic Russia and plans to return to Vladivostok in the immediate future.

His experiences during the time the notorious Red Guards of the city were in complete control of the city furnish conclusive evidence that the Imperial German government bent every effort to place the so-called Russian patriots in power, and who has enjoyed the confidence of the various Russian governments as they succeeded one another.

For obvious reasons, the identity of the representative in question, together with the name of his employers, cannot be made public at this time. It is sufficient to state that he has spent the last three years in European and Asiatic Russia and plans to return to Vladivostok in the immediate future.

His experiences during the time the notorious Red Guards of the city were in complete control of the city furnish conclusive evidence that the Imperial German government bent every effort to place the so-called Russian patriots in power, and who has enjoyed the confidence of the various Russian governments as they succeeded one another.

For obvious reasons, the identity of the representative in question, together with the name of his employers, cannot be made public at this time. It is sufficient to state that he has spent the last three years in European and Asiatic Russia and plans to return to Vladivostok in the immediate future.



AMERICAN TROOPS IN SIBERIA

The only front on which Americans are now fighting is in Siberia against the Bolsheviki, where they are saving that country as they eventually will all Russia from these robbers and murders; The upper picture shows Americans and other troops in Vladivostok, the Americans can be distinguished by their uniforms and their size, being the largest in the group; the lower picture shows bodies of the Bolsheviki after a fight with the Americans; these pictures were made by an American, well known in Harrisburg, who has just returned from Siberia, and the article herewith is based on information provided by him.

looked the tireless patience and efficiency of the average German agent and the fact that the ordinary Bolsheviki is only loyal as long as he is paid more money than the other party can afford to give.

The minute that the Soviet committee seized the reins of government the Hunpropagandists began their deadly work among the Bolsheviki chiefs with the view of using them and their military forces to further the cause of the Central Empires when the time was ripe.

Members of the Soviet committee were blandly apologetic when approached by the various foreign consuls on the subject of the outrage.

"We cannot punish the criminals," they explained, "if your people cannot identify them."

This state of affairs existed until well into April, 1918, when the Red Guards murdered one prominent Japanese merchant in his office and cut out the tongues of two of his associates.

These crimes proved the straw that broke the camel's back so far as Japan was concerned. Tokio was asked for additional armed protection which soon arrived in the form of sturdy Japanese marines.

The climax arrived swiftly when the Soviet committee attempted to ship twelve cars of high-grade copper ore to European Russia and from there to be forwarded by Trotsky and Lenine to their imperial master, Wilhelm of Germany.

"You will not ship any copper to Russia while I am here," the British commander told the members of the Soviet in their own council chamber. His attitude, while admirable, was really a daring bluff as the Allied reinforcements sent for had not yet arrived.

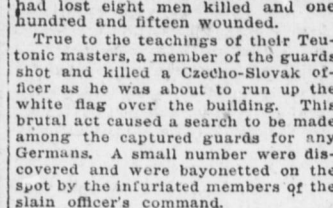
The Bolsheviki chiefs, however, had made a fatal mistake after all, for in letting 14,000 Czech-Slovak troops reach Vladivostok on their way to the western front where they were to fight for France and Democracy they inadvertently placed a powerful weapon in the hands of the Allies in Vladivostok.

The 14,000 Czech-Slovaks available, together with the small force of Allied marines on the ground proved later however, to be more than enough to overthrow the Bolsheviki.

The end came on July 18, 1918, when the Bolsheviki found themselves taken into custody by the Russian and Czech-Slovak troops assisted by

COMMISSIONS PLAN REPORTS

Insurance Board Will Have Session to Discuss Fraternal Legislation Soon



The state commission on revision of the insurance laws of the state is considering a draft of a measure to regulate the fraternal insurance business. The commission at a meeting here arranged to have studies made of the subject and to discuss the date of a meeting to be held next month.

Several other measures are under consideration. The commission is to make a report in January.

The state commissions in charge of studies of health insurance, old age pension and penal laws will also report early in the coming year as drafts that selected to recommend for the coming year.

The idea is to codify laws relative to these various subjects.

Big Conference—The State Council of National Defense, American Red Cross, the Children's Aid Society, the Public Charities Association, State Medical Society and various state officers will speak at the conference on ways and means to care for children made orphans by influenza in Pennsylvania.

The meeting will be held at the Capitol on Tuesday. The meeting has been called by Acting Commissioner of Health E. F. Royer.

Institute to Begin—State farmers' institutes which have been held throughout Pennsylvania for more than twenty years will be resumed for the coming winter on Monday.

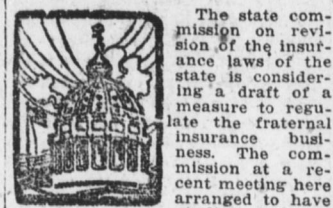
When the list of places was made it was feared that influenza might interfere with some of the meetings, but there are stated at the Capitol to be no restrictions which will prevent sessions starting.

Institutes will last, except for an intermission at the Christmas holidays until March 1.

Returns Next Friday—The returns of the election commissioners to the various camps and stations will be opened by the county and return judges of the various districts while the soldiers reside next Friday. This is the day fixed by the old act of

COMMISSIONS PLAN REPORTS

Insurance Board Will Have Session to Discuss Fraternal Legislation Soon



The state commission on revision of the insurance laws of the state is considering a draft of a measure to regulate the fraternal insurance business. The commission at a meeting here arranged to have studies made of the subject and to discuss the date of a meeting to be held next month.

Several other measures are under consideration. The commission is to make a report in January.

The state commissions in charge of studies of health insurance, old age pension and penal laws will also report early in the coming year as drafts that selected to recommend for the coming year.

The idea is to codify laws relative to these various subjects.

Big Conference—The State Council of National Defense, American Red Cross, the Children's Aid Society, the Public Charities Association, State Medical Society and various state officers will speak at the conference on ways and means to care for children made orphans by influenza in Pennsylvania.

The meeting will be held at the Capitol on Tuesday. The meeting has been called by Acting Commissioner of Health E. F. Royer.

Institute to Begin—State farmers' institutes which have been held throughout Pennsylvania for more than twenty years will be resumed for the coming winter on Monday.

When the list of places was made it was feared that influenza might interfere with some of the meetings, but there are stated at the Capitol to be no restrictions which will prevent sessions starting.

Institutes will last, except for an intermission at the Christmas holidays until March 1.

Returns Next Friday—The returns of the election commissioners to the various camps and stations will be opened by the county and return judges of the various districts while the soldiers reside next Friday. This is the day fixed by the old act of

1884 under which the commissioners were named and has resulted in the official count being held up until that date. This date was fixed so that all commissioners would have time to report. The copies of returns filed this week will be certified to counties only upon demand.

May Raise Bond—State Department of Agriculture officials believe that there will be some modification of the regulations relative to imports of cherry and peach trees into Pennsylvania as the result of conferences held this week. In a number of instances will be certified to counties only upon demand.

Case Goes Over.—The hearing in the complaint launched by the Kishacoquillas Valley Railroad against jitney operators in the Juniata Valley has been postponed by the Public Service Commission until a later date.

Newville Water Case.—The complaint of the borough of Newville against the water company of that place which has been before the Public Service Commission for some time is listed for final argument next Monday. It involves fire hydrants.

Interest in Survey.—Other state governments have sent here for copies of the survey of opportunities for disabled soldiers made by S. S. Riddle for the State Department of Work, Canada has launched and detailed reports of the openings for disabled soldiers in Pennsylvania.

To Hear Objections.—The Public Service Commission has fixed Monday for the hearing on the proposed system of uniform accounting by electric companies operating in Pennsylvania. This was prepared by the Bureau of Accounts and the Pennsylvania Electric Association has entered some criticisms upon which argument will be heard.

No Jurisdiction.—The State Workmen's Compensation Board in an opinion by Chairman Harry W. Mackey has disallowed compensation awarded to Charles Burke against the Aspromet Company, which had a contract for an aircraft building at Lagarto Island navy yard and in whose service Burke was hurt.

The question is one of territorial jurisdiction and as the navy yard property is not a part of the state nor subject to its laws no award of compensation can be made.

Did Not Cost Much—Albert Gadsden, prohibition candidate for Congress-at-large, to-day filed a statement showing expenditures of less than fifty dollars.

Made Adjutant—William E. Schofield, Frankfort, Philadelphia, was to-day appointed first lieutenant and battalion adjutant of the First Infantry, Reserve Militia.

Calendars Consolidated—The calendars of the Board of Pardons for October and November have been consolidated for the November hearings on November 20. There are twenty-two cases on the October list and twelve on November, with a number of applications for releases and cases held under advisement.

Complaint Filed.—The Mount Union Tanning and Extract Company, of Mount Union, to-day filed complaint with the Public Service Commission against the new rates of the Raystown Water Power Company, alleging that the changes are in violation of an agreement whereby the complainant company was to have certain prices in return for permitting the electric company to occupy land with poles and wires.

Complaint was filed against service of the Allison Park Water Company and the Lewisburg, Milton and Watertown Railway Company completed against jitney company running without state certification.

Watching Outbreaks—State Health Department officials to-day asked medical officers for information regarding reported recurrences of influenza in Lancaster, Montgomery and other counties and will take up the measures needed with local health boards.

Governor Urges Gettysburg's Day

Governor Brumbaugh to-day issued this statement: "November 19, 1918, is the 50th Anniversary of the Gettysburg Memorial Service at which President Lincoln delivered his address that, fresh from his sincere, spotless soul, has been and will be cherished by all right-minded minds forever. I urge that all our papers carry this address, that in all schools it be recited and that in all places where men may gather on that day reference to it be made. In this day of national unity and in international unity it is especially fitting that we recall the heroic character and matchless utterance of our greatest American—Abraham Lincoln."

BAND IN YORK PARADE

New Cumberland, Pa., Nov. 16.—The New Cumberland Band participated in the parade at York to-day. The played for a manufacturing company at Mount Wolf.

Use McNell's Cold Tablets. — Adv.

PIMPLY? WELL, DON'T BE

People Notice It. Drive Them Off with Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

A pimply face will not embarrass you much longer if you get a package of Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The skin should begin to clear after you have taken the tablets a few nights.

Cleanse the blood, bowels and liver with Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the successful substitute for calomel; there's no sickness or pain after taking them.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do that which calomel does, and just as effectively, but their action is gentle and safe instead of severe and irritating.

No one who takes Olive Tablets is ever cursed with a dark brown taste, a bad breath, a discolored tongue, a good feeling, constipation, torpid liver, bad disposition or pimply face.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil; you will know them by their olive color.

Dr. Edwards spent years among patients afflicted with liver and bowel complaints, and Olive Tablets are the immensely effective result.

Take one or two nightly for a week. See how much better you feel and look. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

To Help Make Strong, Keen Red-Blooded Americans

Now Purified Ironed Now

Being used by over three million people annually. It will increase the strength of weak, nervous, run-down folks in two weeks' time in many instances. Ask your Doctor or druggist about it.

Keeping money in the house is dangerous, and carrying it with you often causes you to spend it needlessly.

A checking account will prevent you from losing it and remove the tendency to spend it for things which are not really necessary.

We urge you to open an account here, pay your bills by check, and get acquainted with the benefits of good banking service.

Dauphin Deposit Trust Co. MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM Harrisburg, Pa.

Advertisement for Society Brand Clothes, featuring 'The Live Store' and 'Always Reliable' slogans, and a large illustration of a man in a suit. Text includes 'Your Clothes Satisfaction THAT'S what we're more particular about than anything else.' and 'Society Brand Clothes These are the clothes that will satisfy the most critical judge of good clothes. No better or more stylish clothes are made.'