

### REVOLUTION SPREADS WITH GERMANY IN RED HANDS

All Kingdoms Overthrown by Soldiers' and Workers' Councils

Copenhagen, Nov. 11.—The Grand Duke of Oldenburg has been de-throned and the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin has abdicated, according to dispatches from Hamburg. The Hamburg Nachrichten, which reports the abdication of the Grand Duke, says that a government for Mecklenburg has been formed by a workers' and soldiers' council. King Friedrich August of Saxony has been de-throned, according to an official telegram from Berlin. The revolution in Germany is today, to all intents and purposes, an accomplished fact. The revolt has not yet spread throughout the whole empire, but fourteen of the twenty-six states, including all the four kingdoms and all other important states, are reported securely in the hands of the revolutionists. German garrisons along the Dutch frontier are reported in revolt. Officers are being disarmed and are being treated roughly in some instances.

### THE MAN FOR GREAT RELIGIOUS SERVICE

[Continued from First Page.]

No Time to Delay That such a thanksgiving service should not be delayed until later than, or even so late as Sunday next, was voiced by Dr. Lewis S. Mudge, pastor of Pine Street Presbyterian Church, when he said: "Although we are having a thanksgiving service Wednesday evening, and are planning services along this line for Sunday, I think it would be a very great mistake for any churches to wait until Sunday." Rev. S. W. Herman, D. D., pastor of Zion Lutheran Church, stated that although Lutheran ministers would be out of the city this week on account of the merger convention to be held in New York City, yet it was his opinion that a huge, public thanksgiving service to be held this week would be the right thing. The Rev. Dr. Herman said: "I wish to commend most heartily the expression of the editorial in the Telegraph last night. It was true." He said further: "Yes, I am certainly in favor of a big, worthy event."

Dr. G. E. Haver, pastor of the Markers Presbyterian Church, after giving his unqualified approval of the plans for a big public meeting this week, made the following statement: "The signing of the armistice by Germany is, in my judgment, the greatest event since the crucifixion of Jesus Christ, and more far-reaching than we can measure. I believe that the truest celebration of this immeasurable event will be when the people come together in their churches, and praise God for His wonders. Jesus Christ must not be forgotten by His people in this day of His, and their triumph. If we do have a day of thanksgiving, we will, we must not forget to render our thanks in the name of Jesus Christ, our Lord. This is a Christian nation, and this is the hour of triumph of the Prince of Peace."

### GRATEFUL FOLKS AT PINE STREET CHURCH MEETING

Place of Worship Crowded With Thankful People; Ministers Invoke Almighty

A revelation of the deep feeling of thanksgiving which pervades the entire nation for the victories of the Allied and American armies was given at a monster prayer service held this morning in the Pine Street Presbyterian Church under the leadership of the Rev. E. J. Stackpole, president of the Harrisburg Ministerial Association. With but an hour's notice, every nook and cranny in the huge auditorium was crammed with worshippers. Appropriately the service opened with the singing of "Praise God from Whom All Blessings Flow." The Rev. Ellis N. Kremer delivered the opening prayer and the Rev. E. A. Pyles, president of the Harrisburg Ministerial Association and presiding officer of the service read the Thirty-third Psalm. "I have selected this psalm because it is a psalm of thanksgiving," he said. "We are thankful to God because a new spirit of brotherhood of man and nations has been born. We have new hopes, new ideals. For these we are thankful. Our hopes and expectations are all in God. He is the giver of all victories. We thank God for peace and victory and we pray for our enemies."

### Canadian Troops Have Captured Mons

London, Nov. 11.—Mons, the Belgian town near which British troops engaged in bitter fighting with the Germans at the beginning of the war, was captured early to-day by Canadian troops under General Horne, according to Field Marshal Haig's announcement to-day.

### WAR AID TO MEET

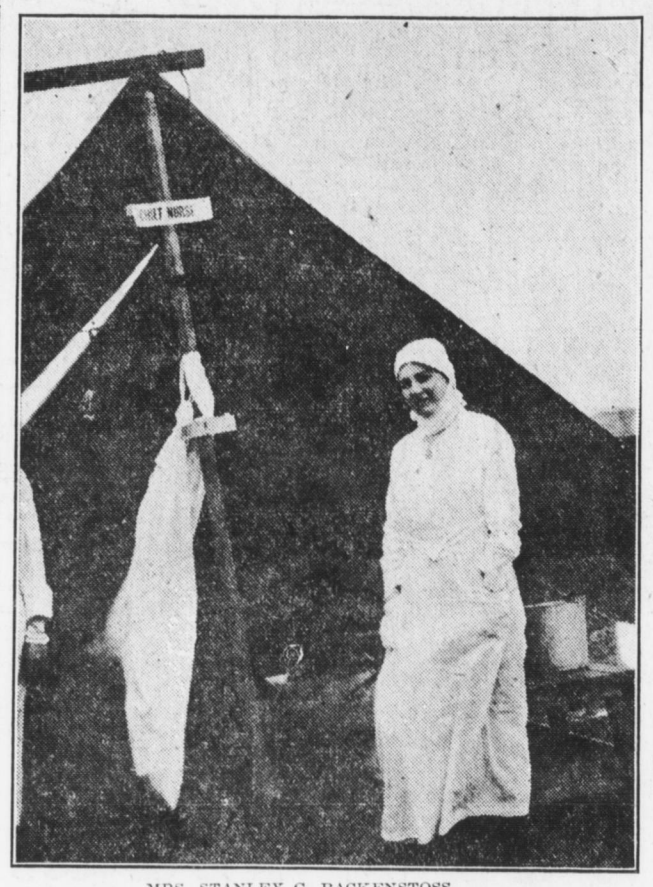
The National War Aid will meet to-morrow evening at the Hotel Hamilton, 207 North Second Street. The women are asked to bring their service flags with them.

### HOW TO FIGHT OFF THE GRIP

Commonsense Rules Everybody Should Follow to Avoid Danger From Great Epidemic To keep well—keep clean. Avoid the person who sneezes. Warmth is necessary, — be well clothed. Sleep well, eat well, play well. Avoid over-exertion. Do not let yourself get run-down. Those who are weak and run-down are the earliest victims. Remember that Father John's Medicine makes fighting strength to ward off the attacks of the grip germ. Keep away from houses where there are cases of influenza. A neglected cold leads to grip or pneumonia. Take Father John's Medicine at the first signs of a cold. It has had more than sixty years of success treating colds and coughs. Do not take medicine containing narcotic drugs, derivatives of opium or other poisons. You are safe when you take Father John's Medicine because it is guaranteed free from alcohol or dangerous drugs.

### WOMAN WHO AIDED NURSING OF CITY'S SICK IS TAKEN ILL

Mrs. Stanley G. Backenstoss Seriously Ill With Influenza, After Strenuous Work During Epidemic



Washington, Nov. 11.—Signing of the armistice with Germany, which brings the world war to an end, does not mean that the great American military machine will cease to operate at once. America must play an important part in disarming and guarding the enemy and until this work is completed, even the movement of troops to France will be continued, although on a greatly reduced scale. American Garrisonians May Stay During the interval between the cessation of hostilities and the conclusion of the peace conference, it is assumed that the major portion of General Pershing's expeditionary forces in France must be retained there. It is possible also that for reasons of international politics, some American troops will be kept in disputed territory even after the actual peace negotiations have been brought to a close. Troops which have seen the longest service in France probably will be returned home soon to be replaced by new men now in this country who will perform guard or other duty overseas. There are more than one million men now in camps in the United States. The question of discontinuing the calling of men to the colors under the selective service act with the ending of hostilities has been under consideration since the signing of the armistice. Crowder's advisers had favored cancelling all outstanding calls as soon as the armistice had been signed, but this matter was passed on by the War Department. The movement of a large number of men to camp was due to begin this morning under the November calls which embrace about 300,000 men. A telephone call from Chambersburg advised Mrs. Backenstoss of his return to his home. Accompanied by friends, and Mrs. Ada V. Metzler, Mrs. Backenstoss' mother, she left Harrisburg yesterday afternoon, where she was located from her home on Chambersburg street, possibly to-day, and Dr. Kinter, of the Chambersburg Hospital staff, who is attending her, has made arrangements to bring her to her home as soon as her condition permits. After the breaking out of the influenza epidemic, Mrs. Backenstoss was placed in charge of the Saltzman Emergency Hospital, near Rockville, from this station she was later transferred to the Steadon Emergency Hospital, where she remained for a period of two weeks acting as chief nurse of this city and formerly chief nurse of the Steadon Emergency Hospital. Last Wednesday she was sent to a part in combat in the epidemic at Chambersburg, where she succumbed to the prevailing disease. Mrs. Backenstoss graduated from the Methodist Episcopal Hospital, Philadelphia, in 1915, and is a registered nurse. Having taken so long a course in the study of medicine, and meeting with such success in her charge of emergency hospitals, she was highly commended by state and local medical authorities.

### AMERICAN MILITARY STAFF WILL PLAY IMPORTANT ROLE

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### ALL SALOONS CLOSED BY MAYOR'S ORDER

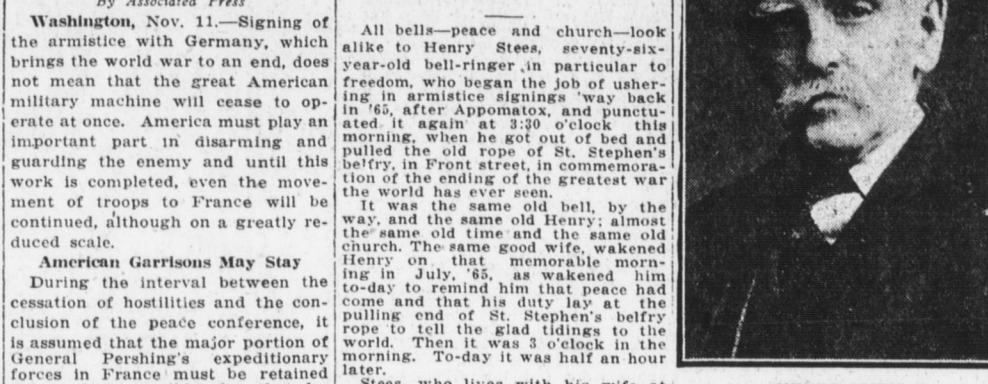
[Continued from First Page.] Intoxicated men were responsible for the order. A near riot occurred in Martin Hotel, in Market street, about 11 o'clock, when fighting began in the barroom, and was stopped only when Patrolman Lowery pulled his revolver and demanded order from the crowd. Members of the Martin family, attempting to enforce order, were embroiled in the brawl and attacked by the crowd of tussling men, the patrolman said. Patrolman Hollands came to the assistance of Lowery and succeeded in stopping the fight, and E. Brown and W. A. Brown were arrested and released under \$100 for a hearing this afternoon. A great crowd of peace celebrators, attracted by the noise of the row, followed the patrolman and their prisoners to the police station. Department of Labor in Charge The work of returning the soldiers to their former civilian status is the industrial life of the nation has been turned over to the Department of Labor and is being handled by a special committee headed by Felix Frankfurter. An organization is ready for the use of the authorities in the same machinery which has

### TELEGRAPH HAD PEACE NEWS AT 2:46 TODAY

[Continued from First Page.] to gather on the streets ate it up like hot cakes. First to Get It How the news was received in the Telegraph office is a dramatic little story in itself well worth the telling. Editors, operators, printers, stereotypers, pressmen and circulation department forces had just completed thirty-six hours of gruelling and almost constant labor. Thousands upon thousands of copies of a Sunday War Extra, telling of

### RANGING STEPHEN'S BELL AT CLOSE OF CIVIL WAR AND AGAIN SIGNALS PEACE

Henry Stees, With More Than a Half Century Record For Continuous Service at Episcopal Church Glad to Ring the Old Bell



Henry Stees, with more than a half century record for continuous service at Episcopal Church glad to ring the old bell. All bells—peace and church—look alike to Henry Stees, seventy-six-year-old bell-ringer in particular to freedom, who began the job of ushering in the new era by ringing the bell in 1865, after Appomattox, and punctuated it again at 3:30 o'clock this morning when he got out of bed and pulled the old rope of St. Stephen's bell, in front street, in commemoration of the ending of the great war of the world has ever seen. It was the same old bell, by the way, and the same Henry; almost 53. It was an emergency order, and he was called to the church. The same good wife, awakened in the night by the sound of the bell, to-day to remind him that peace had come and that his duty lay at the pulling end of St. Stephen's bell. He then told the glad tidings to the world. Then it was 3 o'clock in the morning. Today it was half an hour later. Stees, who lives with his wife at 142 Cranberry street, was born in 1865. In the Civil War he was one of the "Keystone Men," brought to the front for the defense of the commonwealth when it was invaded by Lee's Army in 1862. He was a member of the 11th and saw no actual combat outside of enacting at Gettysburg on the night of the 30th of July, 1863. He was a peace maker after the war with Spain. Stees ambled out of the same bed as

### HUNS PAY STAGGERING PRICE TO WIN PEACE

[Continued from First Page.] evacuation and occupation will be regulated according to the note annexed.

1.—In all territory evacuated by the enemy there shall be no evacuation of inhabitants, no damage or harm shall be done to the persons or property of the inhabitants. No destruction of any kind to be committed. Military establishments of all kinds shall be delivered intact as well as the stocks of food, munitions, equipment not removed during the period fixed for the evacuation of Belgium and Luxembourg. The railways of Alsace-Lorraine shall be handed over within the same time together with all pre-war personnel and material. Further material necessary for the working of railways in the country on the left bank of the Rhine shall be left in situ. All stores of coal and material for the regulation and repair shops left in situ and kept in an efficient state by Germany during the whole period of the armistice. Barges taken from the Allies shall be restored to them. A note appended regulates the details of these measures.

### Must Leave Inhabitants Alone

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### Must Give Up Locomotives

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### Must Abandon Treaties

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### WAR ENDS WITH GERMANY IN REVOLT

[Continued from First Page.]

In a few seconds was flashed throughout the continent by THE ASSOCIATED PRESS. Details of the terms dictated by Marshal Foch on Friday forenoon to the German armistice delegates are of such a nature as to protect the world from a resumption of the struggle by the Germans. Of France and Belgium and of Alsace-Lorraine. It is probable, also, that Germany has agreed to call home all her troops in Russia and Rumania. No News of Scene at Signing The terse announcement of the State Department did not tell anything of the scene at Marshal Foch's headquarters at the time the armistice was signed. It was stated, however, that at 5 o'clock a. m., Paris time, the signatures of Germany's delegates were affixed to the document which blasted forever the dreams which embroiled the world in a struggle which has cost, at the very lowest estimate, ten million lives.

### Ruvers Undone by World War

When the war began the Teutonic Alliance was headed by two of the proudest houses in history—the Hohenzollerns and the Hapsburgs. To-day, William II, of Germany, is a fugitive in Holland, and Charles I, of Austria, while he may be still in his country, has been stripped of power and has seen his empire shattered into pieces. Ferdinand, of Bulgaria, another of the rulers in the Teutonic combination, has fled from his country, and Mohammed, of Turkey, who also joined in the attempt of Germany to dominate the world, is dead; slain, it is said, by the hand of an assassin.

### Deaths and Funerals

MARGARET CATHERINE SHEARER, Margaret Catherine Shearer, the daughter of Mrs. George Shearer, died at the home of her parents, 914 Cowden street, Harrisburg, Pa., at 10 o'clock, Nov. 11, 1918. She was 19 years of age. Burial will be held at the Harrisburg Baptist Church, will officiate. Burial will be made at Dunncannon.

### HARRY C. BAUM

Funeral services for Harry C. Baum, former president of the Harrisburg and a prominent employe of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, were held at 10 o'clock, Nov. 11, 1918, at the home of his wife, Mrs. Baum, 28 North Seventeenth street. The Rev. A. E. Hanger, pastor of the Park Street United Evangelical Church, officiated. He was assisted by Bishop U. F. Swengel. Mr. Baum was a member of the Harrisburg United Evangelical Church, assistant class leader and superintendent of the Sunday school at the time of his death. He was widely known in the city, taking an active part in politics for many years.

### FOUND NO VOTERS AT ALL

Just ninety-one of the 125 commissioners in the 12th district have filed return books. The commission for Fort and Russell, Wyoming, reported that no Pennsylvania voters there to vote. They had all gone before he arrived.

### IMPORTANT LINKS

Hygiene, rest, pure air, sunshine and a well-balanced diet, plus SCOTT'S EMULSION to improve the blood-quality, increase body-weight and build up resistance, are important links in the logical treatment of incipient pulmonary affections. To a child or adult with a tendency to weak lungs or tender throat, Scott's brings a wealth of rich tonic-nourishment.

### For Itching Torture

There is one remedy that seldom fails to stanch itching and relieve skin irritation and that makes the skin soft, clear and healthy. Any druggist can supply you with zemo, which generally overcomes all skin diseases, such as, pimples, rashes, blackheads in most cases give way to zemo. Frequently, minor blemishes disappear overnight. Itching usually stops instantly. Zemo is a safe, antiseptic liquid, clean, easy to use and dependable. It costs only 25c, an extra large bottle \$1.00. It will not stain, is not greasy or sticky and is positively safe for tender, sensitive skins.

### Greatest Blanket Sale

We Have Ever Held Will Come on Wednesday Read Details in This Paper Tomorrow KAUFMAN

### ENEMY MUST PAY TERRIBLE PRICE

[Continued from First Page.]

The immediate repatriation of all Allied and American prisoners without reciprocal action by the Allies also is included. To Dominate Rhine In connection with the evacuation of the left bank of the Rhine it is provided that the Allies shall hold the crossings of the river at Coblenz, Cologne and Mayence, together with bridgeheads and a thirty-kilometer radius. The right bank of the Rhine, that occupied by the Allies, is to become a neutral zone and the bank held by the Germans is to be evacuated in ninety days. The armistice is for thirty days, but the President spoke of the war as "coming to an end."

### To Retire at Once

German troops are to retire at once from any territory held by Russia, Rumania and Turkey before the war. The Allied forces are to have access to the evacuated territory either through Dantzic or by the river Vistula. The unconditional capitulation of all German forces in East Africa within one month is provided. German troops which have not left the invaded territories which specifically includes Alsace-Lorraine within fourteen days become prisoners of war.

### Give Up Everything

The repatriation within fourteen days of the thousands of unfortunate civilians deported from France and Belgium also is required. Freedom of access to the Baltic sea with power to occupy German ports in the Kattegat is another provision. The Germans also must reveal location of mines, poisoned wells, and other agencies of destruction and the Allied blockade is to remain unchanged during the period of armistice.

### Germany Is Powerless

These are the "high spots" of the terms as the President read them to Congress. Germany's acceptance of them, he said, signaled the end of the war, because it made her powerless to renew it. All ports on the Black Sea occupied by Germans are to be surrendered and the Russian war vessels recently taken by the German naval forces also are to be surrendered to the Allies.

### Marching Crowds Sing "Marseillaise"

Crowds singing the "Marseillaise" are marching through the streets of autocratic Berlin and a Soldiers' and Workmen's Council has taken over the government of the empire. Wurttemberg, Schleswig-Holstein and Hesse-Darmstadt have declared themselves independent republics, following the action taken by Bavaria last Friday. Wilhelm II, of Wurttemberg is reported to have abdicated. Saxony is said to be near a like declaration and the revolutionists are said to be in control at Dresden.

### Allied Troops Drive to Last

As the last hours of the mighty combat drew near, French, British, Belgian and American forces were rapidly pushing the last German troops from France and Belgium. General Pershing's men attacked yesterday over a front of seventy-one miles from the Meuse southeastward into Lorraine. This drive, probably the last to be recorded in the war, gained an average of two or three miles and approached within ten miles of the fortress of Metz.

### Hohenzollern Under Indictment

It is suggested that William Hohenzollern is not safe from the consequences of his deeds, even though he has fled to Holland. After the sinking of the Lusitania and during the early days of the aerial raids on London, he was three times indicted for murder in England. Under international law, it is said, requisition for his extradition may be made by England under the indictments still standing against him.

### UP TO LOCAL BOARDS

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