PARK EXTENSION AND MEMORIAL BRIDGE PLANNED

Governor Suggests Center and Inscribing City and County Names on Pylons

Suggestions that the Capitol Park extension for which plans have been made under auspices of the State Board of Public Grounds and Buildings in accordance with an act of the last Legislature be called "Commonwealth center" and that the pylons at the entrance to the memorial bridge which is to form a part of the general scheme to be worked out in years to come be inscribed with the names of the cities and counties of Pennsylvania were made to-day by Governor Brumbaugh at a conference of the architects and engineers with the Board. Sketches showing the scope, including the forecourt, the sites and character of the buildings of the future, the bridge and various ideas for embellishment of the park, including four rows of red oak trees were presented and will be brought to the attention of the general assembly. Models will be provided and estimates of the cost and time required for the comprehensive program made up.

The conference was held in the Governor's office with Arnold W. Brunner, the architect, and his assistant, Mr. Coskowvitz; H. C. Perring, the bridge engineer, and Superintendent George A. Shreiner were present to furnish information. "It is a wonderful plan, something in which the whole state will have a part and in which all our people will be interested" said the Governor. "The general arrangement will provide for years to come and the bridge and the buildings will fit in and make a harmonious development" said the Governor. The Governor suggested the inscribing of the pylons at the edge of the park where the bridge will begin so that there will be a memorial of a state character. The bridge he suggested should have some places along its half mile length where small trees could be planted, which would break the monotony of a walk across it.

Mr. Brunner said that he was in full accord with the suggestions of the Governor and that he heartily appreciated the co-operation extended by Mr. Shreiner, whose grasp of the project he commended.

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

In re, No. 3690, in Bankruptcy — Charles E. Bretz, Harry M. Bretz and William R. Bretz, individually and as co-partners, trading as Bretz Brothers, Bankrupt.

TO THE HONORABLE CHARLES B. WITMER, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Pennsylvania. Harry M. Bretz, of Harrisburg, in the County of Dauphin and State of Pennsylvania, in said district, respectfully represents:

That on the 18th day of July, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to Bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property, and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the order of the Court touching his bankruptcy.

WHEREFORE HE PRAYS, that he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 14th day of September, A. D. 1918.

HARRY M. BRETZ,
Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON

Middle District of Pennsylvania, ss:

On this 27th day of September, A. D. 1918, on reading the foregoing petition, it is

ORDERED BY THE COURT, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1918, before said Court at Scranton, Pa., in said district, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in "Harrisburg Telegraph," a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED BY THE COURT, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors, copies of said petition and this order addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

WITNESS, the Hon. Charles B. Witmer, Judge of said Court and the Seal thereof, at Scranton, in said District, this 27th day of September, A. D. 1918.

(Seal of theCourt)

G. C. SCHEUER,
Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

In re, No. 3690, in Bankruptcy — Charles E. Bretz, Harry M. Bretz and William R. Bretz, individually and as co-partners, trading as Bretz Brothers, Bankrupt.

TO THE HONORABLE CHARLES B. WITMER, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Pennsylvania. Charles E. Bretz, of West Fairview, lately trading and doing business at Nos. 209-211 Chestnut Street, Harrisburg, in the County of Dauphin, and State of Pennsylvania, in said district, respectfully represents:

That on the 18th day of July, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to Bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property, and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the order of the Court touching his bankruptcy.

WHEREFORE HE PRAYS, that he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 14th day of September, A. D. 1918.

CHARLES E. BRETZ,
Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON

Middle District of Pennsylvania, ss:

On this 27th day of September, A. D. 1918, on reading the foregoing petition, it is

ORDERED BY THE COURT, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1918, before said Court at Scranton, Pa., in said district, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in "Harrisburg Telegraph," a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED BY THE COURT, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors, copies of said petition and this order addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

WITNESS, the Hon. Charles B. Witmer, Judge of said Court and the Seal thereof, at Scranton, in said District, this 27th day of September, A. D. 1918.

(Seal of theCourt)

G. C. SCHEUER,
Clerk.

LANCASTER LID IS OFF AND ON IN RAPID TIME

Dr. Royer Threatens to Send State Police to Arrest Saloonmen

Lancaster, Pa., Oct. 30.—Nearly all the local barrooms and saloons of Lancaster opened to-day in defiance of Dr. Royer's orders not to lift the ban before Tuesday. In fear the state authorities would succeed in closing the liquor establishments soon after they had opened there was a large number of persons who took advantage of the opportunity to lay in a liquor supply for another threatened closing of saloons. There was no disorder.

Theaters have decided to obey the health chief's edict and will remain closed until next Tuesday.

The city of Lancaster was to-day notified by Dr. B. Franklin Royer, acting state commissioner of health, that the order of the city health authorities in raising restrictions imposed because of influenza had been revoked by the State Health Department and that the original order must be obeyed until raised. According to a statement issued at the department such liquor stores as opened, closed when informed that they would be placarded by state health officers.

The following statement in regard to Lancaster was issued from Dr. Royer's office:

"Dr. Stites of the State Health Department is in charge of the local situation in Lancaster and is keeping in close touch with Dr. Royer. If the closing order is not rigidly obeyed a detachment of state police may be sent to Lancaster during the day.

"Commenting on the situation in Lancaster Dr. Royer made the following statement this morning: 'Apparently the Board of Health of Lancaster has sold out to the liquor interests. The order issued by that board yesterday attempting to remove the closing restrictions imposed by the State Health Department was a cowardly and wicked action designed solely for the purpose of bending to the will of the liquor element. I am glad to say that the moving picture and theatrical men of Lancaster have a greater regard for the public welfare and for the fair name of their city. They have assured me of their loyalty and have refused to be guided by the jelly fish action of the Board of Health and open their doors. The reputation of Lancaster hangs in the balance and an educated community may be branded as nonlawabiding unless there is quick observance of the State Health Department order. During the past twenty-four hours twenty deaths have been reported in Lancaster which number is equivalent to five hundred deaths in Philadelphia. This shows that the danger point in the epidemic has by no means passed.'

"Word was received at the office of the State Department of Health at noon t-day that a similar situation had arisen in the city of Norristown and that the saloon and wholesale liquor interests had decided to defy the closing order of the department. Dr. Royer announced steps would be taken immediately to clamp down the lid in Norristown and to annul any action that might have been taken by the local board of health to life the ban."

LEGAL NOTICES

PROPOSALS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE

OFFICE OF BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS, STATE CAPITOL BUILDING, HARRISBURG, PA.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings at his office in the Capitol Building, Harrisburg, Pa., until 12 o'clock noon, November 12, 1918, for furnishing all labor and materials for the construction of a two-span concrete arch bridge over the Aughwick Creek in Cromwell Township, Huntingdon County, Pennsylvania, as indicated fully in the plans and specifications prepared by C. E. Benson, of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, Consulting Engineer, for the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Plans, specifications and bidding blanks will be furnished prospective bidders by applying to the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings, Capitol Building, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Proposals must be marked "PROPOSAL FOR CONSTRUCTION OF AUGHWICK CREEK BRIDGE" on outside cover.

GEORGE A. SHREINER,
Superintendent.

L. W. MITCHELL,
Secretary.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

In re, No. 3690, in Bankruptcy — Charles E. Bretz, Harry M. Bretz and William R. Bretz, individually and as co-partners, trading as Bretz Brothers, Bankrupt.

TO THE HONORABLE CHARLES B. WITMER, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Pennsylvania. William R. Bretz, of Camp Hill, R. F. D., Pa., lately trading and doing business at Nos. 209-211 Chestnut Street, Harrisburg, in the County of Dauphin and State of Pennsylvania, in said district respectfully represents:

That on the 18th day of July, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to Bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property, and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the order of the Court touching his bankruptcy.

WHEREFORE HE PRAYS, that he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 14th day of September, A. D. 1918.

WILLIAM R. BRETZ,
Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON

Middle District of Pennsylvania, ss:

On this 27th day of September, A. D. 1918, on reading the foregoing petition, it is

ORDERED BY THE COURT, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1918, before said Court at Scranton, Pa., in said district, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in "Harrisburg Telegraph," a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED BY THE COURT, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors, copies of said petition and this order addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

WITNESS, the Hon. Charles B. Witmer, Judge of said Court and the Seal thereof, at Scranton, in said District, this 27th day of September, A. D. 1918.

(Seal of theCourt)

G. C. SCHEUER,
Clerk.

NEWS OF THE RAILROADS

Pennsy Contract With Nation Not Finished

Philadelphia, Oct. 30.—No action was taken to-day at the meeting of Pennsylvania railroad stockholders called for the purpose of acting upon the contract between the government and the company covering the terms of compensation for federal control.

It was stated that it had been found impossible to have the contract completed at this time. Another meeting will be held December 2.

DEATH BARS FROM ARMY

John Lotzie, of Allentown, a Central Railroad brakeman, was fatally injured in falling under a moving car. He was taken to the Allentown Hospital, where he died a few hours later. He remarked on the way to the hospital that this would spoil his chances in getting into the army. He was to have left for camp. He was 21 years of age.

Standing of the Crews

HARRISBURG SIDE

Philadelphia Division — The 126 crew first to go after 1 o'clock: 129, 106, 02, 108, 114, 125, 109.

Engineers for 108, 129.

Firemen for 129.

Brakemen for 102, 108 (2), 114.

Engineers up: Shocker, Blankenhorn, Mohn, Smith, Ryan, Tenny.

Firemen up: Lenard, Wengel, Herr, Clark, Douglas, Illes, Straw, Cresswell, Forrest, Anderson, Graham.

Brakemen up: Burger, Jansey, Scharr, Burns, Kasseman.

Middle Division—The 21 crew first to go after 1.55 o'clock: 244, 32, 22.

Fireman for 32.

Brakeman for 32.

Engineers up: Blizzard, Smith, Snyder, Brink, Sheely, Cope, Kreiger, Stone, McMurtrie, Cordes, Hawk.

Firemen up: Brown, Swartz, Morres, Holsinger.

Brakeman up: Mease.

Yard Board—Engineers for 4-7C, 5-7C, 5-15C, 6-15C, 23C.

Firemen for 1C, 6C, 3-7C, 11C, 12C, 17C, 18C.

Engineers up: Weigle, Lackey, oxerly, Sholter, Snell, Bartolet, Getty, Ford, Bair, Keever, Miller, Crawford.

Firemen up: Lower, Graham, Eckenrode, Boyer, Garber, Snyder, Cunningham, Loser, Raber, Chubb, Faesick, Burns, Mumma.

ENOLA SIDE

Philadelphia Division — The 216 crew first to go after 1 o'clock: 255, 211, 256, 243, 201, 214.

Engineers for 214, 256.

Fireman for 211.

Conductor for 214.

Flagman for 256.

Brakemen for 255 (2), 211, 256 (2), 243 (2), 28.

Conductor up: Miller.

Brakemen up: Howard, Kritch.

Middle Division—The 104 crew first to go after 2.05 o'clock: 102, 304, 229, 114, 248, 111.

Engineers for 104, 102, 114.

Firemen for 104, 102, 114.

Flagman for 114.

Brakemen for 102, 114.

Yard Board—Engineers for 2d 129, 4th 129, 1st 132, 2d 132, 135, 140, 1st 104.

Firemen for 1st 126, 3d 126, 1st 129, 140, 2d 104, 109.

Engineers up: Smith, Myers, Potter, Kawel, Quigley, Liddick, Fenicle, Barnhart, Hanlon, Brown.

Firemen up: Felix, Miller, Fake, Blessner, Bruce, Kreitzer, Eichelberger, Stahl, Whendt, Shoffner, McCann.

PASSENGER SERVICE

Philadelphia Division — Engineers up: Osmond, Gibbons, Hall, Smeltzer, Kennedy.

Firemen up: Floyd, Copeland, Cover.

Middle Division — Engineers up: Miller, Haines, Graham, Keiser, Crane, Buck, Schreck, Kelly.

Firemen up: Arnold, Forsythe, Bortel, Simmons, Horning, Bonsell, Kuntz, Snyder, Johnson, Hummer, Kohr, Coyler, Hoffman, Bender.

THE READING

The 3 crew first to go after 9.15 o'clock: 15, 51, 23, 6, 69, 24, 53, 67, 7, 66, 11 59.

Engineers for 66 67, 69, 7, 23.

Firemen for 69, 3, 6, 7.

Conductors for 51, 59, 6.

Flagman for 69.

Brakemen for 51, 53, 58, 66, 67, 69, 72, 1, 6, 7, 11 15, 23.

Engineers up: Clouser, Kohl, Hamerstein.

Conductors up: Moyer, Ray, McCullough.

Flagmen up: Leibbren, Spangler, Hemker, Dunkle.

Brakemen up: Schlusser, Weise, Herr, Diffendaffer, Fauber, Bricker, Kendrick.

REPUBLICANS SEE CONTROL OF HOUSE

[Continued from First Page.]

aware in great doubt. Republicans are counting upon the election of one next United States Senator and the Congressman-at-Large from that state.

Democratic leaders, however, are depending greatly upon a move expected to be made by the President in the peace overtures with Germany late this week, which they say, will turn the receding tide and assure the election of a Democratic House. They are not at all concerned over the result in the Senate, although optimistic Republican leaders are claiming that the Senate, too, will be Republican. Conservative Republicans count upon the Democrats holding the Senate by a majority of three.

President Wilson's amazing display of partisanship in appealing to the country to discredit the splendid body of loyal Republicans in Congress, coming as it did like a bolt of lightning from a clear sky, has roused the Republican organization to a fighting vigor that has scarcely been equaled since 1912.

As a matter of fact, the Republican Congressional Committee felt up to the hour when President Wilson challenged Republican loyalty that there was practically no issue in the present campaign for Congress. The Republicans, like the Democrats, preached only one doctrine, "Win the war," now, however, Republicans all over the country feel that it is their duty, as Americans and as Republicans to prove that the Republican party is the real "win-the-war" party, and every trace of apathy and of reluctance to raise the political issue in the campaign has banished. Mr. Wilson has asked for the political test of the voters of the country and he will receive it next Tuesday.

Chairman Fess, of the Republican Congressional Committee, yesterday made public a reply to Mr. Tumulty's letter attempting to justify Mr. Wilson's letter in which he completely repudiates Mr. Tumulty's claim that President Wilson had only followed the example of President Lincoln and of President McKinley in calling on the electors to sustain him in the conduct of the war. Mr. Fess points out from the record of history that conditions to-day are so radically different from the conditions that confronted President Lincoln that there is no parallel.

How Republicans and Democrats in House Have Supported the President

Washington, Oct. 30.—How the Republicans and Democrats in the House of Representatives supported the President on important war measures is shown in the subjoined table:

	Republicans. For.	Republicans. Against.	Democrats. For.	Democrats. Against.
Kahn amendment substituting conscription for volunteering	165	44	146	64
Conscription measures	201	8	196	14
Soldiers, and sailors' insurance bill	144	0	168	0
Woman suffrage (named by President as a war measure)	168	34	100	102
1917 revenue bill	118	76	204	0
1918 revenue bill	167	0	178	0
Alien slacker bill	169	7	173	13
Food control bill	188	2	172	3
Bill to increase soldiers' pay to $30	156	37	43	141
Totals	1476	208	1380	337

MARKETS

By Associated Press

New York, Oct. 30. — Wall Street. —Stocks were heavy at the opening of to-day's trading, the cut in the extra dividend of United States Steel from 3 to 2 per cent. prompting further short selling and liquidation. Steel's first transaction comprised 12,000 shares at 105½ to 105⅞, an extreme reaction of two and one-half points. Mexican Petroleum showed acute weakness, droping 9½ points, but quickly making up two-thirds of its loss. The war division, also coppers and motors, averaged one to two-poin declines. Rails displayed relative steadiness under renewed inquiry for Southern Pacific and shippings also strengthened.

PHILADELPHIA PRODUCE

By Associated Press

Philadelphia, Oct. 30. — Wheat — No. 2, soft, red, $2.29, No. 2, red, $2.24, No. 2, soft, red, $2.22.

Bran — The market is steady; soft winter, per ton, $46.50@47.00, spring, per ton, $44.00@45.00.

Butter — The market is higher; western, extra, packed creamery, 58½c; nearby prints, fancy, 63@65c.

Eggs — Market firm; Pennsylvania, and other nearby states, fire cases, $18.30 per case; do., current receipts, free cases, $17.70 per case; western, extra, firsts, free cases, $18.30 per case; do., firsts, free cases, $17.70 per case; fancy, selected, packed, 65@67c per dozen.

Cheese — The market is firm; New York and Wisconsin, full milk, 32@33½c.

Corn — Market dull; No. 3, yellow, as to grade and location, $1.50@1.70; No. 3, yellow, $1.50@1.70.

Oats — The market is lower; No. 2, white, 79½@90c; No. 3, white, 78@78½c.

Refined Sugars — Market steady, powdered, 8.45c; extra fine granulated, 7.25c.

Live Poultry — Market steady; fowls, not leghorn, 31@32c; white leghorns, 29@30c; young, softmeated roosters, 24@26c; young, staggy roosters, 24@25c; old roosters, 24@25c; spring chickens, not leghorns, 30@32c; white leghorns, 29@30c; ducks, Peking spring, 28@30c; do., old, 30@3c; Indian Runner, 26@27c; spring ducks, Long Island, 34@36c; turkeys, 34@35c; fancy, nearby, 38@40c; western, 34@36c.

Dressed Poultry — Firm; turkeys, nearby, choice to fancy, [illegible]; do., fair to good, 32@37c; do., old, 37@38c; do., western, choice to fancy, 37@38c; do., fair to good, 32@36c; do., old toms, 30c; old, common, 30c; fresh killed fowls, fancy, 37½@38c; do., smaller sizes, 33@35c; old roosters, 22@23c; spring ducks, Long Island, 39@40c; spring fowls, fancy, 30@31½c; do., good to ducks, Pennsylvania, 39@40c; frozen choice, 32@34c; do., small sizes, 28@30c; dressed Pekin ducks higher, 34@36c; old, 30@32c; Indian Runners, 27@27½c; broiling chickens, western, 30@40c; roasting chickens, 35c.

Potatoes — The market is firm; New Jersey, No. 1, $1.00@1.15 per basket; do., No. 2, 50@75c; per basket; do., 100-lb. bags, No. 1, $2.50@3.00, extra quality; do., No. 2, $1.90@2.25; Pennsylvania, 100 lbs., $2.50@3.00; New York, old, per 100 lbs., $1.65@1.75; western, per 100 lbs., $1.25@1.55; Maine, per 100 lbs., $1.60@1.80; Delaware and Maryland, per 100 lbs., 90c@$1.10; Michigan, per 100 lb., $1.50@1.70; Florida, per barrel, $2.00@4.00; Florida, per bushel, hamper, 75@85c; Florida, per 150-lb. bags, $1.50@3.00; North Carolina, per barrel, $1.50@4.00; South Carolina, per barrel, $1.50@4.00; Norfolk, per barrel, $2.00@4.75; Eastern Shore, per barrel, $2.00@4.50.

Tallow — The market is firm; prime, city, in tierces, 19c; city, special loose, 20c; prime country, 18½@c; dark, 16½@17c; edible, in tierces, 21½@25c.

Flour — Dull; winter wheat, new, 100 per cent. flour, $10.00@10.25 per barrel; Kansas wheat, new, $10.60@10.85 per barrel; current receipts, $10.60@10.85 per barrel; spring wheat, new, $10.60@11.00 per barrel.

Hay—The market is lower; timothy, No. 1, large and small bales, $36.50@37.00 per ton; No. 2, small bales, $35.50@36.50 per ton;; No. 3, $28.50@32.50 per ton, samples, $15.00@28.00 per ton; no grade, $7.50@11.50 per ton.

Clover — Light mixed, $34.50@35.50 per ton; No. 1, light miged, $33.50@34.00 per ton; No. 2, light mixed, $28.50@31.50 per ton; no grade, $18.00@20.00 per ton.

CHICAGO CATTLE

By Associated Press

Chicago, Oct. 30. — (U. S. Bureau of Markets). — Hogs — Receipts, 18,000; market fairly active, mostly 15c to 25c lower than yesterday's average. Butchers, $18.00@18.50; light, $17.75@18.30; packing, $17.00@17.90; rough, $16.00@16.75; pigs, good to choice, $15.00@16.25.

Cattle — Receipts, 16,000; beef steers steady; butchers' cattle and canners strong to 15c higher. Calves and feeders strong to 25c higher.

Sheep — Receipts, 17,000; fat lambs mostly 25c higher; sheep steady; feeder trade strong.

ENEMY LACKING IN MUNITIONS

[Continued from First Page.]

are moving steadily ahead. Prisoners numbering over 20,000 have been taken during the fighting.

Sweep Gains in Speed

Reports from the Piave front seem to indicate that, after the first rush of the Allies the Austrian resistance weakened greatly and there are indications that along the center the enemy's defense has been crushed. The sweep of the Allies eastward appears to have gained momentum during the past day and it seems probable that the next few days may see the whole Austrian army fronting the Piave in retreat toward the Tagliamento.

Not only are the Austrian lines yielding on the Piave front, but farther north and west the Allies are reported to be advancing. The capture of Conegliano the key of the Austrian position, is considered a fatal blow to the enemy's plans to hold north of the line where the Allied wedge has been driven deep into the Austrian lines.

Bitter Fighting in Meuse Sector

Bitter fighting has been going on in the Meuse sector during the past day or two. East of the Meuse the American forces have moved ahead once more and have wrested important positions from the Germans. West of the Meuse the Germans have been heavily bombarding the American lines and back areas with gas and high explosive shells. American long range artillery has been pounding the German supply lines at Conflans.

French Turn On Aisne Line

West of Argonne forest the French have begun an attack which seems to promise the turning of the Aisne line, which is the main bulwark to the French advance immediately west of the Argonne in the region of Vouziers. The new attack was over the front from St. Quentin-le-Petit to Herpy, north of the Aisne and progress made in the first few hours indicated that important results are within reach.

On the Oise-Serre front, the French slowly are tightening their hold on the lines about Guise while south of that town they are moving ahead in spite of desperate resistance on the part of the enemy.

Germans Are Checked

In the neighborhood of Valenciennes the British apparently are checked, for the moment at least, no significant progress having been made there during the past day or two. North of Valenciennes, the French, British and Belgians have improved their lines, but do not appear to have succeeded in breaking through the German defensive lines defending Ghent.

GERMANY SENDS ANOTHER NOTE

ment shortly before noon to deliver it.

It was stated later that the new communication made no change in the situation. The next step is expected to be an announcement from one or all the capitals of the co-belligerents of armistice terms.

For Home Consumption

Although officials here regard the Austro-Hungarian situation as far from clarified and are inclined to question how far the government at Vienna now is qualified to speak for anyone, the understanding is that they are to be dealt with on the theory that as in the case of the Germans, acceptance of armistice terms amounting to surrender in the field, will be the best guarantee of faithful performance of any promises.

Secretary Lansing had not received early to-day the note reported to be coming from Count Andrassy, the Austrian foreign minister, asking him to interfere with President Wilson to hasten an armistice and peace discussions. It is assumed that this unusual procedure was adopted to impress upon the people at home the desire of the government to bring about immediate peace.

General Labor Revolt Expected in Austria

By Associated Press

London, Tuesday, Oct. 29.—Serious rioting took place at Budapest last evening, according to a Budapest dispatch to the Vossische Zeitung, of Berlin, which is quoted in a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company. Many lives are said to have been lost.

A deputation was sent by the party of Count Michael Karolyi to the castle at Budapest to ask Archduke Josef to appoint Karolyi premier, it is said. A great crowd followed the deputation and attempted to break through the military guard. Severe fighting followed, the soldiers using machine guns and bayonets. A large number of people were killed. The republican movement is growing and that a general labor revolt may be expected at any moment, the correspondent adds.

Austria Believed to Be in Desperate Plight

By Associated Press

Paris, Oct. 30.—The second note of Count Julius Andrassy, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, to President Wilson is interpreted as evidence that Austria is in desperate plight and has exhausted her powers of resistance.

"The Danubian monarchy seeks an issue all the more promptly because it knows of the anger aroused across the Rhine by its defection and the desire of vengeance which inspires the Berlin cabinet," says the Petit Parisien and other newspapers.

Other writers strike a note of caution.

"It is essential that Entente troops have every latitude in occupying regions the inhabitants of which expect from us the fulfilment of solemn promises. It also is essential that, in the event of Germany not accepting our conditions for an armistice the territory of the monarchy shall not constitute an obstacle to our military operations," says the Matin.

"Proposals for an armistice, pre- Lieutenant Colonel de Thomasson, in the Petit Journal says: sented separately by Germany and Austria-Hungary, place the Allied governments in the presence of a delicate problem. We must decide to which of these two powers we shall first state our conditions. The solution which is adopted will evidently not modify the issue of the war, but may have the effect of lengthening hostilities."

Separate Peace Not Wanted, Austria Says

Basel, Switzerland, Oct. 30.—A semi-official note issued at Vienna yesterday on Austria's reply to President Wilson says:

"Austria was obliged to conform to the methods of President Wilson, who had successively replied to the three members of the triple alliance, and act apart from her Allies. The monarchy which was formally adopted President Wilson's line of action, shares his opinion, as was shown by the emperor's manifesto to the people, which, in proclaiming the federalization of the monarchy, exceeded President Wilson's program.

"However, the complete reorganization of Austria can only be carried out after an armistice. If Austria-Hungary has declared herself ready to enter into negotiations for an armistice and for peace, without awaiting the result of negotiations with other states that does not necessarily signify an offer of a separate peace. It means that she is ready to act separately in the interests of the re-establishment of peace."

7,330 WANT TO HUNT

With only one more day until the rabbit season opens clerks in the office of County Treasurer Mark Mumma have been busy issuing hundreds of hunters' licenses. So far this season 7,330 have applied for licenses.

CITY IS TO BE COMBED IN WAR WORK CAMPAIGN

With Ban Off Sixty-Four Teams Are to Make a Strenuous Drive

The announcement of Dr. Royer, acting state commissioner of health, that the ban on public meetings will be lifted next Tuesday, has given great impetus to the preliminary arrangements for the United War Work Campaign which will open in Harrisburg next Monday noon with a luncheon meeting of the team captains of the industrial committee.

Officials of the drive expressed considerable gratification when they learned they would not be hampered in their efforts to raise the city's $180,000 quota of the United War Work Fund by the inability to hold public meetings, which always have stimulated great interest in previous war campaigns.

Secretary Eckenrode this morning announced the plans for the conduct of the industrial campaign under Chairman Starkey next week. With the completion of the plans for the industrial canvass and the announcement of the completed plans for the homes canvass the two major committees of the United War Work campaign organizations are ready for the word "go."

Sixty-Four Teams

Sixty-four team captains are being appointed by Chairman Starkey. These captains are appointing as many assistants as they desire. Each captain is assigned a number of industries which he must canvass. As a rule the captains appoint their assistants from the industries themselves, forming a committee in each industry.

The industrial solicitors are being instructed to receive three contributions from each one of the city's industrial establishments: One from the company, one from the officials and one from each individual employe.

The industrial drive, beginning Monday noon with the luncheon of the captains in the Harrisburg Club, and ending Monday, November 11, with another luncheon, when reports will be received, precedes the house-to-house canvass, final plans of which were announced at the meeting of ward leaders and precinct lieutenants last night in the campaign headquarters in the Gilbert store room, Market street.

Drive Opens November 11

This drive will be opened and concluded with a meeting of the workers in the Chestnut Street Auditorium. It will begin Monday night, November 11, and close Thursday night, November 14, when the final reports will be received.

According to the plans just announced, every city block in Harrisburg will be numbered, and when every house in a block has made its contribution, that block will be marked in red on the huge map of Harrisburg, which is to be posted in front of the Courthouse. Ward maps and precinct maps will be supplied the ward leaders and precinct lieutenants, to be posted in conspicuous places in the wards and precincts, and when a block has gone over the top, it will be marked in red on the maps.

Ward leaders will call meetings of their precinct lieutenants and workers next week, when the workers will be told how to make their canvass. Red and yellow cards will be used to prevent any one from dodging the solicitors. Where any person says he already has subscribed at his place of business, his name and his employer's name will be written on a red card, and headquarters will investigate his statement. If untrue, the person will receive a visit from a special committee. Where citizens flatly refuse to do their part, their names and addresses will be put on yellow cards, and they too will receive special attention.

Precinct Lieutenants

Citizens will be allowed to pledge amounts of not less than $10, if they are unable to pay cash. Twenty per cent. must be paid in cash on every amount pledged.

The following additional precinct lieutenants were announced by Secretary Eckenrode this morning:

Third Ward, E. Z. Gross; Fourth, Martin W. Fager; Fifth, Charles K. Boas, Eugene J. Fogarty, Harry Ellinger, Miss Mena Schiffman; Seventh, J. W. Ibach, George A. Schreiner; Ninth, William R. McCord, Gilbert L. Culmerry, Ralph E. Boswell, Alfred G. Eden, A. C. Getter, M. H. Baker, Dr. J. W. Storey; Eleventh, G. J. Hutton, A. F. Rexroth, G. A. Geisel, F. E. Hoffman; Thirteenth, Harry P. Motter and E. W. Lewis.

USE HEAVIER ENGINES

Since the completion of the concrete bridges on the Schuylkill division of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Manayunk, Poplar Neck and Angelica heavier locomotives are now being used on that division. When the bridges in Reading, Auburn and Philadelphia, are strengthened still heavier engines will be employed in handling the traffic.

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a concise pandect on the future of Oil Stocks and the coming OIL ERA. Send for your copy. Invaluable.
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AUSTRIA PLEADS WITH LANSING TO HURRY WAR'S END

New Foreign Minister Wants Freedom From Disturbance and Sorrows

Vienna, via Basel, Switzerland, Oct. 30.—Austria-Hungary, through her new foreign minister, Count Andrassy, has sent a note to Secretary of State Lansing requesting the Secretary's intervention with President Wilson for an immediate armistice on all fronts and for the commencement of peace negotiations.

The Austro-Hungarian government has communicated its latest note to the French, British, Japanese and Italian governments, begging the approval and support of these nations. The note says:

Wants Unhindered Governments

"Immediately after having taken direction of the ministry of foreign affairs and after the dispatch of the official answer to your note of October 18, 1918, by which you were able to see that we accept all the points and principles laid down by President Wilson in his various declarations and are in complete accord with the efforts of President Wilson to prevent future wars and to create a league of nations, we have taken preparatory measures, in order that Austrians and Hungarians may be able, according to their own desire and without being in any way hindered, to take a decision as to their future organization and to rule it.

"Since the accession to power of Emperor King Charles his immovable purpose has been to bring an end to the war. More than ever this is the desire of the sovereign of all the Austro-Hungarian peoples, who acknowledge that their future destiny can only be accomplished in a pacific world, by being freed from all disturbances, privations and sorrows of war.

Wants Immediate Armistice

"This is why I address you directly, Mr. Secretary of State, praying that you will have the goodness to intervene with the President of the United States in order that in the interest of humanity, as in the interest of all those who live in Austria-Hungary, an immediate armistice may be concluded on all fronts, and for an overture that immediate negotiations for peace will follow."

INSPECTOR RESIGNS

Oliver H. Bailey, 935 South Twenty-first street, has resigned as inspector of elections in the Thirteenth ward, First precinct, having removed from the district. He recommended John Armstrong, 2104 Shellis street, for the office.

GREATEST DANGER FOLLOWS GRIP

Weakened Victims Fall Easy Prey to Other Diseases

The getting-well stage of grip, pneumonia or other illness is the most dangerous of all because the body, weakened by the disease, is wide open to attacks of other lurking germs.

That is why all the organs of the body must be kept in their best working order, not only to drive out the poison left by the disease, but that the patient shall regain strength as soon as possible to avoid further attacks resulting from the poisons in the system.

As a means toward good health after any illness, Father John's Medicine builds up the body because it is all pure wholesome nourishment and free from opium, morphine, chloroform or other poisonous drugs or alcohol. Father John's Medicine has had sixty years' success for colds and throat troubles, coughs and sore throats, and as a tonic and body builder.

Proof:—

"After an attack of pneumonia the doctor ordered me to give my baby Father John's Medicine, and as a result he regained health and strength. I always give it to my children whenever they catch cold. I am writing this to tell you how grateful I am to Father John's Medicine." (Signed) Mrs. Geo. Hunsberger, 1054 Pike St., Reading, Pa. Because of its body building, strength giving food value, Father John's Medicine is an ideal family medicine for all who are weak and run-down.

NEW BULLETIN POSTED

Flashes of spiritual introspection on the part of the secular press, as seen and read lately by Dr. Hawes, pastor of the Market Square Presbyterian Church, has prompted him to put the following message on the popular buletin board of that edifice:

"When Thy (God's) judgments are in the earth, the inhabitants of the world learn righteousness."

Wars, epidemics and broken hearts, thinks Dr. Hawes, have quickened the fourth estate to an attempted discovery of the cause of the universal trouble.

POLITICAL ADVERTISING

SUPREME COURT NEWS

Judge Bouton, Probable Winner, Endorsed by Lawyers of All Parties

One of the satisfactory outcomes of the State Election on Nov. 5th is the probable election of Judge Joseph W. Bouton to the Pennsylvania Supreme Court. This prediction has been expressed so freely among the lawyers and leaders in all parties that there does not seem to be any other result.

Judge Bouton is of French-Irish extraction and has continuously served as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas in McKean County for sixteen years. In politics he is Republican. His judicial experience and knowledge of the law serve to eminently equip him for the Supreme Bench. He has presided in the Common Pleas Court of twenty-four counties in Pennsylvania, and in all the past sixteen years thousands of cases of all classes of litigation have been

JUDGE JOSEPH W. BOUTON

tried before him with a result of only five reversals by the higher courts. This is an unusual record, equalled by only a very few judges in the United States. The people of our State know Judge Bouton and appreciate him.

There are nine candidates for the Supreme Court in the election next week, none of whom have had anything equal to the judicial experience of Jud