GRIP EPIDEMIC EXACTS HEAVY TOLL

(Continued From First Page)

nine deaths in Harrisburg, the majority of them caused by pneumonia, in many cases developing from influenza. A comparison of this death rate shows that during the entire month of October, 1917, there were only seven more deaths than were reported last week.

Drastic action will be taken, Dr. Raunick said, to enforce the order that funerals are to be private. "A number of violations of this order will be investigated and if the practice of permitting a large number of relatives and friends to attend the service is not stopped prosecutions will be brought as every undertaker knows his duty. Overcrowded cabs are dangerous to the health of the people. The order concerning private funerals is that only adult members of a deceased person's family may attend and it must be obeyed."

16 Die in 48 Hours

Sixteen deaths have been reported in the last two days caused either by pneumonia or influenza. One of the latest deaths reported is that of Dr Hyman R. Wiener, 234 State street, who died early this morning at the Harrisburg Hospital.

The number of patients at the hospitals is increasing but with the opening of the emergency hospital i nthe open air school building to care for convalescents it is believed sufficient room has been provided for the present. Ten patients are now under treatment at the emergency hospital and more will probably be taken there. The need of trucks to serve as ambulances is increasing. Dr. Raunick said to-day that a large number of motor trucks large enough to hold stretchers would fill the ambulance needs. Nurses and orderlies are wanted also, particularly the latter and it is preferred that men volunteer for this service. No medical experience is needed.

Church Is Offered

Another church was offered for hospital purposes yesterday when the health officials were notified they could use the Memorial Lutheran building at Fifteenth and Shoop streets. It is not thought that another emergency hospital will be needed at present, but should the epidemic continue to spread plans will be made for opening another building.

So far no violations of the order closing all stores on Saturday night have been reported to Dr. Raunick. With the exception of drug stores, every other business place closed promptly at 6.30 o'clock, many of the smaller ones, such as cigar stores, remaining closed yesterday also.

It has been reported to Dr. Raunick that in some restaurants ice cream is being served when a piece of pie or cup of coffee is ordered. This is a violation of hte health bureau order, he said, and will result in prosecutions if the practice is not discontinued.

One of the most important events in county school work during the year scheduled for this week has been postponed indefinitely because of the epidemic. The county teachers' institute, which was to have been held in the city opening to-day, has been postponed, after complete plans had been made for the sessions, instructors engaged and programs printed. The institute may be held later in the year, it was said.

Physicians Overworked

Physicians who are reporting to the city health bureau the number of new cases of the disease say they are having more difficulty each day in completing their list of calls. One doctor reported 125 new cases, but said he had as yet been unable to see all of the victims. Reports of fifty or sixty cases from other physicians are not uncommon.

At the emergency hospital Dr. David S. Funk and Dr. J. Ed. Dickinson are the day physicians and First Lieutenant Whitstroth, from the aviation depot at Middletown, will be there at night. He is a physician who formerly resided at Dayton, Ohio.

Mrs. Frank E. Zeigler and Mrs. Charles W. Burtnett are in charge of the offices. A number of other women who volunteered also assisted in completing arrangements to handle the patients there. Miss Edith Tatnal, 238 Seneca street, has volunteered to assist Miss Marian Williams, the dietitian.

Utilities Curtailed

The inroads made by the disease in the working forces of a number of places in the city is causing much concern. Many of the operators of the Bell Telephone Company are ill, and the service afforded has been cut to the minimum. Persons are urged not to make any telephone calls unless of utmost importance.

At the Courthouse three of the clerks in the county commissioners' office are ill; and the force of men employed by the janitor has been depleted to the extent that he is doing all the work, four others being confined to their homes.

Die at Hospital

Seven deaths as the result of Spanish influenza occurred at the Harisburg Hospital since Saturday noon, it was reported to-day. There are now sixty-three cases under treatment at the hospital, more than at any time previously in the history of the epidemic.

Among the deaths reported to-day was that of Robert Jansen, one and one-half years old, whose father and brother have already died of the disease, and sister and another brother are in the Harrisburg Hospital suffering from the Spanish influenza.

The Jansen family lives at 156 Bosler avenue, Lemoyne. The father died Friday at home a brother died yesterday at home. Lillian is the sister and Karl the brother who still are in the hospital.

The other deaths are:

Dr. Hyman R. Wiener, 234 State street, who died at 12.04 o'clock this morning;

William Chapman, aged 10 years, 2 Ellis street, died at 11.05 o'clock Sunday morning.

Joseph Drobse, 1330 South Thirteenth street, died at 7.30 o'clock this morning. He was admitted last night at 8 o'clock.

Normal Royal, 34 Furnace street, Steelton, died Saturday afternoon at 4.25 o'clock.

Mylan Nenae Dovich, 662 South Third street, Steelton, died at the age of 32 years yesterday morning at 11.30 o'clock.

Dale Hoffman, 921 Penn street, died yesterday at 10.55 o'clock in the morning. He was aged 28 years.

Yesterday and to-day the police force was hard hit by the influenza. Only two patrolmen, two sergeants, a motorcycle man and an operator were on duty. This is less than half the day force. Last night seven of the patrolmen and three of the seven members of the reserve shift were off. All the city detectives were laid off with illness.

KEEP LOOKING YOUNG

It's Easy—If You Know Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

The secret of keeping young is to feel young—to do this you must watch your liver and bowels—there's no need of having a sallow complexion—dark rings under your eyes—pimples—a bilious look in your face—dull eyes with no sparkle. Your doctor will tell you ninety per cent of all sickness comes from inactive bowels and liver.

Dr. Edwards, a well-known physician in Ohio, perfected a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil to act on the liver and bowels, which he gave to his patients for years.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, are gentle in their action yet always effective. They bring about that exuberance of spirit, that natural buoyancy which should be enjoyed by everyone, by toning up the liver and clearing the system of impurities. You will know Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets by their olive color. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

Experience

is what we have when it comes to cleaning and remaking either ladies' or gents' hats. We do work of the better kind and do it to your entire satisfaction. We can make your last season's hat any shape you desire.

GOLD'S
1210 N. Third Street
"At the Sign of the Arrow"

Star Carpet Cleaning Works

Let Us Clean Your Carpets

We also do general upholstering and recovering automobile tops.

J. COPLINKY
Eleventh and Walnut Sts.
Both Phones

ESSENTIAL LOANS

If you work, keep house and pay your bills, consult us when you need money.

Legal rate loans, $15 to $300, made on personal property, real estate or guaranteed notes.

Weekly or monthly payments arranged to suit your convenience.

Co-operative Loan & Investment Co.
204 Chestnut Street
BUY MORE LIBERTY BONDS

Use McNeil's Cold Tablets. — Adv.

SUPPOSE THIS WIDOW WERE LIVING TODAY

And Jesus sat over against the treasury, and beheld how the people cast money into the treasury; and many that were rich cast in much.

And there came a certain poor widow, and she threw in two mites, which makes a farthing.

And he called unto him his disciples and saith unto them, Verily I say unto you, That this poor widow hath cast more in, than all they which have cast into the treasury:

For all they did cast in of their abundance; but she of her want did cast in all that she had, even all her living.—Mark 12:41, 42.

Liberty Loan solicitors in reporting at headquarters tell of many instances which are similar in many ways to the incident recorded in the twelfth chapter of St. Mark.

Fire Destroys Section of Newport Tanning Works

Newport, Pa., Oct. 14.—A fire which for a time threatened to spread beyond control of the local fire-fighting forces and caused the town council to call upon the Friendship Fire Company of Harrisburg to send aid, about 10.30 o'clock this morning began in the dressing room of the liquor cooling building of the Elk Tanning Company and completely destroyed the building.

The building was about 40x16 feet, of frame construction. No one was in it when the firt started. Seventy men usually are employed in the building, which is on the north side of West Second street. The loss is $15,000, a company official estimated this morning. Besides a storage room for the tanning liquor used in the tanning of leather, it houses the carpenters' room and men's dressing room. The clothes of many of the workmen were destroyed in the fire.

The fire was started, it is thought, when a workman changing clothes dropped a lighted match or cigaret. The fire was kept under control by the local fire company and the railroad chemical company The call for the Harrisburg company was cancelled after the local companies got it under control.

Warns Against Hasty Judgment on Hun Note

Washington, D. C., Oct. 14.—The government asks the American people to withhold their judgment on Germany's note until President Wilson has received the official communication and has had opportunity to consider it.

President Wilson returned to Washington last night, Colonel E. M. House, the President's close friend and adviser, accompanying the Presidential party. Which included Mrs. Wilson, Miss Margaret Wilson and Secretary Tumulty.

Prince Maximilian to Retire as Hun Chancellor

London, Oct. 14.—The resignation of Prince Maximilian of Baden as German Imperial chancellor is probable, according to reports from Holland to-day. They quote the Berlin National Zeitung as saying the chancellor's retirement is regarded in certain circles as inevitable.

VOICE OF PROTEST AGAINST THE FOE

(Continued From First Page)

render of every German army. If, however, it shall appear that Mr. Wilson's laudable desire for peace has led him to prefer diplomatic conference to victorious advance it may become the duty of each state council of defense and every organized body of citizens respectfully to advise him that in that event he will have mistaken the spirit of the American people.

"The pacifist and conscientious objectors who have been in retirement during the fighting may be counted upon to clamor loudly for armistice. Therefore those that can speak for Americans who have dide in battle and for the millions who are ready to die, would be bound to protest effectively if the power of the United States were used to force upon our Allies an unwelcome interruption of a victorious advance.

"I hope that your council will give its best consideration to this vital subject and will be vigilant until the President's next official utterance gives us the assurance that we may again breathe freely."

Following closely on the receipt of this telegram, Mr. Gilbert wired Chairman Pepper the following response:

"Your telegram to the state councils throughout the United States meets with hearty and arnest approval. Pray God no mistake is made just at this critical time."

"Talk to Foch," Reply of Paris to Germany

Paris, Oct. 14.—The Paris newspapers do not enthuse over the German reply to President Wilson's note. More space is given to the news of the military successes of the Allies than the discussion of the German document.

In the popular discussion of the reply the suspicion persits that Germany is evading the issue in some respects at least, the feeling being that she has not gone far enough. It is pointed out that the German constitution is as yet unchanged, and that if it may be said the government is responsible to the people it is likewise responsible to the emperor.

It is further inquired if there is to be a surrender whether it should not be a surrender to Marshal Foch, the Allied commander-in-chief, who alone can accept the kind of a surrender the Allies desire.

Facing the Facts

By Rev. Dr. Robert Bagnell

1. The Kaiser would like to have peace if he could get it and save his skin. He does not expect peace at this time. The purpose of the peace offensive is military. It is timed to meet and halt our military offensive and to cut the nerve of the Fourth Liberty Loan. He will not succeed in halting the great Allied military drive. It looks very much as if he had been successful in cutting the nerve of the Liberty Loan drive, at least in Harrisburg. That will be good news in Germany.

2. The soldiers and sailors are very much concerned about the folks at home. One question frequently asked me while I was in France was, "Will the folks at home measure up on the Fourth Liberty Loan?" The boys are measuring up in France. If this should be our final report on the Liberty Loan—the report that we have failed—it will mean that the boys will hang their heads in shame when the report comes in. Are we willing to have the boys ashamed of us?

3. Causes of failure: (a) We are going to have peace, some think. There are two answers to that: First, it is not likely that the war will be over till next summer. President Wilson and the Germans are too far apart. Second, if we had peace at once every cent would be needed to get our boys back. (b) Many are not enough interested. Some are too selfish, or do not realize the seriousness of the situation. They are not willing to make any sacrifices, or to borrow the money, if necessary, to back them up. Again, unquestionably, some of it is pro-German propaganda. In every such case efficient measures ought to be taken by the committee to "smoke them out." Such people are not safe to be at large, and this ought not to be a safe place for them to be in. Then there are others who think if they do not take bonds the banks will take care of them, or the rich men of the community will. The banks cannot do it all. It would be a bad thing for them to overload. And the rich men must do all they can anyhow. It is necessary for the rank and file of the people to take bonds because otherwise we shall fail to reach the quota. And because it is necessary for the world to know, especially Germany, that we are back of our President. The moral effect is mighty important.

Every bondholder ought to wear a button. Every house ought to have the sign in the window, and any citizen has a right to ask "Why not?" if these are not in evidence.

THREE

Mebbe de good Lawd has dun sent de old man a ba'ar.

AN EXAMPLE.

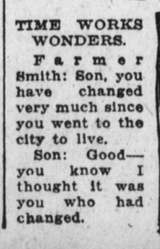
What are articles of war, father?

Oh, it's some sort of document, I suppose, like a marriage license, for instance.

SOUR GRAPES.

It's quite remarkable how happy my daughter has been since her marriage.

Well, I've always warned you that your daughter was a very irresponsible person.



TIME WORKS WONDERS.

Farmer Smith: Son, you have changed very much since you went to the city to live.

Son: Good—you know I thought it was you who had changed.

Deaths

JOHN A. MILLER

John A. Miller, aged 83 years, died yesterday from pneumonia at his home, 1839 Swatara street. Funeral services will be held at the home Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock. Burial will be made in the Harrisburg Cemetery. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Emma Miller, and the following children: Eleknor Miller, Ida Miller, John Miller and Kenneth Miller.

MRS. LILA HAMMAKER

Mrs. Lila V. Hammaker, aged 32 years, died Saturday at her home, 1922 Boas street. Funeral services will be held Wednesday afternoon, at 3:30 o'clock. She is survived by her husband, Jacob Hammaker, and the following children: Earl Hammaker, Lester Hammaker, Harriet Hammaker and Ellis Hammaker. Her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George D. Ellis, also survive.

MRS. VIOLET M. HAWK

Mrs. Violet M. Hawk, aged 20 years, died Saturday in the Harrisburg Hospital following an attack of pneumonia. Funeral services will be held Wednesday afternoon, at 1:30 o'clock, at her home, 435 Kelker street. The Rev. J. H. Mortimer, pastor of the Camp Curtin Memorial Methodist Church, will officiate. Burial will be in the East Harrisburg Cemetery. She is survived by her husband, Clarence B. Hawk, stationed at Montgomery, Ala., with the Aviation Corps; a son, Robert Hawk; her mother Mrs. Clara Hoover, and three brothers, Harold Hoover, Walter Hoover and Ross Hoover.

HAROLD G. McCLARIN

Harold G. McClarin, aged 28 years, died Saturday evening at his home, 1604 Susquehanna street, from influenza. Funeral services will be held Tuesday evening, at 7:30, and the body will be taken to Columbia for burial. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Ella McClarin; his mother, Mrs. Barbara McClarin, and four sisters, Anna McClarin, Rebecca McClarin, Margaret McClarin and Bertha McClarin. He was employed as a car repairman in the Lucknow shops.

MILAN NEWALDOWICH

Milan Newaldowich, aged 32 years, died yesterday morning in the Harrisburg Hospital from pneumonia. He lived at 662 South Third street, Steelton.

ROBERT JENSEN

Robert Jensen, aged one year, died early yesterday morning in the Harrisburg Hospital from pnemonia. His home was in Lemoyne.

COUNCILMAN DIES

Word reached here to-day of the death on Sunday of Hiram Ulman, prominent merchant and member of the city council of Williamsport, at his home in that city. Mr. Ulman was well known to many Harrisburg people through frequent visits to the home of his son, Malcolm H. Ulman, chief chemist in the Highway Department testing laboratory.

ROY J. HAMPTON

Roy J. Hampton, aged seven years, died Saturday from pneumonia at his home, 2662 Jefferson street. Funeral services will be held tomorrow morning, at 10 o'clock, the Rev. E. E. Snyder, pastor of St. Matthew's Lutheran Church, officiating. Burial will be made in the East Harrisburg Cemetery. Surviving are his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Hampton; one brother, Chester Hampton, and three sisters, Bertha Hampton, Ethel Hampton and Edith Hampton.

G. LESTER SMITH

G. Lester Smith, 18-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Smith, of Penbrook, died last Saturday afternoon at the home of his parents of pneumonia. He is survived by three sisters and one brother. Funeral arrangements have not been completed.

MRS. MARTHA H. KELLER

Mrs. Martha Hess Keller, aged 42 years, wife of Harry C. Keller, died at her home, in South avenue, Enola, Saturday evening, death being due to pneumonia. Funeral services will be held Wednesday morning, at 9 o'clock. She is survived by her husband, seven children, two grandchildren, her mother and three sisters.

WILLIAM P. DePUY

William Pearson DePuy, son of Mr. and Mrs. Pearson DePuy, died yesterday, at Enola, from pneumonia. He is survived by his wife (nee Gertrude Bretz), his parents, two brothers and two sisters. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

CHARLES W. GERMAN

Charles W. German, aged 21 years, died Saturday morning at his home, in Dauphin, following an attack of Spanish influenza. Funeral services were held at 3 o'clock this afternoon at his home. He was an employe of the Pennsylvania Railroad and a member of the Dauphin Camp, P. O. S. of A. He is survived by his mother, five brothers and three sisters.

CHARLES M. SINGER

Charles Merritt Singer, son of Edwin M. Merritt and Vinnie B. Singer, died of pneumonia after a week's illness at his home, 2007 North Second street, Saturday afternoon, at 5.10 o'clock, at the age of 21 years.

He attended the Harrisburg Academy, and was a member of the class of 1918 at Mercersburg Academy. He was a member of the Mandolin Club of the school and also of the Marshall Literary Society. He and four other students formed the Syncopated Five, an organization which played nightly on the campus. Since leaving school he has been associated in business with his father. He was a member of the Zion Lutheran Church and Sunday School.

The funeral services will be held Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Services and burial will be private because of the Board of Health ruling.

BY BEATRICE FAIRFAX

AGAIN THE FALSE FRIEND

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I am 25, quiet and dress plainly, but as I make all my own clothes, I am considered well dressed. When I was 17, I met a young man, and we were much in love and became engaged, but a jealous friend broke it up. It nearly drove me out of my mind, as there has been no one else I cared for all these years. He never has given up the friendship, and does not seem to want to give it up. I have been out with him several times, but we have never become engaged again. Now he is in the service and writes to me, not love letters, but friendly ones, and I send him boxes of good things as though I were his mother. What do you think he intends to do? Does he care, or does he just want the friendship? I cannot love anyone else.

GRACE H.

Under the circumstances, would it not be all right for you to show him pretty plainly that you still care deeply? He may be going to France at any time, and I should make an effort to have the situation cleared up before he sailed.

BUYING W. S. S. HELPS SAVING FOR U. S. BONDS

Put down your name at 6 p. m.

As Spanish Influenza is an exaggerated form of Grip, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets should be taken in larger doses than is prescribed for ordinary Grip. A good plan is not to wait until you are sick, but PREVENT IT by taking LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS in time.

MARKETS

NEW YORK STOCKS

Chandler Brothers and Company, members of New York and Philadelphia Stock Exchanges—3 North Market Square, Harrisburg; 336 Chestnut street, Philadelphia; 34 Pine street, New York—furnish the following quotations:

	Open.	2 p. m.
Allis Chalmers	26¼	25⅛
Amer Beet Sugar	66½	67
American Can	44¼	44⅜
Am Car and Foundry	83⅞	84⅛
Amer Loco	65	64⅞
Amer Smelting	78	79½
American Sugar	110	109½
Anaconda	69½	70¼
Atchison	88¼	90
Baldwin Locomotive	75½	76
Baltimore and Ohio	55⅛	55⅛
Bethlehem Steel	71⅜	71⅞
Butte Copper	23⅞	23⅞
California Petroleum	20⅞	21½
Canadian Pacific	171¼	172
Central Leather	65	64½
Chesapeake and Ohio	59	59⅜
Chicago R I and Pacific	26¾	26⅞
Chino Con Copper	39	39⅜
Col Fuel and Iron	42½	41⅞
Corn Products	43½	43¾
Crucible Steel	54½	54⅞
Distilling Securities	48¼	48¼
Erie	15⅞	15¾
General Motors	120¼	120¾
Goodrich B F	52¾	53
Great Northern pfd	91⅞	92⅝
Great Northern Ore subs	30½	31⅜
Hile and Leather	16⅞	17
Hide and Leather pfd	80	82
Inspiration Copper	53⅞	54¼
Kennecott	33¾	34½
Kansas City Southern	18⅞	18⅞
Lackawanna Steel	72⅞	73½
Lehigh Valley	59⅞	60
Maxwell Motors	31⅞	31½
Merc War Ctfs	30	29½
Merc War Ctfs pfd	118¼	117⅛
Mex Petroleum	134	137½
Miami Copper	28½	28
Midvale Steel	47⅞	48¼
New York Central	75	76
N Y N H and H	41	41½
New York Ont and West	20⅜	20⅜
Norfolk and Western	106⅛	107¾
Northern Pacific	90	90⅞
Pennsylvania Railroad	43⅞	44⅝
Pittsburgh Coal	49	48¾
Railway Steel Spg	66½	67
Reading	89¾	90⅞
Republic Iron and Steel	87⅛	87
Southern Pacific	89⅞	90⅞
Southern Ry	30	31
Studebaker	59¼	59⅞
Union Pacific	131	132⅜
U S I Alcohol	102	100¼
U S Rubber	64½	64½
U S Steel	106½	107⅞
U S Steel pfd	110½	110½
Utah Copper	83¾	84
Virginia-Carolina Chem	54⅜	54¾
Westinghouse Mfg	44	44
Willys-Overland	21¾	22

PHILADELPHIA PRODUCE

By Associated Press

Philadelphia, Oct. 14. — Wheat — No. 1, soft, red, $2.25; No. 2, red, $2.24; No. 2, soft, red, $2.22.

Bran — The market is steady; soft winter, per ton, $46.50@47.00; spring, per ton, $44.00@45.00.

Corn — The market is dull; No. 2, yellow, as to state and location, $1.55@1.70; No. 3, yellow, $1.55@1.70.

Oats — The market is steady; No. 2, white, 79@79½c; No. 3, white, 77½@78c.

Refined Sugars — Market steady; powdered, 8.45c; extra fine granulated, 7.25c.

Butter — The market is higher; western, extra, packed creamery, 61c; nearby prints, fancy, 66@68c.

Eggs—Market higher; Pennsylvania and other nearby firsts, free cases, $16.50 per case; do., current receipts, free cases, $19.90@16.20; per case; western, extras, firsts, free cases, $16.50 per case; do., firsts, free cases, $15.90@16.20; per case; fancy, selected, packed, 60@62c per dozen.

Cheese — The market is firm; New York and Wisconsin, full milk, 32@33½c.

Live Poultry—The market is lower; fowls, not leghorns, 34@35c; white leghorns, 30@32c; young, soft meated roosters, 24@25c; young, stagy roosters, 24@25c; old roosters, 24@25c; spring chickens, not leghorns, 32@35c; white leghorns, 30@31c; ducks, Peking spring, 30@32c; do., old, 30@33c; Indian Runner, 25@30c; spring ducks, Long Island, 36@37c; turkeys, 37@38c; geese, nearby, 25@26c; western, 25@26c.

Dressed Poultry — Firm; turkeys, nearby, choice to fancy, 2[illegible]@40c; do., fair to good, 32@37c; do., old, 37@38c; do., western, choice to fancy, 37@38c; do., fair to good, 32@36c; do., old toms, 30c; old, common, 30c; fresh killed fowls, fancy, 37½@38c; do., smaller sizes, 33@37c; old roosters, 28½c; spring ducks, Long Island, 38@39c; spring fowls, fancy, 35@35½c, do., good to ducks, Pennsylvania, 38@39c; frozen choice, 32@34c; do., small sizes, 28@30c; dressed Pekin ducks higher, 34@36c; old, 30@32c; Indian Runners, 27@27½c; broiling chickens, western, 32@40c; roasting chickens, 35c.

Potatoes — The market is easier; New Jersey, No. 1, $1.00@1.15 per basket; do., No. 2, 50@75c per basket; do., 150-lb. bags, No. 1, $2.50@2.80, extra quality; do., No. 2, $1.90@2.25; Pennsylvania, 100 lbs., $1.30@1.65; New York, old, per 100 lbs., $1.55@1.75; western, per 100 lbs., $1.25@1.55; Maine, per 100 lbs., $1.60@1.80; Delaware and Maryland, per 100 lbs., 90c@$1.10; Michigan, per 100 lb., $1.50@1.70; Florida, per barrel, $2.00@4.00; Florida, per bushel, hamper, 75@85c; Florida, per 150-lb. bags, $1.50@5.00; North Carolina, per barrel, $1.50@4.00; South Carolina, per barrel, $1.50@4.00; Norfolk, per barrel, $2.00@4.75; Eastern Shore, per barrel, $2.50@5.00.

Tallow — The market is firm; prime, city, in tierces, 18¾c; city special, loose, 19½c; prime country, 18c; dorie, 16¼c; edible, in tierces, 21½@22c.

Flour — Dull; winter wheat, new, 100 per cent. flour, $10.00@10.25 per barrel; Kansas wheat, new, $10.00@10.85; per barrel; spring wheat, new, $10.80@11.00.

Hay — Market firm; timothy, No. 1, large and small bales, $37.50@38.00 per ton; No. 2, small bales, $35.00@36.00 per ton; No. 3, $28.00@32.00 per ton; sample, $42.50[illegible] per ton; no grade, $7.50@11.50 per ton.

Clover — Light mixed, $34.50@35.00 per ton; No. 1, light, mixed, $33.00@33.50 per ton; No. 2, light mixed, $28.00@31.00 per ton; no grade, $18.00@20.00 per ton.

CHICAGO CATTLE

By Associated Press

Chicago, Oct. 14. — (U. S. Bureau of Markets). — Hogs — Receipts, 36,000; market generally steady with Saturday's average; packing grades very slow. Butchers, $18.15@18.50; light, $17.60@18.45; packing, $1 .75@18.00; rough, $16.25@16.75; pigs, good to choice, $15.50@16.50.

Cattle — Receipts, 30,000; opened slow on all classes, first sales about in line with Friday's decline; calves slow to lower.

Sheep — Receipts, 60,000; market very slow to open; bidding unevenly lower on all classes.

Britain's Drink Bill Higher During War

London — Correspondence of the Associated Press—Before the war the people of this country spent $300,000,000 a year for drink. Now they spent $1,200,000,000. Nevertheless, there is not half the drunkenness in these war-times that there was in 1913. Heavy taxation to provide war funds accounts for the public's increased drink bill, not further indulgence. In fact, excessive drinking has declined more than 80 per cent. and there has been an enormous gain in national efficiency.

Standing of the Crews

HARRISBURG SIDE

Philadelphia Division — The 129 crew first to go after 4 o'clock: 109, 103, 106.

Engineer for 109.

Fireman for 129.

Brakemen up: Brown, Nissley, Murphy, Steffy.

Middle Division—The 254 crew first to go after 3.45 o'clock: 221, 243, 39, 32, 19, 28, 15, 27, 240, 29.

Engineers for 39, 28, 15.

Firemen for 39, 15.

Brakemen for 32, 28, 15.

Engineers up: Moretz, Brink, Titler, Strickler, McAlicher, Teppard, Baker, Asper, McMurtrie, Snyder.

Firemen up: Holsinger, McLaughlin, Book, Weaver, Myers.

Conductor up: Biggane.

Brakemen up: Baker, Long, Reisinger.

Yard Board—Engineers for 1C, 4-7C, 5-7C, 1-144C, 2-15C, 5-15C, 6-15C.

Firemen for 1-14C, 3-15C, 5-15C, 6-15C, 16C, 32C.

Engineers up: Snell, Getty, Barkey, Sheets, Bair, Eyde, Crawford, Keever.

Firemen up: Boyer, Tuesick, Burns, Hoffman, Sheets..

Philadelphia Division — The 216 crew first to go after 3.15 o'clock: 236, 239, 245.

Engineer for 236.

Middle Division—The 118 crew first to go after 12.45 o'clock: 453, 301, 253, 228, 236, 119, 101, 113, 108, 117.

Engineers for 118, 119, 101, 113, 117.

Firemen for 118, 119, 113, 108.

Conductor for 117.

Flagman for 101.

Yard Board — Engineers for 3d 126, 1st 129, 4th 129, 118.

Firemen for 2d 126, 3d 126, 1st 129, 3d 129, 4th 129, 1st 102, 2d 102, 1st 104, 109, 112.

Engineers up: Hanlory, Bickert, Smith, Brown, Books, Potter, Quigley, Zellers.

Firemen up: Wendt, Shoffner, Knackstedt, Shover, Jenkins, Sanders, Ready, Lutz, Coff.

PASSENGER SERVICE

Philadelphia Division — Engineer up: Hall, Gilliums, Osmond, Pleam.

Firemen up: Shaffner, Bleich, Strickler.

Middle Division — Engineers up: Kelley, Buck, Keiser, Alexander, Crane, Miller, Graham, Keane, Martin, Riley.

Firemen up: Simmons, Stauffer, Fletcher, Snyder, Ross, Stephens.

UNDERTAKER 1743 N. 6th St.
Chas. H. Mauk BOTH PHONES
PRIVATE AMBULANCE

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Gray Hair use **Hay's Hair Health**

A preparation for restoring natural color to gray or faded hair, for removing dandruff and as a hairdressing. Is not a dye. Generous sized bottles at all dealers, ready to use. Philo Hay Co., Newark, N. J.

UZ-IT FOR CORNS BUNIONS CALLUSES
GORGAS DRUG STORES

NO MORE CATARRH

A Guaranteed Treatment That Has Stood the Test of Time

Catarrh cures come and catarrh cures go, but Hyomei continues to heal catarrh and abolish its disgusting symptoms wherever civilization exists.

Every year the already enormous sales of this really scientific treatment for catarrh grow greater, and the present year should show all records broken.

If you breathe Hyomei daily as directed it will end your catarrh, or it won't cost you a cent.

If you have a hard rubber Hyomei inhaler somewhere around the house, get it out and start it at once to forever rid yourself of catarrh.

H. C. Kennedy, or any other good druggist, will sell you a bottle of Hyomei (liquid), start to breathe it and notice how quickly it clears out the air passages and makes the entire head feel fine.

Hyomei used regularly will end catarrh, coughs, colds, bronchitis or asthma. A complete outfit, including a hard rubber pocket inhaler and bottle of Hyomei, costs but little. No stomach dosing; just breathe it. It kills the germs, soothes and heals the inflamed membrane.—Advertisement.

LEGAL NOTICES

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THE COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, AT THE ELECTION TO BE HELD ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1918, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article nine, section four of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, authorizing the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the improvement of the highways of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section four of article nine, which reads as follows:

"Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt, and the debt created to supply deficiency in revenue shall never exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, one million dollars," be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt, and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, one million dollars: Provided, however, that the general Assembly, irrespective of any debt, may authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the highways of the Commonwealth.

Section 2. Said proposed amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State, at the general election to be held on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in the year nineteen hundred and eighteen, for the purpose of deciding upon the approval and ratification or the rejection of said amendment. Said election shall be opened, held, and closed upon said election day, at the places and within the hours at and within which said election is directed to be opened, held, and closed, and in accordance with the provisions of the laws of Pennsylvania governing elections, and amendments thereto. Such amendment shall be printed upon the ballots in the form and manner prescribed by the election laws of Pennsylvania, and shall in all respects conform to the requirement of such laws.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1.

CYRUS E. WOODS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section eight, article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Amendment to Article Nine, Section Eight.

That section eight of article nine, of the Constitution be amended by striking out the said section and inserting in place thereof the following:—

Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as provided herein, and in section fifteen of this article, shall never exceed seven (7) per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, but the debt of the city of Philadelphia may be increased in such amount that the total city debt of said city shall not exceed ten per centum (10) upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two (2) per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the consent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law. In ascertaining the borrowing capacity of the city of Philadelphia, at any time, there shall be deducted from such debt so much of the debt of said city as shall have been incurred, or is about to be incurred, and the proceeds thereof expended, or about to be expended, upon any public improvement, or in the construction, purchase, or condemnation of any public utility, or part thereof, or facility therefor, if such public improvement or public utility, or part thereof, whether separately or in connection with any other public improvement or public utility, or part thereof, may reasonably be expected to yield revenue in excess of operating expenses sufficient to pay the interest and sinking fund charges thereon. The method of determining such amount, so to be deducted, may be prescribed by the General Assembly.

In incurring indebtedness for any purpose the city of Philadelphia may issue its obligations maturing not later than fifty (50) years from the date thereof, with provision for a sinking-fund sufficient to retire said obligations at maturity, the payment to such sinking fund to be in equal or graded annual or other periodical instalments. Where any indebtedness shall be or shall have been incurred by said city of Philadelphia for the purpose of the construction or improvement of public works or utilities of any character, from which income or revenue is to be derived by said city, or for the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of wharves or docks owned or to be owned by said city, such obligations may be in an amount sufficient to provide for, and may include the amount of, the interest and sinking-fund charges accruing