



AMERICANS PUSH FORWARD AGAINST RETREATING FOE

ENTIRE HUN LINE NOW IS MENACED BY RAPID PROGRESS OF ALLIES

Hurriedly Rushed Up German Reserves Fail to Stop Advance of American Troops on the Aisne and Marne Fronts; Huns Fall Back

BATTLE RAGES WITH TERRIBLE VIOLENCE

Yankee Guns Blast Enemy When Huns Reorganize For Counterattack; Important Points Are Taken in Continued Advance

With the American Forces on the Aisne-Marne Front, July 19 (3 p. m.).—American and French forces are continuing to advance their spearhead midway between Chateau Thierry and Soissons. The Americans took several towns in the course of the night.

Early to-day the Americans made further progress. During the night German reinforcements were coming from the region in the north, but the expected counterattack has not appeared up to an early hour this afternoon.

American Fire Hot
American troops continue to hold the plateau southwest of Soissons where on Thursday the Germans made their first organized counterattack. This soon fell down, however, as soon as the American heavy artillery got into action.

This was one of the fiercest struggles in connection with the Franco-American offensive. The battle raged southwest of Soissons for some time. It resulted in the Germans falling back finally under the rain of the heavy gun fire of the Americans.

One of the towns taken by the Americans last night was Verzy, six miles south of Soissons. Troops to the north and south of this also were taken in the carrying out of the plan to straighten the entire line on the Soissons-Chateau Thierry front.

Fined \$10 For Refusal to Doff Hat to the Flag

Walter M. Hayes arrested last evening in Market Square because he refused to take off his hat when the national anthem was played by a band, was fined \$10 in police court this afternoon by Mayor Keister.

THE WEATHER

For Harrisburg and vicinity: Fair and warmer to-night and Friday.
For Eastern Pennsylvania: Partly cloudy to-night; Saturday fair and warmer; gentle, shifting winds.
General Conditions
Cloudy weather prevails in the Atlantic States.
Temperature: 8 a. m., 68.
Sun: Rises, 5:16 a. m.; sets, 8:44 p. m.
Moon: Full moon, July 23.
River: Stage: 8 a. m., 3.7 feet above low-water mark.
Yesterday's Weather
Highest temperature, 84.
Lowest temperature, 62.
Mean temperature, 75.
Normal temperature, 75.
CIVIC CLUB FLY CONTEST
Civic Club Fly Swatting Contest closes July 31, 9 a. m. to 12 noon. Five cents a pint for all flies. Prizes to be awarded.

CAVALRY THROWN INTO HUN RANKS; U. S. WINS 6 MILES

ON THE left wing, which includes the Soissons sector, the allied troops have cut or have under fire the high road from Soissons to Chateau Thierry, says a Reuter dispatch from the French front, dated 11 o'clock Thursday. The railway from Soissons to Villers-Cotterets also was cut.
At several points infiltration movements have been carried out by cavalry. They advanced through gaps in the retreating enemy lines and established themselves in villages farther ahead.
American troops have been reported unofficially as having reached Buzancy, an advance of six miles, which would bring them across both the road and the railroad mentioned.

Great Allied Offensive to Come in Fall

Washington, July 19.—Eight divisions of American troops are believed to be represented in the allied fighting on the Aisne-Marne front, according to information given today to members of the House Military Committee in their weekly conference with General March, chief of staff.
It was stated that the drive now going on will not replace nor hinder the preparations for the great allied offensive planned for later in the year.
Details of the fighting are lacking because dispatches from General Pershing have been greatly delayed. General March and Assistant Secretary Crowell who participated in the conference, expressed their gratification over the part American troops are playing.
Shipment of supplies to the American fighters is progressing satisfactorily. General March told the committee and the time made by transports has materially improved during the last few weeks.
It was made plain to the committee that while eight divisions probably are represented in the fighting, that is not taken to mean that that number actually is engaged in the fighting. The number, however, are believed to have been picked for the operation, the committee was told.

British Transport Sunk by German Submarine Off Irish Coast; All Saved

New York, July 19.—The British transport Carpathia, 13,603 tons gross, has been sunk by a German submarine off the Irish coast while en route from a British port, it was learned here to-day. So far as known here, no lives were lost.
The Carpathia was owned by the Cunard Line. Prior to the war she was engaged in trans-Atlantic service.
Although in the service of the British government, for several months, the Carpathia has been used as an American troop transport. Her last departure from an American port was in June.
The Carpathia was built in 1903 at New Castle, England.
It was the Carpathia which answered the wireless S. O. S. call of the White Star liner Titanic in April, 1912, when that vessel hit a submerged iceberg on her maiden voyage to New York and was sunk with heavy loss of life. The Carpathia picked up and landed at New York 865 survivors of the Titanic.
The Carpathia also was one of the first merchant steamers to appear in American waters armed against submarines.

Austrian Press Admits American Participation in War Is a Calamity

The Hague, July 19.—In outspoken comment on the growth of American strength in France, the Socialist, Arbeiter Zeitung, of Vienna, says there is no doubt more than a million American troops already have arrived in Europe. It declares this is a feat of organization as amazing as the creation of the British army.
"American participation in the fighting," it adds, "increases the German task to one of gigantic magnitude. It is easily understandable that the German command is trying this year to reach a great decision before the full weight of the United States is felt."

Many Prisoners and Much Booty Falling Into Hands of French, Who Continue to Make Advances Into Torn Ranks of Retiring Boches

ITALIANS TAKE TOWNS IN DRIVE ALONG MARNE

Fresh Gains by Petain's Veterans Imperil the Entire Line Held by the German Crown Prince; Retirement May Follow

LONDON, July 19.—The French again are advancing and it is probable that the Germans will have to make a big readjustment in their line unless they can immediately throw back the French, according to advices received here to-day.

Paris, July 19.—On the front between Rheims and the Marne the French have recaptured Montvoisin and made progress in the Roi wood and the Courton wood, capturing four cannon and 400 more prisoners, between the Aisne and the Marne, in spite of new arrivals of German reinforcements.

The Allies are making sensible progress and are capturing a large number of prisoners, according to the official statement issued by the war office to-day. South of the Marne, by a vigorous attack, the French have ejected the enemy from the outskirts of Oeuilly. Along the whole front between the Aisne and the Marne, the battle continues with violence.

Between Rheims and the Marne Italian troops have taken Moulin D'Arde south of Marfaux and northwest of Pourcy.

The Official Statement
The text reads:
"Between the Aisne and the Marne our troops, surmounting the resistance of the enemy which was increased by the arrival of new reserves, realized sensible progress at the close of yesterday. The number of prisoners counted is being augmented. The battle continues with violence along the whole front."
"West of Rheims and south of the Marne our troops yesterday, by a vigorous attack, retook Montvoisin and threw the enemy out of the outskirts of Oeuilly."
Take Guns and Prisoners
"In the north of the Marne we have made progress in the Roi wood and the Courton wood and carried our line a kilometer to the westward."
"Further north the Italians have taken Moulin d'Arde and conquered ground in the region of Bouilly."
"In the course of these actions the French have captured four cannon, thirty machine guns and 400 prisoners."
Between Montdidier and Noyon and also in the Woivre region in raids against the German lines, we captured one hundred prisoners."

World Labor Leaders Endorse Peace Theme of President Wilson

Paris, July 19.—The Congress of General Confederation of Labor, after a long and animated discussion last night, adopted by a vote of 903 to 233, a resolution approving the adoption by the leaders of the Confederation of the peace principle enunciated by President Wilson.
ZEPPELIN IN FLAMES FALLS NEAR DALHEIM
Amsterdam, July 19.—A Zeppelin fell in flames at the German frontier near Dalheim on Monday evening, the Rotterdamse Courant announced to-day.

"What Will We Tell the Folks?"



MEN WHO TRAINED AT CAMP MEADE ARRIVE IN FRANCE

Dauphin County Lads Go Overseas With Major General Kuhn

Hundreds of Dauphin county youths have landed safely in France to give the Germans a further taste of that which they received more than from which to-day they are showing such ardent desire to withdraw.
Most of these scions of Dauphin county stock are enrolled on the records of the Three Hundred and Sixteenth Infantry, which had been located at Camp Meade. Others are included in the membership of the Three Hundred and Fourteenth Infantry, the Twenty-eighth Engineers and other units, composing the Seventy-ninth division. Practically the entire membership of the division is made up of Pennsylvanians.
The Seventy-ninth departed for France several weeks ago. Announcements of their arrival, however, have just been received in official headquarters.
Most of the stalwart Dauphin countians have been training for the grim duty of war on the other side since last November, although some of them have been drilling and performing all duties required in the making of a soldier a less period of time. This division now composes one of the best trained to be sent across to help whip the Hun into submission.

Foch Feat in War Stirs French Capital to Praise

Paris, July 19.—The liveliest admiration is expressed in competent circles over Thursday's feat of arms and every credit is given the officers who carried out the attack. In the General Foch has so husbanded his troops that while continuously fighting defensive battles he always found men with which to deal a counter stroke at the right place and time. Usually, it is declared, the generalissimo has surprised the Germans who had underestimated the French reserves.

BACK UP CHEERS WITH WAR STAMPS, IS MAYOR'S ADVICE

"I WANT everybody who paraded last night and all those who took their enthusiasm out in cheering the marchers to go to the post office to-morrow and back up the boys over there by the purchase of at least one War Savings Stamp."
That is Mayor Keister's practical idea as to how the city should celebrate the American victory in France.
"Let us stop 'passing the buck,'" said the Mayor to a Telegraph representative to-day, "and each one show his patriotism by buying War Savings Stamps to back up our soldiers in France. 'Anybody can cheer. Cheering is cheap. So is parading. But the man who backs up his cheering and his parading by the purchase of a War Savings Stamp is a patriot and is entitled to as noisy a celebration of our victory as he desires."
"I hope," continued the Mayor, "that this War Savings Stamp celebration will be as successful as the impromptu jubilee last evening."

YANKEES IN WAR DRIVE PLAY BIG PART IN ATTACK

Americans in Helping to Stop Huns Are Steady, Courageous and Skilful

ALL HARRISBURG LOSES SLEEP TO CHEER VICTORS

Whistles and Bells Bring Out People and Impromptu Parade Results

Not since the night following the day on which Schley smashed up the Cerberus Spanish fleet at Santiago, back in 1898, did Harrisburg have such an impromptu celebration as that of last night.
The Telegraph gave to thousands of Harrisburgers first knowledge that the Americans were attacking successfully and the news kept filtering in over the wires until about 10 o'clock it became apparent that the Americans and French together had achieved a great victory.
Then the railroad whistles cut loose, bells were rung and the fog horns on the munitions mills roared out their alarm. Hundreds of early sleepers roused from their slumbers thought it was a fire until a second yard engineer unable to restrain himself and seeking an outlet for his feeling through his whistle rope, went out across the river tooting something like this:
"Root-i-toot-toot! Root-i-toot-toot! Root-i-toot-toot," which was taken up by other whistles and old stagers who had heard fire whistles on many occasions decided against any such explanation, concluded

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HUNS TO HIDE U-BOAT VICTIMS FROM PEOPLE

Washington, July 19.—An official dispatch made public here to-day said that in an effort to hide from the German public and the crews of submarines the extent of submarine losses, the high command has issued an order forbidding the statement in death notices that the deceased was a member of a submarine crew unless the loss of the submarine has been officially announced.

HARRISBURG
probably has 750 of its boys in France
BUY W. S. S.
to back them up.

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YANKEES PRESS ON IN FACE OF ENEMY FORCES

American and French Troops Advance Steadily For Fresh Gains; Huns Give Up Booty and Prisoners

PRESSURE ON RHEIMS RELEASED

American and French troops still are advancing along the line from the Aisne to the Marne, where on Thursday morning they launched a counter offensive of large proportions.
German reserves hurried up to meet the threat against the enemy's right flank in the Soissons-Chateau Thierry-Rheims salient, are engaged in the struggle, which is raging with great violence along the whole front.

Italians Hit Hard Blow
The reaction of the allies is not restricted to the line from the Aisne to the Marne, South of the Marne, at the point where the Germans had made their greatest advance during the first three days of their offensive, the French have retaken Montvoisin and ejected the enemy from the outskirts of Oeuilly, two miles to the westward. North of the Marne and between the river and Rheims, the French and Italians have struck back at the German forces.

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HUNS FLEE BEFORE AMERICAN FIGHTERS

With the American Army in the Aisne-Marne Front.—One of the greatest surprises for the Americans in the opening of the offensive was the flight of the Germans before the attack. At two villages on the southern portion of the line the hands of the clocks had been stopped by shell fire at 4.45 o'clock, indicating the time the allies had started their bombardment on Thursday morning. A lad who had left a Chicago school to join the army was wounded in the leg soon after the start of the attack. His chief worry seemed to be that his comrades who had gone would fear he had been killed.

PENNSYLVANIA TROOPS IN OFFENSIVE

Washington—American troops engaged in the great offensive include the New England, rainbow and sunset divisions of National Guardsmen and selected men from Michigan, Wisconsin, New York, Kansas, Missouri, Alabama, Georgia, Tennessee, North and South Carolina District of Columbia and Pennsylvania. These would be in addition to other National Guardsmen and regulars.

SOISSONS FALLS TO ALLIES

WASHINGTON—WHILE NO ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE CAPTURE OF THE CITY OF SOISSONS HAS REACHED THE WAR DEPARTMENT, SECRETARY BAKER SAID TO-DAY THAT THE FALL OF THAT CITY SEEMED TO BE INDICATED BY DISPATCHES.

HUN U-BOAT SINKS BORUNGA

London—The British transport Barudga has been sunk by a submarine, the admiralty announced this afternoon. There were no casualties.

BASEBALL IS NON-ESSENTIAL

Washington—Professional baseball was held a non-essential occupation under the work or fight order to-day by Secretary Baker.

ALLIES GET 16,000 PRISONERS

London July 19.—French troops in their counter offensive in the battle zone between the Aisne and the Marne captured 16,000 prisoners yesterday, according to news reaching London this afternoon.

MARRIAGE LICENSES
George W. Graham and Mabel M. Row, Williamstown.