

CHURCH OF GOD PASTORS PLACED

The Rev. Dr. Yates Returns to Fourth Street Church; New Pastor at Nagle St.

Attoona, Pa., Oct. 10.—Yesterday the Church of God concluded its annual business sessions with a memorial service in honor of three members who died during the year.

Attoona, Pa., Oct. 10.—Yesterday the Church of God concluded its annual business sessions with a memorial service in honor of three members who died during the year.

Stover, the Rev. H. F. Hoover, the Rev. G. H. Hoover and L. C. Miller, G. W. Fox and Charles S. Meek, laymen. The Rev. W. H. Snyder, of Martinsburg, was elected statistical clerk of the eldership, and Mechanicsburg was chosen as the place of the next meetings.

The following appointments were announced. Attoona—First Church, C. F. Raitzel; Fourth Street, E. F. Aspor; Lakemont and Hollidaysburg, C. N. Krenmaker; Roaring Springs, J. A. Dettler; Martinsburg, W. H. Snyder; Philadelphia, T. B. Tyler, Lancaster, G. R. Hoover; Lancaster Mission, Charles Snyder; Smithville, J. C. Witmer; Rohrersburg, F. W. McGuire; Lindsville, Jonas Martin; Washington borough, F. M. Thomas; Columbia, I. M. Denny; Bainbridge, H. Whitaker; Maytown, M. C. Munnick; Mount Joy, I. A. McDannald; Elizabethtown, H. E. Hoover; Meddletown, O. M. Crabb; Highspire, A. G. Her; Steelton, C. W. Getz; Enhart, C. H. Grove.

Farrisburg—Fourth Street, W. N. Yates; Green Street, H. Hershey; Nagle Street, E. E. Kauffman; Mayday Street, W. S. Houck; Pleasant View, G. W. Harper; Monroe Street, W. J. Winfield; Penbrook, J. C. Fort-crook; Progress and Linglestown, J. P. Wieser; Mount Laurel, H. E. Wagner; Snodgrass, W. D. Shick; Fredericksburg, Archie Raessler; Auburn and Kimmel, E. P. Vador; Valley View, C. D. Collins; Matamoras, E. F. Sipe; Mount Carmel, J. O. Weigle; Wormleysburg, S. E. Vance; New Cumberland, C. G. Heises; Churchtown, J. W. Gable.

Conrad Rinkenbach & Sonse OPTOMETRISTS & OPTICIANS 212 H. 67 ST. HARRISBURG, PA. Where Glasses Are Made Right.

Bowmansdale, E. J. Huggins; Endo's, C. D. Rishel; Yountown, E. A. Mell; Goldsboro, W. S. Sturgeon; York—Vander Avenue, W. H. Shute, West Poplar Street, Franklin Broske; Camp Hill, C. O. Huston; Lieburne, A. L. Kriner; Harney and Mount Olivet, L. C. Sollenberger; Mechanicsburg, E. L. C. Baw; Carlisle, A. P. Stover; Plainfield E. W. Moyer; Newville, E. F. Sitzer; Mount Holly, W. J. Winfield, Sillsburg, B. E. Sellar; Lower Ferry, N. Good; Chambersburg, H. D. Feulner; Marysville, Wesley Wright; Genvalde, E. Sheets; Duncannon, B. E. Sellar; Shippenburg, J. O. Easer; Upper Perry, J. F. Strize; Landisburg, E. E. Fackler; Walnut Grove, C. D. Morgan; Saxton, C. F. Strickler; Six Mile Run, W. A. Spiese; Brisbane, J. H. Gilbert.

May Give Roosevelt Command of Division of New England Men

Springfield, Mass., Oct. 10.—The Republican yesterday says: "Colonel Theodore Roosevelt may be given a commission as major general and authorized to raise a division, to be recruited possibly from New England alone. At least it is intended that it shall be organized and equipped here. It is stated on good authority that New England Governors are favorable to the plan and are working with Mr. Roosevelt and military men to further it. It is also intimated that opposition in Washington is being overcome. The original plan of a Roosevelt division is now diminishing and the present plans stand a good chance of success."

The statement in part says: "The Franco-German front on the Aisne, 1917, and Verdun, 1916, have already been compared, and it has been stated that they are virtually of the same length. It has been stated that the German forces occupying them before the attack were equally comparable, twelve and fourteen divisions, the same period, from May to September, the Germans engaged 108 divisions against the French. The British and American forces engaged 45 divisions. The French took 5,863 prisoners at Verdun and 8,552 on the Aisne. The only number on the French front.

"The improved French fighting methods since adopted by the other armies and also as testified by the German staff before the defeat of the Somme, in explaining their defeat to the perfect use of technical methods. "If the above communication is extended to-day to the entire Franco-English front, if you count the front from April 15 to June 15 the enemy engaged 108 divisions against the Anglo-French forces, and finally, as one bears in mind that the successes of the British offensive at Arras obliged the enemy to engage fifteen divisions during the last ten days, you can understand what the losses on the western front grow heavier and heavier (they admit the loss of 15,000 men during the month of May, 140,000 are estimated by the Allied staff during the month of June). This is because the fighting on the western front virtually never ceases.

"Carefully prepared small actions which have been crowned with success and which the British are not able to give a clear idea increase the attrition of the Germans. All the measures they have taken have been defensive in character, intended to strengthen their resistance in the face of Anglo-French forces. "Germany has made her supreme military effort. This is evidenced in the following statements, which should be compared for future enlightenment. "After the formation of the twenty-seven divisions Germany had intended to create ten more divisions with the remnants of the series 601-602. Not only has she been obliged to abandon the latter part of her program, in spite of calling out a portion of the class of 1915, but she has been obliged to break up several newly-formed regiments to reinforce her fighting men during the first time since the beginning of the war a clear decrease in the total regiments of the German armies is on record.

"At the very time that her total strength is diminishing Germany finds herself obliged to increase her reserves on the French front to forty divisions, with the sole aim of providing relay and resistance. "Germany has still great powers of resistance which will take all the Allied forces to break. She is capable of executing very effective offensives. On the other hand, British and French armies have reached their full strength in men and material and are capable, with help of America, of maintaining the enormous strength which they have gained to the end of the war. To this strength will be added the great American Army."

KAISER FEELS NEED OF MEN ON WEST FRONT

German Man-Power Crumbling in Crisis; Teuton Hosts Diminishing

Washington, Oct. 10.—German resources are diminishing at the moment when they should be increasing, and the Kaiser is arranging a wholesale transfer of picked men from the Russian front for divisions exhausted on the western front.

The foregoing is the substance of a statement issued today by the French High Commission through the Committee on Public Information and based on official data of the French general staff.

From the statement, it would appear that were it not for the ineffectiveness of the Russian armies, the army lines on the west would be broken by the German wholesale withdrawals from the east to the west would have been impossible.

The statement in part says: "The Franco-German front on the Aisne, 1917, and Verdun, 1916, have already been compared, and it has been stated that they are virtually of the same length. It has been stated that the German forces occupying them before the attack were equally comparable, twelve and fourteen divisions, the same period, from May to September, the Germans engaged 108 divisions against the French. The British and American forces engaged 45 divisions. The French took 5,863 prisoners at Verdun and 8,552 on the Aisne. The only number on the French front.

"The improved French fighting methods since adopted by the other armies and also as testified by the German staff before the defeat of the Somme, in explaining their defeat to the perfect use of technical methods. "If the above communication is extended to-day to the entire Franco-English front, if you count the front from April 15 to June 15 the enemy engaged 108 divisions against the Anglo-French forces, and finally, as one bears in mind that the successes of the British offensive at Arras obliged the enemy to engage fifteen divisions during the last ten days, you can understand what the losses on the western front grow heavier and heavier (they admit the loss of 15,000 men during the month of May, 140,000 are estimated by the Allied staff during the month of June). This is because the fighting on the western front virtually never ceases.

"Carefully prepared small actions which have been crowned with success and which the British are not able to give a clear idea increase the attrition of the Germans. All the measures they have taken have been defensive in character, intended to strengthen their resistance in the face of Anglo-French forces. "Germany has made her supreme military effort. This is evidenced in the following statements, which should be compared for future enlightenment. "After the formation of the twenty-seven divisions Germany had intended to create ten more divisions with the remnants of the series 601-602. Not only has she been obliged to abandon the latter part of her program, in spite of calling out a portion of the class of 1915, but she has been obliged to break up several newly-formed regiments to reinforce her fighting men during the first time since the beginning of the war a clear decrease in the total regiments of the German armies is on record.

CROPS GO BELOW EARLY FORECAST

Frosts Damage Harvests; Buckwheat Hard Hit

According to an agricultural bulletin just issued Pennsylvania's potato, corn and buckwheat crops of the state will fall far below the flattering predictions for bumper crops which were made during the past few months, as the frosts of September 10 and 11 have caused serious injury to corn and buckwheat, while potato growers report blight and rot seriously cutting down the potato yield.

In some sections of the state the frosts practically killed all chances of large corn crop and buckwheat yields. The conditions prior to the early part of September gave every indication of splendid crops, but the early freezing spell has caused a large percentage of the corn to soften and buckwheat has been very badly frozen in spots.

In some sections of Somerset county 95 per cent. of the corn is reported soft and 40 per cent. of the buckwheat frozen. In Northumberland county the buckwheat is poor and in Monroe county 50 per cent. of the corn was damaged while frosts that hung along the Delaware river flats during the two nights of frost saved the corn in fields in that district.

In Westmoreland county it is reported that some sections show a third of the potatoes affected by rot and the same condition is true in Mercer county where the corn crop is reported in some sections as the poorest in years. Even in Lancaster and Bucks counties the reports indicate that the lack of cultivation and thinning will cut down the production of corn below the normal in some sections.

In Jefferson county some farmers report that the buckwheat will hardly yield more than seed while in Clarion county the potatoes are reported smudged and affected by rot. In Indiana county the corn and buckwheat have been greatly damaged and potatoes are rotting due to the wet weather and blight. In Fayette county many potatoes are rotting and the buckwheat is light and will hardly yield more than ten to twelve bushels to an acre in some sections. In Wayne county three-fourths of the buckwheat was damaged by the frosts and the potato crop is below the average.

Reports are coming to the Department from all sections of the state, but the districts that have suffered the most damage are the interior and northern tier counties. Large acreages of wheat and rye have been sown in these sections and it is favored by the winter season the largest crops of these grains is expected next year.

CROWDER PLANS DRAFT CHANGES

Regulation Governing Married Men Will Be Made Unambiguous

Washington, D. C., Oct. 10.—The changes in the War Department regulations governing exemptions under the selective draft law virtually are assured of adoption before the second draft of 500,000 men is ordered. One of the new regulations is to be a stricture against men who are government married men and others with dependents.

It became known today that prominent members of the draft appeal boards in several states have conferred with Major General Crowder, the provost marshal general, both in person and by letter, and that their recommendations with respect to revised regulations are being assimilated with a view of a presentation to concrete suggestions to the President and the Secretary of War.

General Crowder will not discuss the proposed changes at this time for the reason that discontent and bad humor might be stirred in the ranks of the first National Army if the impression were given at this time that exemptions might be granted in certain cases in the next draft. He has declined to admit that such revisions of the regulations are being considered by the draft appeal boards called here today for the purpose of their missions.

New Rule For Married Men It is contended that a new rule will be laid down for guidance of the local exemption boards in cases of married men. More complaints were received by General Crowder in the cases of men who were exempted, due to different interpretations of the regulations by the different boards, than in the case of men who were denied exemptions. The boards in numerous cases accepted the local construction of the regulations as favoring discharge of married men, while others took a directly opposite view. The President merely reiterated what was set forth in the original regulations, that the fact of dependency and not the fact of marriage should be cause for exemption.

Many boards excused men on this ground without inquiring into the actual condition of the man, or whether a man drawn had other means of income than that derived from the wages of his wife. General Crowder believes that if a literal construction of the regulations is insisted upon, the regulations as written that slight exemptions should be granted on the ground of dependency and not the fact of marriage.

Members of Congress interested in the proposed revision of the regulations, and many favor a hard and fast rule stated in plain English, to govern not only cases of dependency, but for agricultural and other vocations. Representative Madden, of Illinois, urged Congress to adopt an amendment to the draft law stating the various classes of industrial workers that are to be exempt and the types of employment to be included. Farmers' organizations throughout the country have petitioned Congress for a plain statement in the law relative to the exemption of farm labor.

One of the points in connection with the proposed revision of the exemption regulations causing annoyance at the War Department relates to men exempted in the first draft. Under the law as construed by General Crowder a certificate of exemption is valid only so long as the basis for exemption exists. Under the ruling, if changes are made in the rules so that men exempted for cause or another in the first draft would be liable for service if called on the second list, these exempted men will be subject to call.

Rev. Abraham Hostetter, Oldest U. B. Minister, Dies

Mount Joy, Pa., Oct. 10.—The Rev. Abraham Hostetter, the oldest resident of Mount Joy, died on Monday, aged 91 years, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Thomas Geise. He was a son of the late Rev. Jacob Hostetter. Besides Mrs. Geise, he has other daughter, Mrs. Joseph Heisey, of Elizabethtown, survives. The Rev. Mr. Hostetter had three brothers and five sisters, but Jacob Hostetter of Silver Spring; Mrs. Benjamin Seigley, of Rifton, and Mrs. Jacob Zenger, of Mount Joy, are the only ones now living. The Rev. Mr. Hostetter was the oldest preacher of the Brethren in Christ denomination and had been a minister of the Gospel for more than sixty years. He was one of the most powerful preachers of the United Brethren Church. Funeral services will be held tomorrow morning at Mount Pleasant.

Recent Deaths in Central Pennsylvania

Columbia.—Mrs. Elizabeth Boyer Strickler died at her home here, aged 88 years. Three children and two stepchildren survive. Columbia.—Isaac Crewson died at his home on the Bushong farm, near Columbia, 11 days ago. Marietta.—Christopher C. Amwake, aged 65, a native of Lancaster, died on Monday. He was a member of the Lutheran Church and was driver for the police force many years. His wife and three children survive. Marietta.—John Hause, aged 75, of Salunga, died after a long illness Monday night. He was a stonemason by trade and worked during the winter months at hutchings. A number of brothers and sisters survive.

KICKED BY HORSE

While working for the Duncannon Iron Company, at Duncannon, Jacob Shafney was kicked by a horse on the left side of his face was lacerated, and his eye badly hurt. He was brought to the Harrisburg Hospital for treatment.

Cured His RUPTURE

I was badly ruptured while lifting a trunk several years ago. Doctors said my only hope was an operation. Trusses did me no good. Finally I got hold of something that quickly and completely cured me. Years have passed and the rupture has never returned, although am doing hard work as a carpenter. There was no operation, no lost time, no troubling of my business, and I will give full information about how you may find a complete cure without operation at your writing to me. Eugene M. Pullen, Carpenter, 3613 Marcellus Avenue, Manassas, Va. Write to any others who are ruptured—you may save a life or at least stop the misery and capture and the worry and danger of an operation.

Catarrhal Deafness May Be Overcome

If you have Catarrhal Deafness or head noises go to your druggist and get 1 ounce of Furmint (double strength) and add to it of hot water and 4 ounces of granulated sugar. Take 1 tablespoonful four times a day. This will often bring quick relief from the distressing head noises. Clogged nostrils should open, breathing become easy and the mucus stop dropping into the throat. It is easy to breathe, coughs, colds and pleurisy to take. Any one who has Catarrhal Deafness or head noises should give this prescription a trial.

Bowman's HOME CRAFT WEEK This Is featuring in all their beauty and freshness— Draperies, Curtains, Curtain Material Cretonnes etc., for enhancing the beauty of your home for the coming winter months. It's a national plan to make this week the time to better the appearance of the home—to make it more comfortable, more attractive. Our Drapery Section is Ready with the Right Merchandise and the Right Ideas

Featuring particularly Quaker Craft Lace—in a wealth of artistic patterns for window coverings. You Will Be Interested in the Following Displays Levera lace curtains, in white, ivory and ecru—handsome designs. Pair, \$5.00 to \$12.00. Barred and figured marquise curtains in white, ivory and ecru—lace trimmed. Pair, \$5.00. Twine cloth curtains in ivory and ecru—fine edgings. Pair, \$4.00. Quaker Craft net curtains in white, ivory and ecru. Pair, \$3.00 to \$5.50. Filet net curtains in white, ivory and ecru. Pair, \$1.75 to \$4.50. Marquise curtains in white, ivory and ecru—lace and insertion trimming. Pair, \$1.50 to \$6.50. Scrim curtains in white, ivory and ecru—lace and insertion trimming. Pair, \$1.25 to \$3.25. Twine cloth for curtains in white, ivory and ecru. Yard, 45¢. Marquise in white, ivory and ecru. Yard, 22¢ to 49¢. Imported scrim in white, ivory and ecru. Yard, 50¢. English madras in white, ivory and ecru—some with colored designs. Yard, 25¢ to \$1.10. Imported and domestic cretonnes—in the rich dark tones. Yard, 25¢ to \$1.25. Figured marquise and scrim in white, ivory and ecru—38 inches wide. Yard, 40¢ to 59¢. Barred marquise and scrim in white, ivory and ecru. Yard, 18¢ to 59¢. Hemstitched marquise with Cluny lace edge. Yard, 49¢. Scrim, in white and ecru, with blue, green, brown and rose floral borders—38 inches wide. Yard, 39¢. Filet net in white, ivory and ecru—36 to 44 inches wide. Yard, 29¢ to \$1.00. Marquise with one-inch band border, in white, cream and ecru. Yard, 25¢. Mercerized rep in rose, mulberry, brown and old blue. 50 inches wide. Yard, \$1.10. Marquise curtains with hemstitched borders—in white, ivory and ecru. Pair, \$1.50. Scrim curtains with neat lace edges in white, ivory and ecru. Pair, \$1.10.

Tomorrow, Thursday---Will Be Stylish Stout Day in Our Newly Appointed Corset Section on the Second Floor With Miss Mary Jones of New York who will give intelligent assistance to the proper selection of the corset and the fitting of every type of figure—in which the stylish contour will be brought out. Confidential advice and fitting will be featured privately in our new French gray and rose rooms—the best appointed department in the city for the demonstration and show of intimate apparel. —The corsets given especial prominence under the charge of Miss Jones are Lestelle Lace Front- LaVida - Stylish Stout Miss Jones is a fashion exponent and she will give our patrons advice to-morrow on the ever-interesting topic, "How to be stylish though stout," and show the wonderful "Stylish Stout" corsets and demonstrate their matchless value as beauty-builders through figure-improvement.

New Stock of Fine Undermuslins Beautiful garments—from the plain tailored styles to the elaborately trimmed and hand-embroidered garments. An exhibit larger and more impressive than ever. Gowns, Chemise, Skirts designed in a host of distinctive creations—smartly trimmed with fine laces, embroidery, ribbon, organdy, etc. The sort of undergarments that is desired by the well-dressed women. Beautiful Silken Underwear New garments a joy to behold. Filmy, airy and shimmering—they must be seen to have their charm fully appreciated.

Special Sale Tomorrow of Silk Camisoles Flesh color jersey silk camisoles in several different styles—lace trimmed—hemstitched and plain tailored effects. While this underprice purchase lasts, your choice at 79¢

The Second Liberty Loan —The campaign for the Second Liberty Loan, three billion dollars, is on, and will be concluded October 27th. —Greet the volunteers who may solicit you with a glad hand—they get nothing for their efforts; their work in this direction is wholly inspired by patriotism, by love of country, by a stern realization of the great need of co-operation to help win the war and to protect you, those dear to you, and the homes and industries of the American people. —The United States Government does not ask anything of you—she gives to you instead—gives you the best security in the world for your savings and pays you four percent. —Show that you are with the government in the performance of the high mission she has undertaken by subscribing liberally to this second Liberty Loan. —Get Enthusiastic---Buy A Bond or Several

Society Brand Clothes FOR YOUNG MEN AND MEN WHO STAY YOUNG Society Brand Clothes are invariably correct for all ages. They typify the modern trend toward youthfulness, in business, in thought and in dress.

OUR organization, fully developed, works in harmony to complete every operation to a fixed standard so that the finished garment matches the perfect model we set as our ideal. No garment is a genuine Society Brand model unless the inside pocket bears the label. Go to "Style Headquarters"—the store that sells Society Brand Clothes. A postal card will bring you our Fall Fashion Book. ALFRED DECKER & COHN, Makers, Chicago For Canada: SOCIETY BRAND CLOTHES, Limited, Montreal

COME in and see our complete assortment of Society Brand Models. The styles, weaves and patterns that fashion has decreed popular for Fall you will find here. H. MARKS & SON 4th and Market Streets STYLE HEADQUARTERS—THE STORE THAT SELLS SOCIETY BRAND CLOTHES