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REVOLT IN SPAIN RUMORED AFTER NEWS IS CUT OFF

Trouble Believed to Be Due Largely to Proposed Domestic Reforms

PREMIER DENIES IT

Serious Industrial Unrest Said to Have Also Affected Army

By Associated Press London, June 16.—Rumors of a serious revolutionary movement in Spain are given prominence in a section of the press. There has been an almost complete absence of news from the peninsula since the appointment of the new ministry...

One of two solitary Madrid telegrams which have reached here in the last four days carries a denial by Premier Dato of a report of insurrection of part of the Bilbao garrison. This is the only direct confirmation of newspaper statements that a grave military crisis exists in Spain...

Industrial Unrest The Daily News has reports of serious industrial unrest. It says the rank and file of the army contains as many factors as the industrial world probably the chief link between them in the matter of grievances...

MISS CLEVELAND TO WED

New York, June 16.—The engagement of Miss Marion Cleveland, youngest daughter of Grover Cleveland, to William Stanley Dell of this city, was announced at Princeton, N. J., today by Mrs. Thomas J. Preston Jr., who was the wife of the late president.

TOLD TO HOLD NERVE

Copenhagen, June 16.—Admiral Von Tirpitz and Field Marshal Von Hindenburg have replied approvingly to telegrams of congratulation from the German committee for German peace at Essen. Von Tirpitz replied: "The submarines will reach their goal if we at home retain our nerve."

DISTRICT STANDS WELL

Philadelphia, June 16.—The Liberty Loan subscriptions for the Philadelphia district totaled \$223,000,000 this morning, with many subscriptions yet to be tabulated. The maximum quota for the district was \$175,000,000.

THE WEATHER

For Harrisburg and vicinity: Fair, continued cool to-night; Sunday fair and warmer. For Eastern Pennsylvania: Fair to-night and Sunday; continued cool to-night; warmer Sunday; gentle to moderate north winds.

General Conditions

The high pressure area from the West, with its attendant cool weather, has overspread the eastern half of the United States. Temperatures generally east of the Rocky mountains and south and east of the Ohio river are 2 to 10 degrees lower than on Friday morning and considerably below the normal for the season.

BONDS SELL AT PAR

New York, June 16.—Dealing in Liberty Loan bonds in the stock market here was resumed today with the sale of a lot of \$10,000 at par, after the opening.

PERSHING GETS DOWN TO REAL WORK OF WAR

Takes Up His Duties in Plainly Furnished American Army Headquarters

WREATH FOR LAFAYETTE

Great-Grandson of Famous Revolutionary Leader Thanks Commander

Paris, June 16.—After three days as the guest of France, in which extraordinary honors were bestowed upon him, Major General Pershing today plunged into the work of making preparations for the arrival and disposition of the American military forces which he is to command. Early this morning he walked from his hotel, carrying an armful of documents, to the new American army headquarters in the Rue de Constantine, near the Hotel des Invalides. He sat for the first time at the plain table in the barely furnished office and took up the great volume of business which has been accumulating before and since his arrival.

General Pershing found in his mail numerous requests from Americans serving in armies of the allies to be transferred to the American army in France. Many American civilians in France have made application to enlist or for commissions. The general is guided strictly by the War Department's decision not to receive the transfer of Americans from the foreign legion or from the English Canadian armies except for work in the American army, as in other specialized capacities. Consequently most of the Americans now serving with other armies will remain with them.

Wreath Laid on Tomb of Marquis de Lafayette, Hero of the Revolution

Paris, June 15.—The Marquis De Chambrun, the descendant of the Marquis de Lafayette, was chosen to return formal thanks to-day when General Pershing laid a wreath on the grave of the famous revolutionary general in the Piqueux cemetery. The Marquis De Chambrun said: "There is no place so appropriate as this tomb at which to salute the hero of the cause of the United States. In your person, General, I bow before the sword which America casts into the scale for liberty, civilization and humanity. We may fairly say that the bonds uniting our two countries are in no way the result of skilled diplomacy. They are justified by the principles of liberty, justice and independence, principles which hitherto have formed the strength of our two democracies and they will certainly bring about victory."

"We know that our two great countries are invincible. They have already proved it and it rejoices us to think that a new victory is about to consecrate these same principles. General, in placing these flowers on this tomb, you have touched the hearts of all Frenchmen as you have touched the heart of Lafayette's great-grandson."

General Pershing replied: "It is a great pleasure to me to see representatives of the German press told yesterday at the regular weekly press conference in Berlin that the arrival of American troops in noteworthy numbers in European theaters was to be expected only in 1918. The general staff lecturer also took the ground that the American forces should be treated as a negligible quantity in the general reckoning, owing to the difficulties of finding sufficient tonnage for transportation and supply. The suggestion was followed in numerous articles in the newspapers yesterday and this morning."

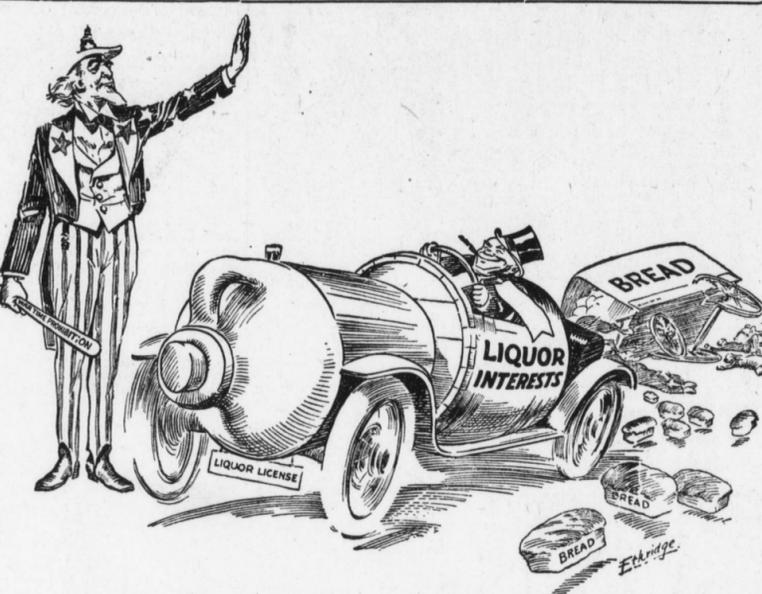
President's Flag Day Address Makes Profound Impression in France

Paris, June 16.—President Wilson's Flag Day address has made a profound impression in France. No public speech since the beginning of the war has so readily touched French imagination. It completes the effect of the arrival of General Pershing in bringing to the public mind a full realization of what America's aid means and, like a breath of fresh air, reinvigorates and stifes the army and people in the determination to struggle to a victory now more than ever certain. All the newspapers print the speech verbatim under double-column headings and the most salient passages appear in leaded capitals.

Every French Soldier to Get Pint of Wine to Drink Pershing's Health

Paris, June 16.—The army committee of the Chamber of Deputies has adopted a resolution recommending the remitting of all outstanding punishments in the army for minor offenses in honor of General Pershing. The resolution also requests that an extra ration of a pint of wine be served to the soldiers in celebration of the arrival of the American general.

"THE JOY-RIDER!"



NO NEED TO FEAR AMERICAN ARMY, GERMANS TOLD

U. S. Soldiers to Be Treated as a "Negligible Quantity"

SEE CLEAR SAILING

Berlin Expert to See No Offensive on the Part of Russia

Stockholm, June 16.—The Social Democrats says Germany has made an offer of peace to Russia through a member of the Swiss Federal Council. Various moves on the part of Germany and Austria since the Russian revolution to arrange a separate peace with Russia have been reported, although the German government has not directly by other government. A week ago the Council of Workmen and Soldiers' Delegates of Russia made public the fact that the German commander-in-chief on the eastern front had sent a wireless message inviting the Russian armies to a separate armistice to be followed by secret negotiations with the German leaders.

German Victory Certain?

Germany's situation was described as absolutely secure and German victory as certain, owing to the relentless working of the submarine. Heavy estimates of French and British losses were supplied to furnish encouragement to the readers. England's losses in fifty days of the spring offensive were placed at 225,000 men, for thirty-four divisions engaged. The same proportion was applied to minor offenses in honor of General Pershing. The resolution also requests that an extra ration of a pint of wine be served to the soldiers in celebration of the arrival of the American general.

Forty-One Dead in Blast at Munitions Factory

London, June 16.—The casualties in the explosion in a munitions factory at Ashton-Under-Lyne on Wednesday were reported officially to-day as forty-one killed and 130 injured. The announcement follows: "The following casualties are reported in the Ashton-Under-Lyne explosion: Forty-one deaths, including twenty-nine men, three women, nine children; 130 injured, some seriously. It appears that the explosion resulted from a fire. A majority of the work people escaped, all the women having left before the explosion. The manager is among the dead."

BE A SAMARITAN CLERGYMEN WILL URGE AUDIENCES

Harrisburg Will Put Its Dollars Back of Boys Going to France

FAVORABLY REPORTED

Would Be Known as the United Lutheran Church in America

At the joint committee meeting of representatives of the three general bodies of the Lutheran Church in America, which will meet in Philadelphia in October and the United Synod of the South which will convene in Salisbury, North Carolina, in November, if the proposed merger is approved by these bodies it will then be referred to the constituent synods, about fifty in number, for final action. The merger, if approved by the constituent synods, it will be known as The United Lutheran Church in America. Perhaps a year or probably two will elapse before the merger can be perfected. A convention would have to be called at which time delegates from the constituent synods would be present to effect the permanent merger. All the synods in the United States and Canada are affected by the action.

14,269 on Official Draft Registration of City and County

Official registration figures of the draft enrollment on June 5 for the city and county give a total of 14,269. The city totals are 6,312 for the sixteen wards, and the county 7,957 for seventy-one districts. In the county there are 110 totally disabled, eight partially disabled, 1,279 occupational exemptions, 678; five totally disabled; 319 with dependents; seven occupational exemptions, and 319 with dependents. In the city there are eight legislative, judicial or executive officers enrolled; 105 totally disabled; 2,714 with dependents; 489 occupational and other exemptions; 2,426 indicating no exemptions; eleven alien enemies, and 493 aliens; colored registration, 65; sixteen totally disabled, 207 with dependents, seventeen occupational exemptions, and 425 indicating no exemptions.

Belgium's War Mission Reaches U. S. Port on Way to National Capital

An Atlantic Express June 16.—Belgium's official mission to the United States arrived in this country today. It is headed by Baron Moncheur, former minister to the United States and now chief of the political bureau of the Belgian foreign office at Havre. Other members of the commission are General Leclercq, who formerly commanded a division of Belgian cavalry; Hector Carlier, councillor of the commission, who is head of the Belgian judicial executive office; Major Osterrieth, former military attaché at the Belgian legation in Petrograd; Count D'Isel, former secretary of the Belgian legation at Teheran; and Jean D. Mertens. Baron Moncheur's wife is an American woman, daughter of General Royal Cluysen, once United States minister to Mexico.

WON'T ASK FOR PEACE

Berne, June 16.—Following the action of the national and state councils the Federal Council has decided to disregard various petitions praying it to take the initiative in proposing peace to the belligerents. The federal body decided that Switzerland was not in a position to present to offer mediation with any chance of success.

HARRISBURG UNIT OF SIGNAL CORPS IS ORDERED OUT

Will Entrain For Mobilization Camp Tomorrow Preparatory to Going Abroad

SEE SERVICE SOON

Will Keep Lines Established For Attacking Troops in France

After several weeks of drilling and learning telephone and signal work, the Harrisburg unit of the Bell Telephone Company of Pennsylvania and Associated Companies' Signal Corps has received orders to entrain Sunday evening for Philadelphia and on the following day to report in a body at Long Branch, N. J., for mobilization. For several weeks past, these men have, in service uniform, been working in the outlying sections of the city on telephone poles, stringing wires and cable, etc. They are already browned by the sun and when they report at the New Jersey camp will be as fine specimens of efficiency as it is possible to achieve. The following men have been called from the local offices: George K. Erb, 2101 North Sixth; Paul R. Kish, 2108 Fourth; Fredrick F. Lutz, supervisor of supplies, 223 Boss; Henry L. Taylor, 174 North Second; George A. Donbaugh, Wormleysburg; Victor L. C. Hasselkirk, construction foreman, Camp Hill; Myrl K. Miller, Shippensburg; Charles Johnson, York; Ray C. Trille, York; C. E. Althouse, Paradise; Samuel Bigham, McKnightstown; Raymond Brauer, Lancaster; Chauncey B. Fullerton, Red Lion; John C. A. Kiehl, Lancaster; Calvin E. Miller, Lancaster; William C. Hill, William A. Cuddeback, Bent Mt., Va. The first telegraph battalion of the signal reserve corps is composed of two companies, Company D having its headquarters in Philadelphia and Company E having its headquarters in Pittsburgh. The Harrisburg unit is composed of about 100 men, Bell telephone engineers and constructors. Three Branches of Service The First Telegraph Battalion is a unit of the entire signal reserve corps, composed of twenty-five companies.

RAILROAD HEADS DON'T OPPOSE TAXATION

Washington.—President Rea of the P. R. R. here to attend a meeting of the Senate committee on the proposed taxation bill said today: "The railroads are not here to protest against any taxes. Like other business men they are here to inquire what the proposed taxes are and to help if they can in making suggestions for proper taxes that will not only permit business to exist but to expand. He said Congressmen have the sympathy of the railroads in the arduous task of framing a new tax law and that they will assist in so far as it lies in their power."

JAPAN REFUSES TO HELP CHINA

Washington, June 16.—Japan has taken similar action to that of Great Britain in refusing to associate itself with the American action in asking the rival factions in China to compose their differences. No reason was given, but it is assumed that neither felt the American action would be successful.

JAPANESE STEAMER SUNK

Boston, June 16.—The Japanese steamer Tansan Maru, which left Boston May 9, for Manchester, England, has been sunk by a German submarine. Captain Nichikawa and the crew of twenty-seven, all Japanese, are reported to have been lost.

AMERICAN GUN CREW SAFE

Washington, June 16.—All the crew and naval gunners of the American tank steamer Petrolite, sunk by a German submarine near Gibraltar, now have been accounted for and are reported well.

GERMANY OFFERS RUSSIA PEACE

Stockholm, June 16.—The Social Demokraten says Germany has made an offer of peace to Russia through a member of the Swiss Federal Council.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Edward Larsh Bollinger and Florence Mabel Ripple, Harrisburg; Earl Ruby Shatz and Vera Irene Witt, Manchester; Charles Fleming Kohl and Elizabeth Jones Sarvis, Altoona; Charles Frank Aeri, Steelton; and Anna Kathryn Stipe, Middletown; William Christian Bury and Florence Belle Crist, Williamsport; William Robert Deven, Harrisburg; and Minnie Viola Hoffer, Hagerstown; Claude Ellis Sheaffer and Mae Imogene Reine, Harrisburg; Walter George Pochlauer, Williamsport; and Beatrice Hannah Burger, Harrisburg; John Cowley and Rachel Helman, Steelton; William Bumbaugh and Annetta Marie Myers, Harrisburg.

HAIG STRIKES ALONG ENTIRE GERMAN LINE

British Prepare to Deliver Blow on German Troops on an Unprecedented Scale; Reaction of Kaiser's Army Feeble Compared With Former Vim and Dash; Von Hindenburg Believed to Be Making Ready For Another Retreat

British troops are striking along the entire line they hold in Northern France, not with the terrific force which marked the victories of Arras and Messines, but in a more or less tentative manner, giving weight to the belief that Field Marshal Haig is preparing to launch a mighty blow on a hitherto unprecedented scale. Two features of the fighting stand out with sharp significance: The first is the feebleness with which the Germans are reacting and the second is the surprising promptness with which Berlin admits retreats in various sectors. The whole situation is entirely similar to that existing prior to the great "strategic retreat" of the Germans from the Somme. There is considerable evidence that Field Marshal Von Hindenburg is planning another great withdrawal and that Field Marshal Haig is pressing him at all points in the hope of delivering a shattering blow if such a second "retreat to victory" materializes.

Italians to Strike The Italians, having successfully maintained their advance in the face of the most formidable Austrian counterattacks, are apparently preparing for a resumption of their offensive. Vienna reports that the Italian guns have opened with the greatest violence in Carinthia, indicating that General Cadorna has chosen a new sector in which to deliver his next blow. The scene of the bombardment is some thirty miles north of Gorizia and an offensive in this region would support the reports that the Italian commander has far more ambitious plans than even the conquest of Trieste. The upheaval caused by the great war, which has already hurled two monarchs from their thrones, now menaces the ancient throne of Spain. The utmost exertions of the Spanish censors have failed to completely suppress the reports of grave happenings in the peninsula kingdom. From what little is known the Spanish army is taking the lead in the revolutionary movement, which is further accelerated by the food scarcity and industrial unrest. Rumors of a revolt have been current for several months and at the end of May it was announced that the constitutional guarantees would be suspended while the government prohibited all public manifestations in respect to international questions. This was followed by an outbreak at arcelona on June 1, the seriousness of which was indicated.

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Administration Eager to Get Information as to Russia's Intentions

Washington, June 16.—Russia has become the preoccupying question at the State Department in the light of the approach of the Russian mission to Washington, the beginning of negotiations by the American commission to Russia in Petrograd, and the continued reiteration of the demand of the Council of Soldiers and Workmen's Delegates for a settlement of the peace terms. In the shifting sands of Russia from day to day officials find trouble in arriving at the trend of the situation and are eagerly grasping at all information. Recent reports indicate that the Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates is not so dominating a factor as is generally assumed. It represents not over one million people of Russia's 180,000,000. The council is confined very largely to the industrial centers, whose voice is always the first heard and the loudest. The peasants, according to these reports, comprise the vast majority of the population and are being overwhelmingly in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war. They have not as yet shown the slightest sympathy with the radicals.

Slump in Recruiting Indicates Draft Will Be Needed to Fill Army

Washington, June 16.—Regular army recruiting took another slump yesterday and showed only 947 men, as against the daily average of more than five thousand necessary to fill the service to war strength by July 1. The probability that the first men drafted under the selective army law will go to fill the gaps in the regular service is increasing. The slump was general yesterday in all States. Pennsylvania led with the recruiting, reporting 103 and New York, with more than five thousand men to provide to fill her quota, dropped to 102.

Senate Passes Wilson's Priority Shipment Bill

Washington, June 16.—The Senate without a record vote to-day passed the administration's shipment bill, which would prevent the obstruction of interstate commerce and authorize the President to direct that shipments of commodities "essential to the prosecution of the war" be given preference in transportation. The bill now goes to the House.

FAIR AND WARMER

Washington, June 16.—Weather predictions for the Middle Atlantic States for the week beginning Sunday, issued by the Weather Bureau to-day, are: Generally fair and warmer.