AMERICA TAKES RELIEF WORKERS FROM BELGIUM

German Policy Compels United States to Withdraw From Stricken Country

Washington, March 24.—American relief workers in Belgium and American Minister Brand Whitlock have been formally withdrawn from Belgium. Official announcement to this effect was made at the State Department this morning.

The American relief commission will be replaced as far as possible by members of a point neutral commission largely under the supervision of Dutch military officials. Brand Whitlock will go to Havre, France, resuming his duties as minister at the temporary Belgian capital.

The following announcement was given out by the State Department:

"By direction of the President, the minister at Brussels has been instructed to withdraw from Belgium with foreign diplomatic and consular officers and take up his official residence at Havre.

"After consultation with the commission for relief in Belgium, Mr. Whitlock has also been instructed to arrange for the departure of the American members of the commission. This step, the seriousness of which is fully appreciated by the government, was taken only after careful consideration and full consultation with all the interests involved.

"When diplomatic relations with Germany were broken off the normal procedure would have been to withdraw the minister at Brussels and the American members of the relief commission. But this government and the commission, however, felt a heavy moral responsibility for the millions of innocent civilians behind the German lines, and it was decided that the work of the commission must be kept going despite all difficulties until continued American participation became impossible.

"For over two years it has been the single-minded purpose of this government and the commission to see that these ten millions of civilians were fed and with this end in view, the Americans concerned have submitted to restrictions forced on them by the German authorities, which under ordinary conditions, would never have been tolerated.

"Immediately after the break in relations the German authorities in Brussels withdrew from Mr. Whitlock the diplomatic privileges and immunities which he had up to that time enjoyed. His courier service to The Hague was stopped; he was denied the privilege of communicating with the Department of State in cipher and later even in plain language. The members of the relief commission were placed under great restrictions of movements and communications which hampered the efficient performance of their task. In spite of all these difficulties the government and the commission were determined to keep the work going till the last possible moment. Now, however, a more serious difficulty has arisen. In the course of the past ten days several of the commission's ships have been attacked without warning by German submarines in flagrant violation of solemn engagements of the German government. Protests addressed by this government to Berlin through the intermediary of the Spanish government have not been answered. The German government's disregard of its written undertakings causes grave concern as to the future of the relief work. In any event it is felt that the American staff of the commission cannot longer serve with advantage in Belgium. Although a verbal promise has been made that the members of the commission would be permitted to leave if they desire the German government's observance of its other undertakings has not been such that the department would feel warranted in accepting responsibility for leaving these American citizens in German occupied territory.

"This government has approved the proposals of the Netherlands government to send into Belgium a certain number of Netherlands subjects to carry on the work thus far performed by the American staff."

WINNERS IN BIG FURNITURE SALE

Hundreds Win Prizes in Event Conducted by Hoover's Furniture Store

Hundreds of Harrisburg people have been awarded prizes in the Prize Furniture Sale in progress at Hoover's Furniture Store, Second street, between Calder and Reily. A list of the prize-winners follow:

Mrs. L. L. Long, Mrs. W. W. DeSilvey, Mrs. S. J. Dunlap, Mrs. H. B. Heiser, Mrs. A. Donahue, Mrs. George Myers, Mrs. A. F. Blacksmith, Mrs. Charles Lytle, Mrs. Pearl Wade, Mrs. S. M. Kemerer, Mrs. Paul Kurzenknabe, Mrs. V. G. Eckenrode, Miss Mildred Wells, Mrs. J. Mulhahy, Mrs. D. Cless, Mrs. Roy Lechthaler, John Tuptaniski, Miss Wallace, Mrs. J. F. Klush, the Rev. E. A. Bossler, Miss H. Phine, Miss Fissell, Mrs. Strickler, J. A. Cleland, Mrs. C. E. Jacobs, Mrs. Shindler, Mrs. Lehmer, Mrs. E. Jackson, Miss Beatrice Miller, Mrs. R. H. Balfouser, Mrs. J. H. Bates, J. E. Coleman, R. H. Lynn, Mrs. W. R. Steever, Mrs. A. V. Duke, Mrs. George Miller, Mrs. W. H. Corl, Mrs. E. A. Snyder, Mrs. McBinney, Mrs. Ira Koons, Mrs. H. E. Hocker, W. G. Corl, Mrs. Frank Bowers, Mrs. John Houck, E. F. Ferree, C. E. Bingaman, J. A. Auker, W. S. Burkholder, Walter Sohn, R. R. Trollinger, L. E. Wickersham, Edna Eckert, Mrs. Bird, Samuel Baum, J. H. Harper, H. C. Monroe, W. N. Harbaker, B. F. Pennybacker, Mrs. Allison, Mrs. J. L. Ream, Mrs. W. A. Ream, Percy Lupkic, Mrs. William Keister, Mrs. Schermerhorn, Mrs. Hess, L. Lowengard, the Rev. Mr. Curtis, Mrs. H. E. Page, Dr. Batdorf, M. C. Fitting, Dr. Baker, Mrs. Bierbauer, Mrs. William Fresse, Mrs. C. Gibbons, E. G. Wertz, Mrs. Fetrow, Mrs. J. G. Strine, W. C. Saltsman, J. G. Swartz, Mrs. Minnear, Mrs. R. C. Batteny, Mrs. R. Houser, Mrs. J. B. Wright, N. H. Leavey, Grace Castle, Bertha Cleland, Mrs. J. Blough, E. H. Hallenbaugh, Mrs. E. Friess, Herbert Daniel, Mrs. J. H. Massner and Walter Baumgardner.

MOVING PICTURES FOR ALMSHOUSE URGED

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can be made. Praise is accorded the steward and matron and the warden of the county jail.

Recommendations of the grand jury follow:

"First. That the plumbing in the almshouse, especially in the toilet and washroom adjoining the diningroom, be modernized and made more sanitary. With this exception the condition of the almshouse, sanitary and otherwise, is beyond criticism.

"Second. That the inmates of the almshouse should be entertained occasionally by moving pictures in order to introduce some additional rays of sunshine into their lives.

"Third. That the pigsty at the county home should be immediately removed to location more remote from the main building. The odor arising therefrom, when the wind is from the east, permeates the almshouse to the discomfort of the inmates.

"Fourth. That a sanitary dough mixer be installed in the bakeshop of the county home.

"Fifth. That the superivisors of the several townships of this county be notified by the proper authorities, to open and keep open the side drains of the public roads so that the water and drainage may be carried off without damaging the roadway.

"Sixth. That the room occupied by the grand jury be painted; that a stationary washstand be placed therein and that sanitary drinking cups and towels be supplied for the use and safety of the county officials, jurors and employes in and about the courthouse."

Joseph A. Koons, the foreman, also reported that eighty-six of the bills of indictment presented were found true and twenty-five ignored.

AMERICAN AVIATOR IS DEAD

By Associated Press

Paris, March 24.—Further news from the front leaves no doubt that Sergeant J. R. McConnell, the American aviator, who now has been missing five days, after having been engaged in a combat with two machines over the German lines, was killed in action. Observers at a distance saw his machine fall in flames and his two German assailants returned toward their own lines, it is now learned.

POWELL MAKING TAX INQUIRIES

Auditor General Says Youths Are Looking Up Exemptions of Some Companies

Auditor General A. W. Powell said to-day that the dozen or more youths at work in his department were engaged in checking up data on corporation tax matters for the Joint Revenue Committee. He said that in addition to obtaining information on capital stock settlements he was having an inquiry made into the exemptions of capital of manufacturing corporations from State tax. The extreme youth of the persons at work and the big mass of correspondence they were handling in connection with the cases attracted much attention about the Capitol. The Auditor General said that the work was being done at the request of the Attorney General and revenue committee and that there was nothing unusual about it.

This work is separate from the regular audit being made of the accounts in the department by the Pittsburgh Audit Company and Liebrand, Ross Brothers and Montgomery, of Philadelphia.

The State Workmen's Compensation Commission will have some trouble getting its desired allowance from the Legislature for extra clerks and extra services. The board has about forty clerks now and is asking for over twenty additional as well as for an appropriation to carry the work of the bureau.

TURNED DOWN BY FRENCH RED CROSS

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Quartermaster Quirk, the young lady had tried to enter the Red Cross service in France at the opening of the war, but was refused because she was not a registered nurse.

The local officer was unable to give the young lady any definite information as to enlistment, but told her to return early next week.

Quartermaster Quirk has not received word from headquarters as to the requirements covering the enlistment of women, but expects his instructions early next week.

The six young women who have applied to enlist in the Navy have all promised to return to the office later and all were disappointed when Quartermaster Quirk could not enlist them. He took their names and addresses, however, and will notify them as soon as he hears from headquarters in Philadelphia.

Several young men, the first to visit the naval recruiting office in a week, made inquiry this morning concerning enlistment. One young man, who said he was an electrician, stated that he was making good wages here, but that when he saw in the HARRISBURG TELEGRAPH last night that women were enlisting it made him feel foolish. Other applications were received during the day.

25 Princeton Students to Sail June 1 For British Relief Work

New York, March 24. — Twenty-five Princeton students out of 75 who volunteered, plan to sail June 1 to conduct one year's relief among British soldiers and in European prison camps, it was announced here to-day. Undergraduates, graduates and members of the faculty have subscribed $16,000 to finance the project in response to a request from Sherwood Eddy, Young Men's Christian Association worker.

GERMANS COMPLAIN OF DUTCH

London, March 24.—A Berlin telegram transmitted by Reuer's Amsterdam correspondent maintains that the Dutch government was guilty of an unneutral act in permitting the armed British steamer Princess Melita to leave Dutch waters after her recent visit to them. The dispatch declares the steamer ought to have been interned.

GOVERNOR'S CALL HIGHLY PRAISED

Prominent Men Agree to Serve on Committee Which Will Meet Here Wednesday

Governor Brumbaugh's call to the eminent men of the state to constitute themselves a committee of safety and defense of Pennsylvania has met with praise in every portion of the commonwealth and men of big affairs have been wiring to the Governor their acceptances. In addition many offers to devote time and money to the cause have been received.

The meeting will be held in the executive reception room at the Capitol Wednesday morning and will be a notable gathering.

Among the acceptances of appointment on the Committee of Public Safety received by the Governor were:

M. C. Kennedy, Chambersburg: "Just in receipt of your letter of 31st, and gladly accept appointment to committee of public safety and to advise you my services are at command of Nation and State in present emergency."

C. H. Bergner, Harrisburg: "Permit me to say that I am prepared to accept this honor and place myself at the service of the State for anything within my power."

Thomas B. Smith, Mayor of Philadelphia: "I gladly accept service on the committee of public safety for Pennsylvania and will co-operate to the fullest extent in this work under the leadership of the patriotic chairman appointed by you."

E. M. C. Africa, Huntingdon: "Thank you for appointment and honor. Gladly accept and give best service."

STROUP RUSHES TRIAL AGAINST DOPE PEDDLER

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Counsel for the defense, because the information did not specify to whom Lane is alleged to have sold "dope" had the action of the grand jury yesterday quashed.

Then District Attorney Stroup again started the wheels of the law.

As a result Lane is still held and two charges instead of one are preferred.

Late yesterday Lane was called for trial in court. Earlier in the day a true bill had been returned, but Robert Stucker started a fight for time. Finding a flaw in the charge the case could not be started this morning.

Brings New Suits

District Attorney Stroup at once brought new suits and had Lane taken to police headquarters and given a hearing before Alderman James B. DeShong. Lane was held for court. With the grand jury still in session, the cases were hurried to the courthouse and witnesses called again. True bills were found, and at noon the Commonwealth was again ready to proceed.

Lane is from Reading. Robert Chenoweth and Dorothy Goodrich are the two persons to whom he is said to have sold the "dope." The prosecution resulted from the police raids of dives in the city. An effort is now being made to locate members of a ring, said to be operating here and additional arrests may follow.

Cases disposed of in court to-day follow: Harvey Jones, plea of guilty to carrying concealed deadly weapons, two months in jail; Fanny Carter, not guilty, charge assault and battery, costs divided between defendant and prosecutor, Tony Meals; Robert Tucker malicious mischief, two months in jail; Harry Reiner, acquitted, assault and battery; John Nagle, guilty, larceny charge; Irwin Bailets, three months, assault and battery charge; five months, larceny charge.

When Sarah Brenner, charged with assault and battery, was called and did not appear, her bail was forfeited and a capias issued to have her brought into court. Cross suits by Milan Velkovic and Kristo Anchoff, of Steelton, charging assault and battery, were closed this afternoon in courtroom No. 2 before Addtional Law Judge S. J. M. McCarrell.

Man and Wife Acquitted

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Williams, colored, were acquitted yesterday of a charge of stealing noodles, tapioca and a cake from the store of S. Woolfe Lacob, Steelton.

Sentences imposed were: Russell Hoke, of Highspire, one year to fifteen months in penitentiary. Hoke was convicted of breaking into the Bodmer House, Highspire. When called for sentence Assistant District Attorney Frank B. Wickersham produced Hoke's record, showing that this was his third offense, John Lango, convicted of a serious charge, was sentenced to pay the costs of the case, expenses of medical attention, serve eight months in jail, and pay $2 a week maintainence for the child until it is seven. Lango was accused by a girl whom he later introduced to his brother who married her.

Bills ignored by the grand jury. Charles Helig, larceny; and Jack Sears, alias Cunningham, assault and battery.

FILE SUIT FOR $363

Harry and Leon Lowengard, of the Patriot Job Print, Market street, brought suit against Robert F. Webster, to recover $363.69, alleged to be due for printing The Association Football News.

FORUM MEETS TOMORROW

The Forum will meet to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock in Wesley Union A. M. E. Zion Church in Forster street. G. M. Steinmets, managing editor of the Harrisburg Telegraph, will speak on "Good Citizenship."

DEFENSE BODY GIVES VIEWS ON PREPAREDNESS

Not One Refusal; Majority Deem It Their Duty to Serve Nation

Sixty-nine prominent men from all parts of the state to-day sent Governor Brumbaugh their acceptances of appointment on the state-wide Committee on Safety and Defense, among them four Harrisburgers. No declinations have been received from any of the 211 asked.

The Harrisburgers accepting were National Chairman Vance C. McCormick, Spencer C. Gilbert, William Jennings and James M. Cameron.

The acceptances from others and extracts from their letters were:

Avery D. Andrews, Philadelphia—"I consider it the duty of every citizen in this emergency to serve the country in every way in his power, and therefore have the honor to accept with much appreciation your appointment as a member of this committee and to place my services entirely at its disposal."

Samuel T. Bodine, Philadelphia—"I thank you for mustering me into the service of the Commonwealth in the present emergency."

J. M. Cameron, Harrisburg—"I shall be very glad to act as a member of the Committee of Public Safety for Pennsylvania which you have appointed."

Robert K. Cassatt, Philadelphia—"I beg to say that I feel greatly honored by this appointment and shall give to the work of the committee my very best efforts."

Morris L. Clothier, Philadelphia—"I shall be glad to serve either the state or the nation during the present emergency in any way which lies in my power."

William A. Cornelius, McKeesport—"I stand ready to the best of my ability and power to serve the interests of our commonwealth in behalf of the national government and to heartily and willingly serve on this committee."

Agnew T. Dice, Philadelphia—"I beg to say that I will hold myself in readiness to co-operate with this committee in every way possible for our national defense, for the honor of Pennsylvania and for yourself."

J. Benjamin Dimmick, Scranton—"I would join in the desire that we be 'kept in thorough preparedness and in enduring peace'."

A. C. Dinkey, Philadelphia—"I accept your appointment and will give my best endeavors to whatever work may be placed in our hands."

Lewis Emery, Jr., Bradford—"Senator Emery will be more than pleased to assist in the work as outlined, and will do all in his power to aid at this time."

A. B. Farquhar, York—"I shall, of course, most willingly accept and do what I can."

B. F. Jones, Jr., Pittsburgh—"I accept this appointment and will do anything in my power to render service to the state and to the country."

William A. Law, Philadelphia — "I shall do my utmost to co-operate with the other members of the committee."

Vance C. McCormick, Harrisburg—"I will be very glad to accept and to do everything in my power to assist our state and government during these trying times."

Alvan Markle, Hazleton — "I offer my services to do anything my country desires."

William C. Sproul, Chester — "I gladly accept the same and will do whatever I can to further the plans which you have in mind. I have already taken steps to help the Navy Department in the organization of a naval reserve in this section of the state."

Arthur W. Sewall, Philadelphia—"I beg to express my entire readiness to co-operate in this undertaking to the extent of my ability and in conformity with such instructions as the commitee may give me."

John M. Reynolds, Bedford—"I beg to express my appreciation of this recognition and to assure you that as a patriotic duty I accept the appointment, ready to perform in my humble way any service that may be required."

Samuel Rea, Philadelphia—"I beg to advise that I accept your appointment on the Committee of Public Safety for Pennsylvania."

Effingham B. Morris, Philadelphia—"It is an honor which I accept with full appreciation and will hold myself subject to call for such duties as it is possible for me to discharge."

E. T. Stotesbury, Philadelphia—"I appreciate the compliment and will do everything in my power to help the work."

Harry C. Trexler, Allentown—"I always consider it a privilege to serve my state at any and all times, and desire to assure you of my acceptance of the appointmnet. I shall await the call for organization from the chairman of the committee."

Ernest T. Trigg, Philadelphia—"It gives me pleasure to accept your appointment on the Committee of Public Safety for Pennsylvania—and you can be assured of my co-operation and support in the work the committee will be called on to do under the chairmanship of George Wharton Pepper, Esq."

LOCATE SOLDIERS' GRAVES

Berlin, March 21.—By Wireless to the Associated Press, via Sayville, March 24.—Having printed in the French language the names of 360,000 French prisoners of war and the places at which they are being held, the German government is beginning the publication of the names of French soldiers buried behind the German lines and he location of their graves.

ROMANS MAKE CLEAN SWEEP

Win Academy Debate, Declamation Contest and Stackpole Cup

The fifth annual Greek-Roman debate and the Kilgore declamation contest was held in the Academy assembly room last night. There was a large audience and both sides had unusually good arguments.

The affirmative, or the Romans, won over the Greeks upholding the negative side of the question, "Resolved: That Compulsory Military Training Should Be Given in Preparatory Schools, Colleges and Universities." The Roman team was Arthur H. Zweiful, captain; Louis May, Robert Schreiner, Rollin Goodfellow, alternate. The Greek team was W. Cleveland, captain; Johann Wilsbach, Lewis Kunkel, Robert Mercur, alternate.

The Romans were awarded the Edward J. Stackpole cup, upon which is inscribed the name of the victors and the date of the contest. This cup is a school trophy and remains in the trophy room at the Academy. The gold medal which is given to the best individual speaker was awarded to Arthur H. Zweiful. These prizes are the gifts of E. J. Stackpole, Sr. This is the first year of the declamation contest, but it is assured that it will be a success. The Romans also won this contest. Those who received medals were: W. Cleveland Hicks, who received the gold medal; Wilbur Morse, Jr., the silver medal; Rollin Goodfellow, the bronze medal. The gold medal is the gift of Dr. Frank D. Kilgore. Professor Hiram M. Schenk, custodian of public documents at the State Capitol, was chairman of the board of judges and presented the prizes and afterwards delivered an address to the audience. It is the custom of the Academy that the student who won the gold medal the year before be the chairman of the debate the next year providing that he is a member of the school the next year. This year Earle E. Bortell was chairman.

U. S. PREPARES FOR LONG WAR

[Continued From First Page]

an important part in the conduct of actual warfare.

Refuse Treaty Extension

The United States has formally refused Germany's request to modernize and extend the old Prussian-American treaties of 1799 and 1828. The State Department has replied through Dr. Paul Ritter, Swiss minister here in charge of German interests, refusing to accept the protocol sent through him to this government on February 10.

The reply states that the United States, considering the treaties in force in their original form is entirely unwilling to accept Germany's interpretation of them as provided in the protocol which expanded the exemption from seizure of "merchants and their effects" in case of war because the two counties, into a general exemption including enemy ships in port at the outbreak of war, which much either be left free or given safe conduct for their home ports, even through a hostile blockade.

Moreover, all enemy nationals would be free from interment and able to go about their business, without the slightest hindrance, during the whole course of the war and not in the restricted way mentioned in the original treaties.

Will Register Germans

The question left unanswered by the negotiations is the status of the million and a quarter German citizens in this country. While the United States has refused to agree to the blanket exemption sought in the German protocol it nevertheless will follow the spirit of the old treaties and not interfere with Germans here who comply with the law.

The government will undoubtedly, in case of war, cause Germans to register and possibly restrict their travel, without special permit, to certain limits. General interment is not being considered as yet, as officials maintain that America's only object in the war would be to curb the German government and not to injure its citizens here. It is assumed on all sides that the great mass of Germans will respect their obligations as guest in this country, but it is known also that some few will make trouble which will react more to the disadvantage of the rest than otherwise.

Subject to Restrictions

The War Department has already secured full details of all the various principles and practices put into effect in other counties and is prepared to carry out any plan that may be ordered. So far the only one that has met with any favor is the Canadian plan which leaves all Germans free as before, subject to restrictions on travel and obligations to register and intern only those known to be enemies of the State. So far only about 6,000 out of 80,000 have be been held.

$1,000,000 VILLAGE FOR WORKMEN

Williamsport, Pa., March 24.—Organization of a company with $1,000,000 capital to build homes for workingmen was decided upon at a meeting of directors of the Board of Trade yesterday. A tract of thirty-five acres in the western part of the city has been purchased. A model village is planned, to be known as Sawyerville, in honor of Homer E. Sawyer, vice-president of the United States Rubber Company, which has a large plant here.

GOVERNOR TELLS WHAT CAN BE DONE

Industrial Outline Given by the State Executive During This Afternoon

Governor Martin G. Brumbaugh this afternoon issued a statement indicating the line of activity which the State Committee on Safety and Defense can take up when it begins its work here next Wednesday morning.

The Governor says:

"It may be of interest to the people of this Commonwealth and it should be a source of gratitude that Pennsylvania, in the event of military necessity, has now in effective operation industrial organizations of the widest range and of the greatest magnitude. To these great industrial plants of the Commonwealth the nation must turn and it should turn confidently in any crisis the country may face.

"The Committee of Public Safety will, I believe, immediately turn to the serious question of making all this activity within the State effective in a maximum way for the uses of the National Government. The committee will also learn what additional industries may be necessary and give its powerful support to the establishment of such supplemental and additional activities as to make Pennsylvania effective in every element of supply the government may need.

"To give our people in a few words a graphic outline of our equipment it is only necessary to state that there are now in successful operation in a large way, one hundred and seventy-eight separate industries that will be of great value to the nation. No other State can show such a complete equipment and no other State can do so much as ours.

"These industries include the following general classes:

"1. Building and contracting, with six separate and important industries.

"2. Chemicals and allied products, with seventeen branches.

"3. Clay, glass and stone products, with eight separate departments.

"4. Clothing manufacture, with ten distinct sub industries.

"5. Food and kindred products, including fourteen separate forms of manufacture.

"6. Leather and rubber goods, with ten important departments.

"7. Lumber and its manufactured products, including thirteen great industries.

"8. Paper and printing industries, with at least five important divisions.

"9. Textiles, including seventeen great industries all vital to the nation in time of need.

"10. Metals and metal products, including forty-one great departments, the most complete and important in the country.

"1. Mines and quarries, with eight separate and distinct functions, including our great coal output as one of the group.

"12. Public service, embracing twelve great corporate activities, mainly having to do with the vital matter of transportation and equipment.

"13. Miscellaneous, including seventeen great activities of our people, among them the production of coke, ship building, flags and like important industries.

"In these industries above 40 per cent. of all our people are engaged. That is to say, above 3,000,000 of our people are now trained and engaged in industries directly necessary in any national emergency.

"The statement of these facts in outline indicates in part our industrial equipment and figures in outline this commonwealth's preparedness and its obligation."

Decision of Judge McCarell in Matter Case Upheld

The decision of Judge S. J. M. McCarrell, of the Dauphin county court, was yesterday upheld by the Supreme Court of the State in a decision in the case of H. Homer Matter, owner of "The Matterhorn," as the property at 134 North Fourth street is known.

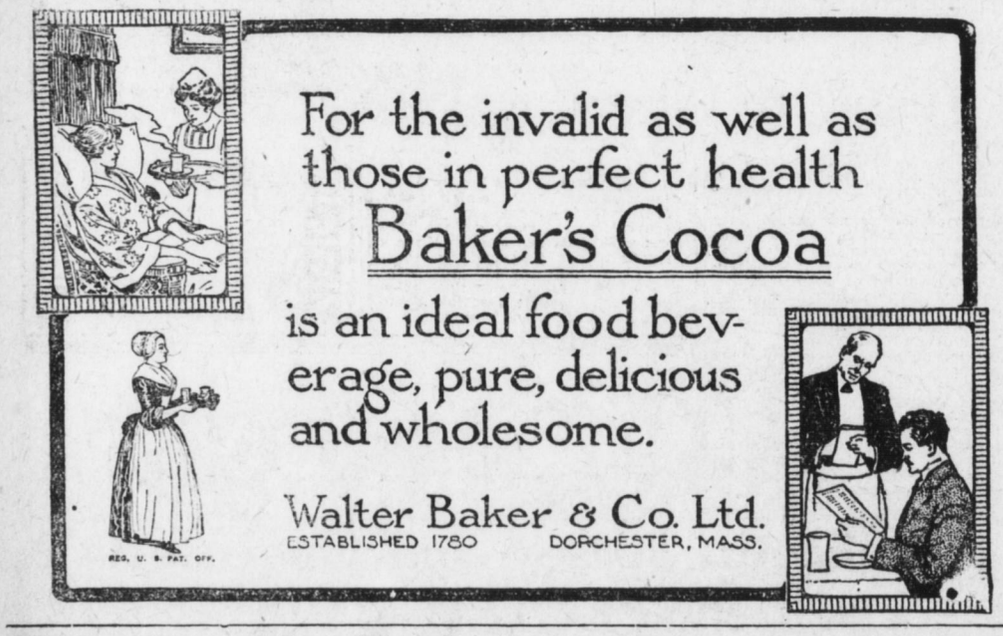
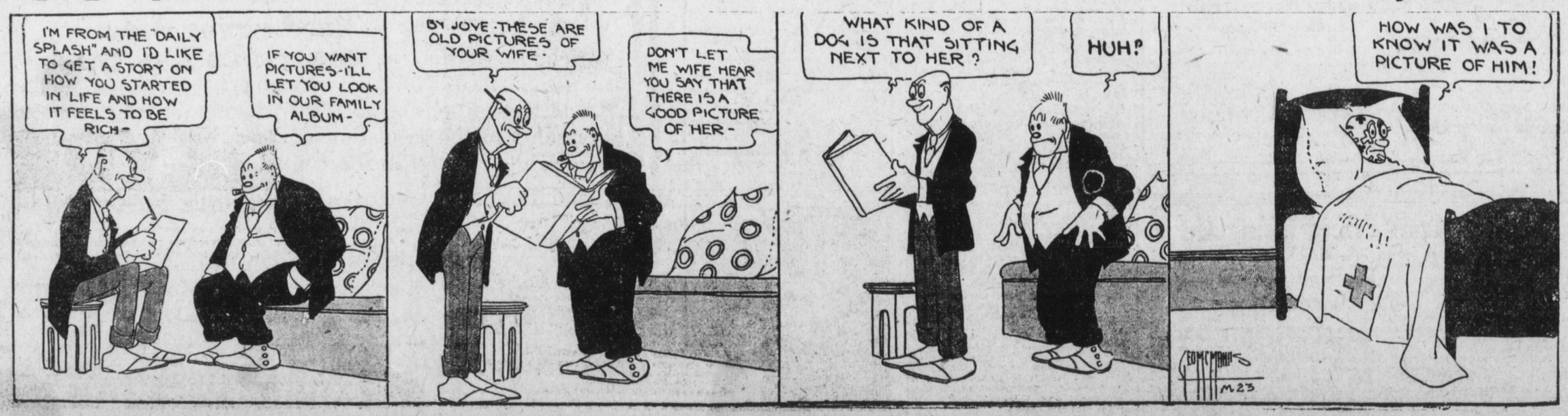
The State's award of $12,000 for his property, which occupies ground on the site of the new Capitol Park extension, called forth an appeal from Mr. Matter over a year ago The court sustained the State and a writ of ejectment was issued, against which the plaintiff made an appeal to the Supreme Court on the grounds of unconstitutionality, that the writ was embodied in "local and special legislation." The State, it is understood, will proceed at once to enforce the writ.

SUES RAILWAYS COMPANY

Two suits of $3,000 each were filed yesterday against the Harrisburg Railways Company and Edward A. Snyder, by Clara M. Books. It is alleged she was painfully injured in an auto accident last December when a trolley car struck the machine, hurling it against her as she was crossing Fourteenth and Derry streets.

Sore Throat Prudence.

No family medicine chest is well stocked without a bottle of **TONSILINE,** for you don't know what moment it may be needed to relieve a sudden case of Sore Throat. Relieving Sore Throat is **TONSILINE'S** special mission. It is made for that—advertised for that—sold for that one purpose. **TONSILINE** is the one and only Sore Throat Remedy which is sold over a large part of the United States. You'll need **TONSILINE** one of these days, or some night when the drug store is closed—better have a bottle ready at home when you need it most. 25c. and 50c. Hospital Size $1.00. All Druggists.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