STATE'S SERVICE

Superintendent Turned Over Business Today; Smith Asked to Resign



Samuel B. Rambo, Superintendent of Public Grounds and Bulldings, retired to-day after serving for eight years as custodian of the structure whose erection he supervised. Mr. Rambo resigned on Saturday as requested by the Governor and day turned over all of the business Deputy J. C. Patterson. An im-

to Deputy J. C. Patterson. An immense amount of detailed work, in-cluding buildings in several counties was explained by Mr. Rambo to his bureau chiefs on Saturday.

The retiring superintendent was given farewell by many friends who wished him success in any future undertakings.

Mr. Rambo said that he would take it easy for a couple of months and was considering two offers to take charge of large erection jobs which had come since his resignation was reported.

Governor Brumbaugh on Saturday

whom the Governor talked ten days

A Busy Holiday.—The State Capitol transacted no business to-day but all of the departments were open unofficially. Political discussions and visits by legislators were the order of the

by legislators were the order of the day.

To Study Heads.—State livestock sanitary authorities are studying heads of dogs sent here from Franklin county which are believed to have gone mad. There are reports of outbreaks of rabies in that county.

Calderwood Coming Here.—J. P. Calderwood Coming Here.—J. P. Calderwood, the new mechanical—ngineer of the Department of Labor and Industry, will be here in a few days to assume his duties.

Spent Sunday Here.—For the first time in many months practically every State official spent Sunday here and the Capitol was showing more signs of life lest night than on any Sunday since the Legislature adjourned.

New Auditor.—H. D. Monie, former deputy treasurer of Cambria, has been appointed auditor of the State Insurance Fund.

Cases Dismissed. — The Public Ser.

been made.

To Meet Wednesday. — The State
Supreme court will meet in Philadelphia on Wednesday after having sat in
Pittsburgh. A number of State cases

Roney to Take Hold .- W. J. Roney.

Roney to Take Hold.—W. J. Roney, the new manager of the State Insurance Fund, will take charge of the administration of the fund to-day.

Big Payment Made. — The Pennsylvania Lines West paid the State Treasury \$99.487 as State tax on loans. Borough Objects. — The borough of Tamaqua has illed complaint with the Public Service Commission against the Public Service Commission against the Takes of the Eastern Pennsylvania Light, Heat and Power Company.

Flags at Capitol Fly in Honor of Return on

Flags are flying in State street this morning, heralding the return of Major Frank E. Zeigler, of the 8th Pennsylvania Infantry. The major arrived at his home, 106 State street, this morning on a thirty day furlough.

A triffe thred from the long journey home, but looking fine and fit, Major Zeigler immediately brightened when asked about the life at the border. "Fine," he emphatically declared, "Everything is fine. The boys of Camp Stuart are in the best of condition. Why the health has been better and the death rate lower than if the boys had been at home," he continued. "We have had only two deaths, and only one of them came from disease cortracted at the border, and you must admit that's a good record."

Asked as to reported trouble in the regiment, Major Zeigler said: "Those Yungra are absolutely untrue. Col. Finney covered the whole situation in his statement to the newspapers.

PARDON BOARD MAY MEET

Members of the State Board of Parfons may meet here to-morrow for
consideration of cases argued on December 20, but no hearings will be held,
it is not even certain that there will
be a conference. The Mottern
and Haines applications for rehearing, and
the Christy case from Mercer county
will be considered along with others
teferred from the recent meeting. The
only important Philadelphia case is the

RAMBOLEAVES THE HAGAN TELLS ALL ABOUT SWEARING OFF DRINK AND OTHER ONEROUS HABITS



By JAMES M. HAGEN

So long, boys: I'm done!
I've had my fun!
O. I don't care—
I've had my share!
I've had my share!
Now get me, please—
Distilleries
Can work for you;
I'm through!
O. I don't care—
I've had my share!
—Rhymes of a Rummy.

of swear-off time, by superstition, tradition and common usage being that time beginning with January 1 each year and continuing indefinitely. "Why do men swear off January 1?" asked the M. E. "Get a story about them."

Men swear off January 1 because they are disgusted with themselves for drinking; that's why they swear off.

Digital base let me see and Linear trade in the movies every evening?"

"For the same reason that I don't ake a walk to Dauphin every night after dinner: I don't want to. I want to do something that I want to do I don't all there is to do."

That case was papeless. We moved of swear-off time, by superstition,

the Capitol was showing more signs of life last night than on any Sunday since the Legislature adjourned.

New Auditor.—H. D. Monle, former deputy treasurer of Cambria, has been appointed auditor of the State Insurance Fund.

Cases Dismissed. — The Public Service Commission has dismissed the rate cases of the Beaver Sand and Pittsburgh Brewing Companies against radioads in Western Pennsylvania.

After Dental Crooks. — The State Dental Board has started a series of procedutions in Western counties against men who have been precticing without iteenses. Several arrests have been made.

To Meet Wednesday.





only important Priladelphia case is the been argued. For pariod which has been argued.

MRS. MARY A. BIRD.

Mechanicaburg. Pe. Jan. 1. — Mrs. Mary A. Bird. aged 72, died yeared and proming at the home of their daughter, short liliness suffering from pneumonia. Short liliness sufferi

"there's two evenings taken care of what about the other five."

"Find three or four more nice, quiet girls," suggested the cartooner.
"It can't be done," said the S. D.
"Not one of them would stand for the other three."

Nothing Else to Do

—Rhymes of a Rummy.

It seemed from what this lad told us that there are those who drink because there's nothing else to do.

That case was hopeless. We moved on to the next.

"Why don't you stay on the wagon when you climb it?" we asked a lad gazing pop-eyed at us over a bottle of imported (from Hoboken) beer. "Don't you call me that," he growled menacingly. "I don't know you."

"And why do you drink?" we asked a third young man, with a bottle of No. 34 in front of him.

Why He Drinks

"Well," said he, "you see, before I got married I quit drinking for a year. Then I got married. I'm married five years. 'That's why I drink."

It seemed like Sullivan and I were doomed to meet nothing but helpless cripples. Outside, though, his Lead looked normal.

"You say" we put at him the second second seemed like Sullivan and I were doomed to meet nothing but helpless cripples. Outside, though, his Lead looked normal.

"You say," we put at him, "that you once quit drinking for a year." "No," came the reply. "I quit drinking for a year before I got married; and stayed on the wagon four years after I was married. Then I came down off the wagon."

"Why?" "Say!" blurted the drinker, "don't you understand plain English. I was married four years before I took a dwink"

Again no use.

All of these men were men who didn't want to stay on the wagon. These days every one knows that the booze'll get him in the long run. The two well-known old gentlemen, Cy Roses de Liver and Mr. Bright, are harvesting a great crop every year. The whisky sold is a magnet that draws them both; and so's the beer.

The Three Reasons

Sullivan and I discovered that there three universal reasons why men are three universa drink. They are:



(1) Nothing clse to do.
(2) Sociability.
(3) None of your business.
We failed to find a man who drinks because it benefits him. We'd like to have a dollar a head for the stomachs we encountered that are wrecks today because their owners made them stand for everything in years gone by. We wish we had a dollar a head for the stomach owners who start the day with piping-hot water and calomel and end it with more calomel and bicarbonate of soda, taking pills before and after meals. We found scores of men who don't drink to-day because they can't drink—their stomachs won't let them.

In a certain private office in this

Fair List Prices



BLACK SAFETY TREAD TIRES

That Owe You -Anything-

ROM Maine to California, and on around the world, The B. F. Goodrich Company sends forth this all-including invitation:

Bring back any Goodrich tires you feel have failed to give you right service.

Goodrich will make good all their shortcomings—be they little or big—will make good fairly and squarely, generously and gladly.

There are NO STRINGS to this offer-NO CON-DITIONS-NO CATCH WORDS.

It is an open-handed, arms-outstretched invitation urging you to bring your grievance and your tire to Goodrich, and get a reckoning at the hands of Goodrich Fair Treatment.

For The B. F. Goodrich Company is more eager than any tire user that the slightest fault in a Goodrich Tire has been squared.

THE GOODRICH SUPER-GUARANTEE

A Goodrich Black Safety Tread Tire carries with it in the market an unwritten SUPER-GUARANTEE that it is the best fabric tire, the largest, oldest, most resourceful rubber manufacturer can produce.

The very name of Goodrich pledges it to the best service a fabric tire can give-style, comfort, freedom from tire trouble, and mileage.

The buyer takes no risk with it. It must return the high service Goodrich demands of it, or Goodrich Fair Treatment steps in, and squares the account.

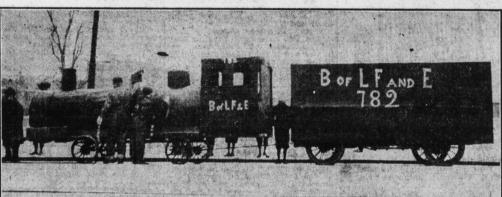
Only the user himself can prevent a Goodrich tire from rounding out the best dollar for dollar service by his failure to bring back a Goodrich tire that has

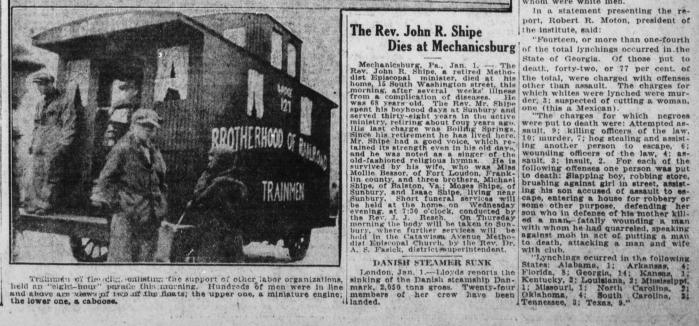


THE B. F. GOODRICH COMPANY, Akron, Ohio
Harrisburg Depot, 1412 No. Third St. Bell Phone 3714.
Also maker of the wonder tires Silvertown Cord Tires

"BEST IN THE LONG RUN"

TRAINMEN H AVE APPROPRIATE FLOA TS IN PARADE





The Rev. John R. Shipe

54 LYNCHINGS IN U. S. DURING '16

Fifty of Victims Negroes, Four Are Whites and Three Are Women

Tuskagee, Ala., Jan. 1. - Fiftyfour persons were lynched in the United States during 1916, according to records of Tuskagee Institute here, made public to-day. Fifty of the victime were negroes and four white persons, and included in the record are three women. Sixty-seven persons were lynched in 1915, thirteen of

whom were white men.

In a statement presenting the report, Robert R. Moton, president of the institute, said:

Dies at Mechanicsburg of the total lynchings occurred in the