IT is with pleasure that we announce a complete presentation of Fall Coats for feminine wear.

THE smartest vogues in Fashion's latest decrees are here. Authentic adaptations of the most exclusive models that have thus far been presented abroad.

Stunning coats for street—
Smart coats for motoring—
Exquisite coats for dress—

These charming creations are now being exhibited in our Ladies' Coat Salon.

THE GLOBE

NO ALARM FOR HOUR CAUSE OF $15,000 FIRE

[Continued From First Page]

scene the flames had gained much headway at the rear of the big brick building adjoining the railroad and for hours the men fought the blaze, which was eating its way along under the roof of the hotel.

Two alarms were sent in for additional apparatus and every company in the city except the Royal and the Camp Curtin was called by Fire Chief Kindler. A tin roof on the hotel which had been placed over a shingle roof made the blaze a stubborn one to fight because of the dense smoke and heated metal.

Hard Fire to Fight

Much framework in the rear of the building furnished fuel for the flames and handicapped the firemen in their efforts to get into that section of the building.

The first alarm was sent in shortly before 3 o'clock and "under control" was sounded at 7.02. Fire Chief Kindler and Deputy McFarland, with Mathew P. Frederick, inspector of the Department of Labor and Industry, and Joseph P. Quinn, supervising inspector in the same department, went over the ruins this morning to determine the cause of the fire.

It was learned that in the restaurant kitchen waste paper had been thrown in a corner carelessly and that the blaze started there. A meat block more than a foot thick was burned almost to a crisp by the fire, indicating that it had been burning for at least an hour before discovery.

Mustufer, one of the Turks, who was in charge of the restaurant at the time, said that at 2.25 this morning he did not see any smoke or fire when he was sweeping the front of the place. Soon after, however, he discovered the flames, and rushed out calling "Fire!" This delay, according to Fire Chief Kindler, was responsible for the spread of the blaze.

The hotel annex is conducted by C. H. Moore, who leased the place from L. W. Kay, proprietor of the Metropolitan Hotel, Fourth and Market streets, and H. C. Claster, owners of the property.

Deputy McFarland learned that $20,000 insurance is carried by Mr. Kay and Mr. Claster, which will cover their loss. Mr. Moore has $6,000 insurance on the contents of the rooms and it is estimated that his loss is covered also. The Turks had no insurance, but their loss will not exceed $500, it is believed.

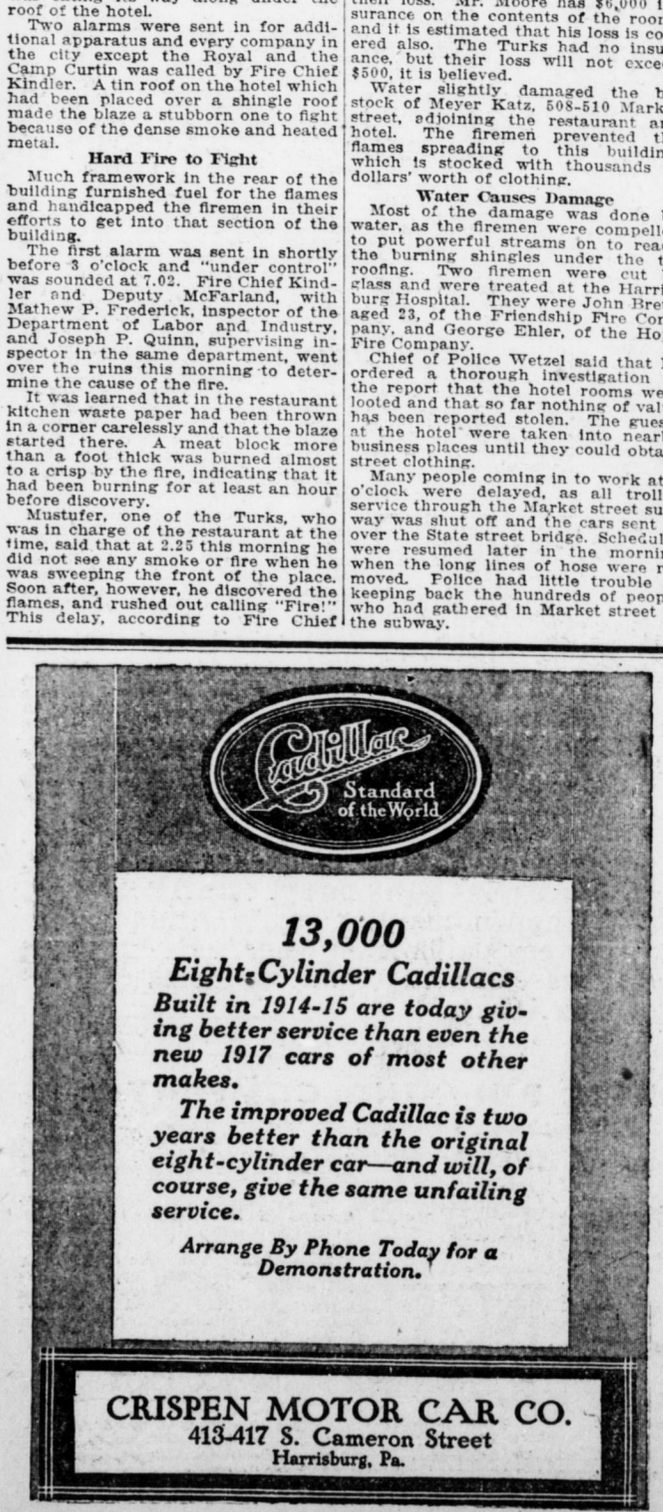
Water slightly damaged the big stock of Meyer Katz, 508-510 Market street, adjoining the restaurant and hotel. The firemen prevented the flames spreading to this building, which is stocked with thousands of dollars' worth of clothing.

Water Causes Damage

Most of the damage was done by water, as the firemen were compelled to put powerful streams on to reach the burning shingles under the tin roofing. Two firemen were cut by glass and were treated at the Harrisburg Hospital. They were John Bretz, aged 23, of the Friendship Fire Company, and George Ehler, of the Hope Fire Company.

Chief of Police Wetzel said that he ordered a thorough investigation of the report that the hotel rooms were looted and that so far nothing of value has been reported stolen. The guests at the hotel were taken into nearby business places until they could obtain street clothing.

Many people coming in to work at 7 o'clock were delayed, as all trolley service through the Market street subway was shut off and the cars sent in over the State street bridge. Schedules were resumed later in the morning when the long lines of hose were removed. Police had little trouble in keeping back the hundreds of people who had gathered in Market street at the subway.



13,000
Eight-Cylinder Cadillacs
Built in 1914-15 are today giving better service than even the new 1917 cars of most other makes.

The improved Cadillac is two years better than the original eight-cylinder car—and will, of course, give the same unfailing service.

Arrange By Phone Today for a Demonstration.

CRISPEN MOTOR CAR CO.
413-417 S. Cameron Street
Harrisburg, Pa.

PITTSBURGH NIGHT FARES RULED OUT

Public Service Commission Holds That Company Did Not Advertise Them Properly

The Public Service Commission, in an opinion handed down to-day holds that the Pittsburgh Railways Company acted in violation of both the spirit and letter of the public service law of the State in the manner of its giving notice of the doubling of its night carfares. In the ruling, Commissioner Michael J. Ryan, who wrote it, sets forth that no opinion is expressed with regard to the authorization of an increased rate and adds that "when that matter comes before us in the regular way and after full hearing shall be had this commission will decide."

In an order supplementary to the opinion the commission directs the railways company to cease from collecting any rates or enforcing any rules or regulations except those contained in its original tariff filed July 17, 1914, and further commands the company to make reparation to patrons for excess fares upon presentation of certificates of excess payment issued under order of the commission June 23.

The commission finds that the supplement doubling the night fares was not a legally filed, posted and published tariff and that the only tariff or schedules of the company in effect on June 21 or at any time subsequent is the original tariff of June 17, 1914.

The opinion is based on the complaints of W. M. Jacoby and the city of Pittsburgh against the Pittsburgh Railways Company, alleging that the proposed increase of rate of fare for night car service in Pittsburgh is unjust, unreasonable and excessive.

In reviewing the case at length, Commissioner Ryan says: "Public service companies are public servants —subject to the control of and the regulation by the Commonwealth. They may increase their rates and charges when sanctioned by the authority which gives them life and in accordance with law and that there can be no doubt that openness, fairness of dealing with and confidence in that public which they serve are the best methods to be employed to more certainly obtain that justice to which not only public service companies but the people are alike entitled."

The commissioner holds that the schedules were not properly posted and that there were indications of an evident intention to conceal them.

Hargest Writes Opinions—Replying to a question raised by Auditor General Powell as to whether corporations of the sort known as hydro-electric companies are liable for the tax on gross receipts, Deputy Attorney General W. M. Hargest to-day gave it as his opinion that if such water or water power companies engage in electric lighting they may be taxable but, on the other hand, I am of the opinion and constrained to advise you that if water and water power companies do not in fact engage in the business of electric lighting they are not taxable for the storage and transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes, which water power they use to generate electric current which they sell to electric light companies.

In another opinion Mr. Hargest decided that the estate of J. K. Adams, a resident of New York State, who died intestate leaving a widow and collateral heirs does not escheat to the State. Mr. Hargest says the ground on which the claim of escheat was filed, that the widow took the estate by descent; that therefore her heirs cannot inherit it and that the heirs of J. K. Adams cannot inherit because she held the estate in fee and they are not the heirs of the last tenant, is "more ingenious than sound."

Justice of Peace—Ray W. Cramer was this morning appointed by the Governor as Justice of the Peace for Buffalo township, Butler county.

Demurrage Complaint — Complaint was filed with the Public Service Commission by W. H. Daugherty and Son, Refining Company, engaged in the oil refining business in Petrolia, Butler county, against the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, alleging an unjust demurrage charge of $224, accruing on privately owned tank cars standing on a private siding.

Lumb in Wilkes-Barre—George F. Lumb, deputy superintendent of the Pennsylvania State Police, is in Wilkes-Barre to-day adjusting difficulties which have arisen in connection with the street railway strike.

Candidates Withdrew—The names of Albert E. Curry, nominee for Prohibition Representative in the General Assembly from Armstrong county, and Albert H. Ladner, Jr., on the Democratic and Keystone tickets for the same office from the twenty-first district, Philadelphia county, were withdrawn this morning.

Typhoid in Port Royal—A small typhoid outbreak was reported at Port Royal. It is suspected the water supply is responsible and an engineer was sent up this morning to investigate.

EX-POLICE CHIEF BEHIND THE BARS

[Continued From First Page]

Peter Coleman, charged with furnishing liquor to several youths in their teens. The jury retired with the case just before the luncheon adjournment. In the interim Alexander Lotz, Rudy Freeland, Harry Banks and Henry Etter, all boys of tender ages, were arraigned on charges of feloniously entering Wildwood Spring Cottage, at the north end of Wildwood Lake. The entrance according to F. M. Chritzman was made on July 4 and serious damage was done in the cottage and in the stable.

The Great Arbiter Interferes

Next to the Gougler case interest in to-day's session centered perhaps upon what the grand jury would report in the cases of the men arrested during the recent trolley strike. At 2 o'clock Assistant District Attorney Frank B. Wickersham submitted the following to the grand jury:

E. S. Marshall, D. C. Green, Thomas Walker, John Mosser, Mizpah Lerch, Harry R. Shertzer, charged with malicious injury to railroads, and Ross Green, charged with rioting.

Interference of the Final Arbiter brought about the release of W. C. Simmers, also charged with rioting. The only witness against Simmers was J. Thomas Zeil, former chief of police who died more than a month ago.

Tried to Break Up Parade

The grand jury ignored the following cases this morning: Ellen Wentz, common scold; Ida Wentz, assault and battery, costs divided; Emma Cookley, larceny from the person; George Edleblute, carrying concealed deadly weapons; James Casterow, felonious entry.

Frank Miller, one-legged man who was convicted of trying to break up a parade and dance in Steelton, was released upon payment of the costs. He had been in jail for 103 days.

"I Am Feeling Fine and Can Eat Anything Now"

Mechanicsburg Woman Acts on Advice of Tanlac Man and Is Quickly Relieved by Master Medicine.

Mrs. James Potts talked with the Tanlac man not so very long ago and as a consequence she feels better to-day than she has felt for years. Mrs. Potts lives at 432 West Simpson St., Mechanicsburg, Pa., and speaking of her return to health, she says: "Thanks to my taking the advice of the Tanlac man I am feeling fine now whereas only a few short weeks ago I was practically a physical wreck.

"I was terribly run down. I had no appetite and I was so constipated that I could not eat nor do any heavy work. I was unutterably miserable all the time and never felt as though I could take any interest in anything.

"I felt peevish and irritable and everything seemed to go wrong for me. My nerves were on the ragged edge and I guess that I was on the verge of a total break-down when I began taking this wonderful medicine.

"Now I feel better than I have for many months and it is entirely due to the beneficial effects of Tanlac. My appetite is better than it ever was, my constipation has left me and I feel happy and energetic and really take an interest in my work.

"Tanlac is certainly a wonderful medicine and I shall recommend it at every opportunity."

Tanlac, the famous reconstructive, vegetable tonic is now being introduced here at Gorgas' Drug Store, 16 N. Third street, where the Tanlac man is kept busy explaining the merits of this master medicine to interested crowds. Tanlac is sold also at the Gorgas Drug store in the P. R. R. station.—adv.

Can You Guess What M—L— Will Do For You?

SOCIAL

Mrs. Edna Groff Deihl in the Fall Magazines

Mrs. Edna Groff Deihl, of Paxtang, whom everyone knows through her "Aunt Este" stories and clever verse, figures prominently in several of the Autumn magazines to the delight of her friends and many children throughout the country.

The Story Tellers Magazine has a full page cut and sketch of Mrs. Deihl and her children as well as an article from her pen; "Ideal School Songs," published by the Ward Company, of Columbus, Ohio, contains three of her songs, one of them, "When Washington Was Just a Little Boy," was published in the Telegraph and sung at a D. A. R. meeting two years ago. A series of letters compiled by Mrs. Deihl from the pen of her father, Abram L. Groff, now in China, is running for ten weeks through "Dewdrops," a little David C. Cook publication, for Sunday Schools.

Mr. and Mrs. Bracken Todd Are Here on Honeymoon

Mr. and Mrs. Bracken Todd, of Brownsville, Pa., who were married early in the week in Pittsburgh, are spending part of their honeymoon with Mr. and Mrs. Samuel C. Todd, North Front street, their uncle and aunt. The bride was formerly Miss Olive Anderson, of Pittsburgh.

Mr. and Mrs. Todd, who are on the way East, will make their home in Monessen, where he is an attache of the Pittsburgh Steel Company's offices with headquarters there.

MRS. BENTZEL'S BIRTHDAY

Mrs. William Bentzel, of 1006 North Second street, who has been seriously ill for several months, is much improved in health. Yesterday was her birthday and she was taken to the home of her daughter, Mrs. Harris B. Wilson, of 934 North Second street, for a little outing. Cards of congratulation, gifts and flowers were showered on her by a host of friends.

DECREE IN DIVORCE

In a list of divorce cases recently granted in the common pleas court, No. 5, of Philadelphia, a decree was handed down to Norah Barrington Saltzgiver from Jay Calvin Saltzgiver, Jr., of this city.

J. Horace Nunemaker, of 332½ Crescent street, leaves Monday for Princeton to take the preliminary examinations prior to entering the university.

Miss Margaret MacLaren, of St. Paul, Minn., is the guest of Miss Margaretta Fleming, of 111 West State street.

Mrs. William I. Reed, of Palmerton, has returned home after a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles D. Stucker, of 206 Reily street.

Mrs. C. B. Weaver, of Dillsburg, was a recent guest of Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Cook, of 1410 Thompson street.

Mrs. Howard Fry, of Paxtang, who has been ill at her home, is convalescent.

Mrs. Joseph F. Berry, of 242 Hamilton street, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Irvin E. Gotschall, of Philadelphia.

TO RESIDE AT OCEAN GROVE

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Labaree and children, who recently returned from the mission field at Urumiah, Persia, will reside at 77 Asbury avenue, Ocean Grove, N. J. Mrs. Labaree is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel W. Fleming, of 104 South street.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Harry Baker and children, Morley and Junior Baker, of 205 Harris street, are home from Williams Grove.

The Misses Genevieve and Margaret Schmidt, of 58 North Thirteenth street, left to-day for Wilkes-Barre to resume their studies at the St. Anne's Seminary.

Mrs. Elaine W. Riley, of 2412 North Second street, is spending some time in the Quaker City.

William Baker, of Toledo, Ohio, visited Archibald G. Knisely, Jr., at Front and Maclay streets, yesterday enroute to the Yale University.

Mr. and Mrs. Anast Belehas, who were recently married, are home after their wedding trip and are residing at 1812 Boas street.

Mrs. William Orville Hickok, III, William Orville Hickok, II, and Avis Ann Hickok are home from Williamsport where they spent the summer with Mrs. Hickok's mother, Mrs. J. Henry Cochran.

DANCE AT BEAUFORT LODGE

Miss Mary Mitchell, of Beaufort Lodge, will entertain at an informal dance this evening in honor of Miss Gertrude Mott, of Marietta, her house guest.

"The Live Store" *"Always Reliable"*

Doutrichs

$15.00 Clothes

In this "Live Store" you can always find a greater choice of fifteen dollar clothes than anywhere else. There isn't a fabric or style that's not to be had here—there are a lot of men whose price limit for clothes is fifteen dollars—and we've gone the limit this season to give them the best and paid more money for good clothes in order to keep our usual standard.

Recognition of the soundness of our policies has been followed by a belief in our sincerity, and our service has established in the mind of thousands of men the firm conviction that better value and better satisfaction are theirs for every clothing dollar they invest with us.

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Always Reliable

304 Market St. :-: :-: Harrisburg, Pa.

Legal Notices

NOTICE — Letters Ttestamentary on the Estate of Sara I. McNaer, late of Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned residing in said city, all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.
COMMONWEALTH TRUST COMPANY,
Executor.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION on the Estate of John A. Fritchey, late of Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to
ELEANOR P. FRITCHEY,
Administratrix,
911 N. Second Street, Harrisburg, Pa.
Or to
EDWARD F. DOEHNE, Attorney,
317 Chestnut Street,
Harrisburg, Pa.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THE COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One.
A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article IX of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the XVIII article thereof:—

Section 16. The State, or any municipality thereof, acquiring or appropriating property or rights over or in property for public use, may, in furtherance of its plans for the acquisition and public use of such property or rights, and subject to such restrictions as the Legislature may from time to time, impose, appropriate an excess of property over that actually to be occupied or used for public use, and may thereafter sell or lease such excess, and impose on the property so sold or leased any restrictions appropriate to preserve or enhance the benefit to the public of the property actually occupied or used.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1.
CYRUS E. WOOD,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two.
A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia County.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section six of article five be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 6. In the county of Philadelphia all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the several numbered courts of common pleas of that county shall be vested in one court of common pleas, composed of all the judges in commission in said courts. Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several numbered courts, and shall be subject to such change as may be made by law and subject to change of venue as provided by law. The president judge of the said court shall be selected as provided by law. The number of judges in said court may be by law increased from time to time. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January succeeding its adoption.

In the county of Allegheny all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the several numbered courts of common pleas shall be vested in one court of common pleas, composed of all the judges in commission in said courts. Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several numbered courts, and shall be subject to such change as may be made by law, and subject to change of venue as provided by law. The president judge of the said court shall be selected as provided by law. The number of judges in said court may be by law increased from time to time. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January succeeding its adoption.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2.
CYRUS E. WOODS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Three.
A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article nine, section four of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; authorizing the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the improvement of the highways of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section four of article nine, which reads as follows:

"Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasions, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiency in revenue shall never exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, one million dollars," be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, one million dollars: Provided, however, That the General Assembly, irrespective of any debt, may authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the highways of the Commonwealth.

Section 2. Said proposed amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State, at the general election to be held on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in the year nineteen hundred and eighteen, for the purpose of deciding upon the approval and ratification or the rejection of said amendment. Said election shall be opened, held, and closed upon said election day, at the places and within the hours at and within which said election is directed to be opened, held, and closed, and in accordance with the provisions of the laws of Pennsylvania governing elections, and amendments thereto. Such amendment shall be printed upon the ballots in the form and manner prescribed by the election laws of Pennsylvania, and shall in all respects conform to the requirement of such laws.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 3.
CYRUS E. WOODS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Four.
A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section eight, article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Amendment to Article Nine, Section Eight.

That section eight of article nine of the Constitution be amended by striking out the said section and inserting in place thereof the following:—

Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as provided herein, and in section fifteen of this article, shall never exceed seven (7) per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, but the debt of the city of Philadelphia may be increased in such amount that the total city debt of said city shall not exceed ten per centum (10) upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two (2) per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the consent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law. In ascertaining the borrowing capacity of the said city of Philadelphia, at any time, there shall be excluded from the calculation and deducted from such debt so much of the debt of said city as shall have been incurred, and the proceeds thereof invested, in any public improvements of any character which shall be yielding to the said city an annual current net revenue. The amount of such deduction shall be ascertained by capitalizing the annual net revenue from such improvement during the year immediately preceding the time of such ascertainment; and such capitalization shall be estimated by ascertaining the principal amount which would yield such annual, current net revenue, at the average rate of interest, and sinking-fund charges payable upon the indebtedness incurred by said city for such purposes, up to the time of such ascertainment. The method of determining such amount, so to be deducted, may be prescribed by the General Assembly. In incurring indebtedness for any purpose the city of Philadelphia may issue its obligations maturing not later than fifty (50) years from the date thereof, with provision for a sinking-fund sufficient to retire said obligations at maturity, the payment to such sinking-fund to be in equal or graded annual or other periodical instalments. Where any indebtedness shall be or shall have been incurred by said city of Philadelphia for the purpose of the construction or improvement of public works of any character from which income or revenue is to be derived by said city, or for the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of wharves or docks owned or to be owned by said city, such obligations may be in an amount sufficient to provide for, and may include the amount of, the interest and sinking-fund charges accruing and which may accrue thereon throughout the period of construction, and until the expiration of one year after the completion of the work for which said indebtedness shall have been incurred; and said city shall not be required to levy a tax to pay said interest and sinking-fund charges as required by section ten, article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, until the expiration of said period of one year after the completion of said work.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4.
CYRUS E. WOODS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

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