

McCLAIN OBJECTS TO LITIGATE CASES

Says Board of Pardons Will Not Resentment Men For Crimes

Emphatic protest against bringing cases without extraordinary reasons before the State Board of Pardons was made at the opening Fall meeting of the board to-day by Lieutenant Governor Frank B. McClain the chairman.

When an application for pardon of an Erie county man convicted of assault and battery was presented Mr. McClain said: "This case ought not to have come here. This board was not created to hear such cases. As far as I am concerned this board will not act as a court and resentment men."

Mr. McClain and other members of the board also objected during the application for commutation of death sentence of Joseph W. O'Brien, of Philadelphia, to hearing a case on no more evidence than had been brought out at the trial. The lieutenant governor also remarked in closing the hearing that as for himself "no murderous beast in human form should have the advantage of any technicality in the law."

The board had a long list of cases, including an application for pardon of William Webber, Berks county, granted commutation of a life term in 1885, whose case has been heard before.

In hearing the application for pardon of Mike Kaminsky, Lackawanna, who is serving from five to twelve years for manslaughter, Lieutenant Governor McClain commented upon a statement of the destitution of the prisoner's wife and five children by saying: "Some consideration ought also to be shown for the victims of this assault. They are entitled to some sympathy and the evidence shows that the prisoner jumped a fence to attack a victim. This is a case of a simple assumption of malice, this case and that of Sylvester Kozar, of Lackawanna, were presented with statements that there were extenuating circumstances and severe sentences were imposed."

The application for rehearing of H. E. Miller, Westmoreland, will come up to-day and will be bitterly fought. The Dauphin county cases will come last in the morning.

Among lawyers here for the cases to-day were ex-Judge W. K. Stevens of Reading, T. H. Greevy, Altoona; District Attorney Shive, Norristown; Andrew H. Wilk, Berks; Eugene A. Philbin, Scranton, and W. T. Darr, Brookville.

The decisions will be given later in the day.

Funston Believes Villa Will Cut Lines Between Chihuahua and Juarez

San Antonio, Tex., Sept. 20.—Belief that Francisco Villa will soon cut the Carranza line of communications between Chihuahua City and Juarez if he has not already done so, was suggested by Major General Funston to-day after he had read a report on Villa's Chihuahua engagement received from Brigadier General Bell at El Paso.

Stories gathered by General Bell from persons reaching El Paso from the interior indicate that General Trevino's forces were driven out of Chihuahua City in Villa's Saturday attack and that they took station on a large hill outside the city from necessity and not from choice, as previous reports said. From this hill they succeeded by the use of artillery in dislodging the Villaistas.

General Funston refused to give out all details of the Bell report for publication but he said that it confirmed previous accounts of the battle and indicated even more serious conditions than were admitted by the Carranzistas.

Asks That Lehigh Valley Be Separated From Coal Firms in Blow at Monopoly

Washington, D. C., Sept. 20.—Another step in the government's attempt to dissolve the alleged anthracite coal monopoly was taken to-day when the Department of Justice filed its brief in the Supreme Court appealing from the decision of a New York Federal court dismissing the antitrust suit against the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, the Lehigh Valley Coal Sales Company and the Lehigh Valley Coal Company.

The railroad company is charged with monopolizing production, transportation and sale of anthracite coal from mines along its lines and with having attained this end by means of "conspicuous efficiency," but "acts wrongful and unlawful in themselves."

The government asks that the district court be reversed and that the railroad company be separated from the coal companies.

HEALTH BOARD CONFERS WITH ICE CREAM MEN. Practically all of the city ice cream manufacturers met this afternoon with city health officials for a lengthy discussion of the alleged adulteration of shipments to Harrisburg during the last two months, causing the typhoid fever epidemic.

NEW BISHOP OF HARRISBURG TO BE CONSECRATED TO-MORROW

All Priests of Diocese Will Attend Ceremony; Big Reception October 3 Planned by Local Catholics



MONSIGNOR McDEVITT



ARCHBISHOP PRENDERGAST

Monsignor Phillip R. McDevitt, whose consecration as Bishop of the Harrisburg Diocese of the Roman Catholic Church takes place in Philadelphia to-morrow morning, will officiate at services to be held in St. Patrick's Cathedral, this city, at noon, Thursday, September 21, the exercises will last one hour and will be followed by dinner in Cathedral Hall, at 1 o'clock.

Priests from the Philadelphia and Harrisburg dioceses will accompany the new Bishop to Harrisburg. A committee from Harrisburg Council, Knights of Columbus, with automobiles, will meet Bishop McDevitt and will be followed by dinner in Cathedral Hall, at 1 o'clock.

On Tuesday night, October 3, the Knights of Columbus will hold a public reception in honor of the new head of the Harrisburg diocese. Cathedral Hall will be elaborately decorated for this occasion. The program is now in preparation, and will be completed to-morrow. The arrangements are in charge of a committee of which J.

MONSTER BATTLE ALONG THE EASTERN FRONT

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forces resulted in the Turks completely maintaining their positions.

In Macedonia the trend of the campaign appears to favor the entente armies. The Serbians are reported in a continued advance along the western end of the line, driving the remaining Bulgarians out of Florina and capturing the highest peak in the Kaimakalan range, north of Lake Ostrovo. Sofia, however, denies the success claimed for the Serbians in the Kaimakalan region.

Referring to the United States, Major Bassermann warned his hearers against trusting for any permanent effect upon American sympathies of the achievements of the Entente and other commercial submarines. He warned them also not to hope that the present American protests to England would have any greater effect than their predecessors. No prospects of peace were held out by the speaker.

Dr. Dixon Is Head of State Medical Society

Scranton, Pa., Sept. 20.—Dr. Samuel G. Dixon, State Commissioner of Health, was to-day elected president of the State Medical Society. He takes the office at the next annual meeting, of Pittsburgh.

Other officers included: First vice-president, Dr. John B. Croser, Scranton; second vice-president, Dr. J. W. Ubricht, Muncy; third vice-president, Dr. George H. Boyer, Allentown; fourth vice-president, Dr. J. C. Wagner, Beaver Springs; secretary, Dr. Cyrus Lee Stevens, Athens; assistant secretary, Dr. Clarence P. Franklin, Philadelphia; treasurer, George Wagner, Johnstown; board of trustees, Theodore B. Appel, Lancaster; Horatio W. Gash, Sunbury; J. L. Lazrus, West Chester; William T. Sharpless, West Chester; J. F. Frank, Kittanning; F. T. Van Sycle, Oilhant; James Johnston, Bradford; John B. Lowman, Johnstown; Irvin J. Moyer, Pittsburgh; Charles A. E. Codman, Philadelphia; Cyrus L. Stephens, Athens.

Germans Claim British Lost 500,000 Men in Battles in Somme District

Berlin, Sept. 20.—By wireless.—British and French losses in the battle of the Somme have reached about 500,000 men, the Overseas News Agency estimates.

"Recent local successes obtained by the British on the Somme are heralded by the English press as great victories and even occasioned a special message from King George to the British commander, General Sir Douglas Haig, says the news agency. "It is said the British occupied the villages of Fiers, Martinpuich and Courcellette in the first day's fighting, although it had been planned to take them in the course of four days of battle."

"Nevertheless the British were enabled to make this advance only after eleven weeks of the most desperate efforts. The result of the battle of the Somme should be gauged by re-considering the amount of French and Belgian territory occupied by the Germans, which amounts in all to about 29,000 square kilometers (11,200 square miles) and 21,000 French. The efforts made by the French and British have resulted in the reconquest of only 1,500 square kilometers (580 square miles) and 15,000 men up to September 15. This together with the French losses brings up the total to about half a million men."

Declares U-Boat Campaign Postponed, Not Abandoned; No Prospects of Peace

Berlin, Sept. 19, via London, Sept. 20.—Major Ernst Bassermann, leader of the National Liberal party, in a keynote speech delivered on Monday before his constituents in the Reichstag, declared that the submarine campaign had been postponed and not abandoned. Major Bassermann advocated the widest possible use of both submarines and Zeppelins and the most ruthless methods of warfare.

The National Liberal leader asserted

HUGHES ON WAY TO MILWAUKEE

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Hughes Opens Wide Throttle in Illinois

This is what the Republican Presidential nominee thinks of the "measure to increase the wages of certain men, not fix the hours of labor at all."

"When measure to fix wages and as such measure is judged, any such suggestions that it may procure an eight-hour day."

"When railroads are required to expend millions, the burden must ultimately fall upon the public."

"It is a surrender that shocked the people throughout the land."

"I stand for the principle of arbitration in industrial disputes. It is a civilized method as opposed to the injurious contests of force."

"There are usually the terms and presumptions of legislative consideration on the merits of proposals. In the present case even these were absent."

"We cannot yield reason to the rule of force. That is the path to sure disaster. I shall not take the first step in that path!"

row morning on a trip through Indiana.

A "Force Bill"

Charles E. Hughes, addressing an audience in the Springfield Arsenal last night, renewed his attack on the administration for passage of the Adamson law in the face of the threatened railroad strike. Mr. Hughes said and called "futile" reasons advocated for its passage, quoted from President Wilson's address to Congress on the subject, "I stand for the principle of Representative Adamson that it was passed to meet an emergency, and cited a declaration attributed to Governor Woodruff in support of the contention that the law was "a surrender to force."

"We have seen," Mr. Hughes said, "the process of expediency at the expense of public welfare. Mr. Adamson said 'It is hasty legislation, not to meet an emergency.' What emergency? The money which the law to which the administration had capitulated."

Speech Loudly Cheered

Mr. Hughes spoke before a crowded house. His speech last night was his second in Springfield, first by the state fair grounds in the afternoon, dealt chiefly with his ideas on protection of American industries, American labor and the protection of American rights.

"The America of which I have a vision for the future, is an America maintained by a sea and sea without fear or favor throughout the world."

The audience cheered and applauded loudly.

Legislation Without Inquiry

Mr. Hughes, after declaring "the just interests of labor are the concern of all," and asserting that he desired to see safe and wholesome conditions of labor, he declared that the Adamson bill is a force bill. It was a surrender to force, he declared, and he asserted that it was a deplorable abdication of moral authority.

"The excuses presented are futile. The Adamson bill is not a bill providing for an eight-hour workday. It does not fix hours at all. It regulates wages. Its provisions do not require any employer to employ any set of men for only eight hours a day. Eight-hour men are simply a set more pay. The act provides that in contracts for labor and service eight hours shall be deemed a day's work, and the measure or standard of a day's work for the purpose of reckoning the compensation for services to all employees of the sort described."

Pointing out that the Adamson bill increased rates and an appropriate one requiring investigation, Mr. Hughes said that if there was anything requiring a careful inquiry it was a "proposition of law that 'obstacles of law' to which reference was made. Were they to be overcome, if necessary, to accomplish the desired increase?"

It must be understood that the burden of increased rates is passed to the public. It necessarily affects a host of activities, agricultural and industrial.

"Time was allowed to run, and then came the surrender that shocked the people throughout the land. Was the law admitted? Why was it not admitted to arise when the administration was forewarned?"

Stands for Arbitration

"I stand for the principle of arbitration in industrial disputes. Labor, least of all, can afford to have that principle surrendered. It is a civilized method, as opposed to the injurious contests of force, which imperil labor and imperil the social order. The essence of the matter is a fair and reasonable hearing of all parties concerned before a determination according to the facts."

"It is no answer to say that the awards of arbitration are not always just. The effort should be to improve reasonable methods, not to subvert them. Railroad companies refusing arbitration have been condemned at the bar of public opinion, and great progress has been made in the direction of the peaceful and reasonable settlement of labor disputes."

"To say that fair and prompt arbitration has not been had, and that this case is to indict both the administration and the American people."

Mr. Hughes held that there was "no justification of the yielding of principle." Of those who sought to excuse the administration on the ground of expediency he would ask, he said, "How far do you propose to yield to force?" Asserting that force could be the demand for the recognition of the principle of arbitration, Mr. Hughes continued:

"When force is proposed and arbitration is refused, there is but one stand to take and that is to appeal to the judgment of the country to vindicate the processes of reason. The Executive, when arbitration was declined, at once directed the entire force of public opinion, as he easily could, to the demand for the recognition of the principle of arbitration. I have no doubt he would have won, and the nation would have been his debtor."

Wilson Swinging Into Campaign Form; Works to Meet Attacks of Hughes

Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 20.—President Wilson swung into campaign form to-day. With his plan for discussing public questions before non-partisan organizations instead of making campaign tours fully decided upon, he actively took up his political plans after a lull of more than a week since the night at Shadow Lake, when Mrs. Annie E. Howe, sister of the President, died.

Administration leaders here predict that from now on there will be plenty of activity in the Democratic campaign. The attacks of Charles E. Hughes will be fully met, they say, by the President himself and by members of his cabinet and Democratic leaders who will tour the country.

Vance C. McCormick, the chairman of the Democratic national committee, who spent the night at Shadow Lake, held an early conference with the President this morning before leaving for headquarters in New York. He will return in a few days to make arrangements for the speeches to be made by Mr. Wilson.

MEN PROMINENT IN FALL FASHION FETE



P. H. BAILEY, Chairman State Cabaret and Dance Committee. V. GRANT FORRER, Chairman Board of Fantastic Parade Judging Committee.

President Bowman Urges Co-operation of All For Greater Commerce Chamber

Co-operation of the business and professional men of the city in the proposed movement for a bigger and greater Chamber of Commerce is urged in personal letters by President J. William Bowman, of the Chamber. In discussing the campaign President Bowman said:

"Our firm belief is that within the next ten days or two weeks we can show the people of Harrisburg a plan which will provide for a Chamber of Commerce of community wide interest and influence, a Chamber of Commerce which will be in position to accomplish for Harrisburg those things which the city needs to place it in its rightful position as the capital city of Pennsylvania. The Chamber of Commerce is an organization caring for the interests of all the people of Harrisburg."

RUMANIANS IN BAD SHAPE

London, Sept. 20.—The situation of the Rumanian armies on both the fronts, in Transylvania and Dobruja, is giving rise to some apprehension here, although the news of the latest events comes largely from enemy sources and therefore is taken with certain reserve. "It seems possible," says the Times to-day, "that the Russo-Rumanian forces in Dobruja may soon be in need of help. The actual position of affairs in Transylvania is equally uncertain. It seems possible that Rumania allow herself to leave her Dobruja front inadequately protected. The fact is that Rumania had no wish to quarrel with Bulgaria. She did not declare war on Bulgaria, and to this day Bulgaria has not officially declared war on Rumania."

FRUIT SPOILS IN ENGLAND

London, Sept. 20.—Thousands of tons of fruit are spoiling on English farms for want of labor to pick it. Complaint is made that hundreds of intelligent and well-educated women have gone to these farms to pick the fruit, only to return, because of the miserable conditions under which they were asked to live and the pettiness with which they were treated.

PHILADELPHIANS WED HERE

Frank M. Booth and Miss Helen Shriner Crouse, both of Philadelphia, were married in Alderman Hilton at his office this morning.

Wilson Denies He Will Make Any Campaign Tour

Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 20.—President Wilson announced last night that he has no intention of making a campaign tour, but that he will carry out a series of well-edited women have gone to these farms to pick the fruit, only to return, because of the miserable conditions under which they were asked to live and the pettiness with which they were treated.

Pruning Out 267 Caught in Raid; Leaders Held

Scranton, Pa., Sept. 20.—Twenty-five of the 267 industrial workers of the World, arrested when State troopers and deputies raided a meeting here in Erie, Pa., several days ago, were released from jail yesterday on their own recognizance when Sheriff D. S. Phillips started separating the "goats" from the "sheep." As many more men will be given their liberty soon.

The authorities now believe that all but fifty of the I. W. W.'s caught in the raid will be released. The fifty that will be held are to be the leaders of the organization.

Steps to deport many of the prisoners are being taken by the Sheriff and local United States authorities. Special representatives of the government are expected here shortly.

SEE END OF STRIKE

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Sept. 20.—Prospects of a sudden end of the traction strike that has been bitterly carried on for the past eleven months at a tremendous cost, loomed up considerably brighter to-day.

J. J. Thorpe, first vice-president of the International Association of Carmen, who is head of the unions during the absence of President Mahon, is here. The mediators and Vice-President Thorpe with Dennis McCauley, president of the striking carmen's union, were in conference last night.

It was admitted that concessions of sufficient importance are being made to warrant the reopening of negotiations between traction officials and strikers.

The mediators do not intend to meet General Manager Thomas A. Wright, of the traction company, until they are able to go to him with a new proposition, which they think will be ready by Thursday.

Holman's fifteens

In the Windows Tonight

228 Market St.

REAL ESTATE

City Planners May Confer Monday Evening on Second Street Line

Further consideration of the proposed plan of establishing uniform lines for Front, Second and other streets in Susquehanna township, from Division street northward to the base of the mountains, will be given by the City Planning Commission at its meeting to be held probably Monday evening.

President E. S. Herman to-day conferred with E. Clark Cowden, engineer, on the subject and devoted some time to a further survey of the plans.

The Planning Commission is desirous of fixing lines of Second street at 300 eastward from Front street and the other streets will be lined accordingly. The benefit to builders in the future will be incalculable. A conference between the Planners and the Riverside Improvement Association will be held in the near future in an effort to consummate the scheme.

TODAY'S REALTY TRANSFERS

To-day's realty transfers included the following: Jacob Hofford's heirs to Frances S. Glend, Steelton, \$3,000; William H. Cameron to Mrs. Mary K. Miller, Leopold Grand, both in Bressler, \$1,375 apiece; Henry E. Cooney to H. Lloyd Fortington, 2311 Locust street, \$2,500; W. M. Dittlow to William F. Houseman, Emma S. Irving to Caroline A. Hess, Steelton, \$1; Aaron H. Eisler to Lydia M. Hill, Susquehanna township, \$1.

BUILDING PERMITS

Building permits to-day included the following: Bertha M. Keller, brick addition to 1327 North Second street, \$250; Curtis L. Conner, single story garage, rear of residence at northwest corner of Hillside Road and Holly street.

TRACY TO BUILD HOME

Some time ago David E. Tracy purchased the southeast corner of Front and Munch streets and now contemplates the erection of a home on this plot within the year. It is his purpose to grade the piece to the proper elevation and also to plant trees this Fall.

Stone Issues "Word on 8-Hour Law as Related to Railroad Operatives"

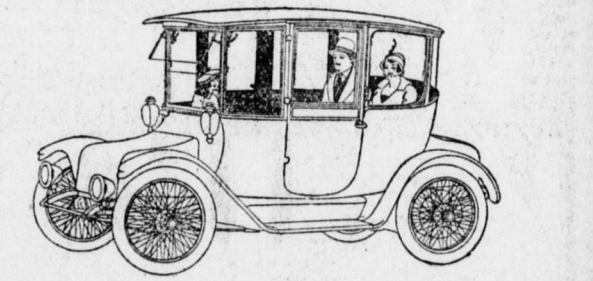
Chicago, Sept. 20.—"A word about the so-called 8-hour law as related to railroad operatives," by William J. Stone, United States Senator from Missouri, was issued by the Western National Democratic headquarters here to-day. Accompanying the statement was an assertion that Senator Stone was representing the thought of "the administration on the subject. The statement said in part:

"Messrs. Hughes, Roosevelt, Root, Lodge, Penrose, Crane, Pierpont Morgan and George W. Perkins maintain that the President and Congress surrendered to force and thereby discredited public authority and weakened the foundations of our government institution.

"One weakness about this charge is that it is false. Nobody threatened the President or Congress; nobody demanded anything of them. There was no controversy between the government and the railroad employees, nor between the government and the railroad managements. The controversy was purely industrial, waged between several hundred thousand men who actually operate trains on the one hand and the managers of the railroads on the other.

FORMER JUDGE HART DIES

Williamsport, Pa., Sept. 20.—William W. Hart, ex-President Judge of the coming county courts, died suddenly of acute indigestion at his home here yesterday afternoon. He was 53 years old and was a native of Lycoming county. He entered politics early, being a Democrat. His party elected him district attorney in 1874 and re-elected him in 1877. In 1882 he was sent to the State Senate for a four-year term. He was elevated to the bench in 1901, serving ten years and being succeeded by Judge Harvey W. Whitehead. He is survived by his widow, who was a daughter of the late Dr. Hugh Montgomery, of Muncy.



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Why It Pays To Smoke 10c Cigars A MILD smoke of all imported tobacco, full of that rich fragrance which makes a good cigar a treat. This aroma really heralds achievement in the art of tobacco blending. You men who waste your money on punk nickel cigars, smoke fewer cigars but smoke cigars that are worth smoking—treat yourself to all imported Achiever quality. Made by C. E. BAIR & SONS, Harrisburg, Pa.