

RAILROAD WAGES

Shall they be determined by Industrial Warfare or Federal Inquiry?

To the American Public:

Do you believe in arbitration or industrial warfare?

The train employes on all the railroads have voted whether they will give their leaders authority to tie up the commerce of the country to enforce their demands for a 100 million dollar wage increase.

The railroads are in the public service—your service. This army of employes is in the public service—your service.

You pay for rail transportation 3 billion dollars a year, and 44 cents out of every dollar from you goes to the employes.

On all the Eastern Railroads in 1915, seventy-five per cent of the train employes earned these wages (lowest, highest, and average of all) as shown by the payrolls—

	Passenger		Freight		Yard	
	Range	Average	Range	Average	Range	Average
Engineers	\$1641 3224	\$1931	\$1585 2992	\$1783	\$1303 2178	\$1543
Conductors	1553 3004	1831	1552 2901	1642	1145 1991	1315
Firemen	951 1704	1128	933 1762	1109	752 1633	935
Brakemen	957 1707	1141	862 1521	973	834 1635	1085

The average yearly wage payments to all Eastern train employes (including those who worked only part of the year) as shown by the 1915 payrolls were—

	Passenger	Freight	Yard
Engineers	\$1796	\$1546	\$1384
Conductors	1724	1404	1238
Firemen	1033	903	844
Brakemen	1018	858	990

A 100 million dollar wage increase for men in freight and yard service (less than one-fifth of all employes) is equal to a 5 per cent advance in all freight rates.

The managers of the railroads, as trustees for the public, have no right to place this burden on the cost of transportation to you without a clear mandate from a public tribunal speaking for you.

The railroads have proposed the settlement of this controversy either under the existing national arbitration law, or by reference to the Interstate Commerce Commission. This offer has been refused by the employes' representatives.

Shall a nation-wide strike or an investigation under the Government determine this issue?

National Conference Committee of the Railways

- ELISHA LEE, Chairman, St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad.
- F. B. ALBRIGHT, Gen'l Manager, Atlantic Coast Line Railroad.
- L. W. BALDWIN, Gen'l Manager, Central of Georgia Railway.
- C. L. BARDO, Gen'l Manager, New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.
- E. H. COAPMAN, Vice-President, Southern Railway.
- E. COTTER, Gen'l Manager, Wabash Railway.
- F. E. CROWLEY, Asst. Vice-President, New York Central Railroad.
- C. H. EMERSON, Gen'l Manager, Great Northern Railway.
- C. H. EWING, Gen'l Manager, Philadelphia & Reading Railway.
- W. GRICE, Asst. to President, Chesapeake & Ohio Railway.
- A. S. GREIG, Asst. to Receiver, St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad.
- C. W. KOUNS, Gen'l Manager, Atchafalaya, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway.
- H. W. McMASTER, Gen'l Manager, Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad.
- N. J. MAHER, Vice-President, Norfolk and Western Railway.
- JAMES RUSSELL, Gen'l Manager, Deaver & Rio Grande Railroad.
- M. SCHOYER, Resident Vice-Pres., Pennsylvania Lines West.
- W. L. SEDDON, Vice-President, Seaboard Air Line Railway.
- A. J. STONE, Vice-President, Erie Railroad.
- G. S. WAID, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l Manager, Sunset Central Lines.

NEWS PRINT SHORT, PAPERS MUST CUT NO ELECTION FUND FOR GUARDSMEN

Size Decreased and Economies Forced to Avert Famine in Supply

New York, Aug. 4.—Unless there is a concerted curtailment of waste of news print paper—savings that can be effected only by reducing the size of newspapers, refusing unsold copies and cutting off the drain of exchanges—newspapers of the United States will be on the bread line, figuratively speaking. They will be compelled to take their material on allotment, receiving no more than manufacturers can give them from vanishing supplies. That a famine in news print paper will result within a few months unless these economies are effected was the prediction of paper manufacturers yesterday.

At the present time in the United States and Canada fifty mills are working three shifts of men eight hours daily and six days a week. Their output for June—the last compilation—was 140,151 tons, representing 95.4 per cent of their maximum production, the highest efficiency ever attained in the industry. This output represents an increase of 27,000 tons a month over the mark for June, 1915, but even this tremendous increase has been insufficient to feed the demand. Full production has had to be augmented by 5,000 tons more a day, which was drawn from a rapidly depleting reserve stock.

The mills are at the peak of their capacity. They can turn out no more, although they have the materials and the men. In June of 1915 the maximum of efficiency derived from machinery was 78.9; this year it reached the mark of 95.4. With machinery making this record, men operating the day around and every other day given to production, still the outlook for the fall fails to brighten. New mills cannot be put up in weeks or even months; generally it takes a year and a half to get a mill working. New machinery have been ordered; in a few weeks several that turn out fifty tons a day will be in operation. But these added to the machines now producing cannot save the situation at the present rate of consumption. Machinery cannot be ordered in wholesale lots at the present time with most of the big steel plants turning in preference to wood grinders.

CHANGES IN REVENUE BILL

Washington, D. C., Aug. 4.—Radical changes have been proposed by sub-committees in the revenue bill, which will be considered to-night by the full Senate finance committee. Chairman Simmons said to-day the nature of the amendments could not be made public until the committee had passed on them, but it is understood that in the munitions tax section copper has been eliminated and certain other commodities not mentioned in the House bill have been added to the taxable list. Minor changes are said to have been made in the income and inheritance tax provisions.

MURDER MYSTERY CLEARED

Pottsville, Pa., Aug. 4.—The murder of Joseph Futurlutti, a detective, at Big Mine Run, this county, January 30 last, was cleared up yesterday by the confession of Joseph Frolo and Dominic Frusco, prisoners in jail at this place. Both asserted to State policemen that they were alone responsible for the crime. They declare that they shot their victim in the woods at the instance of Anthony Frolo, a cousin of Joseph Frolo, who said he would kill them if they failed to carry out his desires. The self-confessed murderers were brought back from Syracuse, N. Y., where they were trailed by troops of the State constabulary stationed in this city.

One of the Problems Which Must Be Taken Up by the Attorney General

The question of how the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is going to pay the expenses which will be incurred in holding elections in November for members of the National Guard who are in federal service is one of the series which must be worked out before arranging for the elections according to Deputy Attorney General Joseph L. Kun, to whom has been referred the letter of Governor Brumbaugh inquiring as to what methods must be followed to enable the soldiers to vote.

Mr. Kun said that there was no appropriation available, the specific appropriations act of 1909 forbidding payment of any money not appropriated for a definite purpose. Another question which has been raised is whether Guardsmen must be registered or enrolled at their home districts before voting in the field.

An opinion was given to-day by George H. Wirt, chief forest fire warden, to the effect that there is no provision in the State laws relative to the forest fire service which would forbid employment as a local warden of a person not a citizen of the United States.

In another opinion given to the Auditor General, Mr. Kun holds that an attorney appointed to appraise an estate for collateral inheritance tax cannot act for the administrator of the estate as well.

This Is the Birthday Anniversary of—



C. O. JONES, Special agent of the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, with offices in the Telegraph building. He was born in Delaware, Ohio, with his home at Okeson, Pa. Mr. Jones came to this city last October, prior to that he was engineer of concrete construction at the Panama Canal.

SOUTHERN LEGISLATOR STABBED

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 4.—Thomas B. Felder, of the Atlanta bar, widely known for his part in the South Carolina dispensary cases of several years ago, was stabbed and seriously injured here last night. G. K. Vesson of East Point, Ga., doorkeeper of the Georgia House, was arrested charged with the stabbing, which occurred in a hotel lobby in the presence of scores of members of the general assembly. Felder and Vesson are said to have quarreled over legislation seeking the recall of Savannah city officials.

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After the 26 Cabinets are fully paid for you have the chance of having your money refunded, thereby getting your Cabinet free.

Call at our store and get the particulars of what is possibly the best Kitchen Cabinet Club offer ever made in this city.

During the month of August we will adhere to our usual summer custom of closing our store Friday afternoons and keeping open Saturday afternoons and evenings.

You are invited to attend the band concert which will take place the coming Saturday evening, corner Third and Broad streets. While in the neighborhood, be sure to take enough time to investigate our August Furniture Sale.

BROWN & CO. 1217-1219 North Third Street

"The Big Uptown Home Furnishers"

FARM EXPERT ON VALUES OF FOODS

Talks About Milk and Beef as Understood by the People of Pennsylvania

"There is absolutely no explanation to the contrary of folks," says L. W. Lighty, Farm Adviser of the State Department of Agriculture. "They groan and lament about the high price of beef and ask the lawmakers to do something or other to either make the farmers raise more calves or get at it themselves. The farmers will not and the lawmakers cannot, so the consumer had better learn some of his dietetic alphabet and know how to live cheaply and wholesomely. Dairy products will very largely take the place of meat and reduce the cost of the food very greatly and at the same time furnish a more digestible food. We eat food to furnish material to build body tissues and to keep up the body temperature, and supply us with the needed energy. Some foods furnish heat and energy largely while others furnish building material largely. Meat is largely building material as the animal that furnished the meat transformed vegetable growth into meat and we reconvert it into human muscle. The animal also converts the same vegetable growth into milk from which we make butter, cheese and other marketable commodities, and a large per cent of these if used as food are converted into human muscle. Therefore, both dairy and beef animals are kept to convert coarse vegetable products into human food but the dairy cow does it many times more economically. After you feed the beef animal two years it is killed and four to eight hundred pounds of meat is secured. If you have a dairy cow you start to milk her at two years and if she is a productive cow she will every fortnight give you as much actual nourishment as the entire animal body. In course of a year she will give you sixteen to twenty times as much nourishment as her entire body would afford and she will continue to thus produce for eight or ten years. One pound of milk is equal in food value to fourteen ounces of beef and you smilingly pay 20c for the beef and growl like a tiger when we ask you to pay only three-fourths of this for milk. And because you refuse to pay living prices for milk many dairymen are changing from dairy to beef and thus the consumer by his foolishness boosts the high cost of living. When will the consumer use good judgment in purchasing food supplies? Echo answers, 'When.'"

Geneseo, N. Y., Aug. 4.—The loss of upwards of \$30,000 worth of buildings and crops was suffered by farmers in the adjoining town of Leicester last night as the result of the frenzied activities of a farmer of that place by the name of Fred Solsowsky. Solsowsky spent last evening until near midnight in drinking at Moscow and then started for his home. When he reached the vicinity he set fire to a neighbor's straw stack. From there he went to another neighbor's and fired a barn. In rapid succession he fired six big barns filled with hay, wheat and tools, besides many hay and straw stacks. The entire country was panic-stricken, as flame after flame shot from every direction. Fortunately Solsowsky was captured by husky farmer lads. Chemical fire companies from nearby villages saved many homes. Solsowsky has been acting queerly of late. He claims he consumed three gallons of whiskey a week procured through mail order firms. A signed confession was obtained from Solsowsky and he is now also charged with a \$10,000 fire of last Monday night at a neighbor's with whom he had quarreled.

Crazed by Drink, Farmer Fires Barns and Crops

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Two Majors in N. G. P. Leave Military Service

Special to the Telegraph
Mount Gretna, Pa., Aug. 4.—Major Andrew B. Gioninger, of the Fourth Pennsylvania Brigade, and Major J. C. Biddle, assistant to Lieutenant Colonel Charles E. Koerber, U. S. Medical Corps, were mustered out of service yesterday. It was officially announced that the vacancy in the local medical staff caused by the retirement of Major Biddle had been filled by the assignment of Major J. F. Edwards, formerly surgeon of the Second Pennsylvania Brigade. Both Major Gioninger and Major Edwards had been sent back here from Camp Stewart, El Paso, when it was discovered that United States army regulations do not provide for brigade surgeon. Lieutenant Colonel Harold Jackson, U. S. A., yesterday directed the transfer of the recruit camp from the site recently occupied by the Fourth Brigade, fully a mile from headquarters to the site touching the western edge of the parade grounds and within easy access from the park station. This work was done by the twenty-four recruits, received here from Philadelphia and Harrisburg.

When Briny Waves Stop, Look, Listen!



ANN PENNINGTON, FAMOUS PLAYERS-PARAMOUNT STAR.

The wild waves have evidently hinted to Ann Pennington that the water's fine. She has donned her most becoming bathing suit and a carefree manner for a swim. The costume is easily explained. It's just one stripe after another, alternating purple and white. The material is taffeta and the bloomers match the purple. Neptune's daughter probably never dreamed of a bathing cap like this, but it's just the thing for a beach costume. Miss Pennington recently became a Famous Players-Paramount star.

SHOOTING SELF IN HAND
John Myers, a lawyer, of Camp Hill, shot himself through the left hand to-day. The wound is not serious. He was looking at the gun in the office of George I. Bausher, in the Calder Building.

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